ONLY WOMAN'S PAGE

MRS. KERSEY PREPARING THE SOIL FOR DAFFODIL PLANTING.

WHERE TO GO TO-DAY.

Annual meeting of Clio, at the club rooms, No. 74 West One-hundred-and-twenty-sixth-st., 2:30 p. m. Election and installation of officers and annual reports.

The Minerva Club will meet at the Hotel Majestic, Seventy-second-st. and Central Park West, 3 p. m.

Regular monthly literary meeting of the Professional Woman's League at No. 1,509 Broadway, 3 p. m.

Sorosis will hold a social meeting at the Waldorf-Astoria, Fifth-ave. and Thirty-fourth-st., at 1 o'clock. Marian Leland will read a chapter from J. M. Barrie's "A Window in Thrums."

Second weekly reading in the course on "Readings from Ten Representative English Poets," given by the Alumnæ Literature Class of Normal College, in the college library, Park-ave. and Sixty-eighth-st., 4 p. m.

The Good Citizenship League, of Flushing, Long Island, will meet to-day, to-morrow being Election Day.

The Young Women's Christian Association will hold its monthly meeting at No. 7 East Fifteenth-st., 11 a. m.

INTERESTING CLUB NOTES.

LEAGUE OF UNITARIAN WOMEN BEGINS ITS WORK FOR THE WINTER.

AN ENTERTAINING TALK ON THE "GROWTH OF OPPORTUNITIES AND METHODS IN EDUCATION," BY MRS. MORSE.

The New-York League of Unitarian Women met last week in the Church of the Messiah, for the beginning of a most interesting programme of work for the winter. Mrs. A. Wendell Jackson, the president, called the meeting to order at 11 o'clock with a few words of greeting and welcome to the delegates from other churches. The secretary, Mrs. Emil A. Boas, read the report, which showed the league to be in a flourishing condition, with a membership of 2?2. The treasurer, Mrs. H. D. Denneny, reported a balance in the treasury of over $?.

The report of the Religious News Committee was read by Mrs. Franklin W. Hooper, and included a résumé of the work done at the National Conference at Washington, in October. It also gave notice of the Middle States Conference, to be held in Unity Church, Brooklyn, beginning November 14, the Rev. Robert Collyer preaching the opening sermon. Mrs. Gustav Becker presented the report of the Philanthropic News Committee, which dealt with the work done by the Outdoor Relief Association during the summer, especially at the public playground at Hester-st., this city. The lessons on practical philanthropy under the auspices of the Charity Organization Society in the summer were described.

The programme for the day was then opened by Mrs. James H. Morse, in a most interesting talk on the "Growth of Opportunities and Methods in Education." Mrs. Morse compared the methods of teaching now used with those of forty years ago, and deprecated the introduction of so many fads, which, she said, were dazzling in their way, but left no permanent impression on the mind of the child student. She pleaded for more conscientious thought to be given to the work of educating the young, and illustrated her talk by several graphic stories of her own experience in method and manners of teaching.

She was followed by Dr. Elizabeth Robbins, who read a paper prepared by Dr. Emily Blackwell on "Higher Education of Women." She said in part:

The Tribune Almanac for 1899 gives a list of 3?2 universities and colleges in the United States. Of these eighty-eight are for men exclusively, nineteen for women exclusively and 2?? are coeducational. The same movement is going on in Europe. The conservative universities of Oxford and Cambridge have Girton and Newnham, Hitchin and Somerville colleges—the precursors and patterns of our Barnard and Radcliffe. On the Continent the same movement is in progress, though more slowly. Even conservative Germany and despotic Russia are beginning to recognize the claims of their women to education.

An interesting fact shown by the record of colleges is that the trend of the movement is more toward coeducation than toward the increase of separate colleges. The influence exerted by these great centres of learning upon the education of women is not limited to their own direct instruction. They have established a standard for our high schools and lower schools which has raised the character of our whole secondary education.

There are two great currents or underlying principles which are at the bottom of all the most varied forms of agitation around us. The first is an enlarged view and a stronger sense of responsibility among women in regard to their acknowledged sphere of domestic and social life, an unnecessary appreciation of the fact that they must follow these interests into the wider current of outside life. Thus, when science teaches us that the nursery and the home cannot be healthful while germs are poured into them through every door and window from our crowded tenement houses and filthy streets, forthwith women begin to take an interest in municipal action in regard to street cleaning and other sanitary measures. The second tendency is that toward combination for the more effectual furtherance of special interests. The way in which women have learned to combine for organized efforts of the most varied kind is a remarkable revelation of an entirely new spirit among women generally.

At the close of the paper the meeting was opened for discussion, in which several of the women took part. A box luncheon was held in the church parlors after the session.

The work which is done by the various societies to protect the immigrant girls who land on these shores is of especial interest to clubwomen, who meet these girls later as servants in their homes.

The Mission of Our Lady of the Rosary, which is better known as the Home for Irish Immigrant Girls, at No. 7 State-st., has during its sixteen years of work looked after two hundred and fifty thousand girls, all of Irish birth.

