THE DRAMA.

NEW PLAY AT THE KNICKERBOCKER.

"TO HAVE AND TO HOLD."

The epidemic of the Scissors Drama still rages. Plays of this sort are made by cutting leaves, here and there, out of a popular novel, and welding these extracts by means of a jointure of exclamations and stage tableaus. Persons who have read the novel are supposed to hunger and thirst for a theatrical epitome of it, and, commonly, of late, this expectation has found itself justified. The "newest grief" of this order is the medley of hackneyed incidents and verbose dialogue, made out of Miss Mary Johnston's ebullient, spasmodic, juvenile novel, "To Have and To Hold," which was presented last night in the Knickerbocker Theatre, and loudly applauded by an enthusiastic and industrious clacque. Miss Johnston's novel, it will be remembered, relates to the deportation from England, in the reign of James I, of young women so favorable to matrimonial alliance with Virginia settlers that they were not unwilling to be actually sold, for tobacco, into the rosy bondage of Hymen. That subject had already been felicitously treated in an artistic, graceful, well proportioned novel, called "The Head of a Hundred," by Mrs. Maud Wilder Goodwin, published about five years ago. Historical themes, however, are open to everybody, and priority is not necessarily preemption. In Miss Johnston's story,—which, in outline and drift, presents some resemblance to that of Mrs. Goodwin,—there are indications of literary talent, still in a crude state, and there is, at least, one well drawn and steadily interesting character, that of the heroine, Lady Jocelyn Leigh, who wilfully expatriates herself in order to escape compulsory marriage with a titled scamp, and, after many adventures and vicissitudes, becomes happy as the contented wife of an irreproachable hero, entirely worthy of her love. The marine episode of the lady's adventures is fantastic and ludicrous, and the Indian episode is grotesque and absurd; but latitude is permissible to a romancer, and it is useless to "consider too curiously" the vagaries of the contemporary novel—whereof the spirit is extravagance and the purpose is sensational effect, at any and all hazards. The play wisely avoids the Indian element and adheres strictly to the love story. Only one Indian is introduced, and he enters but twice and contributes to the action only by shooting a single arrow. The posture of circumstances is simply that of contention between two men for the possession of one woman. The hero, Ralph Percy, is to outwit and discomfit the villain, Lord Carnal, and, although the lady does not love him at first, he is to subdue her by his Claude Melnotte magnanimity and his D'Artagnan valor, and thus at last to become the god of her idolatry. He chooses the aquatic method, duping his enemy, at the first encounter, by carrying off his mistress in a boat from the pier, and, at the second encounter, by carrying her off in a boat from the cellar. These hairbreadth escapes may, perhaps, be impressive to a reader: they are childish to a spectator: and, indeed, a sort of Cinderella atmosphere was the dominant characteristic of the frivolous, theatrical fabric that Mr. E. F. Boddington has fashioned out of Miss Johnston's romance. There are four acts, comprising eight scenes, and implicating twenty-four characters, several of the latter being obviously superfluous. The apparent object was to show as many incidents as possible of the original novel. No purpose anywhere became visible to create situations exemplary of sincere feelings prompted by natural motives and expressed in a natural manner. When the husband and wife are confronted in the scene of "the old watch house," they would know each other truly, and there would be an end of the play. All was sacrificed to the necessity of spinning out a tale of adventure. No question of acting is raised by anything done in the stage exposition of themes of this kind. The action is all stage fuss; the characters are all artificial. Nobody can be sincere: nobody can do more than keep a straight face while pretending to be sincere. Miss Isabel Irving made Jocelyn Leigh consistently wooden and monotonous, in no way accounting for all the amorous turmoil made on her account. Mr. Robert Lorraine, who may be a good actor, could only strut and bounce and look big and shout tempestuous speeches. Sidney Herbert, as a peppery Governor, could only evplode in occasional crashes of verbal detonation. The veteran Charles Walcot invested Jeremy Sparrow with unctuous humor, of the Friar Tuck variety, and that was about the only dramatic light in the whole trivial spectacle. Much new paint was exhibited, the red moon casting a yellow light upon the ocean waves, and a boat sail, by twilight, was elaborately indicated by means of illuminated drops; but paints and calcium do not make a play. There is not much value in Miss Johnston's novel; there is no value at all, beyond picture and spasmodic activity, in the drama that has been derived from it.

W. W.

REVIVAL OF "UNCLE TOM'S CABIN."

