

TAYLOR REFUSES TO SIGN.

After a conference with many Republicans decision announced. The Republican party...

HE RECALLS THE LEGISLATURE TO THE KENTUCKY CAPITAL AND ORDERS THE TROOPS TO RETURN TO THEIR HOMES.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 10.—"I have only this to say: After mature deliberation and conference with my friends from every section of the State, I have concluded to allow this controversy to take its natural course, vigorously contending every inch of ground and upholding the rights of the people to the utmost. If those rights be destroyed the responsibility for that destruction must rest with those who sit in judgment."

WE APPROVE THE ABOVE:

JOHN MARSHALL, J. C. W. BECKHAM, BY JO. C. S. BLACKBURN.

DEMOCRATS TO STAY IN LOUISVILLE. BECKHAM ISSUES A PROCLAMATION TO MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURE THERE—TEXT OF REJECTED AGREEMENT.

Louisville, Feb. 10.—The collapse of the peace negotiations through Governor Taylor's rejection of the Louisville agreement and the latter's action in calling off the hounds against the Legislature and partially withdrawing the troops have left the fight over State officers divided of many of its warlike features, but in a worse legal tangle than ever.

ATTITUDE OF BOTH PARTIES.

The new alignment of the parties after today's developments are as follows: The Republicans will stand on the legality of Governor Taylor's proclamation...

ORDERED TO BE AT ONCE ISSUED TO GENERAL COLLIER TO PREPARE FOR THE DEPARTURE OF THE TROOPS, AND IN A SHORT TIME A LARGE NUMBER OF THEM WERE READY TO LEAVE.

Orders were at once issued to General Collier to prepare for the departure of the troops, and in a short time a large number of them were ready to leave.

RESOLVED, THAT IT IS THE SENSE OF THIS MEETING THAT GOVERNOR TAYLOR SHOULD NOT SIGN THE AGREEMENT REFERRED TO HIM BY THE LOUISVILLE CONFERENCE, AND THAT, REPOSING CONFIDENCE IN HIS ABILITY AND SENSE OF DUTY, WE ARE CONTENT TO FOLLOW HIS LEADERSHIP AFTER THAT REFUSAL.

Resolved, That it is the sense of this meeting that Governor Taylor should not sign the agreement referred to him by the Louisville conference, and that, reposing confidence in his ability and sense of duty, we are content to follow his leadership after that refusal.

TEXT OF AGREEMENT.

The following is the full text of the agreement which Governor Taylor declined to accept:

For the purpose of ending by proper mutual concessions the unfortunate condition of political affairs now existing in Kentucky a conference was held at Louisville, in which the subscribers participated.

First—That should a resolution be passed by the General Assembly during its present session in the joint session of the two houses declaring that the action heretofore taken by the General Assembly did invest William Goebel with the title to the office of Governor of this Commonwealth on February 2, 1899, and did invest J. C. W. Beckham with the title to the office of Lieutenant Governor of this Commonwealth, as of said date, the contestants, William S. Taylor and John Marshall, shall not dispute the said titles, resign their offices, and withdraw from the contest.

Second—That should the General Assembly pass the resolutions stated in the foregoing paragraph investiture shall be extended to all officers from that date, and no further political acts done pending the contests for the offices of Governor and Lieutenant Governor.

Third—That all legislative action by the present General Assembly shall be postponed until Monday, February 12, 1900, except only such steps as may be necessary under the Constitution to make the lawful adjournment.

Fourth—That the Board of State Election Commissioners, acting as a Board of Contest, shall postpone all of its proceedings until Tuesday, February 13, 1900, or until such later date as it may determine, provided, it may in the mean time meet and adjourn if it shall determine that such meetings are necessary or expedient.

Fifth—That it is earnestly recommended to the General Assembly that it should determine all pending and undetermined contests for the offices of Representatives and Senators all partisan considerations shall be eliminated as far as possible, provision being made for the election of a committee to be regarded as anything more than a recommendation.

