



TAILOR GOWNS WITH EFFECTIVE JACKETS (Illustration Art Journal)

SELLING CASTOFF CLOTHES

AN ENTERPRISE THAT HELPS IN MANY WAYS MANY POOR FAMILIES.

Not a whit more eager are the crowds that besiege the bargain counters of uptown stores than the group composed of less fortunate women that file the clothing bureau of St. Barnabas's House, No. 29 Mott-st., every Wednesday morning.

Last Wednesday was the bureau's opening day of the season, and the sales were larger than ever before since its establishment in March, but this was because every member of the organization was present and had been hoarding pennies for the purpose all summer. The amount usually received is about \$200—last week it was \$325.

The room in which the sale is held is the lodge of St. Barnabas's House, the eight beds of which are filled nightly throughout the year with respectable women who are temporarily without shelter. While the clothes bureau is in possession the beds are folded up and put away, and the room assumes the character of a second hand shop, or, perhaps more exactly, a rummage sale, for every sort of thing to be found in a civilized household.

The stock of the enterprise is composed of the bits of cast off clothing of all kinds, abandoned household utensils and furnishings, children's worn dresses and discarded appointments of well-to-do houses, which are all supplied by friends of the institution.

Every article is appraised and marked plainly with a price before it is shown to the buyers. The prices, of course, are nominal, but by them the purchasers are made exempt from the odium of "charity." A well worn but comfortable dress will sell for 75 cents to 90 cents, which, if the buyer is thrifty, a few pennies more will put in good receipt. In many cases such a suit will be worth far more to the wearer than one of the shoddy kind found in the cheap shops of the East Side.

The buyers are persons recommended by religious or other organizations as worthy of aid, and all are carefully investigated, to make sure that their purchases will not be converted into drink through the pawn and second hand shops. Each member receives a ticket, without which no purchase can be made. Of the nearly eighty persons enrolled to whom the privileges of the bureau are open, two are men, but, judging from the articles bought on Wednesday, it is certain that many more benefit by its opportunities. One woman mourned openly because she could not get a white shirt to fit "him" and another hoped to have "cancer" in her next time getting a real nice expensive suit of clothes for her "man." Others went away happy with coats, hats, shoes, trousers and haberdashery enough in the aggregate to make comfortable a small regiment. One woman was looking for shoes, and when asked what sizes she wanted, replied: "From three years up to twenty-three. Next time I will get more for myself."

As the women enter their tickets are given up to the manager, Miss Julia Lathers. Then they go about and make selections, each putting her treasures in one pile. Sometimes, indeed, this pile becomes a veritable mound for size. Not infrequently the same article is the desired of all others by two or more women, and occasionally the outcome of the discussion as to who shall win is in danger of being settled by force. There was a quilt not long ago that several women wanted, for, with approaching cold, the meagre furnishings of the poor homes become more apparent. The contestants finally dwindled to two persistent spirits who threatened for a time to rend asunder the coveted prize. The controversy was at last settled by arbitration, and the winner left with the air of a conqueror. When the size of the heap has been made to correspond with the contents of the pocketbook it is gathered into the arms and carried to Miss Lathers's desk, where she notes the prices of the various articles, makes a bill and takes the money. Often the amount is found to exceed the limitations of the buyer's resources. In such cases a penny or two must be reserved as article necessary to comfort until the next week.

INTERESTING TRAITES. A good many interesting characteristics are revealed at the manager's desk. The feminine love for shopping is apparent in the poorest, and the delight at finding a bargain is just as keen as among richer folk.

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BREAKFAST Dainties.

QUANTITIES OF SMOKED FISH, GRAPE FRUIT AND OTHER DELICACIES

NOW IN THE MARKETS.

With the first touch of cool weather the market stands show many dainties long absent from the table. Autumn, while somewhat scant in its offerings of all but game, which it sends so plentifully, is rich in breakfast food. All sorts of smoked fish appear, and grapefruit, which seems specially grateful for the breakfast table, is again to be had, together with various other fruits most grateful after their summer absence. The healthy human being who still possesses an appetite for the early American breakfast once more revels in the abundance of good things for the morning meal.

