Earl of Hopetown, as Lord Chamberlain, received so many protests that he called upon Mr. Redford, the examiner of plays, to justify his conduct in sanctioning the production. The agitators do not appear to have considered their own inconsistency by allowing plays like "The Degenerates" and "The Gay Lord Quex" to pass without a protest, and in concentrating their reformatory agencies upon the auburn haired Zaza. Mr. Redford is a painstaking censor, whose conduct in passing plays is regulated by set principles, and he would have stultified himself if he had rejected "Zaza" after sanctioning twenty plays which could be named. Lord Hopetown being new to the business of Lord Chamberlain, the office has required a second reading of the play, and the agitators at present are good business agents in the interests of the box office. The English stage needs purification, but sudden spasms of virtue after a long period of insensibility to the evil tendencies of the drama are ineffective.

Charles Wyndham's production of "Cyrano" has disappointed the critics and the public. His own acting is below his usual form, and the performance as a whole is inferior in every respect to Coquelin's masterly work at the Lyceum Theatre with his French company. Edna May opens her season on Monday in "An American Beauty," and there will be a rapid succession of new pieces during the next fortnight.

The New Gallery is crowded this afternoon with a fashionable throng at the private view of the spring exhibition. The chief attraction is Mr. Sargent's portrait of the child of the Hon. Victoria Stanley in a white frock and red sacque and hat. It is a perfect child portrait, naturally posed and painted with strong strokes in the brushwork. There is a sense of arrested movement and childish waywardness. Mr. Sargent also has a strong portrait of General Ian Hamilton. There are two portraits by Mr. Shannon, but both women are overdressed and theatrically posed. Mr. Watts has a study of mists on Loch Ness, under a blue sky, and two portraits, one a sad visaged one of Sir Wilfrid Blunt and the other of Miss Lina Duff Gordon in orange draperies. John Collier has a good picture entitled "Proposal," with a lady in pink looking at a screen and listening without emotion to an eager lover's pleading. The best landscapes are Alfred East's "Lago Maggiore," rich in color and beauty, and Mr. Peppercorn's sombre study of evening light on a prosaic pasture. Alfred Parsons and Mr. Henry have characteristic works, and Mr. Boughton a dainty pair of literary pictures. There are several feeble tributes to the memory of Burne-Jones in a form of miscalculated pre-Raphaelitism, such as Spencer Stanhope's "Expulsion from Eden" and Mrs. De Morgan's "Spear of Ithuriel." Mr. Brangwyn has a mosaic of color entitled "Charity." Sir James Linton tells a story from the "Decameron," and Walter Crane exhibits an angel of peace with an olive branch under the suggestive title of "The Stranger." The most promising works are three pictures by Edward Stott. One is an orchard scene lighted up by the brilliance of a scarlet apron worn by an apple gatherer; another is "The Widow's Acre," with fine effects of gathering darkness, and the third is a sundown with a vista of tranquil pasture.

The Guildhall show is drawing great crowds of visitors, including the advance guard of American tourists. Next year's show will consist of foreign works, especially those of Fortuny and Velasquez.

Justices Barrett and O'Brien have been seeing the sights of London for the last few days. The Rev. T. De Witt Talmage has gone to Manchester, where he will preach to-morrow. Bishop and Mrs. Hartzell sailed to-day on the St. Louis for New-York, to attend the missionary council, after four years' of Methodist mission work in South Africa. Mr. Henry White goes over on the same ship for private business. Mr. Frank Dodd sails by the Lucania after convincing himself that the book trade in London is exceptionally dull. He has secured for Dodd, Mead & Co. a strong work by Spencer Wilkinson, the military expert who has doubled the circulation of "The Morning Post." It is entitled "War and Policy," and includes a critical review of the American civil conflict, of which the author has made a special study. Mr. Pearson, who has followed Mr. Harmsworth closely since the days when they were clerks in the employ of Sir George Newnes, will bring out a half-penny paper next week, which will be an essential imitation of "The Daily Mail." Mr. Pearson has made a fortune already in minor periodicals, and when his "Daily Express" becomes a power in politics, he will be ready to follow Mr. Harmsworth into Parliament.

I. N. F.

PARIS.

APPROVAL OF AMERICA'S ATTITUDE TOWARD THE SULTAN.

NO LIKELIHOOD OF CONTINENTAL INTERVENTION IN SOUTH AFRICA.

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[BY CABLE TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Paris, April 21.—In diplomatic circles here it is regarded as certain that the American claims against Turkey will be paid fully and voluntarily, without the necessity of a United States naval demonstration in Ottoman waters. It is stated on excellent authority that the possible consequences of an American naval demonstration have been discussed, and that such a measure would be looked upon as a perfectly legitimate step on the part of the United States that would not call forth a protest from any European Power. At the same time there is a strong desire on the part of Russia, and consequently on the part of France also, as Russia's ally, to avoid any friction which might lead to reopening the Turkish question, and with this object in view it is believed that the Ambassadors at Constantinople of Russia, France and perhaps Germany, will each, acting separately and unofficially, make such forcible representations to the Porte that payment of the American claims will be made before a naval demonstration or bombardment of Smyrna, or any Turkish port, could be put into execution.

