PART II.
FOUR PAGES.

New-York Tribune.

TUESDAY,
FEBRUARY 27, 1900.

IRON TRADE DEADLOCK.

BUYING MOVEMENT CEASES, BUT THE DROP IN PRICES IS NOT IN PROPORTION.

The iron trade presents one or two unusual features—unusual in themselves and peculiar in that they appear to be in direct conflict with well known and acknowledged facts. For two months or thereabouts—that is to say, from December 15 to the present—a species of deadlock has existed between buyer and seller, and this during a period of almost unexampled prosperity. The beginning of the year is always a signal for a let up, even in times that are dull, and this year has been no exception to the rule. It is generally expected—and the expectation is usually realized—that prices shall fall a little at this season, and so it has been this time; a fall from $24 a ton, which is the current price of No. 1 foundry iron in this city to-day, is very different, however, from a decline from $10 a ton, at which the same material sold in 1897. Yet so strong has been the situation in all lines relating to iron and steel that the decline from current high prices in November last to the rate quoted above has been only about $1 50 a ton. It is difficult, if not practically impossible, to give the exact amount of the fall, since high water mark in November last meant a variety of rates, all depending upon the degree of the buyer's needs.

Strong as the market is, however, the buying movement has practically ceased, and nearly all the furnaces are running on orders given in past months. About six weeks ago a series of small orders was reported by furnace representatives in lots of 50 to 250 tons. In nearly every case these were accompanied by requests for immediate delivery, showing that the buyers were adopting this method solely to piece out their stocks, and that they would soon be obliged to appear as buyers upon a scale sufficient to cover their requirements in the regular way. This fact, while it showed a fear on the buyers' part that prices would go lower, also strengthened the hands of the sellers by showing how low stocks on hand were getting. Yet, for all this almost open confession of weakness on the part of buyers, nothing has resulted, and the genuine spring recovery from New Year's dulness has not been resumed. Not from present appearances, does it seem likely to be resumed for a fortnight to a month longer.

Much has been made by buyers of iron of the fact that stocks at blast furnaces are increasing, thus seeming to show that production is gaining on consumption. This is apparent from the figures of the makers, which showed that the furnaces which manufacture pig iron for the trade had 148,335 tons of pig in their yards on February 1, this being 20,860 tons more than on January 1. These figures, while true, are apt to mislead. The fact is that much of the iron that has accumulated has been of grades unfit for ordinary foundry or mill purposes. This has been the result of various circumstances, among them being that the coke supply has not been of the best, either in quantity or quality, with the consequence that the furnaces have had a larger proportion of the lower and less of the higher grades than usual. The accumulation of iron, therefore, does not signify increase of competition on the part of iron needed in current foundry requirements, and is not a fact tending to show weakness in existing conditions.

The figures of furnace stocks given above do not include those of the great consolidations, which make exclusively for their own use.

The only order of any size worth reporting in local circles within recent weeks was one of 6,000 tons of various foundry grades, taken by a leading cast iron pipe concern. It was supplied by a Virginia firm.

TRYING TO REVIVE OYSTER COMBINATION.

Some of the local oyster dealers owning beds in Long Island Sound are being asked again to give options upon their buildings to the Connecticut capitalists who are endeavoring to revive the oyster combination, which fell through last year. J. W. Ellsworth, of J. & J. W. Ellsworth, owners of beds in Long Island Sound near South Norwalk and Westport, Conn., said to a Tribune reporter yesterday that the promoters of the combination were asking for options on beds and offering to pay for those accepted in cash and stock, half of each. The combination, he said, was being organized for the purpose of controlling the seed oyster business of Long Island Sound. The oyster beds of the Sound are valuable, as the cultivators of oysters on the south side of Long Island are obliged to replenish their beds from Long Island Sound. The seed from which the Blue Point, Rockaway and Prince's Bay oysters are grown, Mr. Ellsworth said, is taken from Long Island Sound. When asked if the combination could make its plan a success, in view of the method it proposed to adopt in paying for the landed, he said that it could if sufficient land were obtained. It was his opinion that the promoters would make no effort to control more of the New-York business than was needed to handle the oysters which may reach maturity on its beds.

TRADE RELATIONS WITH JAPAN.

The Rev. John L. Dearing, president of the Baptist Theological Seminary at Yokohama, Japan, yesterday addressed the Baptist Ministers' Conference, at No. 182 Fifth-ave., on "Recent Material and Religious Progress in Japan." Regarding American trade relations with Japan Mr. Dearing said:

In 1889 Japan imported from the United States goods to the value of $48,000,000, and in 1898 the corresponding figure was $20,000,000. In the same period Japanese exports to the United States increased from $14,000,000 to $23,000,000. In 1898 our trade with Japan was about $43,000,000, while England had a trade there amounting to $35,000,000. Of that last figure, however, all but $4,000,000 represents imports from England. Most of these imports ought to come from the United States. In 1898 the number of British steamships calling at Japanese ports was 712. Only forty-three American steamers called there that year.

