

PROTEST FROM MR. PECK.

AMERICAN BUILDING AT EXPOSITION OBS-CURED BY OTTOMAN PAVILION.

Paris, April 3.—Now that the Exposition buildings are practically completed, it is found that the tower of the Turkish Pavilion will so obstruct the view of the adjoining American National Pavilion that Commissioner Peck has deemed it imperative to make another strong effort to secure the tower's removal.

I am satisfied you have been led by pressure of matters upon you to hastily sign an agreement which permits so comparatively an unimportant nation to seriously injure the building of such a great Nation as the United States.

The United States Ambassador, General Horace Porter, is seconding the Commissioner's efforts, and it is hoped that such modification of the Ottoman Pavilion will be secured as to allow the American building to be properly viewed from the Pont des Invalides and from the river boats.

Regarding the Sunday opening question, Commissioner Peck has received a petition signed by a mass of American exhibitors in the engineering and machinery section, which is situated in the Park of Vincennes, requesting permission to remain open on Sundays, Sunday being the only day in the week on which they expect a large attendance, owing to the park being out of the way for most Parisians.

Commissioner Peck has decided to close the National Pavilion on Sundays.

Although it is less than a fortnight from the date of the opening of the Exposition, the grounds are covered with fragments of woodwork, stonework and other rubbish, and the authorities have lighted upon a novel sweeping scheme.

The state of unpreparedness of the Exposition was brought up in the Chamber of Deputies this afternoon, when Gustave Chapuis, Radical Republican, introduced a resolution inviting the Government to hasten the opening.

The Minister of Commerce, M. Millerand, replied that the organizers had met with all sorts of difficulties, which had delayed the progress of the work.

I affirm that on the evening of April 13 all the palaces will be ready, and that the majority of the exhibitors will also be ready.

London, April 3.—In the House of Lords to-day Lord Kinnersly asked the Government to support the United States in attempting to secure the closing of the British and American displays on Sunday at the Paris Exposition.

That since these proceedings were instituted in New-York a defendant, indicted in a State court in Georgia for embezzling some \$2,000,000, was arrested in the jurisdiction of the State of Missouri and extradited across the Atlantic Ocean, while all the power of the United States Government, with the best efforts of the Attorney-General and his subordinates, seem unable to bring defendants from the State of New-York to Georgia for trial in its own courts.

Another cut in raw sugar. Mr. Havemeyer thinks a settlement is as far off as ever.

A break of three-thirty-seconds of a cent was reported yesterday in the price of raw sugar. The price was attributed to recent heavy receipts and large supplies on hand.

President Havemeyer of the American Sugar Refining Company said yesterday that his company had made no change in prices of refined sugars. They had not followed the cut in raws, which, he intimated, was almost infinitesimal.

The stockholders of the State Trust Company will hold a special meeting on April 22 to ratify the merger of that company with the Morton Trust Company.

There were two opinions in the decision by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court on Monday in the case of the Hoffman House, a New-York corporation, as trustee, against Edward S. Stokes.

Justice Barrett's conclusion is that the plaintiff had no right of action as trustee. The dismissal of the complaint was therefore correct.

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Rumors which have been current for the last day or two to the effect that the vast new Carnegie company, which was incorporated with a capital of \$100,000,000 a few days ago, at Trenton, was about to issue an equal amount of bonds, received substantial confirmation yesterday in this city.

At the time of the organization of the new company it was reported that there might be a bond issue of \$100,000,000, but nothing definite could be ascertained regarding the policy of Mr. Carnegie and his associates on this point.

An effort was made to see Andrew Carnegie last night, but at his home, No. 5 West Fifty-first-st., it was said that Mr. Carnegie had nothing to say upon the subject, and that if such a statement was to be made it would doubtless come from the attorneys of the Carnegie company or the headquarters, in Pittsburgh.

THE CARTER CONSPIRACY CASE.

SAVANNAH GRAND JURY CALLS ATTENTION OF CONGRESS TO THE DELAY IN THIS CITY.