French naval experts point out that there are many difficulties in the way of forcible action of a United States squadron in Mediterranean waters, especially in regard to coaling and repairs after an engagement with forts, but the sensational reports about the Sultan having any practical influence over the Mahometans of Sulu and Mindanao, or that he could persuade them to revolt, are known here to be sheer nonsense, for the Sultan's authority as head of Islam is of the vaguest description in the Far East, and is strenuously disputed.

The arrival in Europe of the commissioners of the Transvaal Republic has already produced renewed efforts here and in Berlin to induce Continental intervention in South Africa, but the opinion at the Quai d'Orsay is that there is not the slightest chance of success, even if the war should last a whole year. The present roving diplomatic mission of the Transvaal delegates is compared by the Paris papers to the tournée made by Thiers in favor of France in 1870, and even the violent Chauvinist sheets like the "Patrie" and the "Liberté" predice for it an equally fruitless result.

Few English visitors have so far come to see the Exposition, but Germans and Belgians are here in swarms. The bright sun and springlike weather of the last four days have produced an atmosphere of dust in the Exposition grounds—not altogether pleasant, and make it apparent that the water service, the gas and the electricity are none of them yet in working order.

Everything is still in an embryonic stage. Some half dozen restaurants and cafés are doing a fairly good business in the Champ de Mars part of the Exposition, but those who have by far the most cause to be satisfied with the receipts of their tills are the tenants of the so-called alimentation kiosks, small constructions of the summer house pattern, provided with standing bars on three sides. Food and drink are sold in democratic fashion over these counters at popular prices, but many fashionably dressed families out in parties with children and nurses, and large numbers of Americans, were seen to-day availing themselves of the resources of the alimentary kiosks, drinking beer at five cents a glass and eating substantial sandwiches at three cents apiece. This afternoon several popular restaurants were opened in the Exposition grounds, where meals are provided at fixed prices from 25 to 50 cents, or 60 cents a head, wine included. At other restaurants, classified in the catalogue as the "medium class," an average dinner costs 80 cents or $1, including wine.

For the present, however, it is not the restaurants in the Exposition grounds, but those in the Bois de Boulogne, Champs Elysées and boulevards that attract the custom of the fashionable Americans.

Among the well known Americans who make flying visits to the Exposition are Mr. and Mrs. Potter Palmer, Mrs. Mackay, Mrs. Elisha Dyer, Mr. and Mrs. Duncan Cameron, who recently arrived from a trip round the world, and who left Paris yesterday for London; Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. Lundell, Mr. and Mrs. Cooper Hewitt, Mrs. Augustus Eddy, Mrs. Douglass Grant and her sister, Miss Louise Scott, who have rented an apartment near the Bois de Boulogne; Mr. and Mrs. John Harper, the Rev. T. De Witt Talmage, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Porter, Mrs. George Post, Miss Alice Post, Captain Nathan Appleton, Mr. and Mrs. Leopold Michels, Mrs. Robert Leroy, Mr. Leischman, United States Minister to Berne, Mrs. and Miss Leischman and Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Ward.

Among the passengers on the St. Louis from Cherbourg are Henry White, secretary of the United States Embassy at London; H. E. Teschmacher, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Arter, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Bushnell, Mrs. J. M. Baldwin, the Misses Baldwin, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Dawson, Bishop and Mrs. Hartzell, Count and Countess Ogier d'Ivry, Mrs. Edwin Ingersoll, Mrs. M. H. Knight, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Van Duzer and family, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Wells, Miss Wingate, Mrs. W. E. Scott, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Overend, Mrs. A. M. Palmer, the Misses Palmer, Colonel Preston, Judge W. E. Smith, J. T. Shayne, W. H. Drummond, Henry P. McKenny and H. C. Mills.

Among the passengers on La Bretagne from Havre are Count and Countess Frederic De Joybert, Mr. and Mrs. José Guillamet, Brisse de St. Victor and Charles Munton. The passengers who sailed on the Fürst Bismarck from Cherbourg included Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Hayes, Mr. and Mrs. C. Macpherson, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Rauch, Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Brooks, R. G. Elkins and Dr. B. H. Birney.