The conference elected these officers: President, the Rev. F. M. Goodchild, Central Baptist Church, Manhattan; vice-president, the Rev. F. P. Stoddard, Strong Place Church, Brooklyn; secretary and treasurer, the Rev. G. M. Shott, Scotch Plains, N. J.

DISSOLUTION OF MINING COMPANY.

The New-York and Camalote Mining Company has applied to the Supreme Court, through Byron E. Huntley, of Batavia, N. Y.; William B. Sylvester, of Brockport, and Frank E. Williams, of Rochester, directors, for the voluntary dissolution of the corporation. Justice Smyth, of the Supreme Court, has appointed Vernon M. Davis referee and set down the order to show cause for May 31. The company was organized in 1881, with a capital stock of $1,000,000, and had a gold and silver mine in Honduras, which proved unprofitable. The company has no creditors, and the only assets are old mining machinery in Honduras and mining rights there.

PETITIONS IN BANKRUPTCY.

William A. Lombard, living at No. 251 West End-ave., has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $58,058 and no assets. The liabilities are principally for borrowed money on notes and as a stockholder of the Union National Bank, of Denver; Bloomfield State Bank, of Bloomfield, Neb., and Baker City National Bank. Among the creditors mentioned in the schedules are the Cape Cod National Bank, of Harwich, Mass., $10,703; Monson National Bank, of Monson, Mass., $3,997; Chase National Bank, $6,042, and the Western National Bank, $12,226. A receiver was appointed for his property on May 16, 1896, at the instance of the Western National Bank, of his city.

FUNERAL OF EDWARD O'FLAHERTY.

The funeral of Edward O'Flaherty was held yesterday morning in the Church of the Holy Cross, in West Forty-second-st. Delegations were present from all the Irish societies in New-York, and from many of those in other large cities. A requiem mass was celebrated, the celebrant being the Rev. Charles McCready, who delivered a eulogy of Mr. O'Flaherty. The Rev. Joseph F. Smith was deacon, the Rev. P. J. Keefe subdeacon, and the Rev. Joseph A. Foley master of ceremonies. The pallbearers were Michael Breslin, Larry Bannon, Stephen McPartland, Stephen McFarland, John Devoy, John O'Callahan, of Boston, Dr. Sheedy, of Altoona, Penn., and P. J. Kenney. The burial was in Calvary Cemetery, where Justice O'Gorman delivered an oration.

Cooking Difficult?
TRY
LIEBIG
COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF BEEF.
Note this signature in blue on every jar:—Avoid substitutes.
J. v. Liebig

LEPROSY CASE IN BARGE OFFICE.

STEERAGE PASSENGER ON THE BRITISH STEAMSHIP BUFFON HAS DISEASE—WILL BE DEPORTED.

Consternation was created among the officers and such of the immigrants as appreciated their danger by the discovery of a well defined case of leprosy in the Barge Office yesterday afternoon. The man suffering from the disease was Archibald Mandeville, twenty-two years old, a native of Barbadoes, West Indies.

Mandeville arrived here on Friday on the British steamship Buffon. When the Buffon reached Quarantine, the Health Officer boarded her, and, as is usual with vessels from Brazilian ports, he ordered her detained. Mandeville, with the rest of the passengers, underwent the scrutiny of the doctors of the Health Officer's staff. He was passed without any question, and after the customary period of detention the Buffon was released. She came up to her pier yesterday.

When the time came for the Buffon's passengers to pass before the registry clerk of the Barge Office, Dr. Safford immediately had Mandeville isolated and subjected to a rigid examination. Mandeville said that his father was a white man and his mother a mulatto. He had been employed by the Government of Barbadoes. Dr. Safford discovered unmistakable signs of leprosy, and the man was at once ordered back on board the Buffon. Mandeville had plenty of money, and said he had come North in the hope that the cold weather would improve his condition. He will be deported at once.

ACCUSES JUSTICE W. M. SMITH.

HANNAH L. SMITH SAYS SHE ASSIGNED $14,000 UNDER DURESS.

Justice Lawrence in the Supreme Court yesterday heard testimony in a suit brought by Percival S. Jones against Herbert Smith, Egbert Smith, Theron Smith and Elliott Smith, to compel the setting aside of an assignment made to them by Hannah L. Smith. The assignment is in the form of a judgment for $14,000. Hannah Smith's husband was Alonzo Smith, a well known contractor and dredger. In 1897 he made an assignment to Theron Smith. At the same time he made an assignment of the $14,000 judgment to his wife. Theron Smith is a brother of Justice Wilmot M. Smith, of the Supreme Court.

Prior to the time of the general assignment it is asserted that Alonzo Smith lost heavily on a big contract, and that all of the defendants in the suit had claims against Alonzo. The latter was brought up in supplementary proceedings, and as a result of statements made in his examination he was twice indicted for perjury. The indictments have been dismissed.