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

An elaborate production of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" was accomplished last night in the Academy Theatre (still misnamed the "Academy of Music," though music departed out of it many years ago), and was viewed and enjoyed by a numerous, sincere, sympathetic, and eagerly responsive audience. This play, based on Mrs. Stowe's novel, formerly pertinent to an actual political condition, has now become historical—a picture, more or less truthful, of a state of society no longer existent. In a didactic or reformatory sense, accordingly, it beats the air. Legal negro slavery is dead, and "views" on that subject are superfluous. As a play, however, "Uncle Tom's Cabin" still pleases the eye with tableau and still interests the mind with character, incident, and humor. Uncle Tom was impersonated by Mr. Wilton Lackaye, while Mr. Theodore Roberts, an actor of rare power in the photographic vein, made Legree duly savage and odious. Great stress is laid on the elements of spectacle and negro melody. Mrs. Yeamans, long identified with Aunt Ophelia, aptly suggested the kindly, regulative, conventional, acrid New-England housekeeper. The cast includes that old favorite, Emily Rigl.

VARIOUS ATTRACTIONS.

The local stage has been, for some time, comparatively, quiescent, but just now the surface of its affairs begins to ripple, and soon the waves of its activity will once more sparkle and roll. The blithe and pleasing farce,—which comes near being fine comedy,—"At the White Horse Tavern," was presented last night at the Grand Opera House; the romantic drama of "The Adventures of Lady Ursula" was cleverly acted, by Mr. Donnelly's company, at the Murray Hill Theatre; and the somewhat calorific play of "Carmen" was revived at the American—the bullfight being shown by means of one of the inventions of Edison.

The return of "San Toy" to Daly's Theatre was duly welcomed—Mr. Fortescue, as Yen How, with his song about his "Six Little Wives," repeating his former hit and giving much pleasure.

MOVEMENTS OF STARS.

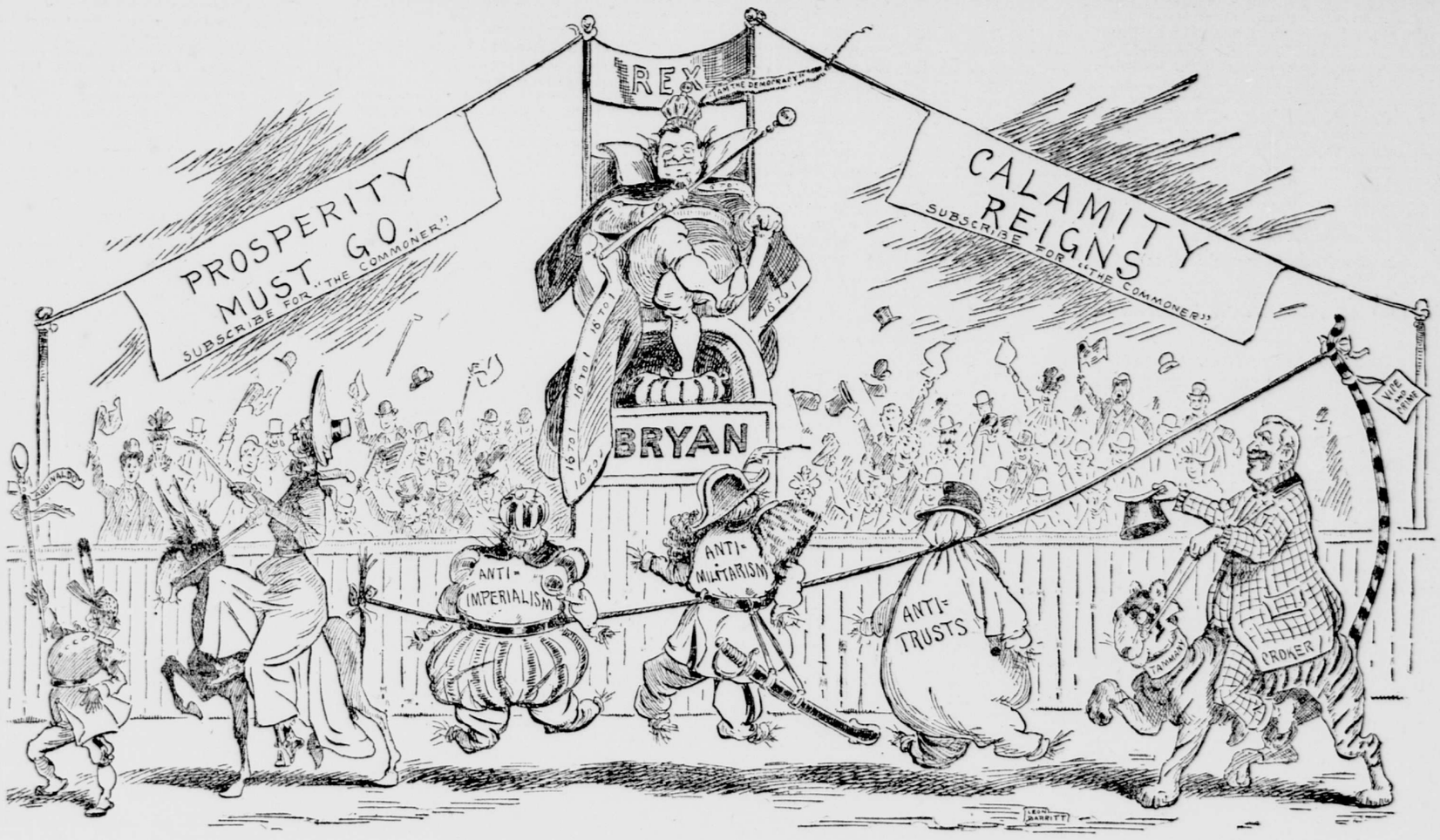
Mr. Jefferson will resume acting, early in April. .....Mme. Bernhardt is in New-Orleans.....Louis James appeared, last night, in Portland, Ore..... Richard Mansfield is in Baltimore.....Miss Ada Rehan acted, last night, in Providence.....James O'Neill is in Chicago.....Miss Annie Russell appeared, last night, in Philadelphia.....E. S. Willard devotes the present week to Pittsburg.....Miss Mary Mannering is acting at the Harlem Opera House.....Mrs. Fiske has had great success in San Francisco and elsewhere on the Pacific Coast. She is now acting in the Northwest.....Miss Hilda Spong appeared last night in Philadelphia, acting Lady Huntworth.