The following left Paris to sail on the Lucania: Mr. and Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont, Miss Malvina Appleton, Miss E. M. Hoffman, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Lambert, Miss Gérôme Edourdy, Mr. and Mrs. Waldo Hutchinson and family, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Ward, Miss Ward, Miss Rille Carr, Miss Sarah Carr and A. G. Carlton. The following are booked to sail on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse from Cherbourg on Wednesday: Mrs. G. M. Ogden, Mr. and Mrs. George Harvey, General Samuel Thomas, Colonel Lorenzo Roca, Count Pourtalés Glumbowitz, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Waters, Miss Waters, Miss C. G. Batchelder, Dr. Welden Young, Mr. and Mrs. William C. White, Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Harmon, Mrs. S. E. Crawford, the Misses Crawford, Mr. and Mrs. Langdon Wilks, Mr. and Mrs. G. Wendell, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Godfrey, James R. Mackay and Edward Wilks.

C. I. B.

MILITARY REVIEW IN PHŒNIX PARK.

NAVAL, CAVALRY AND INFANTRY BRIGADES PASS BEFORE THE QUEEN.

Dublin, April 21.—Special trains brought thousands of visitors to this city to-day to witness the Queen's review of the naval, cavalry and infantry brigades and the boys of the Royal Hibernian Military School. Fifteen acres of Phœnix Park were occupied by troops, under the command of the Duke of Connaught. A royal salute at 4:15 p. m. announced the arrival of Her Majesty and the Princesses, amid a scene of great enthusiasm.

It is estimated that 200,000 persons witnessed the review of the ten thousand troops and bluejackets. The Queen passed down the line shortly after 4 o'clock, and it was 6 o'clock before the evolutions of the troops were completed. The cheering everywhere was tremendous, especially for the naval brigade.

MR. REDMOND ON DUBLIN LOYALTY.

Dublin, April 21.—William Redmond, M. P., writing in "The Evening Herald" to-night, asks why cheap flags are flying and why little children are taught to sing praises to loyalty. A visitor from another planet might think that these things were caused by a victory or by the prevalence of peace and plenty. For a half year past, he says, a bloody, hideous war has raged in South Africa, but so far it has yielded no great victories at which England can rejoice, while the list of killed, wounded and missing numbers twenty-five thousand. Is this why, he asks, draggled flags are flying in Dublin and children are taught to sing the anthem. It is in mourning that all lovers of justice and Christianity should be, instead of rejoicing.

The Queen must know, he adds, that there can be no reality in the Nationalist greeting until Ireland enjoys her long delayed rights. Those who endeavor to prove that Ireland is contented will only injure Ireland's dearest aspirations.

RECIPROCITY WITH TRINIDAD.

Kingston, Jamaica, April 21.—The Trinidad Legislature has formally ratified the second reciprocity treaty with the United States. The merchants are hostile to this, preferring reciprocal trade relations with Canada.

Antigua is so crippled financially that Mr. Chamberlain, the Secretary of State for the Colonies, says the island will be unable to incur the loss of revenue involved in the proposed treaty with the United States.

MR. VROOM'S PLAY AT DRURY LANE.

London, April 21.—Edward Vroom's "Marsoc of Gascony" was presented at the Drury Lane Theatre to-night, William McKinley Osborne, Consul-General to London; Robert P. Porter, General Samuel Thomas and other prominent Americans being conspicuous in the audience. Mr. Vroom, in the title rôle, gave a finished rendering of a romantic youthful swordsman of the Richelieu period. Miss Eva Moore was the leading woman, and there was a large and exclusively English cast. The audience were pleased with the American author-actor, who was repeatedly recalled. Mr. Vroom proposes playing in America next season.

VENEZUELAN HONORS FOR AMERICANS.

Washington, April 21 (Special).—Representative Hitt has introduced a bill in the customary enabling form to authorize William C. Braisted, passed assistant surgeon, United States Navy, and Luther C. Ellsworth, United States Consul at Puerto Cabello, Venezuela, to accept from the Government of Venezuela the decorations and orders of the "Bust of Bolivar," in recognition of their humane services rendered to soldiers wounded in the battle of Puerto Cabello in November last year.

NOT TO ABANDON CLINTON INSTITUTE.

Fort Plain, N. Y., April 21 (Special).—The statement published to the effect that it had been decided to make no further attempt to continue the work of the Clinton Liberal Institute, and that steps had been taken to dispose of the property, was incorrect. The trustees of the institute, who own and control it, recently passed resolutions to raise, if possible, the sum of $100,000 for the maintenance of the school, and are now soliciting funds for that purpose.

THE DRAMA.

JEFFERSON AS ACRES.