Hannah Smith assigned her claims to the plaintiff in the present action, asserting that the assignment to the defendants of the $14,000 was got from her by duress. She says that Theron and Justice Wilmot M. Smith came to see her, and told her that unless she made the assignment of the judgment her husband would be prosecuted upon the perjury charges. She charges that Justice Smith advised her to make the assignment, and that he drew up the assignment papers.

At the time she made the assignment Mrs. Smith asserts that she was ill. She further says that Theron Smith promised to make up for any loss she might sustain by assigning other claims over to her. This, she says, was not done.

Justice Smith was a witness yesterday, and denied that there was any duress in the transaction or that he had intimated that unless Mrs. Smith made the assignment the charges of perjury would be pressed against the husband. He admitted, however, that he had told Mrs. Smith that under all the circumstances in the case, an assignment would be all right.

Justice Smith said that he went to see Mrs. Smith at the request of his brother Theron. The case will be continued to-day.

THE B. R. T. INVESTIGATION.

GRAND JURY COMPLETES THE INQUIRY ON THE COMPANY'S SIDE OF THE CASE.

It was said yesterday after the adjournment of the Special Grand Jury called to investigate the depression of Brooklyn Rapid Transit stock in December last by alleged unfair methods that the jury had completed its investigation of the company's side of the case and that before the close of the week a number of men suspected of having connection with the bear movement would be called before the jury. It was learned yesterday that every request by the jury for information from the transit company had been met promptly and satisfactorily. The jury, it is said, did not ask for all the company's books, but whatever it asked for it got almost instantly.

"I am not at liberty to state now when the jury will get through with its work or whether there is any likelihood of its bringing in indictments," said John Proctor Clarke, the Special Deputy Attorney-General in charge of the investigation.

CAPTAIN DELANEY NOT TO BLAME.

POLICE BOARD FILES CHARGES MADE AGAINST HIM BY SMITH E. LANE.

The Police Board yesterday considered, and placed on file two charges against Captain Delaney, of the East Thirty-fifth-st. police station, prepared by Smith E. Lane, secretary of the New East River Bridge Commission, who asserted that the Captain had so neglected his duty that the Lane house, No. 111 Lexington-ave., was robbed twice within one week. The Board decided that Captain Delaney had taken reasonable precautions, an investigation having shown that he had arrested the burglar and recovered nearly all the property stolen.

Mr. Lane's first complaint was made on February 5. He said that his house was robbed on Sunday, February 4, after he had warned Captain Delaney that attempts at burglary had been made. More than $1,000 worth of jewelry was taken. On February 9 Mr. Lane again complained that on the day before his house was robbed a second time of valuable property.

GARDINER INQUIRY GOES ON TO-DAY.

QUESTION OF FORFEITED RECOGNIZANCES TO BE TAKEN UP BY MR. DEMING.

The investigation into the alleged maladministration of District Attorney Gardiner's office will be continued to-day. Horace E. Deming, counsel for the prosecution, has not yet finished with the matter of transferrence of cases from Special to General Sessions, or with the charges regarding forfeited recognizances. The next two or three days will probably be taken up with evidence of this kind. It is understood that testimony will be adduced showing that several bondsmen high in the favor of Tammany Hall have been allowed to give bail for accused persons, and then upon the bonds becoming forfeited, as frequently happened, no serious effort was made to collect upon them.

SUPREME COURT OPINIONS.

JUDGMENT AGAINST THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE SET ASIDE.

Trenton, Feb. 26 (Special).—In the Supreme Court to-day an opinion was handed down by Justice Van Syckel setting aside a judgment for $1,000 damages awarded to Frank A. Magowan, jr., in a suit against Assistant Secretary of State Alexander H. Rickey. Magowan was arrested on a charge of being implicated in a robbery at Rickey's house, but was not indicted. He brought suit for slander against Rickey, and was given a verdict as above. It is set aside on the ground that Rickey's charge was not prompted by malice, but was made after consultation with his attorney.

In the case of the State against Logan M. Bullitt the Court reversed the judgment below. Bullitt was president of the Franklin Electric Light Company. He was convicted of taking books of the corporation, but the Court holds his offence to have been a mere trespass, for which a civil action for damages will lie.

The taxes levied by the Borough of Englewood Cliffs against the property of the Sisters of the Poor, located on the Palisades, were affirmed in an opinion by Justice Gummere, who, however, excepted the site upon which their chapel is built. The property is known as St. Michael's Villa, and is used as a summer boarding house. The people who patronize it pay for their accommodations, and it is therefore outside the law exempting from taxation property used for charitable purposes.

DIRECTORS OF PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Princeton, Feb. 26 (Special).—The Princeton Publishing Company has elected the following directors: James W. Alexander, '60, president of the Equitable Life Insurance Company; John D. Davis, '72; Andrew F. West, '74; M. Taylor Pyne, '77; C. C. Cuyler, '79; George W. Burleigh, '92, and J. Monberger Davis, '00.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

ENTERS SISTERHOOD OF ST. JOHN.