Sixth—That the present General Assembly shall provide an absolute, fair and non-partisan method of settling all contests in which the fullest measure of protection, to the end that he shall have the fullest liberty to cast his vote without let or hindrance and have it counted and the result ascertained, and that the fullest protection in the discharge of their duties.

Seventh—That as soon as possible from this date the State militia now on duty at the seat

of government shall be withdrawn and sent to their homes, due regard being had for the preservation of public peace.

For the Democratic party: JOHN W. BARR, AUGUST W. WILSON, J. H. WALKER, D. W. LINDSAY, HENRY W. WELLS, CHARLES T. BALLARD.

For the Republican party: JO. C. S. BLACKBURN, JAMES H. BRECKENRIDGE, TRACY WOODSON, J. B. WELLS, PHILIP H. THOMPSON, JR., E. T. LILLARD, ST. J. THOMPSON.

We approve the above: JOHN MARSHALL, J. C. W. BECKHAM, BY JO. C. S. BLACKBURN.

February 6, 1900.

OBITUARY.

THE REV. DR. WILLIAM HENRY GREEN.

Princeton, N. J., Feb. 10 (Special).—The Rev. Dr. William Henry Green, professor of Oriental and Old Testament literature in Princeton Theological Seminary and one of the trustees of the university, died at his home, in Princeton, at an early hour this morning. Death was due to cardiac asthma, superinduced by the effects of a surgical operation performed to relieve the doctor's malady. Professor Green celebrated his seventy-fifth birthday two weeks ago.

He was a widower and two daughters, the latter of whom are married to Professor James Mark Baldwin and Professor William Libbey respectively. The funeral services will probably be held on Tuesday, though arrangements have not as yet been completed.

The Rev. Dr. William Henry Green was for years the senior professor and head of the Princeton Theological Seminary. In fact, he had been connected with the seminary since his twenty-first year, and at his death was one of the oldest theological teachers in the country. He was born at Groveville, near Bordentown, N. J., on January 27, 1825. His father was a successful merchant. John C. Green, who gave the older library and the School of Science to Princeton University, large endowments to both the university and the seminary, and large gifts to the Lawrenceville school, was Dr. Green's uncle. Another uncle was Chancellor of the University, and another was a Judge of the Court of Errors and Appeals.

He was graduated from Lafayette College in 1849. Before he was sixteen years old he became a tutor in his college, and continued in that place for two years. He then entered Princeton Theological Seminary and took the full course, interrupted by one year's absence (1847-48), when he taught mathematics at Lafayette. On graduation from the seminary in 1848 he was appointed instructor in the Seminary, a part of the salary being for the three years which he continued in this work at the seminary he was stated supply of the Second Presbyterian Church of Princeton.

In 1849 he became pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church of Philadelphia, one of the most influential churches of that city. After two years the General Assembly chose him to be professor of Biblical and Oriental literature in Princeton Seminary. He held this position until he was designated as that of Oriental and Old Testament literature.

In 1881 Dr. Green was Moderator of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church. He was chairman of the Old Testament Committee of the Anglo-American Bible Revision Committee. He was the leader and the most distinguished scholar in the Seminary, and he was designated as that of Oriental and Old Testament literature.

He was a voluminous writer on theological and other subjects. Among his books were the following: "The Pentateuch," "The Higher Criticism of the Pentateuch," "The Unity of the Book of Genesis," "The Higher Criticism of the Pentateuch," "The Unity of the Book of Genesis," "The Higher Criticism of the Pentateuch," "The Unity of the Book of Genesis."

Dr. Green was held in high esteem as a scholar, and his death is a great loss to the Seminary. In 1888 he declined the presidency of Princeton. The fiftieth anniversary of his birth was celebrated on May 27, 1875, with an elaborate ceremony. He received the degree of D. D. from Princeton in 1874; Rutgers made him an LL. D. in 1872.

FRIDERICK PHILLIPS. Philadelphia, Feb. 10.—Frederick Phillips, president of the Merchants' Exchange Bank, of this city, and president of the Camden (N. J.) Chamber of Commerce, died at the Bryn Mawr Hospital, from pneumonia. He was forty-seven years old. His wife and three children are at present in Germany. Mr. Phillips was an eminent phosphate manufacturer. One of his sisters is the wife of the artist, A. B. Frost.