The tiresome routine of steaks, chops and omelettes may now be varied with the popular and delicious "fishman's breakfast," salt mackerel, herring (the kippered sort) and eaters. Sturgeon, one of the least appreciated of the smoked fish, also returns to gladden the morning menu.

This last fish is in many families regarded as a counter supply of the German cooked food shops, and is bought and eaten cold without cooking as a general thing. But, baked until the skin crackles, served with a maitre d'hotel sauce, garnished with chopped parsley and sliced lemon, it is one of the most desirable articles. The best dishes are the grapefruit, or shaddock, that seems grown specially for the not always keen morning appetite, makes its appearance, a most welcome comer to the housewife, who has had the high fruit prices of the summer to consider in providing for her table. Some poor specimens of the fruit have been in the market during the summer, but, like the grape, the shaddock requires the first touch of autumn cold to make it perfect.

The usual way of serving the grapefruit is to cut it in halves, remove the seeds, loosen the fruit pulp from the skin with a sharp, thin bladed knife, and place amid cracked ice until serving, with powdered sugar added, if desired. The addition of a cream sauce, or a dressing of olive oil and lemon juice, is also a commendable improvement. Then the fruit pulp may be dug from the skin leaving the fibre behind, and served in a glass dish, with a hauser potato, over and powdered sugar added. It should be placed on ice for an hour before being served.

An odd new way for the service of the fruit before dinner as well as breakfast is to remove the seeds, and in a hot oven to place the upper cover with oysters, with tomato catsup, tabasco sauce and lemon.

Mackerel smoked is a most palatable breakfast dainty, with grilled sweet potatoes as an accompaniment. The fish may be boiled and served with a cream sauce, or else broiled with a dressing of melted butter, parsley and lemon. The varieties of smoked herring may be broiled over a coal fire or browned in a hot oven, and served with a dressing of melted butter, parsley and lemon. The varieties of smoked herring may be broiled over a coal fire or browned in a hot oven, and served with a dressing of melted butter, parsley and lemon.

BREAKFAST MENUS FOR AUTUMN.

- Oranges. Wheatmeal with cream. Corn fritters. Baked fishman's breakfast. Toast. Eggs. Coffee. Assorted fruits. Oatmeal and cream. Boiled sweet potatoes. Boiled mackerel. Fried oysters. Prime, stewed with chestnuts. Salt mackerel with cream sauce. Baked potatoes. Maitre d'hotel sauce. Eggs, with onion. Corn bread. Baked shaddock, maitre d'hotel sauce. Eggs, with onion. Corn bread. Baked shaddock, maitre d'hotel sauce. Eggs, with onion. Corn bread.

ON THE LIBRARY COMMISSION.

A SUGGESTION THAT WOMEN HAVE A VOICE IN THE DISTRIBUTION OF THE LARGE FUNDS.

A New-York library commission that will include women as well as men, is needed in this city," declared Mrs. Frances Hardin Hayes yesterday afternoon in the course of her address on "Libraries, Their Use and Abuse," given at the meeting of the Woman's Alliance of the Lenox Avenue Y. M. C. A. building.

"We are going to have sixty-five buildings as libraries in this city, and each of these will employ a number of people—some of them twenty-four persons—and women should have their share of the places. It is not fair to say that you don't need to have women's suffrage or to believe in it to work for this."

"I do not believe that women make the best librarians," said the speaker, when alluding to the places that she considered women qualified to fill. "Books are good at detail work, make catalogues, and are competent librarians, but a man should have the charge of the library, because he should follow the custom in England, where they have what is known as a civil pension list. On this list we should have the men of culture who are not selected to be the court of last appeal for information, but an expert, as, for instance, astronomy. We should elevate the work they do in the field of literature by making it unnecessary for these men to work at their living."