SILVER CROSS AND CAPE PRESENTED TO MISS ELIZABETH K. MOORE.

Previous to the annual service of the Church Charity Foundation, the Episcopal charity organization of Long Island, held yesterday afternoon in St. John's chapel, connected with St. John's Hospital, an interesting service was held to receive into the order of the Sisterhood of St. John the Evangelist, Miss Elizabeth K. Moore, of Norfolk, Va. Miss Moore entered the chapel with Sisters of the order and advanced to the chapel rail accompanied by the Superior, Sister Julia, and by Sister Mary, one of the older members. At the chancel she was met by Archdeacon Henry C. Swentzel, rector of St. Luke's Church and chaplain of the sisterhood. Bishop Littlejohn was unable to be present. Among others who took part in the ceremony were Archdeacon A. B. Kinsolving, rector of Christ Church, and the Rev. Alfred C. Bunn, rector of the Foundation.

Miss Moore was asked certain questions by Archdeacon Swentzel to learn whether she had weighed the importance of the step of entering the sisterhood. These being favorably answered, the ceremony was continued by the presentation to Miss Moore of a silver cross suspended on a white ribbon and a little cape, the marks which distinguish the sisterhood. A benediction and the service of the Holy Communion closed the ceremony. Miss Moore, who had served a novitiate of two years in the orphanage, will be known hereafter as Sister Elizabeth.

The exercises attending the opening of the new pathological laboratory were also held yesterday afternoon. Dr. Archibald Murray is the head pathologist of the laboratory. The laboratory is well equipped. It was erected through the efforts of Mrs. A. A. Low and her friends.

A FIREMAN'S SKULL FRACTURED.

THROWN FROM A TENDER WHILE ON HIS WAY TO A $15 FIRE.

John J. Newman, a fireman of Engine Company No. 6, is lying in the Brooklyn Hospital suffering from a fracture of the skull. The physicians say that his chances for recovery are not the best. An insignificant fire in one of the rooms of the tenement house No. 165 High-st., which is owned by ex-Congressman John M. Clancy, caused an alarm to be turned in. Engine Company No. 6, which is in Pearl-st., near Concord, only a block away from the scene of the fire, responded.

Newman, Charles Shea and John Leddy jumped on the rear of the tender. At Jay-st. the driver turned to avoid an ashcart. One of the wheels of the tender was caught in the switch of the trolley track. The tender was nearly upset, and the firemen were thrown to the street. Newman's skull was fractured, and he was removed to the hospital. The other two men were injured slightly. The fire, which caused a damage of $15, was put out by the inmates of the house.

REVIEW OF THIRTEENTH REGIMENT.

ORGANIZATION PASSES BEFORE GENERAL ROE AS AN ARTILLERY BODY.

Major General Charles F. Roe reviewed the 13th Regiment at its armory, in Sumner-ave., last night. The regiment appeared for the first time in the red trimmings of an artillery organization.

The Rev. Dr. W. C. P. Rhoades, of the Marcy Avenue Baptist Church, was formally sworn in as chaplain of the regiment. A company of cadets from his church appeared for the first time as Company I of the regiment. Following the custom established in the Beecher and Talmage companies, it will be known as the Rhoades Company.

BOUNDARY LINE DISPUTE NOT ACTED ON.

Riverhead, Long Island, Feb. 26.—The Suffolk County Board of Supervisors met here to-day to consider the proposed boundary line through the bays, agreed upon by the five eastern towns—Riverhead, Southold, Shelter Island, Southampton and Easthampton. The subject was brought up but was not acted on. The oyster planters were represented by counsel. They promise to go to the courts if the new line is established. An unexpected development at the session was the attitude of the five western towns of the county. They took the ground that, as it was proposed to devote the taxes, after the settlement of the boundary, to the use of the five western towns immediately concerned, they might settle it among themselves. This attitude gives the impression that nothing will be done this year, at least, about the boundary.

LIKELY TO CALL THE REV. L. G. HOECK.

It is likely that the Rev. L. G. Hoeck, who is pastor of the Swedenborgian Church at Paisley, Scotland, will become pastor of the Church of the New Jerusalem, Monroe Place and Clark-st. He will succeed the Rev. John C. Ager, who has been prevailed upon to remain associate pastor. Mr. Hoeck will not be called, however, until September. He is at present in Brooklyn, looking over the field and getting acquainted with his future congregation. Mr. Hoeck is a native of Scotland. He was graduated from the University of Glasgow. He prepared himself for the practice of law, but later took a four years' course in theology at Cambridge, Mass.

DEATH OF CHARLES F. WOLZ.