Last night at the Fifth Avenue Theatre Mr. Jefferson revived "The Rivals" and impersonated Acres. This theme has often been discussed in this place, and a new line of comment upon it will scarcely be expected. Mr. Jefferson's condensation of Sheridan's comedy,—justified equally by the author's example, the stage requirements of the present day, and the crisp and sharp comic effects that have been obtained by slight changes of the original,—presents the substance of the play in three fluent acts, makes Acres steadily diffusive of humor, in three animated and brilliant scenes, and takes no greater liberty with Sheridan's work than such as deepens its comic tints and augments its sympathetic allurement. The character of Acres is made less rural and more whimsical, less rough and more amiable and attractive—not a coarse Tony Lumpkin, but an artless good fellow, vain and empty, but genial and human, capable of inspiring kindness if not downright affection, and exceedingly amusing in his egregious self-complacency, his blundering ineptitude, and his fantastic folly. The points especially emphasized are the meeting between Acres and the jealous, irascible, self-tormenting Falkland; the interview between Acres and Sir Lucius O'Trigger, when the challenge is prepared for the mythical Beverley, and the frustrated duel in King's Mead fields, when Captain Absolute's tangle is unravelled and "Fighting Bob" is released from his direful dilemma. Mr. Jefferson, in acting Acres, has done for the part what no one else ever did—he has made it not only laughable but lovable: his auditors, during the duel scene, are scarcely less anxious for the relief of his rueful suspense than they are irresistibly amused by the comicality of his plight. Upon the innumerable deft touches of art with which the amusing vanity of Acres is made to impel him into a reactionary demonstration of valor,—such as almost instantly recoils from its own exuberance,—and then to leave him stranded in a trepidation that is half painful and wholly comic, an observer's commentary might extend to a treatise: for every gesture is expressive, every pose is eloquent, and the play of feature and the modulation of tone, in their wonderful variety, complete an embodiment, which, whether it be that of the author or that of the actor, is a distinct and delightful ideal perfectly made manifest. The performance held a good audience enthralled with pleasure, and it was absorbed with eager interest and rewarded with copious and almost continuous applause.

The droll situations and the pungent dialogue of "The Rivals" impart to it a marvellous vitality. Time has not impaired its force or staled its fun. The dressing of this fine old picture of fashionable Bath in the eighteenth century was uncommonly rich and beautiful, and Mr. Jefferson's company, in its interpretation, manifested strength, scholarship, and taste. Representations of Sir Anthony Absolute and Mrs. Malaprop are always, in this community, overshadowed with memories of John Gilbert and Mrs. John Drew, who certainly, in those parts were perfection,—for the reason that they impersonated, and for the further reason that they were immensely favored by physical suitability and proclivities of temperament. Mr. Verner Clarges and Miss Ffolliott Paget assume the characters from without, rather than from within, but this they do in a very able manner and with capital effect. Miss Paget is too handsome for Mrs. Malaprop, but she preserves the manner with invariable skill and her delivery of the old tyrant's Dogberry deliverances is deliciously serious. She has wisely retained all Mrs. Drew's "business"—especially that of the exchange of letters, which, as to the manner of it, was Mrs. Drew's invention. Mr. Clarges would perhaps produce even more effect with Sir Anthony if he were more weighty and less continuously explosive, and if he did not strike twelve at once. A careful and correct assumption of Captain Absolute, by Mr. Boyd Putnam, served as an excellent foil to Mr. Jefferson's Acres, but would prove still more serviceable if lighter, more buoyant, and martially graceful. A most admirable performance of the country bumpkin, David, by George Denham, elicited, by the force of genuine character, all the fun that there is in the part and greatly helped to emphasize the unconscious comicality of Acres in his rueful predicament with the challenge. Fag was neatly acted by William Jefferson, and in a blithe and nimble spirit, and Lydia Languish was made capricious and sweetly pretty by Elsie Leslie—once so distinguished as a child-actress, now a lovely young woman, not less distinguished in natural manner than artless in temperament. Lydia Languish is a part that could advantageously be considerably more elaborated in the performance of it, but Miss Leslie was indeed a pleasant vision. It is difficult to see how anything more could be made of Falkland than was made of it by Jefferson Winter. The part has been much reduced and Julia has been excluded. A creditable endeavor was made by Joseph Jefferson, jr., as Sir Lucius O'Trigger—a character that taxed the ability of such veterans as John Brougham and William J. Florence. After the second curtain Mr. Jefferson made a characteristic speech, full of kindness and drollery. "If we don't say more than we mean," he remarked, "you are apt to think that we don't mean half we say." The occasion should be recorded as one of the most cheerful of the year. "The Rivals" will be repeated next Friday and Saturday. On Monday Mr. Jefferson will act Caleb Plummer and Mr. Golightly.

CAST OF "THE RIVALS."

Sir Anthony Absolute	Verner Clarges
Captain Absolute	Boyd Putnam
Bob Acres	Joseph Jefferson
Sir Lucius O'Trigger	Joseph Jefferson, jr
David	George Denham
Faulkland	Jefferson Winter
Fag	William Jefferson
Mrs. Malaprop	Ffolliott Paget
Lydia Languish	Elsie Leslie
Lucy	Blanche Bender

MARY MANNERING'S FAREWELL.