LECTURE ON "MOKI LAND."

Burton Holmes lectured on "Moki Land" at Daly's Theatre yesterday afternoon before a large audience. Mr. Holmes's lecture was illustrated with colored photographs and motion pictures. The lecture began with a description of the Arizona desert and its mesas. Pictures of wagon trains, trading posts, cornfields and Moki villages were shown. Mr. Holmes described the village of Walpi in detail and then described the customs of the primitive Indian villagers. A large part of the lecture was devoted to a description of the snake dances at Oraibi and Walpi. In these dances the Indians carry live rattlesnakes in their teeth and go through many curious movements. Mr. Holmes then showed pictures of the return of his party toward civilization and of the interesting things seen on the trip.

RESTRAINED FROM GIVING "L'AIGLON."

Charles Frohman was yesterday granted an injunction by Justice McMahon, in the Supreme Court, restraining Corse Payton from producing a version of L'Aiglon" in his theatre in Brooklyn. Frohman declared that though Payton's was an entirely different play from his, its production by an inferior company would seriously affect his production in Brooklyn. He also claimed a copyright in the title.



IT MIGHT HAVE BEEN.

SOCIETY DAY BY DAY.

The inauguration yesterday was such a great attraction that for once in winter or in early spring there was a dearth of numbers in society. It affected everything social in New-York, but as Monday is rarely a busy day, and as it is now Lent, the result was not, perhaps, so marked as it might have been earlier in the season. It was felt, perhaps, more at the opera than anywhere else. Many of those who are boxholders for Monday night were in Washington, and the house was not so full as usual. There were also a number of people in the country—large parties at Tuxedo and Lakewood—and these stayed over and passed what was more or less a holiday in the suburbs.

In spite of several empty boxes, there was a brilliant audience at the opera. Miss Drayton, in white, was with Mrs. Cadwalader Jones and Miss Beatrix Jones. Mrs. Henry Barbey was in her box with Miss Barbey. Among others present were Mrs. Elbridge T. Gerry and Miss Mabel Gerry, the former in white and the latter in pink; Mrs. Van Rensselaer Cruger, in black; Mrs. Stanford White with Mrs. Henry Poor, Mrs. Luther Kountze and Miss Kountze and Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock.

Among the other entertainments of the evening were an "at home," given by Mrs. Francis McNeil Bacon, at No. 20 West Tenth-st., which was largely attended, and the meeting of the Monday Evening Bowling Club, at the Tennis Building, in West Forty-first-st. Its guests were received by three of the patronesses, Mrs. George R. Schieffelin, Mrs. Grenville Winthrop and Mrs. Christopher Wolfe. Among the members of the club are the Misses Lila Sloane, Dorothy Schieffelin, Alice Ripley, Harriet Fellowes, Marjorie Lee, Pansy Roosevelt, Angelica Church and Edith Mason and Cornelius N. Bliss, jr., Arthur Gouverneur Morris, Bryce Metcalf and Stone Phelps.