COLONEL A. T. ANDREAS. Colonel A. T. Andreas died yesterday morning at his home, No. 74 Elm St., Residence Park, New Rochelle, from the effects of paralysis believed to have been superinduced by bullet wounds which he received in the Civil War. Colonel Andreas was taken ill about three months ago while in Worcester, Mass., business, and he returned to New Rochelle, where he became bedfast. He suffered from paralysis of the right arm, which spread to other parts of the body. The arm became so inflamed that he was removed to St. Luke's Hospital, New York, and the arm was amputated last week.

Colonel Andreas was born in Orange County, N. Y., and was in his 67th year. Early in life he went West and settled at Davenport, Iowa. At the outbreak of the Civil War he enlisted in the 12th Illinois Infantry and was made quartermaster of the regiment. Afterward he engaged in the business of publishing and printing, and was on the staff of General Crook of Massachusetts. He was discharged at the end of the war with the rank of lieutenant colonel, and he had published histories of many States and counties. In 1882 Colonel Andreas became a resident of New Rochelle, where he built hotels in connection with the World's Fair. In this venture he lost heavily. Colonel Andreas was also a prominent member of the National Rifle Association, and he had five of them in operation at the time of his death. He was a former officer of the Loyal Legion and was a Mason. A widow and two children survive. The funeral will probably be in the family plot in the Oakdale Cemetery in Davenport, Iowa.

CORNELIUS E. KENE. Cornelius E. Kene, a lawyer of New Rochelle, died yesterday in St. Vincent's Hospital, this city. Mr. Kene had been in poor health for several years, and recently he had suffered from lung trouble. He had been in the hospital for a few days, and his death was entirely unexpected by his friends.

Mr. Kene was born in Tuckahoe, and was about fifty-three years old. When a young man he entered the office of Judge William H. Robertson, of White Plains, to study law. Subsequently he was graduated from the New York University Law School, and after spending a few years with Judge Robertson, he was admitted to the bar, and he was continuing there until the time of his death. Mr. Kene, it is said, leaves a large estate to his widow and daughter. He was one of the counsel for the New York, New-Haven and Hartford Railroad and for John H. Starin. He was also administrator for a number of large estates, including the Watson estate, of West Chester, and the Fleming estate, of New Rochelle. In his connection with the latter estate Mr. Kene recently defended Mrs. Frances Skinner in the suit brought against her by Miss Howe, and it is said that overwork in this case hastened his death. He was a member of the New Rochelle Club, and he was a member of the New Rochelle Athletic Club. He was a member of the New Rochelle Golf Club, and he was a member of the New Rochelle Tennis Club. He was a member of the New Rochelle Yacht Club, and he was a member of the New Rochelle Rowing Club. He was a member of the New Rochelle Swimming Club, and he was a member of the New Rochelle Cycling Club. He was a member of the New Rochelle Chess Club, and he was a member of the New Rochelle Bridge Club. He was a member of the New Rochelle Lawn Tennis Club, and he was a member of the New Rochelle Lawn Bowling Club. He was a member of the New Rochelle Lawn Croquet Club, and he was a member of the New Rochelle Lawn Golf Club. He was a member of the New Rochelle Lawn Hockey Club, and he was a member of the New Rochelle Lawn Football Club. He was a member of the New Rochelle Lawn Baseball Club, and he was a member of the New Rochelle Lawn Softball Club. He was a member of the New Rochelle Lawn Basketball Club, and he was a member of the New Rochelle Lawn Volleyball Club. He was a member of the New Rochelle Lawn Badminton Club, and he was a member of the New Rochelle Lawn Table Tennis Club. He was a member of the New Rochelle Lawn Ping-Pong Club, and he was a member of the New Rochelle Lawn Billiards Club. He was a member of the New Rochelle Lawn Darts Club, and he was a member of the New Rochelle Lawn Chess Club. He was a member of the New Rochelle Lawn Bridge Club, and he was a member of the New Rochelle Lawn Golf Club.