Charles F. Wolz, deputy clerk of the Court of Special Sessions, died yesterday morning from stomach trouble at his home, No. 108 Vernon-ave. Mr. Wolz was born in 1856 in Brooklyn. He served for twelve years as chief clerk of the Second District Municipal Court. In 1894 he went into the real estate business with William R. McGuire, the Democratic leader of the VIth Assembly District. Two years ago he became deputy clerk of the Court of Special Sessions, at a salary of $2,500 a year. A widow survives him.

FALLS TO DEATH FROM A TELEGRAPH POLE

Frederick Wusterlich, a lineman, fell to death yesterday afternoon at Bedford and Atlantic aves. He had climber to the top of the pole. The strap around him slipped, and he fell headlong to the flagging below, a distance of forty feet. His skull was fractured. Wusterlich, who was forty years old, worked for the Edison Electric Illuminating Company. He lived at No. 14 Cherry-st., West Newark, N. J.

DIRECTORS OF EDISON ELECTRIC CO.

The following were elected directors of the Edison Electric Illuminating Company yesterday at a meeting of the stockholders held in the office of the company, No. 360 Pearl-st: Anthony N. Brady, William Berri, Charles Cooper, H. C. Du Val, Walton Ferguson, Bernard Gallagher, Hugh J. Grant, Seth L. Kenney, Thomas E. Murray, Royal C. Peabody, William F. Sheehan, Colonel T. S. Williams and A. M. Young.

SEEKS TO BE RELIEVED OF BIG DEBTS.

Frank Mapes and Demarest H. Mapes, of Frank Mapes & Son, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday. D. H. Mapes places his liabilities at $151,903 and Frank Mapes his at $4,918 38. Neither gives a schedule of his assets.

GEORGE W. WILLS DEAD.

George W. Wills, a lawyer and the business partner of Deputy County Treasurer Thomas F. Farrell, died yesterday at his home, No. 834 Putnam-ave., from lung trouble. He was at one time associated with Judge Samuel T. Maddox. Mr. Wills was the son of the late Captain Henry Wills. A month ago Mr. Wills's mother died. A widow and two children survive.

THROWN TO DEATH IN FERRY HOUSE.

William Schwindt, a driver for H. & H. Reiners, distillers at Nos. 177 and 179 Stagg-st., was killed yesterday by being thrown from his truck in the Houston-st. ferry house, at Grand-st.

RELEASED AS SHE COULD NOT PAY FINE.

Emma Andrews, alias Emma Jackson, who was fined $1,000 by United States Judge Thomas for swearing falsely to a pension voucher, and who spent thirty days in jail, was released yesterday morning, on swearing that she had no money.

STORM HINDERS WORK ON GATE CITY.

East Moriches, Long Island, Feb. 26.—Owing to stormy weather, work has almost been stopped on the stranded steamer Gate City. The steamer J. J. Merritt left here to-day for Montauk.

THE SCHOONER JANE C. HARRIS ASHORE.

Sayville, Long Island, Feb. 26.—The schooner Jane C. Harris is reported ashore at Oregon Inlet beach. The crew was rescued. She is owned by Jacob Ackers and Westerbike, oyster shippers here.

NEW DEPUTIES INSTRUCTED.

MINISTERS AND SUNDAY SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENTS SWORN IN BY SHERIFF WALTON.

Sixty of the seventy-one special deputy sheriffs, including ministers, Sunday school superintendents and other men of standing in the community, who were appointed last Saturday by Sheriff Walton, assembled in the Sheriff's office last night, received their official appointments and their badges of office, and listened to a talk from the Sheriff in which he outlined their privileges and duties. He told them that they had authority solely as peace officers, and that they, not he, would be responsible for their acts. All persons found committing crimes should be taken at once to a Magistrate's court or to a police station, and all children should be turned over to the Children's Society.

The Rev. William McLeod, pastor of the Church of the Covenanters, sent word that his ministerial vows prevented him from accepting a badge of any description. These new deputy sheriffs have been appointed at the instance of Mrs. Mary J. Annable, president of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, in the hope that they will give material assistance in decreasing crime and lawlessness, particularly among children.

TO GIVE UP HIS BROOKLYN STORE.

JOHN S. M'KEON WILL DEVOTE HIMSELF TO THE WHOLESALE CLOTHING BUSINESS.

John S. McKeon, a former president of the Union League Club, and a well known clothing merchant, has decided to give up his clothing store at Broadway and Bedford-ave., which he has conducted for twenty-two years. As soon as the store is closed Mr. McKeon will devote himself entirely to the wholesale clothing business in Manhattan, where he is at present the manager of a large clothing establishment, at Broadway and Fourth-st.

It is said that one of the chief reasons why Mr. McKeon has decided to give up the retail business is that he feels that the completion of the New East River Bridge will seriously interfere with business in the district in which he is. Mr. McKeon thirty years ago came here from Manhattan, and joined the firm of Smith, Gray & Co., whose store was then almost opposite to where Mr. McKeon's store is now.

FOR A NEW ARMORY FOR TROOP C.