At the last meeting of the Colonia Club at the home of Mrs. Clarke, No. 7?? St. Mark's-ave., Brooklyn, Mrs. Lounsbury read a paper on "Sociology, a Factor of Progress." Mrs. Platt one on "The Ethics of Wealth" and Mrs. Clarke one on "A Year of European Travel." The subject for discussion was "Matters of Finance in the Home."

The Cuban Orphan Asylum is receiving not only sympathy, but substantial support, from clubwomen in all parts of the country.

Miss Laura D. Gill is in charge of the work in the field. Francis D. Green is president of the society; Mrs. William T. Blodgett, Charles W. Gould, Mrs. Levi P. Morton, Cornelius N. Bliss and Mrs. George S. Bowdoin, vice-presidents; Charles W. Gould, secretary, and Robert Bacon, treasurer. A children's home, with a capacity for ?? children, has been established at Remedios, where support and an industrial education will be given. The girls' department is opened, and the boys' will be ready for occupancy soon.

A settlement work is carried on in Santa Maria del Rosario, where eighty children are being taught English and agriculture. Native teachers in Cienfuegos are being trained in normal methods by American children. Native hospitals in Remedios, Baloudron and Cienfuegos have been furnished food and bedding.

The Emma Willard Association will give its ninth annual banquet at the Manhattan Hotel on Thursday, November 9, at 1 o'clock. While the attendance of men has always been acceptable heretofore, it has been confined to those who are especially interested in the work, and all the speakers during the last eight years have been women. This year the association makes a departure, and the Rev. Dr. Taylor, president of Vassar College, will make the address. Chancellor MacCracken of the New-York University, Dr. Charles Stoddard, of the New-York "Observer"; Major Pratt, of the Indian Training School at Carlisle, and the Rev. Robert Morris Kemp, of St. Paul's, this city, will be present, in addition to Russell Sage and some of the husbands of other members of the association.

A series of three morning recitals of chamber music are to be given in the east room of the Waldorf-Astoria on November 10, November 24 and December 8, by Miss Cornelia Dyas, assisted by Louis Schmidt, violinist, and Paul Miersch, violoncellist. These recitals are given under the patronage of Mrs. Gilbert E. Jones, Mrs. E. C. Rodman, Mrs. James Gregory McLoughlin, Mrs. G. B. Berckmans, Mrs. S. Montgomery Roosevelt, Miss Temperance Pratt Reed, Mrs. Charles F. Rand and Mrs. J. Carlton Ward.

"A rumor floats around every little while," said a clubwoman recently, "that Mrs. William Gerry Slade is a candidate for president of the National Society of New-England Women, and it is perfectly absurd. Mrs. Slade is on the Board of Managers of the society until March 1, 1901, and in that capacity cannot be a candidate for the presidency. As to her trying to secure her own re-election, she never in her life asked any one to vote for her."

LADY OF THE DAFFODILS.

MRS. WANDESFORDE KERSEY, OF CALIFORNIA, AND HER BEAUTIFUL FLOWERS.

A PRINCELY INCOME DERIVED FROM A UNIQUE MONOPOLY—SCIENTIFIC STUDY OF BULBS.

Mrs. Ivy Wandesforde Kersey, of Haywards, Cal., is better known as "the Lady of the Daffodils," because she grows these beautiful flowers by the ton. Every spring the hills of her beautiful country home looking down on San Francisco Bay are one gorgeous, waving mass of radiant daffodils. She derives a princely income from this unique monopoly.

In the early years of her life Mrs. Kersey achieved success in music and painting, until family cares necessitated a domestic life. To the cultivation of the daffodil, therefore, she brings a thoroughly artistic temperament.

Mrs. Kersey has made a scientific study of bulbs, confining herself to one branch, and her eight years' experience has resulted in the production of the finest daffodils in this country. She is an authority. When she began to grow daffodils they were practically a novelty in California, and became exceedingly popular. Daffodils are now the rage. Her plants bloom fully a month before those of other florists, and the prices are in consequence very high.

As soon as daffodils of an inferior quality begin to flood the market, she turns her attention to bulbs.

Her special pride is the Ardrigh (Irish king), which has made her famous. She cultivates all varieties of the daffodil family, the Chinese lily, the narcissus, the dahlia and the iris.

From the cultivation of the yellow Spanish iris great things are expected in the near future. The heavy work is done by a gardener under her personal supervision.

The gardens lie on a hillside sloping to the west and south, and above the danger of frost, so that with ample moisture, good drainage and the warm sheltered situation they are peculiarly adapted to the early blooming of these charming flowers.

The selection of bulbs Mrs. Kersey trusts to no one. She knows them at sight, and selects the varieties for each bed. They are planted in the shelter of pear trees, which support a grape covering, giving the necessary shade. The soil and climate of the northern coast valleys are proving the ideal bulb producing country of the State of the Golden Gate.

EVA MARSHALL SHONTZ TO SPEAK.