On society's programme for to-day are dinner parties by Mrs. Adrian Iselin, jr., Mrs. Louis Fitzgerald and Mrs. Edmund L. Baylies. The Riverside Day Nursery Class will meet this afternoon at the home of Mrs. Osborn. Mrs. Seth E. Thomas will give an afternoon reception at her home, No. 8 West Twentieth-st., and in the evening there will be a theatrical entertainment at the Berkeley Lyceum, for the benefit of the Sunshine Mission. Mrs. Fitzgerald's dinner will be in honor of Miss Sarah Gibbs Thompson and her fiancé, Stephen Howland Pell. Mrs. Robert Thompson has had a large party at Lakewood, including Miss Fitzgerald, with which she returns to town this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. H. McK. Twombly left here yesterday for Florida. Their trip will not be one of long duration, as they will be in New-York by Easter. They will go to Palm Beach and Nassau. Dr. and Mrs. W. Seward Webb and their daughter, Miss Frederica Webb, will return to this city next week from California. After a short stay in town they will go to Shelburne Farms, Vt., for the spring.

Mr. and Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish after a short sojourn in Washington for the inauguration go West in their private car. The trip will take several weeks and may extend as far as the Pacific Coast. Miss Greta Pomeroy will be a guest of Mrs. Fish, and there will be some hunting parties arranged for the Rockies.

The party chaperoned by Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Vanderbilt which left for Washington on Saturday is expected back to-morrow. Mr. and Mrs. Gerry and Miss Mabel Gerry remained in New-York. Miss Angelica Gerry was one of the guests of Mrs. Vanderbilt.

Much interest has been taken in the rumor that J. Pierpont Morgan has bought for next season Box No. 21 in the parterre of the Metropolitan Opera House. This box has been occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Oliver G. Jennings and Mrs. J. Hood Wright. The rumor has it that the box will be a gift from her father to Mrs. Herbert L. Satterlee. Mr. Morgan already owns Box No. 35, which the family occupies at all performances.

James J. Van Alen has planned not to go abroad at present. He and his daughters will remain in New-York until after Easter, and they will be at Wakehurst, Newport, next summer. Miss Drayton is still in town with her father, J. Coleman Drayton, and is being entertained by his friends and also by members of the Astor family.

Mrs. John Jacob Astor did not accompany her husband to Washington. She remained at Aiken, S. C., where the Astors will stay until Easter. They will then open Fernccliff.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Van Rensselaer will start to-day on a spring cruise with the yacht May from Washington. They will go to the West Indies.

NO PAY FOR CHRISTIAN SCIENTISTS.

AMENDED BILL FORBIDS HEALERS FROM CHARGING FEES.

Albany, March 4 (Special).—The so-called anti-Christian Science bill of Assemblyman Bell is to be amended so as to permit the practice of all Christian Scientists, Spiritualists, osteopaths and others who seek to cure without medicines, provided that they do not practise for pay. This amendment was finally agreed upon at a conference held last Saturday in New-York by Dr. Van Fleet, the author of the bill; Mr. Andrews, the attorney of the County Medical Society, and Mr. Bell. In regard to the amendment Mr. Bell said to-night:

The bill now meets all the objections which have been made to it by the Christian Scientists and Spiritualists. They have at all the hearings on the measure argued that their religious liberty was unconstitutionally hampered by its provisions. According to the bill as it now stands these people may minister to the sick after the pattern of Him whom they call the "master healer," but will not be permitted to use their religion for commercial purposes, to pose as "latterday prophets," while at the same time charging fees for their spiritual ministrations.

TO INSURE AGAINST PREMATURE BURIAL.

Emile Carnis, of Paris, gave a demonstration yesterday, at No. 14 West Eighth-st., of his apparatus, "The Karnice," which has been invented for the purpose of preventing premature burial. Mr. Carnis lectured on his machine before the Academy of Medicine of this city in 1899. Yesterday's demonstration was realistic. The inventor crawled into a coffin, and showed how the least movement on his part set a bell ringing and raised a signal in the air.

PACIFYING THE PHILIPPINES

BELIEF THAT GENERAL CIVIL GOVERNMENT WILL SHORTLY BE INSTALLED.

Manila, March 4.—In an interview to-day with the correspondent of The Associated Press, D. M. Carman, the American contractor who is charged with aiding the insurgents, and who was recently released on $10,000 bail, said that sickness prevented his making an extended statement now. He asserted that he had done nothing unauthorized, and that he was hopeful of securing complete vindication. He said:

"Whenever I made a dollar others made money, too."

The character of some of the measures which the commissioners are privately considering indicates their expectation of the early establishment of general civil government. Whether President McKinley and Secretary Root are in full accord with them regarding this important point is not known here; but if the situation continues to develop favorably it is believed that a Philippine government will be created in the course of a few months.

The fact that there have been no insurgent attacks for months, except isolated instances of firing volleys into towns by marauders, who immediately run away at the top of their speed; the rapid spread of peace sentiments in all directions, the large number of those who surrender and the willingness to take the oath of allegiance on all sides—these and similar considerations are all regarded as pointing to the virtual establishment of peace in the near future.