Savannah, Ga., April 3.—As a consequence of the action taken to-day by the United States District Court before Judge Spear, the attention of Congress will be at once called to the delay in the cases of B. D. Greene, J. P. Gaynor, E. H. Gaynor and W. T. Gaynor, of New-York; ex-Captain O. M. Carter and others, for alleged conspiracy to defraud the Government in connection with the improvement in Savannah River and Harbor and Cumberland Sound.

The Grand Jury made a special presentment, in which it asks that Congress amend the laws of the United States so that something can be done to bring men indicted by the United States Grand Jury from one State to another without such long delays.

That since these proceedings were instituted in New-York a defendant, indicted in a State court in Georgia for embezzling some \$2,000,000, was arrested in the jurisdiction of the State of Missouri and extradited across the Atlantic Ocean, while all the power of the United States Government, with the best efforts of the Attorney-General and his subordinates, seem unable to bring defendants from the State of New-York to Georgia for trial in its own courts.

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Manila, April 3.—General John C. Bates has peacefully occupied Surigao, Cagayan, Iligan and Misamis, in the Island of Mindanao. A number of rifles and cannon were captured.

The presence of the gunboats Yorktown, Manila and Panay prevented resistance at Cagayan. Insurgent atrocities in Cagayan and Camarin provinces continue. Spaniards, Chinamen and natives have been murdered.

OTIS CORRECTS MISAPPREHENSIONS.

Washington, April 3.—General Otis has sent to the War Department, probably with a view to correcting erroneous impressions that exist in this country as to the state of the insurrection in the Philippines, a summary of the result of the development of the campaign since the first of the year.

Since January 1, 124 skirmishes in the Philippines have been reported, mostly very slight affairs. Our casualties were 3 officers and 75 enlisted men killed, 13 officers and 151 men wounded. Insurgent and ladron loss in killed and left on field, 1,426; captured, mostly wounded, 1,453; small arms secured, 3,031; pieces of artillery, 165; large captures of other insurgent property.

A number of important insurgent officers are surrendering and the situation is gradually becoming more pacific.

CANAL COMPANY OF BIG CAPITAL.

A \$100,000,000 CONCERN INCORPORATED IN TRENTON—IMPORTANT INCIDENT—TAL POWERS.

Trenton, N. J., April 3.—The Inter-oceanic Canal Company was incorporated here to-day, with an authorized capital of \$100,000,000. The company is authorized to construct, own and operate a maritime canal between the Atlantic and Pacific oceans through the territory of Nicaragua or any other territory in Central or South America.

The incorporators are William B. Crowell, Levi B. Gilchrist, James M. Rooney, James K. Traynor, George W. Bell, Charles P. Cadley and Richard W. Purcell, all of whose postoffice addresses are given as Jersey City.

The incidental powers conferred on the company under its articles of incorporation are the right to acquire concessions from any government to construct, own and operate railroads, telegraph lines, cable and other lines, to supply water to towns for irrigation, motive power or other purposes.

None of the incorporators named could be seen last night.

TO SEEK FOR LONG LOST TREASURE.

ATTEMPT TO RECOVER PIG LEAD FROM THE JOHN ADAMS, WRECKED OFF FIRE ISLAND IN 1826.

Fire Island, N. Y., April 3 (Special).—A small party in pig lead has hurried beneath the sands of the Fire Island Lighthouse within a short distance of the hotel which David S. S. Sammis made famous during the cholera scare a few years ago, and which is now owned by New-York State.

It was on January 26, 1826, that the vessel John Adams, bound from New-Orleans to New-York and commanded by Captain Smith, was driven ashore on the Fire Island beach carrying a terrific cargo of pig lead and other valuable cargo worth a total loss. The ship went to pieces in a few hours, but by almost superhuman efforts the captain and crew escaped a watery grave.

Two years ago Jonathan Sammis, a civil engineer, of Babylon, Long Island, determined to locate the vessel and lead, and succeeded in striking the "pig lead." But in his negotiations with the marine insurance companies he met with a serious obstacle in the form of a demand of 60 per cent of the lead likely to be recovered.