CARE FOR BUFFALO EXPOSITION. Buffalo, Feb. 10.—In anticipation of a large traffic during the Pan-American Exposition, the International Traction Company has placed orders for 150 new cars, and contemplates ordering 150 or 200 later in the season. Altogether these cars will add over \$2,000,000 to the equipment of the company. The J. B. Brill Company, Philadelphia, has received orders for 100 open cars, which will arrive in Buffalo on April 1.

BACK FROM THE TRANSVAAL. On the American Line steamship New York, which arrived here last evening from Southampton, were five men who have returned from South Africa because the Boer war interfered with their business. They are J. C. Manion, who was the United States Consul at Johannesburg; H. H. Webb, consulting engineer for the Werneer Bell Company; J. Lee Forman, of Johannesburg; the Rev. J. S. Lavelle, a missionary, and H. P. Carter, who was in charge of a gold mine near Johannesburg.

Comte De Lafayette, a great-grandson of General Lafayette of American Revolutionary fame, was here yesterday, and he was accompanied by his son, the Rev. J. H. Howland, international secretary of the Salvation Army. They were in the city for the annual congress, which opened in New York yesterday. Others on board were Henry Cockburn, Secretary of the Salvation Army, and the Rev. J. S. Lavelle, a missionary, and H. P. Carter, who was in charge of a gold mine near Johannesburg.

FIRING AT FRANKFORT. Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 10.—Governor Taylor for the first time in several days spent the night at the Executive Mansion. To-night several shots were fired in that locality, and the soldiers

guarding the house say the shots were fired at them. They returned the fire. The affair created some excitement, and a detail of soldiers from the State House was added to the guard at the Mansion.

ATHLETIC CARNIVAL.

SOME EXCELLENT SPORT AT MADISON SQUARE GARDEN.

BOSTON TEAM WINS SENSATIONAL RELAY RACE—GEORGETOWN WINS TWO VICTORIES—CORNIISH ACTS AS A STARTER.

While the jury was deliberating and preparing to astonish New-York with a verdict of guilty against Molineux ("Harry") Cornish, who has played such an important part in that sensation case, was called to start at the athletic carnival at Madison Square Garden. As Cornish fired the pistol he was apparently the most unconcerned person in the city. The games were those run annually by the Knickerbocker Athletic Club, and the attendance was one of the best seen at an indoor athletic meeting heretofore in this time.

Cornish was called out of the Garden about 10:30 p. m., evidently to answer a call on the telephone, and while he was gone the only unpleasant feature of the night took place. It was in the heat of the 20-yard race, and after the trim limbed athletes had lined up it was discovered that the starter and his pistol were absent. Finally some one volunteered to start by word of mouth, and as might have been expected, he made a mess of it. His yell of "Go!" was so feeble that some of the runners did not start until some time after the gun had been fired. The spectators hissed so persistently that it was decided to run the race over again. Singularly enough, the first and second man finished as they did before.

Duffy, the champion sprinter, sprained a tendon in his leg, and he did not start in the final heat of the 60-yard race. The four-fifths of a mile relay race was one of the best ever seen here, and the onlookers fairly stood on their feet and yelled until they were blue in the face. The race was between the St. Joseph A. A. team, of Boston, and the Xavier A. A. team, of this city. Doyle, the Boston sprinter, and the first man off, fell on the first lap, enabling the Xavier man to gain a lead of fully a dozen yards. Hines made a splendid effort and won the race, and the last two men started on even terms. Relly fairly ran away from Walsh, and the Boston team won in the end as it pleased. Princeton won the college relay race in easy style, with Cornell second. The Dreadnaught A. C. team found the Knickerbocker A. C. basketball team easy to defeat.