A delegation of prominent men will leave Brooklyn to-night to appear before the Assembly at Albany to-morrow for the purpose of urging the passage of an appropriation for a new armory for Troop C. General James McLeer, Colonel Britton, Colonel B. T. Clayton, Postmaster Wilson, Register Howe, Captain Charles I. De Bevoise, Lieutenant John Fiske, Lieutenant Grout, W. C. Bryant and Miles O'Brien will be in the party.

The delegation will tell the members of the Assembly that Troop C is in great need of a new armory, and that the present armory of the troop is one of the poorest in New-York. The riding ring is of insufficient size and unsuited for the troop. It is also said that the rifle range is so poorly ventilated that the shooting has to be suspended often on account of smoke.

MRS. JANE EVERSLEY DEAD.

Mrs. Jane Eversley, the widow of Charles Eversley, died yesterday from heart disease at her home, No. 388 Washington-ave. She was ninety-three years old. Born in Huntington, Long Island, she lived there until twenty years old, when she moved with her husband to Manhattan, where she lived until thirty-three years ago. She then went to Brooklyn. Two daughters survive her—Mrs. W. H. Childs, of Brooklyn, and Mrs. V. L. Lockwood, of Bloomfield, N. J. The funeral will be held at her home to-morrow, and the burial will be in the family plot at Huntington, Long Island.

SCHEDULES OF HARRY G. TUNSTALL FILED

The schedules of the assets and liabilities of Harry G. Tunstall, the broker, were filed yesterday in the County Clerk's office by his assignee, Clarence J. Shearn. Mr. Tunstall was a member of the firm of Tunstall & Co., stock brokers, of No. 52 Broadway, Manhattan. Tunstall & Co. made a general assignment on January 31, and Mr. Tunstall assigned two days later. The assets of Mr. Tunstall do not exceed $2,500. They include a horse, two sets of harness, a beach wagon, a runabout wagon and a two-thirds interest in the equity of the house No. 299 Sterling Place. His individual liabilities are $61 75; his assets, actual worth, $2,500, and contingent liabilities as a member of the firm of Tunstall & Co. $203,579. There are assets amounting to $48,774 applicable to the payment of the debts of Tunstall & Co.

JUDGE QUESTIONS THE EVIDENCE.

The suit of William E. Kassrer, a builder, of Jamaica, for absolute divorce was heard in the Supreme Court yesterday at Long Island City. Judge Garretson said that the testimony of the plaintiff and a detective indicated connivance, and that he would reserve his decision, allowing counsel for the plaintiff to produce authorities sustaining the action of his client in securing his evidence as he did.

A TRUCKMAN FROZEN TO DEATH.

The frozen body of Bernard McCarren was found in a barn in Blissville yesterday. He was a truckman, and had said he was a relative of Senator McCarren.

PAY FOR QUEENS TEACHERS.

The school teachers of Queens and Richmond will be paid their arrears of salaries for the year 1899 to-day. Controller Coler said yesterday that the checks would be ready in the afternoon for delivery to the City Paymaster, who would send them out to-day.

ENGLAND'S BIG NEW GUNS.

THEY SHOOT TWENTY MILES AND WEIGH FIFTY TONS.

From The London Globe.

A thrilling story of British gun building is told in "The Morning Leader" to-day by a Woolwich correspondent.

It is the sequel to the Parliamentary decision to expend large sums on gun metal for the navy, and is said to comprise the equipment of our ships by the addition of a new gun, which will insure the supremacy of Great Britain over the seas for many years to come. It is known as the 12-inch steel and wire gun, and is not only the best weapon which the Royal Navy has ever had, but is far superior to any gun possessed by any foreign navy.

It weighs 50 tons, is 41 feet long, has a muzzle velocity of 2,367 feet a second. The projectile weighs 850 pounds, the bursting charge being 83 pounds and the firing charge 165½ pounds of cordite.

The Admiralty has ordered 420, at a cost of £10,000 each. Of these 150 have been completed, and 300 are still in the hands of the contractors.

Each battleship will carry four of these formidable weapons, and when the navy is supplied they will be issued to forts on the sea fronts. The new gun will be the heaviest in the service, and will take the place of the 110 ton, 100 ton and 80 ton guns, of which no more are to be made.

The best Krupp gun can fire a shot twelve and a half miles; and the United States Government are constructing at their arsenal at Watervliet, a monster gun which, it is said, will carry a heavy shot twenty-one miles. The new British naval gun, though less than half the weight of the American weapon, mounted on the heights of Dover, can, however, drop a shell on the shores of France. No accuracy of aim, could, of course, be obtained or maintained at this long distance, the effective range being 18,000 yards, or between nine and ten miles.

The principal features of this gun are more minutely explained in Brassey's "Naval Annual" for the current year.

They are the length of the bore, the application of wire, and the form of the chamber.

The bore is 35 feet 5 inches long and it has the polygrove rifling.

The weight is 46 tons, as against 45 tons of one previous pattern and 47 tons of another.

