FLOOD RULES TENDERLOIN

CHAPMAN SENT TO THE GOATS FOR TALKING TOO MUCH.

FIVE OTHER CAPTAINS IN THE "SHAKE UP" —HINT THAT SOME HAVE DISOBEYED ORDERS.

Police Commissioner Murphy yesterday afternoon announced another "shake up" of police captains. The most significant transfer was that of Captain Chapman away from the Tenderloin. Captain Chapman had been sent to that precinct so recently that his removal from it was unexpected. Seven captains were transferred as follows:

WILLIAM DEAN, from East Twenty-second-st. to East Eighty-eighth-st.

EDWARD WALSH, from Elizabeth-st. to East One-hundred-and-twenty-sixth-st.

JOHN F. FLOOD, from East One-hundred-and-twenty-sixth-st. to West Thirtieth-st.

GEORGE F. CHAPMAN, from West Thirtieth-st. to Highbridge.

C. C. WENDEL, from the Central Office to Elizabeth-st.

JAMES GANNON, from Highbridge to East Twenty-second-st.

HENRY FRERS, from East Eighty-eighth-st. to the Central Office.

Commissioner Murphy was asked his reasons for the transfers. He replied:

These transfers are right along the line of the policy I have laid down. I intend to keep shifting the men until I find the right men for the right places. I have sent for all of these captains transferred, and have had long interviews with each. I have told each one that my orders must be obeyed. I am going to keep right on transferring captains until I find men who will obey my instructions.

His remarks led to the supposition that some of the captains transferred had not implicitly obeyed his instructions, and he was asked in what manner Captain Chapman had disappointed him in the governing of the Tenderloin.

"Captain Chapman," he said in reply, "has done fairly well in the Tenderloin, but there have been some complaints about police matters and government up there, and I have had two or three interviews with Captain Chapman."

He was urged to tell of some of the specific complaints that had been made regarding Captain Chapman's work in the Tenderloin, but he only replied testily:

"There has been too much talking with citizens up there. There have been too many conversational complaints."

Captain John F. Flood, who succeeds Captain Chapman as ruler of the Tenderloin, is a newly appointed captain. He was promoted just before the retirement of the old Police Board. For many years he was acting captain in the Central Office. When that title was abolished his title was that of sergeant. He was the confidential man of Chiefs of Police Conlin, McCullagh and Devery.

Captain Chapman spent much of last evening packing his personal belongings at the Tenderloin station in order to make room for those of his successor. The captain was asked what he had to say regarding the remark of Commissioner Murphy that he (Chapman) had "talked too much."

"That's all bosh," he replied. "I haven't been talking too much. I've only tried to be courteous to people, and that wasn't the cause of my transfer. As far as being transferred is concerned, I'm glad to get away. What's the difference; it's all in a lifetime." The captain added that "a man that don't have enemies is no good. Some one has been knocking me to the Commissioner."

At 10:30 o'clock Captain Chapman directed the sergeant in charge to send for an express wagon to convey his property to Highbridge, shook hands all around, asked for information about barber shops, and then passed out. He will assume command at Highbridge at 8 o'clock this morning.

SAYS "DOE" WARRANTS ARE ILLEGAL.

LAWYER'S CONTENTION, IF UPHELD, MIGHT NULLIFY MANY OF THE FIFTEEN'S ARRESTS.

If the contention of Augustus Rogers, stated to Justice Freedman, in the Supreme Court, yesterday, is upheld the warrants recently issued to the Committee of Fifteen and used in making raids on gambling places and disorderly houses are illegal, and the prisoners will have to be discharged. Justice Freedman reviewed writs of habeas corpus issued by Justice McAdam on Friday night in the cases of Michael Hart, Henry Walters, Max Josephs and Louis Green, all of whom were caught in a raid made by the Committee of Fifteen at Second-ave. and Fifth-st. on the night of March 23.

The warrants for the raid were issued by Justice Jerome, and called for the arrest of John Black, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4. In all nine persons were caught in the raid.

The prisoners had a hearing before Justice Jerome on Friday, and five of them were discharged. Mr. Rogers, appearing for Hart, Walters, Josephs and Green, insisted that the warrants upon which his clients were arrested were illegal, and had a controversy with Justice Jerome. He left the courtroom and hunted up Justice McAdam, of the Supreme Court, who granted the application for writs of habeas corpus for the men, and admitted them to $1,000 bail pending a hearing yesterday.