A brilliant performance of Mr. Pinero's ingenious and good-humored satirical play of "Trelawny of the Wells" was given last night at Daly's Theatre, Miss Mary Mannering, in the character of Rose Trelawny, taking leave of Mr. Daniel Frohman's stock company, and the first regular season of Daly's Theatre under Mr. Daniel Frohman's management being brought to a close. Miss Mannering has not, however, taken leave of the local public. She desires to take a place among the stars, and as even a novice can accomplish that feat in these singular days of prosperous theatrical mediocrity, it should not be difficult for a really clever actress to attain that distinction. Miss Mannering has made herself known as an interesting woman and as a sweet, piquant, arch, and merry impersonator of juvenile heroines of comedy and farce, and as a pleasing performer in light romantic drama. Her first hit was made in "The Late Mr. Costello," and "Sadie, in her war-paint," will be remembered long after Jane and Rose and all the other ephemeral girls of the period have been forgotten. She has, however, been faithful in all these little things, and everybody will cordially wish that she may be victorious upon a higher plane and in a wider field. She received an unequivocal tribute of popular applause last night, and Mr. Daniel Frohman was also cheered by a cordial expression of the public favor.

W. W.

SECRETARY WHITE SAILS FOR HOME.

Washington, April 21.—It was said at the State Department to-day that Henry White, the Secretary of the United States Embassy in London, sailed to-day from Southampton for New-York on leave of absence from his post. Mr. White has been at the Embassy steadily for the last two years without the customary leave. It is said positively that his visit to the United States has no official significance.

LIEUTENANT-COMMANDER COLWELL ILL.

London, April 21.—Lieutenant-Commander Colwell, U. S. N., the former United States Naval Attaché here, is lying in a hospital in this city. He has been successfully operated upon for a serious affection of the throat, and is now out of danger.

DEATH OF AN OPERA SINGER.

Munich, April 21.—Heinrich Vogl, the opera singer, is dead. Apoplexy was the cause of his death.

Heinrich Vogl, the famous German dramatic tenor, was born at Au, a suburb of Munich, on January 15, 1848. While a schoolmaster at Ebersburg, 1862-'65, he pursued musical and vocal studies. He made a successful début as Max in "Der Freischütz" in November, 1865, and since that time had been a member of the Munich Court Opera. He succeeded Schnorr von Carolsfeld, who died in 1865, as the model Tristan in Wagner's opera, and was particularly successful as a Wagner singer, especially excelling in the roles of Loge in "Rheingold" and Siegmund in "Die Walküre." In 1899 he produced an opera, "Der Fremdling," at Munich.

COLUMBIA GIVES FRENCH PLAYS.

Two French plays, "L'Eté de St. Martin" and "Les Deux Sourds," were presented by La Société Française of Columbia University in Brinckerhoff Theatre, Barnard College, yesterday afternoon and evening. The performance will be repeated to-morrow night.

TURKEY WAKING UP AT LAST

THIS GOVERNMENT'S FIRM POLICY BEGINNING TO HAVE SOME EFFECT IN CONSTANTINOPLE.

Washington, April 21.—Ali Ferrouh Bey, the Turkish Minister, had another conference with Secretary Hay at the State Department to-day, which, in his opinion, tended still further to enhance the prospect of a complete and amicable settlement of the American claims. The Minister refused to discuss the conference, beyond expressing the belief that the negotiations are fast nearing a satisfactory conclusion. He also refuses to divulge any information which he may have received from his Government as to how the present agitation is regarded in Turkey, or any instructions received by him regarding the course he shall pursue as diplomatic representative in Washington. From the character of the inquiries made by him at the State Department it is believed that he is seeking information rather than imparting it.

It is certain also that his visit has not changed the status of the claims in any degree, for it is said that they remain in the same position they occupied yesterday and the day before.

It is understood that the Minister communicated to his Government by cable the substance of his recent interview with Assistant Secretary Hill, and it is believed that the dispatch was the basis for the interview between the Sultan and the United States Chargé d'Affaires in Constantinople, reported to have taken place this morning. This sign of awakened interest in American representations on the part of the Turkish Government is noted with gratification here.

MR. GRISCOM SEES THE SULTAN.

PORTE OFFICIALS UNAWARE OF STRAINED RELATIONS WITH THIS COUNTRY.

Constantinople, April 20.—Lloyd C. Griscom, United States Chargé d'Affaires, to-day had a long private audience with the Sultan, who was very cordial. Such an audience with the American Chargé d'Affaires is unprecedented, and is therefore considered important in the present circumstances.

The United States Legation is without information as to the state of the indemnity question at Washington, while the Porte officials declare they are unaware of the strained relations said to have resulted over this question.

KRUPPS AND MAUSERS FOR TURKEY.

London, April 21.—"The Birmingham Post" is responsible for the statement that Turkey has placed several important commissions with the Krupps, to be completed before the end of the year, which include better machine guns than are at present used by any European Power, and 100,000 Mausers, which, immediately upon their receipt will be delivered to the Turkish First Army Corps.