Miss Eva Marshall Shontz, of Chicago, president of the American Young People's Christian Temperance Union, is to be in this city from November 10 until November 19 inclusive. She will speak in several churches, among which are the Metropolitan Temple, the Broadway Tabernacle and Plymouth Church, Brooklyn.

The object of the organization of the society which Miss Shontz represents is to secure one million votes against the licensed saloons the coming fall, and she appeals to seven million young people all over the land to help.

NEWS OF THE STORES.

NEWEST FASHIONS IN HAIRDRESSING—REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF KODAKS.

AT L. SHAW'S, NO. 54 WEST FOURTEENTH-ST.

The latest Paris notes in hairdressing are always to be learned at Mr. Shaw's tasteful parlors. The most interesting of these is that the long lived and heavily overworked pompadour is dying out with encouraging rapidity. The parting has returned, as well on the side as in the middle; the light, curly fringe over the forehead is once more in evidence; there is less bagginess at the back and side, although the hair must not be strained tightly toward the ceiling. The side curl to be fastened under the coil is making a strong bid for popularity, and later in the season probably a cluster of curls at each side will be worn.

For evening the coiffure is almost invariably high, but for daytime wear the dressing is about half-way, to suit the present styles of hat. Puffs are a prominent note in the new evening coiffure.

Mr. Shaw has a most ingenious set of patented contrivances for supplementing thin tresses. The "Camille waves" of long, fine, naturally wavy hair clasp softly to the forehead in so natural a way that it is quite impossible to detect them. There are wigs also so extremely pretty that one almost would be willing to be bald just that she or he might wear them.

In addition to everything in waves and other ornamental adjuncts there is a complete department of "toilet" delicacies for skin and hair, and another of shell ornaments.

AT E. B. MEYROWITZ'S, NO. 104 EAST TWENTY-THIRD-ST.

One would hardly suppose that there could be much that was new in the line of optical and photographic apparatus for general use, yet Mr. Meyrowitz has some positive novelties in his interesting stock. First of these is an opera glass constructed especially for evading the "tall hat" difficulty. It is made by Carl Zeiss, is neat, compact, yet powerful as a field glass, and by a swivel arrangement can be heightened or lowered. Another point in its construction is that the focus in each lens can be changed separately to suit inequalities in the eyes.

Still another novelty is a vest pocket opera glass, with fine achromatic lenses, which can be folded flatly as a pocketbook. It ought to appeal to every man and is worth making note of, in view of the approach of the Christmas gift season.

The lorgnettes are in most tasteful and varied assortment. Some are mounted in gun metal with pearls, others in gold, French gilt, fire gilt, antique silver and shell. Another Christmas suggestion is a crystal ball, mounted like a globe and serving as barometer and thermometer. There are also crystal balls for hypnotic purposes, that, strange as it may seem, are sold extensively.

There is a great reduction in the price of kodaks, which will be greeted with delight by the camera lover.

THE DAY'S GOSSIP.

Miss Lucile Daniel, of Atlanta, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Daniel, of that place, has started for Japan, where she is to be married to the Rev. Henry Clark, who is engaged in missionary work in that country.

Miss Frances Wood, a graduate of the New-Britain Normal School, and, it is said, an excellent disciplinarian, so incurred popular disapproval in Greenwich, Conn., because she wore a divided skirt and rode to school on her bicycle that she has recently resigned her place as teacher in the Northeast school of that place.

A stir has been occasioned among women miniature painters by the announcement that Miss Emma Siboni, of Milwaukee, has received an order by cable to paint a miniature of the Dowager Empress of Russia.

Miss Siboni, a young woman of twenty-two, came to this country when she was four years old, and has received her art education in Chicago, where she has become known as a portrait painter. She is the daughter of a Danish pianist, who was the music master of the Princess of Wales, of her sister, the Dowager Empress of Russia, and of others of the same family.

GATHERED HERE AND THERE.

A hen that mothers kittens is one of the animal curiosities of Iowa.

The pathetic reasonings of birds was shown recently when a robin flew about the head of a passerby so as to attract attention. On drawing near the place where the bird came from it was found that a little robin had fallen from its nest and the mother was asking for help.

The collection of antiques left by the late Charles Wendeker, and which is valued at $50,000, will be disposed of at a private sale.

One would scarcely look in a jardinière for money, but a substantial check for $1,000 was found in a jardinière in the vestibule of the Job Haines Home for Aged People after a visit from Miss Cornelia B. Halsey. Miss Halsey has given several large contributions to the Home, and the money will be expended in building an addition to accommodate the many residents.

A SMALL BOY'S RESPONSIBILITY.

Among children's cute sayings the following anecdote is related: A little boy was told by his father, on the departure of the latter for a lengthened absence, to take care of mamma.

"I leave mamma," said the confiding parent, "in your charge." That night when the young hopeful knelt, as was his custom, by his mother's knee, he prayed:

"Please, Lord, bless grandmamma and take care of her; bless father and take care of him, but you needn't trouble about mother, because I am going to take care of her."

THE TRIBUNE PATTERN.

A TISSUE PAPER PATTERN OF WOMAN'S BASQUE, NO. 7311, FOR COUPON AND 10 CENTS.