His son, Edward B. Sammis, is now in possession of the documents and charts, and has carefully preserved the map of the surveys he had made. His son, Edward B. Sammis, is now in possession of the documents and charts, and has carefully preserved the map of the surveys he had made.

GEN. SUMNER'S ENCAMPMENT PROJECT.

Brigadier-General E. V. Sumner, U. S. A. (retired), is at the Waldorf-Astoria this week in behalf of the proposed National Rough Rider Military Encampment, which he hopes to establish not later than the first week in June in the Shenandoah Valley, Col., on a tract of State land covering about one million acres.

General Sumner, who is a Civil War veteran, told a Tribune reporter last night that ultimately he hoped to establish a rough rider military college in Colorado for the development of new and desirable ideas in soldier training.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE BUILDING FUND.

ITS COMPLETION LIKELY TO BE ANNOUNCED AT TO-MORROW'S MEETING.

It is expected that announcement will be made of the completion of the \$1,000,000 building fund at the monthly meeting of the Chamber of Commerce to-morrow. The Building Committee is said to have secured a number of desirable parcels of property in the financial district.

WILLIAM DUDLEY FOLKLE TO LECTURE.

William Dudley Foulke, of Richmond, Ind., will deliver an address on "The Relation of Trusts to Labor Organizations" at 8 o'clock to-morrow night in St. George's Church, in Stuyvesant Square.

THE CIRCUS BEGINS TO-NIGHT.

The circus will begin its season at Madison Square Garden this evening. There was a full rehearsal last night, and everything was brought into proper shape and sequence, so that a smooth performance might be assured to-night.

RELIABLE FURS.

At lower prices now than at any other time of the year.

C. C. SHAYNE, Manufacturing Fur Merchant, 42D ST., BET. BROADWAY & 6TH AV.

PALISADES PARK COMMISSION.

APPOINTMENTS CAUSE SURPRISE AND DIS-APPOINTMENT AMONG MEMBERS OF SCENIC PRESERVATION SOCIETY.

The announcement yesterday of Governor Roosevelt's appointments for Commissioners of the Palisades Interstate Park caused considerable surprise among members of the Society for the Preservation of Scenic and Historic Places and Objects, which was largely instrumental in securing the passage of the bill creating the Commission.

Last June, at the request of citizens of New-Jersey, and without the solicitation of the society, Governor Roosevelt addressed a letter to Andrew Wood to appoint a committee to act in behalf of New-York State in conjunction with the Palisades Commission appointed by Governor Voorhees of New-Jersey to devise a plan for the preservation of the Palisades.

The bill gives the Commission certain powers for the acquisition of land in the Palisades, and provides that the Commissioners shall serve without compensation. The measure has been regarded by those interested in the preservation of the scenic beauty of the lower Hudson as one of the most creditable acts of the present administration.

DRIVER AND HORSE KILLED BY TRAIN.

FATAL ACCIDENT AT A LACKAWANNA GRADE CROSSING.

Morristown, April 3.—Stephen Lawrence, twenty years old, of Middletown, while driving across the tracks of the Lackawanna Railroad at Normand Park, this city, in a milk wagon, was struck and instantly killed at 5 o'clock this afternoon. The horse which was hauling the wagon was killed and the driver severely injured.

RUSHING WORK AT NIXON'S YARD.

COMPLETE ADDITIONAL FORCE OF MEN EMPLOYED—T. F. LAWSON'S YACHT FINISHED.

Elizabeth, April 3.—The rush of work at Louis Nixon's Crescent Shipyard at Elizabethport is so great that a complete new force of men have been put on, and for several months at least the yards will run night and day.

CIGARMAKERS STRIKE IN SYMPATHY.

HANDS IN LANCASTER, PENN., ORDERED OUT BY THE UNION.