When the case was called Assistant District Attorney Gans appeared for Justice Jerome. Colonel Robert G. Monroe represented the Committee of Fifteen, and Mr. Rogers looked after the interests of the prisoners. Mr. Gans promptly appealed for an adjournment in the matter until Monday. He told Justice Freedman that the writs had not been served on the District Attorney until 9:30 o'clock yesterday morning. Mr. Gans said that it was impossible for Justice Jerome to make a proper return to the writ in so short a time.

Upon this statement Justice Freedman granted an adjournment until to-morrow morning.

Mr. Rogers says that under a decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the case of Cable agt. West, warrants in which the prisoners are described as John Doe, or names similar to those upon which the prisoners at bar were apprehended, are illegal and void.

CROSS DEFENDS A POLICEMAN.

SAYS NO CHARGE WAS MADE THAT A BOY PATROLLED HIS BEAT FOR HIM.

Inspector Cross, at Police Headquarters yesterday, contradicted a report that Mrs. Mary Lonergan, of No. 55 Cherry-st., had made a charge that Policeman Anthony, of the Oak-st. station, was addicted to the opium habit, and had had a boy patrol his post at night while he was under the influence of the drug. Such a charge, the inspector said, was absurd. The boy referred to in the report is Joseph Brady, Mrs. Lonergan's brother. He was arrested for theft some time ago, and a Mrs. Nelson went on his bond. Mrs. Nelson wanted to take charge of the boy, and Mrs. Lonergan locked him up in her rooms. Then Mrs. Nelson appealed to the police, and Policeman Anthony took the boy away from Mrs. Lonergan. Mrs. Lonergan then accused the policeman of breaking the door of her room and abusing her, but an investigation discredited, it is said, her charges.

DOCTORS' COMMITTEE CHOSEN.

The County Medical Society recently decided to appoint a committee to investigate the effects of vice in the tenement houses from the physician's point of view. The members of the committee have been chosen as follows: Drs. Prince A. Morrow, S. Adolph Knopp, Henry Dwight Chapin, Charles Warrenne Allen, L. Duncan Bulkley and Ludwig Weiss. Dr. George B. Fowler, president of the society, is an ex officio member of the committee.

At a meeting of the committee held on Thursday last Dr. Morrow was elected chairman. The committee will communicate with the Committee of Fifteen.

FIFTEEN'S REPORT WEDNESDAY.

William H. Baldwin, jr., the chairman of the Committee of Fifteen, said yesterday that the committee's report, which has been awaited with some apprehension by police officials, had not been completed. The report, Mr. Baldwin said, would probably be ready after the committee's regular weekly meeting next Wednesday afternoon. He refused to say anything about what the report would contain.

A RAID ON A POKER GAME.

Captain Lantry, of the East Fifty-first-st. station, and several of his detectives made a raid on some poker players last night, and made thirteen arrests. Two games were in progress in the rear room of a coffee and cake lunchroom, at No. 899 First-ave. There were two tables, at which were seated twelve players. The alleged proprietor was also arrested. At the station he gave his name as Henry Pick, said he was thirty-two years old, a saloonkeeper, and that he lived at No. 1,691 First-ave. The patrol wagon of Captain Lantry's precinct made two trips in taking the prisoners to the station.

Two packs of cards and two boxes of chips were seized. The prisoners are nearly all Germans, and are employed as drivers or butchers by East Side slaughter houses.

DID THEIR DUTY TOO WELL.

PATROLMEN TRANSFERRED FOR ENFORCING THE EXCISE LAW.

It has just come to light that three patrolmen and one roundsman have been transferred, as some people say, for enforcing the order of Police Commissioner Murphy and Captain Schmittberger, of the West One-hundredth-st. station, relative to the Excise law. As it happens, all of these men are Republicans. They have been sent away from their homes and widely separated.