NEW TRUSTEE FOR GEORGE LAW'S ESTATE

JAMES G. AFFLECK APPOINTED IN PLACE OF THE LATE GEORGE LAW, JR.

James G. Affleck yesterday was appointed by Justice Lawrence, in the Supreme Court, in place of the late George Law, jr., as trustee to assist his father, James Affleck, in the management of the estate of George Law, who died in November, 1881, leaving property of which $3,000,000 still remains unadministered. He appointed his son George and James Affleck as his executors and trustees by his will. To his son George he left one-quarter of his estate absolutely, provided for his son Samuel by a trust fund, and left part of the residue in trust for his daughters, Sarah Williams and Anna F. Wright, and for G. Granville Wright, the husband of the latter. George Law, jr., died on July 7, 1896, and since then James Affleck has discharged the duties of trustee alone. He is seventy-four years old, and it was for this reason the appointment of his son to assist him was asked.

ARCHBISHOP CORRIGAN SAILS TO-DAY.

BISHOP FARLEY AND A FEW PRIESTS WILL ESCORT HIM TO THE PIER.

The name of Archbishop Corrigan, by special request, will not appear on the passenger list of the North German Lloyd steamship Kaiser Wilhelm II, which should have sailed yesterday, but will sail early this morning. The Iron Steamboat Cepheus had been chartered by friends of the Archbishop to convey him from New-York to Hoboken yesterday morning, but when it was found that the Kaiser Wilhelm II would not sail till this morning the charter was revoked.

Archbishop Corrigan will leave his residence at 9 o'clock this morning for Hoboken to take the steamer, and will be accompanied by his secretary, Father James N. Connolly, who goes with him to Rome, and Father Michael J. Lavelle, rector of St. Patrick's Cathedral; Bishop Farley, and such other priests as can leave the morning service to bid him bon voyage at the pier.

DEWEY ARCH PLANS GOING ON.

COLONEL CHURCH SAYS THE ADMIRAL'S CANDIDACY HAS NOT HURT SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Colonel William C. Church, chairman of the Citizens' Committee for Perpetuating the Dewey Arch, told a Tribune reporter yesterday that the arch would certainly be built, as the committee had received such assurances from men able to do it that it was only a question of time.

"Despite reports to the contrary," said the Colonel, "there is no evidence that Admiral Dewey's candidacy for the Presidency has hurt us or has had any effect upon subscriptions. We are entirely confident that we shall raise the $500,000 necessary to perpetuate the arch. We have now between $60,000 and $70,000 in cash, and about $130,000 pledged, which we can have when we ask for it."

GENERAL GILLMORE SOMEWHAT BETTER.

Washington, April 21.—It was said at Army Headquarters to-day that the condition of General John C. Gillmore, who has been ill for some time at his home in this city, was somewhat improved.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

YESTERDAY'S RECORD AND TO-DAY'S FORECAST.

Washington, April 21.—The Gulf disturbance has moved northward and dissipated over the Middle Mississippi Valley, and the barometer is low over the middle and northern Rocky Mountain districts. Showers have occurred along the Atlantic Coast from New-York to Florida and from the southern lake region over the Ohio and Middle Mississippi valleys and Tennessee. From the Mississippi River to the Rocky Mountains fair weather has prevailed. West of the Rocky Mountains the weather has been cloudy, with scattered rains. The temperature continues high in the Northwestern States, and has risen decidedly in the British Northwest Territory. In Utah, Nevada and Arizona there has been a fall in temperature of 14 to 24 degrees since Friday night. In the flooded districts of the Southern States rain has been followed by fair weather. Dangerous stages of water will continue, however, in streams in the East Gulf and South Atlantic States during the next two days. During Sunday the weather will be generally fair east of the Rocky Mountains, except in the North Atlantic States and the lake regions, where showers are indicated. In the Rocky Mountain region showers and lower temperature will prevail Sunday. By Monday the temperature will rise generally east of the Mississippi. Along the New-England and Middle Atlantic Coast the winds will be fresh to brisk from the southeast. On the South Atlantic Coast fresh southerly winds will prevail. As announced Thursday and Friday, the display of storm signals was resumed on Saturday, the 21st inst., on all the Great Lakes, except Lake Superior.

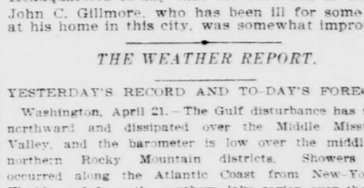
FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND MONDAY.

For New-England, Eastern New-York, Eastern Pennsylvania and New-Jersey, showers to-day; fair to warmer Monday; fresh easterly winds.

For District of Columbia, Delaware, Maryland and Virginia, generally cloudy to-day; fair and warmer Monday; fresh easterly shifting to southerly winds.