Nathan Rosenstein, the president of the Cigar-makers' International Union Executive Committee, yesterday issued a resolution ordering the pickets of the Kerba, Wertheim & Schiffer, the secretary of the union, which said that the 175 employees of Kerba, Wertheim & Schiffer, in Lancaster, Penn., had been ordered out in sympathy with the strikers in this city.

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JOHN WANAMAKER

Formerly A. T. Stewart & Co., Broadway, Fourth Ave., Ninth and Tenth Sts.

The American Art Galleries

Madison Square South, New York.

"An Event of Extraordinary Interest."

On Exhibition Day and Evening.

Mr. Wm. Churchill Oastler's

THE Private Collection

Notable Collection

OF Valuable

Beautiful Antique

Chinese Porcelains

DISTINGUISHED SPECIMENS

OF Decorated, "Blue and White," Monochrome, and Pure White Oriental Ceramic Art,

Superb Japanese Lacquers and other Rare Oriental Objects.

Distinctively one of the finest collections ever offered at Public Sale.

DATE OF SALE, Tuesday, April 10, and Four following Afternoons, at 2:30 o'clock.

Catalogues and particulars will be furnished by THOMAS E. KIRBY, Auctioneer.

AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Managers.

THE FLOUR TRUST TROUBLES.

GENERAL THOMAS, ALBERT C. LORING AND CHARLES E. KIMBALL MADE PERMANENT RECEIVERS.

Vice-Chancellor Pitney, in Chancery Chambers, Jersey City, confirmed the appointment of General Samuel Thomas, of New-York; Albert C. Loring, of Minneapolis, and Charles E. Kimball, of Summit, N. J., as receivers for the United States Flour Milling Company. The hearing was on a rule to show cause why the receivers should be made permanent. State Senator Thomas McCarter, of Newark, representing T. W. Shackelford, of Superior, Wis., who holds \$75,000 worth of bonds of the company, objected to General Thomas and Mr. Loring as receivers, on the allegation that they were unable to administer the affairs of the company impartially.

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OYSTER TRUST WILL BE FORMED.

MEETING OF PLANTERS ARRANGED—COMBINATION TO HAVE CAPITAL OF \$15,000,000.

A meeting of oystermen owning property in the States of Rhode Island, Connecticut, New-York and New-Jersey will be held in this city to-morrow afternoon for the purpose of taking steps toward the organization of a combination to control the oyster business in these States. It will be capitalized at \$15,000,000. In speaking of the meeting a few days ago David C. Sanford, engineer of the Shellfish Commission of Connecticut, who is promoting the combination, said that oyster property valued at \$4,000,000 would be represented at the meeting, and that options had been obtained on 85 per cent of the oyster business of the four States.

CHECK FOR MEXICO FOR \$100,000.

A check for \$100,000 drawn to the order of the Mexican Government passed through the Clearing House yesterday as a refund of the payment made to the United States Government over twenty years ago. The payment grew out of the famous Well and La Abra claim, which was decided against the Mexican Government, but which decision was recently reversed, having been based upon what were found to be false representations.

The Wanamaker Store

BETTERMENT in SHOE MAKING and Shoe Selling

The new shoes for spring are ready—a collection that represents the highest development in shoemaking.

Six Hundred Styles are Here

And not a useless or unseasonable sort in the entire line. This offers variety that is most satisfying. Not only does it include every sort of shoe, but it assures a fit for every sort of foot.

This Shoe Store is peculiar to itself; it is like no other shoe store that we know of. We don't go into the market to buy shoes as other stores do—samples don't suit us.

Our shoe chief goes to factories and tells them how he wants shoes made—very frequently he buys his own leather and has it made up to his liking. When he doesn't buy the leather himself, he makes it very plain to the manufacturer just what leather he wants at every point.

We are not shoe manufacturers but we direct the manufacturing of all our regular lines of shoes. Our shoe chief knows shoes, and what makes good shoes, better than any other man in the business. When he examines a shoe he knows its faults, if it has any, and he knows just how to make it better, and it has to be made better before it comes here to be sold.