Commissioner Murphy sent out an order to close the saloons last Sunday. Captain Schmittberger on March 28 and 31 issued special instructions to carry out the order of Commissioner Murphy. Here is the result of obeying orders:

Charles Becker, patrolman, living at No. 207 West Ninety-fifth-st., Thirtieth Precinct (West One-hundredth-st.), arrested John Reilly, of No. 855 Amsterdam-ave., on Sunday, March 31, at 6:55 p. m. Becker has been transferred, to report this morning at Mercer-st., Sixteenth Precinct.

Philip Faubel, patrolman, of No. 172 West Ninety-seventh-st., arrested one Aurig in Amsterdam-ave. on March 31, about 6:45 p. m. Faubel has been transferred to the Seventh Precinct, in Madison-st.

Patrolman Quigley, of No. 116 West One-hundred-and-first-st., with William T. Ennis, roundsman, last Sunday arrested John Cryan at the southeast corner of One-hundred-and-third-st. and Columbus-ave. Quigley has been transferred to the Twentieth Precinct, West Thirty-seventh-st., and Ennis to the Tenth Precinct, Macdougal-st.

The Rev. Dr. D. G. Wiley, pastor of the Scotch Presbyterian Church, who lives at No. 10 West Ninety-sixth-st., has interested himself in these policemen. Last night, at his home, he said:

"I have met these officers, and I must say that they strike me as being men of intelligence. One of them has told me the story of his transfer, and I am firmly of the opinion that what he told me was entirely true. Here were four officers, who obeyed the orders of their superiors as read to them. They were too honest to appreciate the fact that they were not expected to obey them. Since then they have been jeered at for their innocence.

"It is not necessary to comment upon the kind of police force we are to possess if the administration is so rotten at the head. I shall turn over this evidence to the Committee of Fifteen. Every fact of this kind will, I hope, some day lead to better conditions.

"Let it be understood that these arrests were made at the bidding of Police Commissioner Murphy and Captain Schmittberger. The men were endeavoring to do their duty, and this is their reward. How long will the citizens of New-York tolerate such conduct? What incentive is there for officers to do their duty? These men are determined to do their duty further, and lay this matter before the Committee of Fifteen, the newspapers and the judges. If they are able to substantiate their claim, all good citizens ought to stand solidly back of them."

NO MORE FREE RENT.

A LANDLORDS' MUTUAL PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION SOON TO BE ORGANIZED.

The first step toward the formation of a landlords and real estate agents' mutual protective association, the news of which was exclusively published in last Sunday's Tribune, was taken on Wednesday evening, when a meeting of a number of prominent West End real estate agents and builders was held at the office of Jesse C. Bennett & Co., at Seventy-sixth-st. and Columbus-ave. The object of the proposed association is to bring about a reform in the common practice of giving a ruinous amount of free time to new tenants of apartments, and to blacklist those who break their leases or fail to pay their rent. It is hoped that an association of this kind will be able to stamp out many evils that have resulted from the practices which owners of apartment houses have been forced into, on account of the prevailing competition and the questionable methods of unscrupulous and irresponsible speculative builders.

A preliminary organization was effected at last Wednesday's meeting, and Jesse C. Bennett, R. B. McCotter and Charles H. Haig were appointed a committee to formulate a plan and devise ways and means to bring about the object in view. This committee will report at a meeting to be held on Wednesday, April 17, after which a call is to be issued for a mass meeting, at which a permanent association is to be organized. The difficulty of stopping at once the common practice of giving free time to new tenants was fully appreciated by the promoters of the proposed association, and it was deemed advisable at their meeting to make the blacklisting of undesirable tenants the primary issue. After the association gets fairly under way it may be found practicable to inaugurate other important and needy reforms, particularly the breaking up of the free rent practice. If this can be accomplished, a much healthier condition of the market in apartment house property is bound to follow, it being fully realized by all concerned that the present state of affairs is causing investors to be somewhat chary of putting their money in properties of this description. The average investor looks for an immediate and continuous return on his investment, and as long as the present demoralized renting conditions prevail he will think twice before he buys. The sooner builders of apartment houses recognize this, and stop the practice of offering inducements to would-be tenants, the easier it will be to sell their houses, it is conceded on all sides.