There has been such a surfeit of blouse and loose fitting waists for dress occasions that the new basques which fit the figure perfectly are a welcome innovation. The accompanying illustration shows one of the latest models of dress waists in a rich purple prunella trimmed with black velvet. The vest and inside collar of white satin taffeta are decorated with a short plastron of point de Venise lace, the revers being outlined with a dainty edge of the same. A handsome clasp of antique silver studded with amethysts holds the lower front.

NO. 7311—WOMAN'S BASQUE.

To make this basque for a woman of medium size will require one and three-quarter yards of material forty-four inches wide, with one-half yard of figured silk, three-eighths of plain silk and five-eighths of velvet. The pattern, No. 7311, is cut in sizes for 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inch bust measure.

COUPON ENTITLING TO ONE PATTERN,
ANY SIZE, OF NO. 7311.

Cut this out, fill in with name and address and mail it to THE PATTERN DEPARTMENT OF THE TRIBUNE.

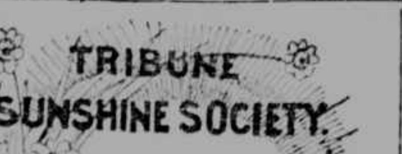
No. 7311. Bust .... in.

Name ....

Address ....

....

Inclose 10 cents to pay mailing and handling expenses for each pattern wanted.



GOOD CHEER.

Have you had a kindness shown?
Pass it on.
'Twas not given for you alone—
Pass it on.
Let it travel down the years,
Let it wipe another's tears,
Till in heaven the deed appears—
Pass it on.

KEEP ON PRAYING.

Keep on praying—
God's love and power
In darkest hour
Of deep despair
Respond to prayer.

Keep on praying—
Be not afraid
To seek His aid
Who knows, indeed,
Thine every need.

Keep on praying—
In thy distress
He waits to bless;
To Him reveal
All thou dost feel.

Keep on praying—
He'll answer thee;
And it may be
His love will bring
Some better thing.

Keep on praying—
E'en though in death,
With parting breath,
He will forgive
And bid thee live.

Keep on praying—
His heart divine
Will enter thine
And lead the way
To blissful day.

—(Roger H. Lyon.

CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVED.

The following contributions were received Saturday: Embroidery silk and silk pieces without the name of the contributor; a straw garden hat trimmed with pink cambric, from N. E. B.; Japanese workbox, ribbons, needlebook, beautiful picture cards, slate, two scrapbooks, a pretty basket, patchwork pieces, dolls' dresses, worsteds, fan and a velvet pocketbook, from Mrs. C. E. Smith; reading from Sue T. Wehr; music, shells, two books and a box of notions from Miss Komornitski; a poem from Mr. Lyon and flower seeds from "A Friend."

MONEY RECEIVED.

Mrs. W. F. Wyckoff has sent $1 as November dues to the endowment fund; Mrs. Bertha Roberts $1 as dues; Mrs. M. S. Ensworth, 50 cents in stamps for badges; Mrs. H. J. Hergesheimer $5 as initiation fees for new members; Mrs. Nellie Wade Whitcomb, Editor, and Miss Laura A. De Merritte, treasurer, of "The Missionary Helper," each $1 as initiation fees; Mrs. G. N. Birdsall a check for $2 as dues to the endowment fund, and Miss Ella Harrison 10 cents in stamps.

Several games and pictures were sent to the Home Garden T. S. S. branch; a package of clothing to J. B. Osborne, of Charleston, W. Va., and twenty special greetings to invalid members.

BROOKLYN MEMBERS ACTIVE.

Mrs. Nellie E. C. Furman, president of Brooklyn T. S. S. Branch No. 5, reports having sent reading matter to the soldiers and sailors at Manila, to Miss Ida Ohr, Newark, N. J.; J. B. Mitchell, North Carolina, and the Rev. George Northcroft, Bahamas.

REPORT OF PENNSYLVANIA BRANCH.

Mrs. S. Bernstein, of Philadelphia, has sent in her report for the month of October, which shows an immense amount of individual work done in the cause of sunshine. This included the distribution of reading matter, plants, flowers, baskets of fruits and vegetables, jellies, luncheons, quilt pieces, music, picture cards, letters, stationery and postage stamps, to 124 "shut in" members. Letters and packages were received from thirty-seven members. Mrs. Rodenach, an invalid member of that branch, died on October 18.

Florence and Elizabeth Irwin, two little Sunshine girls of Mount Vernon, N. Y., have sent some paper theatres to amuse Allie Crocker, of Millbridge, Me., a little crippled girl.

Miss Laura Hayes expresses her thanks to Mrs. George P. Lawton for Woman's Pages, which are sent regularly.

The Rev. Dr. Lockwood has sent $1 to Miss Louise Moody, an invalid T. S. S. member.

Mrs. Ruth Reid, Hiram College, Ohio, reports that the Woman's Pages so long received regularly from John Gardner, of Utica, N. Y., have failed to reach her lately, and she fears he is ill. Will Mr. Gardner please communicate with Mrs. Reid?