The standing of the schools is: Cornell (11)..... 12 1/2 W. S. Sach's..... 4 0 Columbia Grammar..... 3 3/4 De La Salle..... 2 1/4 Hamilton..... 1/2 3/4

RESULTS IN INTERSCHOOL TOURNAMENT. The results of the first three rounds of the interscholastic chess tournament follow:

W. S. Sach's..... 4 0 Columbia Grammar..... 3 3/4 De La Salle..... 2 1/4 Hamilton..... 1/2 3/4

THE RACETRACK. CATHEDRAL WINS CLUBHOUSE HANDICAP.

New-Orleans, Feb. 10.—Fortune again smiled on J. J. McCafferty when Cathedral, the favorite, galloped home in front of his field in the Clubhouse Handicap. The Magee pair, Freilinghams and Wolhurst, were well fancied, but the latter did not like the going, and the race was a procession, with Cathedral winning all the way. The Morris fly, Stripes, emerged from the maiden class, beating Zackford, the favorite. Tidde was the only other winning favorite. The suspension of the racing at New Orleans on January 29, 1899, has been made indefinite. Foucau was ruled off for his ride on Rushfields on January 29, 1899. The close fight between the two men, the victory finally resting with Home by 20 pins. The summary follows:

First race (seven furlongs): Tildes—102 (W. S. Sach's), 11 to 5 and even, won; Home—104 (W. S. Sach's), 11 to 5 and even, second; Limpwick, 107 (Wedderstrand), 4 to 1, third; 1:30.

Second race (seven furlongs): half mile—Stripes, 115 (Hawley), 6 to 4 and 2 to 1, won; Zackford, 118 (W. S. Sach's), 11 to 5 and even, second; Willie, 113 (Wedderstrand), 11 to 5 and even, third; 1:30.

Third race (seven furlongs): short course—Joe Bell, 137 (Kenny), 15 to 1 and 5 to 1, won; Al Reeves, 130 (Stewart), 15 to 1 and 5 to 1, second; Voyageur, 112 (Huston), 15 to 1 and 5 to 1, third; 1:30.

Fourth race (the Clubhouse Handicap): mite—Cathedral, 106 (McCafferty), 4 to 1 and 2 to 1, won; Willie, 113 (Wedderstrand), 4 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; Signy Lucas, 101 1/2 (Holland), 11 to 5, third; 1:14.

Fifth race (mile and three furlongs): setting—Albert V. 110 (Hawley), 6 to 4 and 2 to 1, won; Testons, 67 1/2 (Pitts), 4 to 1 and 3 to 5, second; Banquo II, 102 (Holland), 4 to 1 and 3 to 5, third; 1:30.

Sixth race (six furlongs, setting): Barney F., 112 (Chawson), 6 to 1 and 2 to 1, won; Dissolute, 112 (Holland), 11 to 5 and even, second; Thomson, 112 (Wedderstrand), 15 to 1 and 5 to 1, third; 1:20.

SEVENTH RACE. The principal contest at the trap shooting tournament of the Crescent Athletic Club on the grounds at Bay Ridge yesterday was the second competition for the February Cup, at twenty-five clay birds a man, expert rules. Three of the contestants tied for the trophy with equal scores of twenty-three kills, and as the scores go on the ground the trophy will be shared by three other contestants; there was some close shooting. Nearly sixteen hundred targets were thrown, and the close fight between the two men, the victory finally resting with Home by 20 pins. The summary follows:

Queen-Doublay, 137; Rea, 141; Provost, 106; Callaway, 133; Burdick, 178; total, 698.

Queen-Doublay, 137; Rea, 141; Provost, 106; Callaway, 133; Burdick, 178; total, 698.

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THE WHOLESALE DRUG TRADE ROLL.

Another series of games. The bowlers of the Wholesale Drug Trade Association held another session yesterday afternoon at Reid's alleys, when the usual double series of six games was rolled. Dodge & O'Leary's team won two games and the Roessler & Hasselbacher Chemical Company lost two, while all four of the other teams engaged won and lost a game each.

In the second game the General Chemical Company team had the victory well within its grasp until Smith, of R. W. Robinson & Son's team, made a superb and gallant effort in the last two frames, with three successive strikes, to bring down his total to 185 pins, and won the game for his team by 25. The summary follows:

First game: Seabury & Johnson-Witbers, 150; Benjamin, 128; Scrimshaw, 170; Coughlin, 175; total, 623.