Another advantage of the present movement will be in the effect it will have on the renting public. It will effectually put a stop to a demand for free time, and cause less moving about from one house to another in order to take advantage of the proffered "inducements," as is a common occurrence nowadays. The desire for the contemplated reforms is unanimous among all uptown real estate agents, builders and owners of apartment houses. A Tribune reporter made a thorough canvass on the subject among the leading agents and builders in the upper sections of the city, and all expressed themselves heartily in accord with the sentiment and object of the proposed association.

STOCK OFFERED FOR SALE.

The California King Gold Mines Company, of No. 32 Broadway and No. 69 New-st., offers to the public two hundred thousand shares of treasury stock at $3 a share. The company's mines are at Picacho, San Diego County, Cal. Among its directors are Senator John P. Jones, of Nevada, president of the company; Colonel Ashley W. Cole, of Brooklyn; Stilson Hutchins, of Washington; ex-Senator Pettigrew, of South Dakota, and ex-Senator Stephen W. Dorsey, of this city.

TO TEAR DOWN OLD STOCK EXCHANGE.

Although the members of the Stock Exchange will not leave their old quarters for several weeks, workmen began yesterday the construction of a temporary bridge in front of the Broad-st. entrance to facilitate the demolition of the building. The building is a solid one, with considerable metal work above the mansard story, and this will be removed first so that the destruction of the building proper may proceed as soon as it is vacated. The work of fitting up the temporary quarters in the Produce Exchange is well under way, and the place will be ready for occupancy by May 1.

WANTS TO BE FREE FROM HER DEBTS.

Bessie Loucheim, living at No. 229 West One-hundred-and-twentieth-st., has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $15,730 and nominal assets of $21,992. She was formerly in business as Loucheim & Co., wholesale liquor dealers, at No. 448 Greenwich and No. 123 Hudson st., and gave up that business four years ago. The assets consist of outstanding accounts, due from one hundred customers in this State, New-Jersey, Connecticut and Massachusetts. The American Exchange National Bank is put on the schedules as a creditor for $12,087, secured by a life insurance of her husband, James Loucheim, and notes of other parties to the order of Loucheim & Co. The amount of this claim is disputed, and the bankrupt states that she owes the bank $10,612.

THE PRINT CLOTH MARKET.

Fall River, Mass., April 6 (Special).—Local brokers report that the sales in the print cloth market in the week amounted to about 75,000 pieces, all odds. No regulars could be sold in that time at the price demanded. The print cloth business is still dull, the sales reported in the week barely equalling the previous week's total. Any positive effect of the curtailment remains to be noted. The reduction of the output has already amounted to over a full week's production, and the movement is now at the end of its third week. The curtailment plan, however, has made it almost impossible for buyers to obtain price concessions. Business at anything lower than the present quotation is unprofitable, and manufacturers are displaying firm resistance to every attempt to lower figures on their goods. Local mill men believe that with increased curtailment here in New-England and in other sections the removal of a large amount of goods from the market should have had the effect of causing a heavy buying movement to set in were there any large demand to be filled, but the demand for goods is very limited, and buyers are only filling orders to relieve immediate necessities. Price concessions might tempt them to buy more largely, but local manufacturers cannot see their way clear to transfer goods profitably at less than present figures. The market is dull but firm at 2⅞ cents for regulars, and on that basis for odds.

CONSOLIDATION RUMOR NOT CONFIRMED.

The report that negotiations are in progress for an amalgamation of the Southern Railway, the Monon, the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton and the Cincinnati Southern received no confirmation yesterday. Influential Southern Railway interests declared that they knew nothing of any plan for combining the properties.

TO FINE A CORPORATION.

REFEREE HOLDS COMPANY AND OFFICERS MUST PAY PENALTIES FOR REFUSING TO SHOW BOOKS.

A decision of importance to corporations and to stockholders has been given by ex-Justice Roger A. Pryor as referee in a case bearing upon the right of a stockholder of a corporation to examine the books of the concern, and to collect damages for a refusal on the part of the officers of the company to permit such examination.

The case is that of Theodore Cox, a large stockholder in the Island Mining Company, a Michigan corporation, who made a demand on the secretary for permission to examine the books of the concern in the morning of one day, and another demand in the afternoon of the same day. Another demand was made on the secretary the following day, and on the third day still another demand was made, this time on the president. All these demands were refused. On the fourth day the plaintiff made another demand, which was complied with. The stockholder sued the secretary for three refusals, the president for one and the company for four, under Section 53 of the Stock Corporation act, which provides for a penalty of $250 for each offence, to be imposed on both officers and company.