For Western Pennsylvania and Western New-York, showers, followed by clearing to-day. Monday fair and warmer; fresh southeasterly winds.

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.



In this diagram the continuous white line shows the change in pressure as indicated by The Tribune's self-recording barometer. The dotted line shows the temperature as recorded at Perry's Pharmacy.

Tribune Office, April 22, 1 a. m.—The weather yesterday was cloudy and showery. The temperature ranged between 56 and 68 degrees, the average (61) being 1 degree lower than that of Friday and 9½ degrees higher than that of the corresponding date of last year.

The weather to-day will be showery.

THE PASSING THRONG.

RECEPTION OF DEWEY'S CANDIDACY.

Stewart M. Brice, member of the City Council, said, when seen at the Waldorf-Astoria, yesterday: "The most surprising thing noticeable, politically, in travelling about the country is the manner in which the announcement of Admiral Dewey's candidacy has been received by the people. I have just returned from a Western trip, during which I had an opportunity of talking to many politicians and business men. Almost without exception they refused to take the Admiral's announcement seriously, although they still seemingly maintained the same admiration for him that they had on his return from Manila. In my opinion this feeling is due to the announcement being made at so late a date that the majority of the voters of both the great parties had come to the conclusion that the fight would again be between Bryan and McKinley. The management of a campaign is such an enormous task and requires such vast preparation, both in matters of organization and of finance, that even those people who would like to vote for Admiral Dewey can see no way of getting his name properly before the voters in the various States. I have no doubt that if the Admiral had a strong campaign committee and proper organization he would poll a very heavy vote, drawn almost equally from both parties, but as I said before, the general opinion seems to be that, contrary to the Admiral's custom, he enters this fight too late.

"It is needless to speak of the great wave of prosperity that has swept over the entire country, but I was particularly impressed by the wonderful advance the automobile is making in every part of the land. Truly it looks as though in a few years a horse would be as much of a scarcity in New-York as it now is in Venice."

CHINA AS AN INVESTMENT FIELD.

Daniel Mann, of the great Canadian railroad and contracting firm of Mann & McKenzie, of Montreal and Toronto, passed through the city yesterday. It is Mr. Mann's firm which is now building the railroad west from the Lake of the Woods through the Province of Manitoba to the Pacific Slope. This road is being built to bring the great wheat fields of Manitoba in touch with the world's markets. Last year Mr. Mann visited China to investigate the opportunities there afforded for railroad construction and the permanent investment of capital. Mr. Mann recently told a friend that after thorough investigation he had found that the amount of interest on invested capital to be obtained in China was limited to 4 per cent, while there was little money to be made in the construction of railways on account of the ironclad contracts the builders were made to enter into, in which everything was figured so nearly at a cost basis as to leave little chance for a profit for the contractor. In consequence of this condition of affairs Mr. Mann abandoned all idea of either investing money in Chinese enterprises or of attempting to enter the field as a railroad builder. It is rumored that Mr. Mann has just completed a large railroad deal in Nova Scotia.

WOODRUFF ON THE STATE FAIR.

Lieutenant-Governor Woodruff has been best known outside of politics as a manufacturer and business man, but he none the less lays claim to being a farmer. It is said by those closest to Mr. Woodruff that his Christian name, suggesting as it does the fragrant timothy hay, first caused him to enter the realms agricultural, but be that as it may, the Lieutenant-Governor is an enthusiastic tiller of the soil, and when seen at the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday, he was full of the visit he paid to Syracuse on Thursday to attend a meeting in the interest of the State Fair.

"The State Fair," said Mr. Woodruff, "is held annually at Syracuse, but last year it was a failure financially, and the Legislature last winter came to its aid with an appropriation of $127,000. Of this amount $51,500 will be used to pay the mortgage and indebtedness of the Agricultural Society; $10,000 to secure reversionary interest from the Syracuse Land Company; $22,000 for premiums to be given at the next fair, and $35,000 for permanent improvements to the fair grounds, which, I hope, will be spent in the construction of a mile racetrack and in generally improving the roads and grounds. Last year $35,000 was expended on the fair, while only $10,000 was taken in, and this deficit, I think, arose from the indifference of the people of Syracuse—who only contributed $1,600—and the surrounding country, mainly arising from the fair not being made attractive enough."

WILL OF RUFUS WRIGHT.

Chicago, April 21.—The will of Rufus Wright, who was shot and killed in the Leland Hotel last Saturday night, was filed for probate yesterday. It disposes of an estate conservatively valued at $800,000, and may figure up to over $1,000,000. According to the petition with the will, the personal property valuation is $600,000, and the real estate is valued at $200,000. The dead manufacturer distributed $129,000 in personal bequests among relatives and others, but left nothing to charity or public institutions. The widow inherits the bulk of the estate.

MARRIED.