Commissioner Wright this evening completed the draft of a bill, which will doubtless pass the commission before the end of the week, establishing a department of insular constabulary. It creates the office of insular chief of constabulary, the incumbent of which will be appointed by the commission and will have general control as the chief peace officer in the island. He will be authorized to appoint municipal constabulary chiefs, Americans or natives, for the various municipalities, as well as assistant chiefs. In each of the four districts of the archipelago there will be a constable for each one thousand inhabitants of each municipality, and not exceeding one officer for each barrio. All the police organized under military control, including those in Manila, will be incorporated in the new department. The act will go into effect immediately on adoption.

Captain Hand, of the 45th United States Volunteer Infantry, and Captain McLean, of the 47th United States Volunteer Infantry, co-operating with the gunboat Don Juan de Austria, surprised the insurgents in camp near the town of Pesacao, on the coast of Camarines Province, Luzon, capturing an insurgent commissary-general and a quantity of supplies.

Protesio Montejar, leader of the insurgent forces on the island of Panay, with seven officers, forty-five men and thirty-eight rifles, have surrendered to Captain Barker, of the 26th.

Fifteen ex-insurgent leaders and five hundred followers took the oath of allegiance to the United States at Concepcion, island of Panay, and two hundred more promise soon to swear fealty. This extinguishes the rebellion in that district.

Four thousand five hundred insurgent prisoners are now held at Manila. The new prison on Grande Island, in Subig Bay, sixty miles west of Manila, in the province of Zambales, has been completed, and a thousand prisoners will be sent there from here on the 7th of this month.

The provincial officers of the provinces of Bulacan and Bataan have taken the oath of office before the commission.

NOW WANTS THE NOURMAHAL.

CAPTAIN WHO TOOK DOWN ATALANTA HEARD THAT VENEZUELA WAS AFTER J. J. ASTOR'S YACHT.

The steamer Philadelphia, which arrived here from Venezuelan and Porto Rican ports yesterday, brought among her passengers Captain Merithew and the crew of forty-five men who took the Venezuelan gunboat Restaurador, formerly George J. Gould's steam yacht Atalanta, to Venezuela, and delivered her there to the Venezuelan government. Captain Merithew said yesterday afternoon that President Castro had inquired of him about John Jacob Astor's steam yacht Nourmahal, and that he had learned afterward from the Minister of Finance that negotiations were in progress for the purchase of the yacht. He said that when he sailed from this port he carried sealed orders to go to Carupano, which place was in control of the insurgent forces at the time. There being no work for the Restaurador to do at Carupano, he took some of the Venezuelan officers to La Guayra, where he delivered the vessel to the government.

Mr. Astor could not be seen last night about Captain Merithew's story. It was announced in The Tribune's Paris letter on Sunday that the Venezuelan government had purchased James Gordon Bennett's yacht Namouna for $100,000.

A NEW WAY TO SERVE SUMMONS.

FALSE BURGLARY ALARM BROUGHT COMMITTEEMEN FROM THEIR HIDING PLACE.

The regular Democracy of Sing Sing stole a march on the Nelson faction in the application to Justice Gaynor for a mandamus to compel the Village Committee to count the 222 votes in the primary which were thrown out as defective. The summons had been served only on the chairman of the committee.

Justice Gaynor returned the papers, deciding that it should have been served on all or a majority of the committee. Then the Democrats made themselves invisible. The regular Democracy announced that it would let the subject drop. Then the committee became visible again and was served. Still, a majority was missing. An alarm of burglary was given on Saturday night. The committeemen wanted rushed out to catch the burglars and were served.

MORE HEADS DEMANDED.

EXECUTION OF TWELVE MORE HIGH CHINESE OFFICIALS CALLED FOR.

glance to the United States government at portion of the Russo-Chinese agreement regarding Manchuria, and China has appealed to the powers in the matter.

The Empress Dowager, it is reported, expresses reluctance to return to Peking.

London, March 4.—The Peking correspondent of "The Pall Mall Gazette," telegraphing March 2, says:

The Emperor will return to Peking at the end of March. A bodyguard is already assembling at Sian-Fu.

The foreign ministers have demanded the death of twelve additional high officials, and the punishment of ninety provincial mandarins.

Smallpox has broken out among the allied troops.

POWERS AGAINST RUSSIA'S GRAB.

CAPITALS IN CONFERENCE OVER THE MANCHURIAN QUESTION.

Berlin, March 4.—Ambassador White's conferences with the German Foreign Office continued during last week. It is said that these conferences are due to fuller and more definite instructions just received by Mr. White from Washington concerning the threatened land grabbing in China. Germany agrees fully with the United States that no secret concessions should be made by China to any foreign power, but that all concessions should be strictly confined to grants for diplomatic and ordinary commercial purposes, and be made aboveboard and through treaty signed by all the powers.