The defendants raised the points that the company was not doing business in this State, had no office here, that the demand was not made at the proper time, that there was no refusal, that the company had not obtained a certificate from the Secretary of State permitting it to do business, and specially insisted that the penalty was not cumulative, and that only one penalty could be recovered in each suit.

Ex-Justice Pryor decided in favor of the plaintiff, allowing him three penalties against the officers and three against the company. He held that since the stockbook should be open daily for inspection the penalty was not to be imposed more than once each day. In his decision the referee cites a number of analogous cases and adds:

There was one demand for the book on April 25. Being refused at 1 o'clock, the plaintiff returned about 2 o'clock, with a witness, and repeated the demand. It were an unreasonable construction that the statute contemplates a penalty every hour the stockholder chooses to reiterate his demand. But as the book is to be "open daily for inspection" the stockholder may renew the demand day after day until his right is conceded.

MAN KILLED IN A COLLISION.

CARS RUNNING DOWN GRADE SMASH INTO A SWITCHING ENGINE.

Stephen Riski, a Russian laborer, living in Melrose, was killed early yesterday morning in the tunnel at Fifty-ninth-st. and Park-ave. in a collision between a milk train and a switching engine. Riski was employed on the Harlem branch of the New-York Central and Hudson River Railroad, and his duties were to test the airbrakes on empty milk cars.

Riski opened the brakes yesterday to see that they worked, and the cars suddenly started down grade from Fiftieth-st. The airbrakes would not work. Riski ran ahead over the cars until he reached the first one, and leaning over the buffer tried to stop the cars by means of a hand brake. This also refused to work. In the tunnel at Fifty-ninth-st. was an engine backing up to take the empty cars. The first car hit the engine with terrific force, and the engine was driven half way through it. The body of Riski was also driven into the car.

A wrecking crew was sent out. No one knew that a man had been killed. About 6 a. m. some of the wreckers were looking over the smashed car and found the body of Riski. It was badly mangled. The track was blocked from 3:45 to 10:25 o'clock.

ROB DOCTOR IN THE STREET.

POLICE THINK TWO MEN CHARGED WITH THE CRIME HAVE BAD RECORDS.

Dr. L. R. Rancour, of No. 113 West Seventy-sixth-st., was the complainant yesterday morning in the Harlem police court against Frank Williams, of No. 192 East Ninety-eighth-st., and Henry Smith, of No. 1,792 Third-ave., whom he accused of robbing him on Friday night of his money and papers at Third-ave. and Ninety-seventh-st. Both prisoners were held in bail of $3,000 by Magistrate Pool for examination on Monday.

Dr. Rancour explained that he had been in Harlem answering a sick call. While on his way home he stopped in a saloon at Third-ave. and Ninety-eighth-st., to get a drink. The next thing he knew, he said, was when the two men named assailed him and rifled his pockets.

The police think that the prisoners both have records, and are investigating their careers.

BACK PAY AFTER THIRTY-SIX YEARS.

GOVERNMENT PAYS A CIVIL WAR VETERAN $8 48 FOR HIS SOLDIERING.

Charles H. Severs, a well known resident of Parkville, Brooklyn, after thirty-six years has received from the United States Government notice that back pay amounting to $8 48 for his services as a soldier has been sent to him from the War Department at Washington. Mr. Severs was a private in the 4th New-Jersey Infantry.

CHARGED WITH TRYING TO SHOOT WIFE.

MAN ATTACKS WOMAN JUST AFTER BEING ORDERED IN COURT NOT TO DO SO.

Arthur H. Sherman, thirty-five years old, of No. 152 West Fourteenth-st., was arraigned before Magistrate Olmsted in the Jefferson Market court yesterday morning charged with assaulting his wife, Jennie. Sherman was in court on Friday morning in response to a summons which had been procured by his wife, who charged him with habitual drunkenness and with ill-treating her. She would not make any complaint against her husband in court, however, saying that all she desired was that he be made to keep away from her. Magistrate Olmsted issued an order to that effect.