Mrs. H. Pinkney has sent two packages of reading matter to Charles Knight, of Hollow Springs, Tenn. This act will be appreciated, as Mr. Knight lives in a lonely place and is an invalid who enjoys reading.

Mrs. F. W. Quimby, State president of Maine, is desirous of getting the Longfellow pictures that were published at the beginning of the year in "The Ladies' Home Journal." These are designed as special souvenirs for a Christian Endeavor society. If any one can respond to this request, please address Mrs. Quimby at No. 1?7 Court-st., Auburn, Me.

Mrs. Wright, of No. 1?7 Clymer-st., Brooklyn, who is an invalid in a wheel chair, has given a sewing machine to the T. S. S. as her dues for the year. The chair which Mrs. Wright has is too large for her, and the President General would be glad if any one having a smaller chair would lend it to Mrs. Wright.

The sincere sympathy of the President General and the Sunshine members has been with Mrs. Guy V. Henry, one of its most active members, during the last week, in her deep bereavement in the death of her husband, General Guy V. Henry. Mrs. Henry was one of the active Sunshine members in San Juan, Porto Rico, who founded and was the first president of the Woman's Aid Society, doing relief work among the women and children.

ENCOURAGING REFORM.

MRS. OLLESSHEIMER AND HER CO-WORKERS REPORT A YEAR'S UNDERTAKINGS.

The sixth annual report of the Woman's Conference of the Society for Ethical Culture shows forth the enthusiasm and energy of these women workers. The object of the conference is to encourage sound and practical efforts in the direction of social, educational and moral reform. The branch societies take charge of a wide range of special work, each under the direction of a chairman and secretary.

The most important work of the Philanthropic Committee during the last year was that of investigating the cases of need among soldiers' families to whom sewing had been given by Red Cross Auxiliary No. 2. The services of an additional trained nurse were secured to help in needy families of soldiers. The two trained nurses supported by the society are at the Good Samaritan and Demilt dispensaries.

The visiting guild for crippled children reports that twenty-four were "visited regularly and taught." One crippled boy was provided with a home when his mother died, two younger boys have been taught bookkeeping and another has received instruction in typewriting. The girls are encouraged to learn sewing; one is studying telegraphy. Several of these maimed children were entertained for some weeks at homes at Long Branch and East Rockaway.

The children's guild has done much to improve the condition of the little children of the poor. The women wage earners' section has established a scholarship at Pratt Institute dressmaking department for the girl graduate from the Ethical School best fitted and most worthy to receive it. The public school visiting section distributed almost a thousand pictures to schools in poor neighborhoods, and supplied two schools with material for nature study. It has a sewing society, and sixteen needy seamstresses were kept employed all last summer cutting out and making garments, which were distributed to various institutions.

Mrs. Sarah Scheuer Ollesheimer is the energetic president of the conference.

THE HUNT OF BIG GAME.

Since the Countess of Paris introduced shooting for women in England many of the fair sex have followed in her lead. The Duchess of Somerset is considered one of the best sportswomen in England.

Mrs. J. W. Cardeza, of Germantown, Penn., has recently returned from Newfoundland on board her yacht Eleanor, and has brought back twenty-six heads and skins of caribou, which were killed by herself and friends.

The Princess of Naples is so devoted to hunting that her husband has just purchased her the island of Monte Cristo, made famous by Alexander Dumas, and the beautiful sportswoman expects to spend much of her time hunting the wild deer which abound on the island.

When Lord Delamere, the famous sportsman, leaves England to hunt on the Dark Continent, Lady Delamere will accompany him, and it is said that she can handle a gun as well as her husband.

DR. BRIGGS AT PRO-CATHEDRAL.

HE PREACHES ON THE CHURCH OF GOD—NO REFERENCE TO HIGHER CRITICISM.

The Rev. Dr. Charles A. Briggs preached yesterday morning in the Pro-Cathedral, No. 130 Stanton-st., the Rev. Robert L. Paddock, the vicar of the church, officiating at the service. Dr. Briggs did not touch on his ideas concerning "Higher Criticism" in his sermon, but confined it almost entirely to a glorification of the Church of God. He chose as his text the last part of verse 28, chapter 20, of the Acts of the Apostles:

The church of God, which he hath purchased with his own blood.

Dr. Briggs said in part:

These were the last words which the apostle Paul spoke to the people of Ephesus before he started on his journey to Jerusalem. Paul in this set forth that the Church is not a human institution, but a divine institution. I should like to bring out two points this morning: First, that the Church is Christ's own church, and, second, that He purchased it with His own blood.

I think that when Paul was speaking to the people of Ephesus he thought of the words of Exodus xix, 5, which the Lord spake to the children of Israel through Moses when they were making their journey from Egypt: "Now, therefore, if ye will obey my voice indeed, and keep my covenant, then ye shall be a peculiar treasure unto me above all people; for all the earth is mine." Just so did Jesus Christ choose a race by freeing them from their bondage of sin. That is, just as did the ancient Hebrews pass through the Red Sea to be chosen of God and redeemed by Him, so do modern Christians pass through baptism. Jesus, suffering for the sins of the world, bought redemption through His blood, the precious blood of a pure, immaculate lamb of God. Therefore does the Holy Communion unite all Christians in one covenant with God and Christ.