It is believed in German official circles that Russia will not insist upon China's signing a secret treaty, since the other powers have so vigorously protested against such action.

London, March 4.—The Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, Lord Cranborne, in the House of Commons to-day, informed Sir Ellis Ashmead-Bartlett (Conservative), that the Russo-Chinese agreement on Manchuria was engaging the earnest attention of the government, and is the subject of diplomatic communications between the powers. Any statement or discussion of the matter now would be inexpedient.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

YESTERDAY'S RECORD AND TO-DAY'S FORECAST.

Washington, March 4.—Rains or snows have fallen in the Middle Atlantic States, Tennessee and Ohio Valley, western lower lake region, upper lake region, central and upper Mississippi Valley, the lower Missouri Valley, Kansas, Nebraska, Northeastern Colorado and Wyoming. Thunderstorms have occurred in Tennessee. The temperature has risen decidedly in Northeast New-York and New-England and fallen from 10 to 30 degrees from Tennessee, Central Arkansas and Northern Texas northwestward over Central Montana, and eastward to the Alleghanies and northeastward over the upper lakes. Cold wave warnings are displayed in Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Wisconsin, Iowa, Kansas, lower Michigan, eastern and southern upper Michigan, eastern and southern Nebraska, Eastern Colorado and at Cheyenne, and are ordered for Southwestern Pennsylvania, Southern Ohio, West Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, Arkansas, Northern Texas, Northern Louisiana, Northern Mississippi, Northern Alabama, Northern Georgia and Western North Carolina. Rain, turning into snow and colder, with brisk northeasterly winds, is indicated for New-England Tuesday; rain, turning into snow and colder, with fresh to brisk northeasterly winds, shifting to northwesterly, for the Middle Atlantic States; rain, generally followed by clearing, north of Florida, and colder, with fresh southwesterly winds, becoming westerly to northwesterly, for the South Atlantic States; generally fair and colder weather in the Gulf States; rain or snow, generally followed by clearing and colder weather, in Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, and occasional snow in the lake region; snow is also indicated for Eastern Colorado and Eastern Wyoming; generally elsewhere the weather will be fair, with no marked changes in temperature.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND WEDNESDAY.

For New-England, rain, turning into snow to-day; colder; winds becoming northeasterly, brisk on the coast; Wednesday clearing.

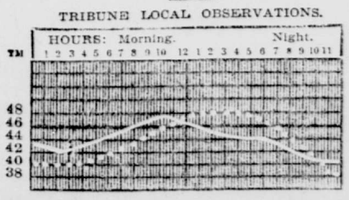
For Eastern New-York, Eastern Pennsylvania, New-Jersey, Delaware and Maryland, rains, turning into snow and colder to-day; northeasterly winds, becoming northwesterly, brisk on the coast; Wednesday fair.

For District of Columbia, rain, turning into snow and colder to-day; fresh to brisk winds, becoming northwesterly; Wednesday fair.

For Western Pennsylvania, occasional snow to-day; colder, with a cold wave in southern portion by or during to-night; west to northwest winds, brisk to high on the lake; Wednesday occasional snow.

For Western New-York, occasional snow and colder to-day; northerly winds, becoming northwesterly, brisk to high on the lakes; Wednesday occasional snow.

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.



In this diagram the continuous white line shows the changes in pressure as indicated by The Tribune's self-recording barometer. The dotted line shows the temperature as recorded at Perry's Pharmacy.

Tribune Office, March 5, 1 a. m.—The weather yesterday was cloudy, with showers in the evening. The temperature ranged between 38 and 48 degrees, the average (42¼) being 9½ degrees lower than that of Sunday and 3¼ degrees higher than that of the corresponding date of last year.

Rain, turning to snow, is indicated for to-day.

D. H. M'ALPIN'S WILL.

VALUE OF ESTATE NOT NAMED—ALL LEFT TO WIFE AND CHILDREN.

The will of D. H. McAlpin, the head of the firm of D. H. McAlpin & Co., who died on February 8, was filed for probate yesterday in the Surrogate's office. The petition, which is filed by Edwin A. McAlpin, a son, of Sing Sing, says the value of the real and personal estate of the testator is unknown.

The will sets forth that Mr. McAlpin has provided for his wife, Cordelia Rose McAlpin, by a marriage settlement, executed before their marriage. In addition he leaves her his house, No. 46 West Fifty-eighth-st., with his furniture, horses, carriages, etc., for her life. At her death this property is to be divided between his stepdaughters, Frances Knox and Adelaide McAlpin Stiles, share and share alike. The executors of the estate are also directed to pay Mrs. McAlpin $18,000 a year in quarterly payments.