Within an hour after he left court, it is alleged, Sherman called on his wife, grabbed her by the throat, choked her and discharged a revolver at her. He returned again in the afternoon and attempted to shoot her a second time. He was prevented from so doing only by the servant, who knocked the revolver from his hand and then called in Patrolman Riley, of the Charles-st. station, who placed him under arrest. He was held in $500 bail for examination on Monday.

FIRST SERVICE IN NEW CHURCH.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE HOUSE OF WORSHIP TO BE DEDICATED TO-DAY.

The Second Church of Christ, Scientist, at Central Park West and Sixty-eighth-st., which will open for its first service this morning, was incorporated in October, 1891, by nine students of Christian Science, who first worshipped in a private house in West Thirty-fourth-st. From there the church was transferred to a large room in Carnegie Music Hall. Later, at Hodgson Hall, Fifth-ave. and Forty-fifth-st., the church grew to a membership of 100. Six years ago the society installed itself in Scottish Rite Hall, Madison-ave. and Twenty-ninth-st., where it has remained, having increased in membership to 360 and in attendance to 500. In May, 1898, in a single night, $68,000 was subscribed for the construction of the church which will be dedicated to-day. On April 2, 1899, a ten ton cornerstone of Concord granite was laid.

The building occupies a rectangular area of about 106 by 127 feet, and has a total height of 110 feet. The exterior is French Renaissance in style of architecture. In the centre of the vestibule is a bronze tablet, with raised letters, which read as follows:

THIS
TEMPLE of TRUTH and LOVE,
Erected by the free and grateful contributions of
many beneficiaries of
CHRISTIAN SCIENCE,
is this first Easter Day
of the Twentieth Century dedicated to
ONE GOD.
It is also an expression of appreciation and gratitude to our beloved leader and teacher, the
Rev. MARY BAKER EDDY,
DISCOVERER AND FOUNDER OF
CHRISTIAN SCIENCE,
and author of its textbook,
SCIENCE AND HEALTH, WITH KEY TO
THE SCRIPTURES.

The first Christian Scientist church in this city was organized in 1887, and the second four years later. To-day, in New-York City, there are eight incorporated churches. In the United States there are six hundred.

SIMPSON, CRAWFORD & SIMPSON.

Eastertide Millinery Offerings.

About 150 Imported Models of Round Hats, Toques and Turbans (this season's choicest designs), costing from $35 to $60 each, will be marked to-morrow at two prices,

$20 and $25 Each.

We also show a large collection of Dress and Suit Hats from our own work rooms marked at strictly popular prices.

(Trimmed Hat Depts. 2d Floor, New Building.)

Untrimmed Hats.

1,000 dozen Untrimmed Straw and Fancy Braid Hats; enormous variety of styles in Dress Shapes, Toques and Turbans, including many hand made hats, black, white, navy, brown, castor, mais, ciel, rose, etc.

Actual Value 1.25 to 2.25 each,

To-morrow 75c, 98c and 1.29.

Flowers of Every Sort.

Exceptionally large assortment of French Flowers and Foliage, all natural effects, also Montures, Wreaths, Sprays.

The Specials Are

Fine Rose Montures and Wreaths, assorted styles and colors . . . . . **48c, 75c and 98c**

750 Dozen Fine Muslin Roses—3 in a bunch, in all the new colorings—at . . . . . **29c and 39c**

(JUST HALF PRICE.)

The Best in Suits at the Lowest of Prices—Notably One at 22.75.

29.50 Suits, and so rated by every authority. Light weight Cheviots, black or blue, lined throughout with taffeta. Skirt in flounce effect, has a silk drop with pleated flounce. Coat shows vestee of contrasted colors. This description of a general nature fails to show the high grade tailor work. The Suit will prove a revelation of value.

45.00 Broadcloth Suits—Monday, 35.00.

An imported model was taken and duplicated. Result, elimination of the high cost, but preservation of every attractive, exclusive feature. Handsome braid and velvet trimming, lined throughout with best taffeta, silk drop to skirt.

Dress Skirts, with silk drop—12.75.

Made of black cheviot (light weight), particularly well shaped and tailored.

Short Skirts, for walking or golfing—**6.75.**

Either in black pebble cheviot, or brown and blue reversible cloths. In both cases—8.50 Skirts.

Lace Department.