This conception of the Church as the purchase of Christ's blood does not make it merely a society which one may or may not join. It is Christ's own society. Some say that outside of the Church there is no ordinary possibility of salvation. Christ's Church is the chief instrument of salvation, and those outside are cut off from full salvation. They may receive the initial processes, but they do not attain it completely.

There are those in our own time who are disgruntled with the history of the Church, its quarrels and its contradictions, and they think they can find something higher, broader and grander by themselves. They are wholly mistaken. The Church is now, as it has always been, the kingdom of God. No other kingdom or government can compare with God's kingdom. It embraces all races—the Jews, the Scythians, the barbarians and all others, and citizenship in it is a right which cannot be removed—a right which survives death. Those outside remain apart from the kingdom of heaven, the Church of the Lord.

In the Old Testament the word Lord means God; in the New it means Christ our Saviour. The apostles say that Christ is the only cornerstone and foundation of the Church, so that it cannot be merely a human institution. It was not conceived or built by men, but by Jesus Christ Himself. St. Peter and the other apostles were the foundation of the Church next to the cornerstone, but Christ was the chief foundation. Sometimes men use the Church of God for their own benefit, but the apostles did not. They faced mobs and death. And so the Church does not spring from the authority of the people, and it was not a guild. The ministry was instituted by the Divine Spirit and endowed by Jesus Christ to feed His flock. It is His own Church, property and kingdom, and all who are baptized receive the mystic bond uniting them to the family and sonship of God. No one can become a member of the Church in any other way—not by your own will, not by the clergy and not by the people, but by baptism only. And there is only one holy apostolic Church which you can join and join the kingdom of God. It is the one He instituted on the Day of Pentecost.

There are people who say that the Church of the Reformation is a new Church, but if it is new it is not true. Any Church which destroys Christ's idea loses its right to be Christ's Church. But if the continuity of the chain is unbroken then it becomes more vigorous, more vital and more flourishing in the reformation of the Church.

But the tree in all its parts is one tree, and we must wait for the time of the greater reformation to which we are advancing. Our Church of to-day is that of the English Reformation. It was planted in England by primitive disciples. It is the British Church, the Church of martyrs and apostles, founded by Christ on the Day of Pentecost. We have a noble church, and there is nothing else so noble. Its sire is God the Father, its founder Jesus Christ, and it possesses always the Divine Spirit. It has a glorious array of saints, martyrs, reformers and missionaries. It has a record of many conquests, and it is pushing to all parts of the world. The Church of Christ is the kingdom of Christ, ever reigning and ever conquering, and it cannot be moved or prevailed against. The Church is the body of Christ—as near to Him as are the limbs of a body to its head—and Christ's influence pervades it, His blood imbues and His wisdom endows it, and His will determines its government.

This is the idea of the Christian Church. It remains under Christ's influence, for it is so bound to Him that it cannot get away. Christ governs all things in the interest of His Church. Heaven and earth will pass away, but not Christ, the Bible, the Church. The Church is the pride of the land. Christ does not cast her off because of her imperfections and abandon her, but continues to endure the shame which the ministers and the people often bring on the Church, just as He bore the shame of the cross. He forbears to punish her, but covers her with His mantle of whiteness, and always is leading her gradually and persistently to the path of righteousness.

We must remember that it is the entire Church that belongs to Christ, and not merely the ministry or the elect few. We must incorporate into the Church one individual, one nation and one race after another until all are included, and thereby sanctified and glorified. We may criticise Christ's Church, and she does fall short, but when we behold what she has accomplished to-day and in history and what she will accomplish in the future we cannot but say that the Church of Christ has a glorious history and a glorious prospect.

SCHOONER HITS THE TALLAHASSEE.

TWO BIG HOLES CUT IN THE LATTER'S BOWS IN THE COLLISION.

Instead of being on her way to Savannah the steamer Tallahassee, Captain Askins, of the Savannah line, which left here for that port at 6:45 o'clock Saturday night, is now at her pier in the North River, with two big holes in her bow. All was well on board the Tallahassee until she was off Long Branch, when the four masted schooner Senator Sullivan smashed into her without warning. The jibboom of the schooner, which was the first part of her to strike the steamer, went crashing through the Tallahassee's forecastle on the port side, with such force that two firemen asleep in their bunks were thrown head over heels to the deck below. The two men escaped serious injury, however.

The bowsprit of the Senator Sullivan then bored the second hole in the Tallahassee's side, about ten feet aft of the first hole, and five feet from the water line. As soon as the ships were clear the Tallahassee tried to find the schooner to see if any help was wanted, but the latter had disappeared completely, so the steamer, after circling about for some time, put back for this port, arriving at her pier in safety a few hours later.