Having deeded to his daughter, Adelaide McAlpin Pyle, the house and lot at No. 673 Fifth-ave., and having given her the oil paintings which he left in that house, the testator directs that his executors charge her portion of his estate with the sum of $300,000, as an advance.

To his son Charles W. McAlpin he leaves his country house, Glen Alpin, situated near Morristown, N. J. The farm and buildings at Littleton, N. J., are bequeathed to his son David H. McAlpin.

Jane Benedict, the sister of the testator, is to receive $1,000 a year. Bequests varying from $1,000 each to $200 are made to employes in remembrance of their services.

The residue of the estate is to be divided in equal shares among his six children, Edwin A., George L. and D. H. McAlpin, jr., Charles W. and William W. McAlpin, and Adelaide McAlpin Pyle. Should the portion of Mrs. Pyle in the personal property not amount to the sum of $300,000, which is to be charged against her, the balance is to be charged against her share of the real estate. The residue of the real estate is to be held in trust for the lives of the two grandsons of the testator, David H. McAlpin and Kenneth Rose McAlpin, the sons of Edwin A. McAlpin, the income to be paid to the children of the decedent during their lives.

The will provides that on the death of any of the children his portion of the estate is to be equally divided among his children, and should there be no issue in equal shares among the surviving children, the issue of any other deceased child getting a share between them. Should the grandsons of the testator die before his children, the estate is to be realized and divided equally among his children or their heirs.

The testator names as his executors and trustees his sons Edwin A. McAlpin, George L. McAlpin, David H. McAlpin, jr., and Charles W. McAlpin.

BEQUESTS BY ARTHUR E. WHITE.

The will of Arthur E. White was filed for probate yesterday in the office of the Surrogate. The real estate of the testator is placed at $500,000 and his personal estate at $230,000. Having made a bequest of $10,000 to his friend, William P. Wainwright, and his collection of postage and revenue stamps to his brother, Alain C. White, the testator bequeaths all his property to his brothers and sisters, John J. White, jr., Alain C. White, Lucy A. Morris, Margaret W. White and Violetta S. White, and his father, John J. White. Some of the bequests are subject to certain trust provisions, and the residue of the estate is left to the father of the testator.

MARRIED.

HAAS—SWARTZ—On Sunday, March 3, 1901, Henrietta Swartz to Harry Haas

Notices of marriages and deaths must be indorsed with full name and address.

DIED.

Beecroft, John R.
Bowman, J. R.
Butts, George W.
Dimock, Helen W.
Dougherty, Andrew.
Dunnell, Harriet H.
Gilman, George F.
Haviland, Solomon A.
Loder, Mary C.
McIntire, Louisa M. L.
Mulford, Cynthia Van B.
Norris, Julia K.
Vernon, Mary V.
Wetmore, George C.
Williams, Benjamin W.
Wood, John.

BEECROFT—In New-York City, on Saturday, March 2, 1901, John R. Beecroft, of Pelham Manor, N. Y., aged 53 years.
Funeral services at Christ Church, Pelham Manor, on Tuesday, March 5, 1901, at 1:30 p. m., on arrival of the 12:45 p. m. train from 129th-st., Harlem River Branch.
Please omit flowers.

BOWMAN—In Oil City, Penn., Sunday, February 24, J. Raymond Bowman, son of the late Mary H. and Dr. J. R. Bowman and grandson of James Hamilton, of Oil City, aged 22 years and 5 months.

BUTTS—March 4, 1901, at his residence, New-York City, of pneumonia, George Whitfield Butts, in the 42d year of his age.
Funeral private.

DIMOCK—On Monday, March 4, 1901, Helen Weston, wife of Anthony Weston Dimock.
Funeral services at her late residence, Sparkhill, N. Y., on Wednesday, March 6, at 11:30 a. m.
Interment at Evergreen Cemetery, Elizabeth, N. J.
Boston papers please copy.

DOUGHERTY—March 4, at his residence, No. 13 East 65th-st., New-York, Andrew Dougherty, aged 75.
Notice of funeral hereafter.

DUNNELL—At All Saints' Rectory, March 3, 1901, Harriet Hartland, wife of the Rev. William N. Dunnell, S. T. D., and daughter of the late Rev. Benjamin Evans.
Funeral at All Saints' Church, corner of Henry and Scammell sts., New-York, on Wednesday, the 6th inst., at 11 o'clock.
Interment at Greenwood.

GILMAN—In Black Rock District, Bridgeport, Conn., March 3, 1901, George Francis Gilman, in the 75th year of his age.
Funeral services will be held at his late home, Black Rock, Bridgeport, on Tuesday, 5th inst., at 4 o'clock p. m.
Coaches will be in waiting at the Bridgeport depot to meet the 1:02 express from New-York.
Interment in Greenwood Cemetery, Brooklyn, N. Y., on Wednesday.