We have, this past week, opened large importations of very choice Laces, from the best manufacturers of Europe; showing new and original ideas in design, weave and finish. They are the forerunners of patterns that will be adopted in other lines of fabrics and trimming to be brought out at a later period, and should be inspected by all interested in advanced ideas of pattern and effect for women's costumes.

The new Fond de fil Laces show a wide departure from styles of the past few years, so strongly marked in design that they at once appeal to patrons of laces as worthy of critical examination.

Complete assortments of Irish Crochet Laces, Galloons and All-Overs, perfect loom copies of the Real Irish Lace.

19th St. Sixth Avenue. 20th St.

Knickerbocker Auction Rooms,

8 WEST 28th STREET. C. E. SMITH, Auctioneer.

THE ART EVENT OF THE SEASON.

To-morrow, Monday, Promptly at 2 o'Clock, and Afternoons Following to April 13 Inclusive, Absolute Public Sale at the old

National Academy of Design,

CORNER FOURTH AVENUE AND TWENTY-THIRD STREET.
OF THE EXCLUSIVE, UNIQUE AND EXTENSIVE STOCK OF

H. Dearborn Gardiner,

CORNER FOURTH AVENUE AND TWENTY-NINTH STREET.
FORCED ON THE MARKET BY RAPID TRANSIT TUNNEL BLOCKADE,
COMPRISING AN UNPRECEDENTED COLLECTION OF

EUROPEAN ANTIQUES, FURNITURE, TAPESTRIES,

Objects of Art, Ceramics, Textiles, Fabrics, Paintings, Silver, Statuary, Bronzes, Fans, Carvings, Etc.

Paintings Sold Thursday Evening, April 11, at 8 o'Clock.

SAYS SHE WAS EJECTED FROM HOTEL.

WOMAN BRINGS SUIT FOR $2,000 AGAINST THE PROPRIETOR OF THE ST. ANDREW.

Andrew Robertson, the proprietor of the Hotel St. Andrew, at Broadway and Seventy-second-st., has been sued in the City Court by Jennie N. Seward to recover $2,000 damages for alleged wrongful eviction and for aspersions on her character alleged to have been made by the proprietor of the hotel and his employes.

Mrs. Seward says that she had for some time prior to February occupied apartments in the hotel, and was requested in February to give up her room because a man was seen coming out of it one evening. She explained that the man was her real estate broker, and that he had been there on business. Her statement was accepted to the extent of permitting her to continue her occupancy of the apartment for the remainder of the week, but she says exorbitant prices were charged for everything she ordered.

When the end of the week arrived she was unceremoniously ordered to pack up and go. This she did under protest. Mrs. Seward says that she has not only been injured by being compelled to leave her apartment, but complains that the reasons given by the management of the hotel for declining to permit her to remain a patron of the establishment were unfounded, and constitute a malicious slander.

FUNDS OF PAN-AMERICAN EXHIBIT.

Buffalo, April 6.—At a meeting of the corporators of the Pan-American Exposition this afternoon President J. G. Milburn submitted a statement to the effect that the funds of the Exposition would meet all obligations covering the completion of the Exposition with the exception of about $500,000. The recent failure of Congress to grant a loan of $500,000 to the Exposition caused over $200,000 to be subscribed to-day. President Milburn expects that the remaining amount necessary will be raised in the coming week.

LECTURES AT CARNEGIE LYCEUM.

MANHATTAN COLLEGE ALUMNI SOCIETY TO BEGIN A COURSE ON SCIENTIFIC SUBJECTS.

The Alumni Society of Manhattan College announces a subscription course of lectures on scientific subjects at Carnegie Lyceum, to enable the college to develop and equip its scientific department. The subjects and lecturers are:

April 10, "Meteors and Meteorites," Professor Potamian, London University; April 16, "The Development of Artillery in the Nineteenth Century," Captain E. L. Zalinski, U. S. A., retired; April 22, "Submarine Boats," John P. Holland, inventor of the Holland; April 25, "The Steam Engine and Its Rivals," Professor Robert H. Thurston, Cornell University; April 30, "Electrical Wave Transmission," Professor Michael I. Pupin, Columbia University.