The schooner came into port yesterday morning in tow, and dropped anchor off Red Hook. She had lost her jibboom, bowsprit, cutwater and all of her headgear. The two holes in the Tallahassee are about five feet square, and she will need ten new plates. She landed her passengers and at once began to discharge her cargo. She will go into drydock for repairs to-day.

THE OPENING OF THE "ZOO."

Over three thousand invitations have been sent out by the managers of the Zoological Garden, in the Borough of The Bronx, for the opening of the "Zoo" on Wednesday next at 2 p. m. As told in The Tribune, President McKinley and Governor Roosevelt, Mayor Van Wyck and other Mayors and Governors from different States have been invited. It is not certain that the President will be present, but Governor Roosevelt will be on the ground.

It has been arranged that the majority of the guests, particularly those who come from a distance, will go by train from the Grand Central Station and get out at the Fordham station, where carriages will be in waiting to take them to the main entrance of the park, at Pelham Parkway and Southern Boulevard.

Professor Henry F. Osborn, vice-president of the Zoological Society, will deliver the address of welcome, to which Controller Coler will respond. There will be a number of other prominent speakers, but the list has not been completed yet.

The exercises, which will be open to the public, will be held near the immense flying cage. This will give the thousands of visitors an opportunity of seeing the great work which has been accomplished by Director William T. Hornaday. While the number of animals is not as large as was expected, they are extremely fine specimens.

RICHMOND BOROUGH HAPPENINGS.

The sudden death of Adelaide Schroeder, eighteen years old, a servant in the employ of Gustav Hahn, who keeps a hotel in Concord, Staten Island, caused an investigation by the police yesterday. The girl was taken suddenly ill early Saturday morning, and Mrs. Hahn, wife of the proprietor of the hotel, administered some medicine, which afforded temporary relief. The girl grew worse as night came on, and died about midnight without the attendance of a physician. An autopsy revealed no traces of poison, but the stomach was kept by the physicians for analysis.

Considerable excitement was caused in Concord, Staten Island, yesterday morning by Carl Wiehe, twenty-three years old, of No. 219 East Seventeenth-st., Manhattan. A party of men on horseback came riding toward Concord, on the Richmond Road, and when near the Midland Railroad transfer station Wiehe leaped from the sidewalk to the roadway and caught one of the horses by the head. The animal, being startled by the sudden movement, reared and nearly unseated the rider. A policeman who was standing near by arrested Wiehe and took him to the police station at Stapleton, where he was locked up. He called loudly from his cell that he was ex-President Cleveland, President Harrison and several other celebrated men, and declared emphatically that a female prisoner who had just been arrested was his wife, mother and grandmother, all in one, and that she was innocent. His mental condition will be examined into.

ONCE A MONTH CLUB DINNER.

OFFICERS OF NEWS COMPANIES ENTERTAINED BY WILLIAM HENRY WILLIAMS.

Orange, N. J., Nov. 5 (Special).—William Henry Williams, general manager of the Union News Company, gave a dinner of twenty-one covers at his home, in Essex-ave., yesterday for the Once a Month Club, composed of the leading officers of the Union and American News companies. The name of the club was changed to the Loving Cup Club.

The guests were Frederick Johnson, treasurer of the American News Company; Charles Wilmer, its secretary; Patrick Farrelly, general manager; Joseph Marsh, assistant general manager; H. M. Williams, assistant manager of the Union News Company; Daniel B. Halsted, president of the New-York National Exchange Bank, and Charles Farrelly, Stephen Farrelly, F. Blood, J. Fuller, C. G. Williams, Charles Smithers, Frederick Morris, and Messrs. Richards, Bowen and Seed, directors of the companies, and the Rev. Charles L. Pardee, of Orange.

FINAL TEST OF THE HOLLAND.

INVENTOR AND CREW OF THE SUBMARINE BOAT CONFIDENT OF SUCCESS TO-DAY.

Greenport, Long Island, Nov. 5.—Everything is in readiness at New-Suffolk for the trial of the submarine boat Holland to-morrow. The Holland has been doing excellent work, and it would seem almost impossible that to-morrow's trial should be a failure. The boat has been tried under almost all kinds of conditions, and those who have had the handling of her are confident that the programme will be carried out to the letter, and that anything else the naval officers may ask as an additional test will be performed. They say that the only mishap they had this fall, when there was an escape of gas and all on board were made unconscious, was an accident not likely to happen again, and that it was as nothing as compared with accidents to the boilers of boats of ordinary build.

John E. Holland, the inventor of the craft, arrived here to-night on a special train. He had with him as guests Isaac L. Rice, Captain John Lowe, U. S. N.; C. E. Creecy, of Washington, and E. B. Frost. The Naval Board has not yet arrived. It is said to be in New-York and Boston to-night, its members having as yet not come together. They will reach New-London in the early morning, and then cross to this place. From here they will be taken to the boat and their orders awaited.