HAVILAND—At White Plains, N. Y., on Sixth day, Third month (March 2), Solomon A. Haviland, in the 83d year of his age.
Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at Friends Meeting House, Purchase, on Third day (5th) at 11 o'clock.
Carriages will meet train at White Plains, leaving Grand Central Depot at 9:12 a. m.

LODER—At Amawalk, N. Y., on Sunday, March 3, Mary C., widow of Caleb T. Loder, in the 77th year of her age.
Funeral on Wednesday, the 6th inst., at Amawalk, at 11 a. m.

M'INTIRE—On Saturday, March 2, Louisa M. L. McIntire, daughter of the late William Neal and Ruth Lovett McIntire.
Funeral services at her late residence, No. 34 West 12th-st., on Tuesday, March 5, at 10 a. m.

DIED.

MULFORD—At Poughkeepsie City, N. Y., March 3, Cynthia Van Benschoten, widow of the late David H. Mulford, in the 77th year of her age.
Funeral from her late residence, No. 106 Market-st., Tuesday, March 5, at 2:30 o'clock. Relatives and friends are invited.

NORRIS—Entered into rest, Sunday afternoon, at Summit, N. J., Julia King, wife of Luthes W. P. Norris.
Funeral services Tuesday, at 12 o'clock noon, on arrival of 10 o'clock train from New-York, No. 120 Hobart-ave., N. J.

VERNON—Mary Virginia, wife of Frederic R Vernon, on March 3.
Funeral at No. 201 Lafayette-ave., Brooklyn, Tuesday, at 2 o'clock.
Funeral private.

WETMORE—At his residence, Medford, Mass., on Sunday, March 3, 1901, of pneumonia, George C. Wetmore, aged 76 years.
Funeral private.
Interment in Marble Cemetery, New-York.

WILLIAMS—On Sabbath afternoon, March 3, at his residence, at Mariner's Harbor, Staten Island, Benjamin W., eldest son of Benjamin W. Williams, in the 45th year of his age.
Funeral services on Wednesday morning, March 6, at 11 o'clock, from the Summerfield Methodist Episcopal Church, Harbor Road, Mariner's Harbor, Staten Island.
Interment at Woodrow Cemetery, Staten Island.
Chicago papers please copy.

WOOD—Suddenly, on the morning of March 2, John Wood, in the 84th year of his age.
Funeral at Friends' Meeting House, Poughkeepsie, on Tuesday, the 5th inst., at 11 o'clock.

Woodlawn Cemetery.
Borough of Bronx, New York City.
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(Should be read DAILY by all interested, as changes may occur at any time.)

Foreign mails for the week ending March 9, 1901, will close (promptly in all cases) at the General Postoffice as follows: Parcels Post Mails close one hour earlier than closing time shown below. Parcels Post Mails for Germany close at 5 p. m. on March 4, per s. s. Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, via Bremen; March 6, per s. s. Karlsruhe, via Bremen, and March 8, per s. s. Patricia, via Hamburg.

Regular and supplementary mails close at Foreign Branch half hour later than closing time shown below.

TRANSATLANTIC MAILS.

TUESDAY—At 6:30 a. m. for Europe, per s. s. Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, via Cherbourg, Southampton and Bremen.

WEDNESDAY—At 6:30 a. m. for Europe, per s. s. Vaderland, via Southampton (mail must be directed "per s. s. Vaderland"); at 8:30 a. m. (supplementary 10 a. m.) for Europe, per s. s. Teutonic, via Queenstown; at 10 a. m. for Belgium direct, per s. s. Southwark (mail must be directed "per s. s. Southwark").

THURSDAY—At 7 a. m. for France, Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, British India and Lorenzo Marquez, per s. s. La Bretagne, via Havre (mails for other parts of Europe must be directed "per s. s. La Bretagne").

FRIDAY—At 6 a. m. for Azores Islands, per s. s. Fernfield.

SATURDAY—At 4:30 a. m. for Europe, per s. s. Lucania, via Queenstown; at 7 a. m. for Denmark direct, per s. s. Norge (mail must be directed "per s. s. Norge"); at 7:30 a. m. for Netherlands direct, per s. s. Amsterdam (mail must be directed "per s. s. Amsterdam"); at 8 a. m. for Italy, per s. s. Hohenzollern, via Naples (mail must be directed "per s. s. Hohenzollern").

*PRINTED MATTER, ETC.—This steamer takes printed matter, commercial papers and samples for Germany only. The same class of mail matter for other parts of Europe will not be sent by this ship unless specially directed by her.

After the closing of the Supplementary Transatlantic Mails named above, additional supplementary mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, French and German steamers, and remain open until within Ten Minutes of the hour of sailing of steamer.

MAILS FOR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA, WEST INDIES, ETC.

TUESDAY—At 9:30 a