The inner lining of the gun is a steel tube, around which are wound successive layers of flat steel wire, which extend nearly to the muzzle. The ends of the steel wire are secured to steel rings provided on the body of the gun. Over this layer of wire is a steel jacket and another steel tube, the result of these successive layers being to give great strength with the least possible weight.

The changes which have been made in the breech action will probably result in our heavy pieces being served with the same speed and ease as some foreign guns which are technically called "quick firing guns."

This forecast, of course, is to some extent borne out by the telegrams from the seat of war, which represent our gunners as serving their pieces much more rapidly than the Boer artillerists.

The breech mechanism of this big 12-inch wire gun is very simple.

To open the breech it is only necessary to turn a handwheel, which by bevel wheel gearing turns the breech screw round into the withdrawing position, then forces it back, and finally swings the breech screw and its carrier clear of the bore in readiness for firing. The advantage of this is it saves time by being all done with one continued movement of the hand wheel.

Another turn in a reverse action closes the breech mechanism after loading.

In some ships this is done automatically by utilizing the recoil, but in the latest an hydraulic system has been adopted.

If this be destroyed the wheel can be worked by hand.

NEW-JERSEY NEWS.

A prophetic voice from Burlington County proclaims mournfully that Bryan will be "the same old millstone around the neck of the Democratic party" in that county this fall. The prevailing opinion in New-Jersey seems to be that when Bryan isn't the Old Man of the Sea he is a millstone or some other heavy weight, and that as either he will be an equally heavy burden to bear.

Isn't the prevalent and anxious speculation by the Democrats as to who shall lead the delegation at Kansas City out of order? Is there anything the matter with William B. Gourley? So far as is known, he has never been subject to sudden attacks of nervous prostration, and at last reports he was in the best of health. And there is ex-United States Senator Smith. Is he handicapped by the notoriety of having pressing business at Carlsbad when he is most needed at home? And, by the way, there is William D. Daly, who can tree a trust or flush a corporation at a moment's notice from the Octopus. Of course, "Bob" Davis cannot leave home as long as he has in hand the job of crushing the Mayor of Hoboken, who up to yesterday was able to hold his own against the Jersey City crusher. The list above given is not long, and possibly the addition of Clarence Atkinson would give it strength.

As long as New-Brunswick wants track elevation in the present dreamy sort of way the grade crossings in that city are not likely to go. Something appears to be needed to wake the old town up.

Things down Sea Bright way appear to be looking up a little. Listen to the mellifluous voice of a local Monmouth County oracle:

"As lower and lower below the horizon the Mayor's star of destiny settles, leaving behind scarce a ray of afterglow from the brilliant personality that has dazzled the understanding and hypnotized the judgment of some of the best citizens, the menace of his meteoric career has passed and Sea Bright is herself again. Those that hailed Packer as their prophet are looking mournfully at the west instead of hopefully toward the east. But not so the majority."

Although there appears to be no hope for Parker, it is good to know that even by the sad sea waves, where the star of destiny settles, the majority will take the cake.

DISBARMENT PROCEEDINGS AT TRENTON.

DECISION RESERVED IN THE CASES OF MAJOR LENTZ, ALEXANDER SIMPSON AND JOSEPH NOONAN.

Trenton, Feb. 26 (Special).—The main branch of the Supreme Court to-day heard arguments in disbarment proceedings instituted against three lawyers of the State. They are Major Carl Lentz, of Newark, and Alexander Simpson and Joseph Noonan, of Jersey City. In each instance the charges were unprofessional conduct.

The first case argued was that of Major Lentz, against whom charges had been made by the Ethics Committee of the Essex County Bar Association. There are four counts charging Major Lentz with misappropriating to his own use funds intrusted to his care by clients. Attorney-General Grey read the evidence taken before the Ethics Committee, and said it was not in his province to say whether or not Major Lentz should be disbarred, and he therefore refrained from making any argument urging it. Samuel Kalisch and Cortlandt Parker, jr., made an argument for Major Lentz.

The proceedings against Noonan and Simpson were argued together. The Attorney-General appeared for the State and ex-Judge Thomas Noonan for the defendants. In all the cases decision was reserved.

TRACK ELEVATION BILL OPPOSED.

COUNSEL SAYS LITIGATION WOULD FOLLOW THE PASSAGE OF THE ACT.

Trenton, Feb. 26 (Special).—The Senate Committee on Municipal Corporations gave a hearing this afternoon on the bill to abolish railroad grade crossings in Newark. The bill was introduced by Senator McCarter at the request of the Newark Board of Public Works. James B. Vredenburg, counsel for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, said in opposition to the measure that if the improvements contemplated in the bill were carried out they would cost the company $3,000,000. The bill should not be pushed, he said, because litigation would follow its passage, and the object aimed at would be long delayed. If it was the intention to pass the bill at once, it should be amended so as to more equitably provide for the division of the expense. As the bill is drawn, too great a burden is put on the company. It should not be required to pay more than half the bill. Mr. Vredenburg said the company had plans already made for the elevation of its tracks in Newark.