COWARD—BIGELOW—On Thursday evening, April 19, at the Church of the Messiah, Greene-ave., corner Clermont-ave., Brooklyn, by the rector, the Rev. St. Clair Hester, Jessie Lillian, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Bigelow, to Mr. William Millers Coward.

HARRISON—LINDSEY—Saturday, April 21, at No. 120 West 12th-st., by the Rev. Thomas R. Slicer, of All Souls' Unitarian Church, Ellen Rollins, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Delano Lindsey, to Roden Stanley Harrison, of Boston, son of the Rev. David John Harrison, late rector of Ludgvan Rectory, Penzance, Cornwall, England.

PHELPS—KANE—On Saturday, April 21, Caroline Hunter Kane, daughter of the late Walter Langdon Kane, to Edgar Morris Phelps, son of Henry D. Phelps, of New Rochelle, at the Church of the Incarnation, by the rector, the Rev. William Grosvenor, assisted by the Rev. H. M. Stone, of Trinity Church, Newport, R. I.

WATERBURY—HALL—On Saturday, April 21, at residence of the bride's mother, by the Rev. W. C. P. Rhoades, Maud Livingston, daughter of Mrs. Valentine G. Hall, to Lawrence Waterbury, of New-York.

Notices of marriages and deaths must be indorsed with full name and address.

DIED.

Best, Albert.
Cowan, Josephine S.
Freeman, Georgianna W.
Lane, William E.
Meyer, Elisabeth M.
McGill, Alexander T.
Morris, Mary L. T.
Patten, Harriet.
Post, Maria.
Powers, Thomas J.
Rafferty, Susan.
Schenck, Frank H.
Spence, Alexander.
Temple, Kate C.

BEST—Suddenly, April 21, 1900, Albert Best, in his 58th year.
Notice of funeral hereafter.

COWAN—At Hotel St. Andrew, on Friday, April 20, Josephine Stewart Cowan, daughter of Charles Stewart and widow of the late John F. Cowan, of Englewood, N. J.
The funeral service will be held at the Church of St. Mary the Virgin, No. 139 West 46th-st., on Monday morning at 10:30 o'clock.
Relatives and friends are respectfully invited.
Interment at Greenwood.

FREEMAN—At Newark, N. J., Georgianna Willis, wife of William C. Freeman.
Funeral notice hereafter.

LANE—At his residence, No. 799 President-st., Brooklyn, April 21, 1900, after a lingering illness, William E., youngest son of the late Nathan and Emma Lane.
Notice of funeral hereafter.

M'GILL—On Saturday, April 21, 1900, at his late residence, No. 270 Barrow-st., Jersey City, Alexander T. McGill, in the 57th year of his age.
Funeral services will be held in the First Presbyterian Church, Princeton, N. J., on Tuesday, April 24, at 12 o'clock noon.
A special train will leave Jersey City for Princeton at 10:39 a. m.

MEYER—On Friday, April 20, Elisabeth M., eldest daughter of the late Cord and Catherina Meyer, in her 43d year.
Funeral services on Sunday, April 22, at her late residence, No. 17 East 64th-st., Manhattan, at 8 o'clock p. m.
Interment private.
Kindly omit flowers.

MORRIS—Suddenly, Friday, April 20, Mary Louise Trowbridge, wife of Francis Irving Morris.
Funeral services Monday, April 23, at St. Agnes's Chapel, West 92d-st., near Columbus-ave.
Interment private.

PATTEN—On Friday, April 20, at The Home, 104th-st. and Amsterdam-ave., Harriet Patten, in her 87th year.
Funeral service at St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Square, on Monday morning, April 23, at 11:30 o'clock.

POST—On Friday, April 20, 1900, Maria, widow of Abraham J. Post.
Funeral services at her late residence, No. 27 Mount Morris Park West, on Sunday afternoon, at 5 o'clock.
Interment private.

POWERS—On April 21, 1900, at the residence of his son, Thomas J. Powers.
Funeral services at No. 419 Nelson-ave., Peekskill, April 23, at 11 a. m.
Interment private.

RAFFERTY—Suddenly, on April 19, at her home in Plainfield, N. J., Susan, wife of the late Colonel Thomas Rafferty.
Funeral Sunday afternoon, upon arrival of 2:30 train from foot of Liberty-st., New-York.

SCHENCK—On April 20, at No. 71 West 105th-st., Frank H., son of Mary H. and the late Edward Schenck, aged 42 years.
Relatives and friends are invited to the funeral services at St. Michael's Episcopal Church, at 1 o'clock, this (Sunday) afternoon.

Veterans of the 7th Regiment.—Members are requested to attend the funeral service of Frank H. Schenck (Second Company), in accordance with the notice by the family.
THOMAS DIMOND, Colonel.

SPENCE—On Friday, April 20, at his residence, No. 161 State-st.,