Second game: R. W. Robinson & Son-Kimball, 155; W. R. Robinson, 110; Hopper, 157; Littel, 143; total, 565.

Third game: General Chemical Company-Ackerson, 142; Goran, 141; Bisset, 133; Jaeger, 146; total, 562.

Fourth game: General Chemical Company-Ackerson, 141; Goran, 132; Bisset, 141; Jaeger, 117; total, 531.

Fifth game: Seabury & Johnson-Witbers, 160; Benjamin, 80; Scrimshaw, 149; Coughlin, 175; total, 564.

Sixth game: Dodge & O'Leary-Howe, 159; Ely, 128; Olin, 128; Robertson, 143; total, 558.

Seventh game: Roessler & Hasselbacher Chemical Company-Surgin, 140; Ruhl, 84; Kibber, 146; Norman, 141; total, 511.

Eighth game: Dodge & O'Leary-Howe, 151; Ely, 125; Olin, 150; Robertson, 144; total, 570.

Ninth game: Parke, Davis & Co.-Marjorie, 157; Goran, 136; Bisset, 141; Jaeger, 146; total, 580.

Tenth game: Parke, Davis & Co.-Marjorie, 157; Goran, 136; Bisset, 141; Jaeger, 146; total, 580.

Eleventh game: Parke, Davis & Co.-Marjorie, 157; Goran, 136; Bisset, 141; Jaeger, 146; total, 580.

Twelfth game: Parke, Davis & Co.-Marjorie, 157; Goran, 136; Bisset, 141; Jaeger, 146; total, 580.

Thirteenth game: Parke, Davis & Co.-Marjorie, 157; Goran, 136; Bisset, 141; Jaeger, 146; total, 580.

Fourteenth game: Parke, Davis & Co.-Marjorie, 157; Goran, 136; Bisset, 141; Jaeger, 146; total, 580.

Fifteenth game: Parke, Davis & Co.-Marjorie, 157; Goran, 136; Bisset, 141; Jaeger, 146; total, 580.

Sixteenth game: Parke, Davis & Co.-Marjorie, 157; Goran, 136; Bisset, 141; Jaeger, 146; total, 580.

Seventeenth game: Parke, Davis & Co.-Marjorie, 157; Goran, 136; Bisset, 141; Jaeger, 146; total, 580.

Eighteenth game: Parke, Davis & Co.-Marjorie, 157; Goran, 136; Bisset, 141; Jaeger, 146; total, 580.

Nineteenth game: Parke, Davis & Co.-Marjorie, 157; Goran, 136; Bisset, 141; Jaeger, 146; total, 580.

Twentieth game: Parke, Davis & Co.-Marjorie, 157; Goran, 136; Bisset, 141; Jaeger, 146; total, 580.

Twenty-first game: Parke, Davis & Co.-Marjorie, 157; Goran, 136; Bisset, 141; Jaeger, 146; total, 580.

Twenty-second game: Parke, Davis & Co.-Marjorie, 157; Goran, 136; Bisset, 141; Jaeger, 146; total, 580.

Twenty-third game: Parke, Davis & Co.-Marjorie, 157; Goran, 136; Bisset, 141; Jaeger, 146; total, 580.

Twenty-fourth game: Parke, Davis & Co.-Marjorie, 157; Goran, 136; Bisset, 141; Jaeger, 146; total, 580.

Twenty-fifth game: Parke, Davis & Co.-Marjorie, 157; Goran, 136; Bisset, 141; Jaeger, 146; total, 580.

Twenty-sixth game: Parke, Davis & Co.-Marjorie, 157; Goran, 136; Bisset, 141; Jaeger, 146; total, 580.

Twenty-seventh game: Parke, Davis & Co.-Marjorie, 157; Goran, 136; Bisset, 141; Jaeger, 146; total, 580.

Twenty-eighth game: Parke, Davis & Co.-Marjorie, 157; Goran, 136; Bisset, 141; Jaeger, 146; total,