Mr. Holland said to-night that he believed his boat was 100 per cent better now than a year ago, and that practice had suggested many things that had not been foreseen in the planning. When she was examined by the Government at the time of the Spanish war she was just as she had come from the builder, without the advantages and improvements resulting from experience. Besides this, the men handling her now understand her. At first they had some trouble in accustoming themselves to the peculiar conditions, but now thought no more of diving under the surface than of sending the boat along on top of the waves.

THE UMBRIA IN, NEARLY A DAY LATE.

HEAVY GALES DELAYED THE BIG CUNARD LINER ON THE WAY OVER.

The Cunard steamer Umbria came into port yesterday morning almost a whole day overdue. This was caused by the violent west and northwest gales which were prevalent on the Atlantic last week. Although Captain Dutton refused to say anything about the delay, several of the passengers said that the decks had been awash for two days, that the engines had to be slowed down several times and that the ship pitched fearfully. They also said that part of the bridge had been carried away. When Purser Fleming was asked about the storm he laughingly remarked that "the Umbria didn't get it any worse than the St. Paul."

Vernon H. Brown, the line's agent, met the ship at her pier. Among the passengers on the Umbria were A. W. Byron, Captain J. A. Harrison, Matthew Leggat, the Misses Coombs, J. E. Bizzey, Henry Knott, Thomas M. Perrott, J. H. Sparrow and Miss Gladys Sparrow and J. H. Peck.

The extra work on Sunday which the late arrival of the Umbria forced on the three hundred employes of the United States Immigration Service at Ellis Island and the Barge Office was looked on by them as a vindication of the petition which they sent a short time ago to Commissioner Fitchie complaining of overwork. They said in this petition that they often had to work on Sunday until late at night, and that there were few Government employes who had as long hours as they did. Commissioner Fitchie, after consulting with Assistant Commissioner McSweeney and Supervising Inspector Quinlan, all of whom agreed heartily with the complaint of the employes, sent the petition on to Washington with the request that it be submitted to the Secretary of the Treasury.

John Lederhilger, of the Registry Department at the Barge Office, pointed out yesterday that although the Umbria had only 192 steerage passengers, the entire force of the Immigration Service was kept at the Barge Office until evening, because the Cunarder had come in late through delay incidental to stress of weather.

Although the Umbria's saloon passengers got away from the pier at 2 p. m., it was 5:30 p. m. before the immigrants had been transferred to the Barge Office and the medical and surgical examinations and subsequent registration had begun.

MOVEMENT TO HONOR LEE AND WHEELER.

WOMEN OF CHICAGO CALL A MEETING TO ORGANIZE IT.

Chicago, Nov. 5.—Women of Chicago have started a movement toward a systematic effort to show in some substantial way to Generals Fitzhugh Lee and Joseph Wheeler the appreciation by the American people of their bravery and patriotism in the recent war with Spain. To this end a meeting of those interested has been called for next Tuesday afternoon at the Chicago Beach Hotel. The idea is to more firmly unite the people of all sections of the country through these two great commanders. Mesdames McKinley, Grant, Garfield, Cleveland, Fuller, Armor, McLean, Astor, Vanderbilt and others will be asked to act as a general committee to carry out the movement in such a manner as they may deem proper.

TELEPHONE FIGHT IN SING SING.

TWO COMPANIES IN THE FIELD, AND A REDUCTION OF PRICES MADE.

A telephone war has been declared in Sing Sing between the New-York Telephone Company and the Home Telephone Company. The Home company was organized by local capital three years ago. It put in telephones at the rate of $2 a month, with unlimited service in regard to calls. The New-York company charged at the time $30 a year, and limited the calls to 500.

Last week the New-York people announced that they were going to introduce a residence telephone service at the rate of $1 50 a month, and have representatives here canvassing the citizens and inducing them to take their service.

The Home company has been successful, and has 245 telephones in use about the village, and as its stockholders are mostly local men, the people seem to favor them. The New-York company has 158 telephones in this neighborhood, many of which are pay stations.

While the New-York people will not admit it to be a fact, it is generally understood that this sweeping reduction in their Sing Sing service is with a view to sinking the Home company. The latter, however, has not announced its intention of meeting the reduction made by the New-York company.

SALE OF R. C. ORPHAN ASYLUM SITE.

TRUSTEES INSIST ON HAVING THE NAMES OF THE BUYERS ON THE CONTRACT.

Archbishop Corrigan presided at the regular monthly meeting of the Board of Directors of the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum yesterday afternoon in the see house, and there was a full attendance of members. George D. Mackay, chairman of the committee having in charge the sale of the asylum property, bounded by Fifth and Madison aves. and Fifty-first and Fifty-second sts., reported the results of the negotiations with a syndicate of real estate men for the sale of the property, and said that everything was in good shape, but that those who wished to make the purchase did not wish their names to appear on the contract, and desired that the name of the agent only should appear.

This plan the committee, he said, refused to adopt. The Board approved the report by a unanimous vote, and the matter was referred back to the committee with power. Mr. Mackay said after the meeting: "The matter is in precisely the same shape as it was before the meeting. We are ready to close the business as soon as the men who want the property are ready to close it. The only thing is that we want the names of the buyers on the contract."

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