This course is especially intended to open the School of Instruction in Naval Architecture, and among the patrons are Archbishop Corrigan, Admiral Dewey, President Seth Low of Columbia, Chancellor MacCracken of New-York University, President Jacob G. Schurman of Cornell University, Secretary of War Elihu Root, Giuseppi Marconi, Nikola Tesla, Elbridge T. Gerry, General Stewart L. Woodford, Lewis Nixon, Colonel A. G. Mills, U. S. A., and others.

NOT IN THE ICE TRUST.

To the Editor of The Tribune.

Sir: Statements likely to mislead the public and destroy an honest effort to secure a low and uniform price for ice are being freely made by agents of the American Ice Company, to the effect that the People's Co-operative Ice Company is a part of and under the control of the Ice Trust. Specific assertions are also being made that the People's Co-operative Ice Company has recently sold out to the American Ice Company.

These statements are malicious and false, as the People's Co-operative Ice Company has no relation, near or remote, direct or indirect, with any other ice company. The Ice Trust evidently realizes that the best method for discrediting a rival is to claim its friendship.

THE PEOPLE'S CO-OPERATIVE ICE CO.
New-York, April 6, 1901.

THIEVES CUT TELEGRAPH WIRES.

A STRETCH OF 4,500 FEET TAKEN FROM FIFTEEN WIRES BETWEEN BRYN MAWR AND DUNWOODIE.

Some time on Friday evening before 7 o'clock the Western Union Telegraph Company reported to the Fortieth Precinct police station, at Kingsbridge, that its wires had been cut somewhere near Van Cortlandt. Officers could not find the cut. Yesterday morning an official of the Yonkers district detected the trouble between Bryn Mawr and Dunwoodie. A stretch of 4,500 feet had been cut from the fifteen wires along the most secluded part of the Putnam Railroad.

The entire central part of the State was cut off from the telegraph for hours, and a gang of men were busily at work yesterday stringing new wires.

BERMUDA LILIES FOR EASTER.

The steamer Trinidad, which arrived here from Bermuda yesterday, brought a large number of boxes of Easter lilies. They were packed five dozen in a box. It was said yesterday that the market here for Easter lilies has not been good this year, and that a smaller number of lilies than usual have been brought from Bermuda in consequence.

American Art Galleries,

MADISON SQUARE SOUTH, NEW YORK.

To-morrow, Tuesday, Wednesday at 2:30 P. M.

TO BE SOLD BY ORDER OF

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An Extraordinary COLLECTION OF

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"Blue and White," "Single Color," "Five Color," "White" and "Sung" Porcelains, Bronzes, Enamels, Silver, Fine Ivory Carvings, Choice Lacquers, Gems for the Cabinet, Superb Textiles and Embroideries, and a number of Grand Old Screens.

Also

On Tuesday Evening Next, April 9th, at 7:30 o'clock,

Antique Japanese Color Prints, Paintings on Silk

And Examples of

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THOMAS E. KIRBY, Auctioneer.

AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Managers.

April showers bring forth May flowers. Spring Clothing, too.

We show in this cut the overcoat as it is worn to-day. Cuffs, slashed pockets, liberal length. We offer a special sale of imported Coverts, Velours and Cravenette rain-proof cloths. Overcoat, silk lined, to order, $25. Double-breasted frock coat and vest, silk lined and faced, made of imported Vicuna Thibets, to order, $23. Desirable assortment of imported Unfinished Worsteds, suit to order, $25. Special sale of fine English Trouserings, to order, $6.

Samples, Books of Information and Measuring Guide mailed anywhere upon request.

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BROADWAY & 9TH STREET.

GRIPPE.

A gentleman writes:—"When nothing else could,

MAN-A-CEA

met all the requirements of my case; corrected the debilitating effects of grippe and stomach troubles arising therefrom, its strengthening effects being immediately apparent and continuous." You can do the same thing if you will call on your druggist, or

BEN K. CURTIS,
13 Stone St.,
OR ANY DRUGGIST.

Quarts, 50 cents; five gallons, $5; about 3 cents a glass.

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As a scheme for the Country house dining-room that will offer a perfect suggestion of good cheer with hospitality—we offer Sideboards, Round Tables, and Glass Closets in English Manor designs, in weathered Oak and green Ash. The simple beauty of these pieces creates an individuality for quaintness and character.

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