Harrison Van Duyne, president of the Newark Board of Works, and other members of that body urged the passage of the bill. A representative of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad asked for a postponement of further consideration of the bill. He was told by Senator McDermott that the life of the Legislature was too short to permit a postponement now. If the bill passed the Senate the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western could oppose it in the Assembly. It is expected that the bill will be reported with amendments in the Senate in a few days.

PREPARING FOR SPRING ELECTIONS.

The general conviction among politicians in Essex County is that the bill to abolish the spring elections is dead. Both county committees are going ahead with preparations for the charter and town and township elections and the advertisements for the Newark charter election have been given out to the newspapers. The election will be for Mayor, two Commissioners of the Board of Works, fifteen Aldermen, fifteen School Commissioners, if the School law is not meanwhile changed, and two trustees of the City Home. Mayor Seymour will be renominated by the Democrats. The Republican Mayoralty nominee has not been fixed upon. The present Street and Water Board is Republican, and it will be necessary for the Democrats to elect two Commissioners to carry the Board.

DIVIDEND FOR THE CREDITORS.

Vice-Chancellor Pitney, at Jersey City, yesterday authorized Edward F. Campbell, receiver of the Middlesex County National Bank, of Perth Amboy, to declare a dividend of 35 per cent. The order was granted on application of Mr. Depue, of Newark. The bank was wrecked by George Valentine, cashier, who is in State Prison. There are about eight hundred creditors, and their claims aggregate $457,757 16.

HER DEATH REVEALED A MARRIAGE.

Passaic, Feb. 26 (Special).—The announcement today that Mrs. John F. Wynne died yesterday in Brooklyn was also the first announcement that her husband, a well known local Democratic politician, was married. Mrs. Wynne was formerly Miss Sarah Gallagher, of Raritan. She and Mr. Wynne were married two years ago in Brooklyn, but the fact was never made known.

MAY GET A NEW POSTOFFICE BUILDING.

The prospect of Jersey City securing a new postoffice building seems to be brighter. Colonel Wanser, the postmaster, at the suggestion of the Postoffice authorities at Washington, recently sent them a number of available sites, with the market value of the property. The Postmaster has received a letter, which shows that the matter is receiving serious attention.

CANNOT BE PROSECUTED CRIMINALLY.

The Christian Scientists who were called in to treat Grace Clark, the child who died of typhoid fever in Jersey City on Sunday, will not be prosecuted. County Physician Converse authorized Dr. James Hoffman yesterday afternoon to issue the burial permit. The County Physician said the child had received medical attendance, and Assistant Prosecutor Van Winkle said that the Christian Scientists could not be proceeded against criminally, as they do not practise medicine.

BEECHAM'S PILLS make life worth living.
Cure Bilious and Nervous Disorders.
10 cents and 25 cents, at drug stores.

LEGISLATURE AT WORK.

BILL TO ANNEX VAILSBURG TO NEWARK FAILS TO PASS THE HOUSE.

GOVERNOR MAKES A NOMINATION TO COURT OF ERRORS AND SENATE CONFIRMS PREVIOUS EXECUTIVE APPOINTMENTS.

Trenton, Feb. 26 (Special).—In the Assembly tonight the bill to annex Vailsburg to the city of Newark was taken up on final passage and advocated by Mr. Mungle. Mr. Dexheimer opposed the bill, and on rollcall it received only sixteen votes, which kills the project for this year. The House then took up the bill to annex a portion of Ewing Township to Trenton. Mr. Wood moved to put the bill on final passage. Half a dozen members opposed the motion, and the bill was kept in its place on the calendar.

The Governor sent to the Senate the appointment of Peter V. Voorhees, of Camden, to be Special Judge of the Court of Errors and Appeals, vice Judge James H. Nixon, resigned. The appointment was referred. The Senate confirmed the appointment of Benjamin F. Lee, of Trenton, and Z. K. Pangborn, of Newark, as members of the Board of Managers of the New-Jersey Home for Feeble Minded Women.

In the Senate Mr. McDermott moved to strike out the enacting clause from Senator Reed's bill providing for the publication in newspapers of tax assessments. Mr. McDermott said that to publish an intelligent list of all the property owners in Jersey City, with a description of their properties, would cost about $250,000, and in Newark it would be somewhat more.

Mr. Reed said that the advertising contemplated could not possibly exceed $8,000 in Jersey City, and the publication was only required every second year. The measure was designed as a step in the direction of equal taxation, in which the whole State is now deeply interested. Under the bill every property owner would know what tax his neighbor paid, and could readily compare it with his own. Such comparisons would be made all over the taxing districts, and many irregularities corrected thereby. The bill was ordered to third reading.

These bills were introduced in the Senate:

By Senator McCarter, requiring cities having a police pension or retirement fund to raise annually