"Commercialism is the bane of the library system in America. No matter how well fitted an individual may be, if he is not a man of letters, he should not be given a dollar a month is the price," she said. "Thirty dollars a month is the price of a man of letters, and it doesn't matter how cultured that applicant may be, if he is not a man of letters, he should not be given a dollar a month is the price."

WOMAN'S INFLUENCE.

"HEY CAN DO BETTER WORK IN THIS CAMPAIGN THAN ELOQUENT ORATORS SAYS MR. WHEELER.

"See that the men of your acquaintance register, and impress upon them the lack of safety in electing any but a whole low ticket at the coming election," were the keynote of the parlor campaign meeting of the Woman's Municipal League held at the home of Mrs. Charles H. Strong, No. 37 Park-ave., yesterday afternoon. Everett P. Wheeler, Frederick W. Hinrichs and Mrs. Lillian W. Betts were the speakers. Mrs. Betts, upon the women and children of the East Side, and told in a familiar way her frequent visits to that section.

"When the good time comes," she said, "that we can campaign for our own candidates, let us do it ourselves with our neighbors downtown, with their streets, their homes, their schools, and let us fight for them as they are too ignorant to fight for themselves."

She recalled the recent prayer of a minister in the district in which he preached: "Oh, Lord, drive Tammany out that we may save our children."

SATS CONTROLLER IS IN CONTEMPT.

LAWYER FOR RAINES LAW HOTEL KEEPER WISHES COLER SO ADJUDGED.

David M. Neuberger and Colonel P. A. Harcus applied to Justice MacLean in the Supreme Court yesterday for an order adjudging Controller Bird S. Coler guilty of contempt of court for his failure to obey a peremptory writ of mandamus, issued on September 19 by Justice Dugro, which directed him to pay a judgment obtained in the spring of 1897 by Frank H. Hoag, a saloonkeeper, against the city for \$234.40.

Mr. Neuberger said that while the Controller was technically in contempt of court, he was not to be blamed for his action, as he had acted under advice given him by the Corporation Counsel, which was incorrect. He said the judgment was for money which Hoag had been compelled to pay to the city twice on account of the provisions of the Raines law, and the question of law involved was of great importance to a number of liquor dealers. Hoag had a license under the new Hoag and Raines law, which did not expire until May 24, 1896, and all saloonkeepers were compelled to take out licenses from that date.

Hoag and a number of other saloonkeepers objected to paying the amount of the judgment, but as they had either to pay under the Raines law or go out of business they paid the \$234.40 required by the new Hoag and Raines law, which did not expire until May 24, 1896, and all saloonkeepers were compelled to take out licenses from that date.

Assistant Corporation Counsel O'Reilly asked for an adjournment, and Justice MacLean adjourned the case for a week.

EXPLOSION IN A MANHOLE.

HORSE AND MAN BURNED BY ESCAPING STEAM—GLASS BROKEN HALF A BLOCK AWAY.

At Greene and Fourth sts. yesterday there was an explosion in a manhole of the Edison Electric Illuminating Company, in which were the connections for a number of main line wires of the company. The hole was covered with two iron plates, the inner or lower one being watertight and bolted down. The upper plate was two feet in diameter and very thick. The water which leaked in and its edges was caught by the lower plate and held, thus being kept away from the wires.

In some manner a "short circuit" occurred in the manhole, intense heat being suddenly generated. This transformed the water into steam, which was blown ten feet into the air, falling back with a clatter and shock, breaking into pieces. The noise was heard for many blocks.

A window was broken on the sixth or top floor of the large building at No. 21 West Fourth-st., about half a block away from the scene of the explosion. The glass fell into the workshop of Gerlach & Son, manufacturers of skirts. The room was full of girls, and there was much excitement. At the moment of the accident Thomas Degan, No. 108 Park-ave., driving a team and truck, No. 182 East Eighteenth-st., was passing the hole. The truck struck and burned out of the manhole and scalded Degan.

THE LAST DAY OF REGISTRATION FOR THE ELECTION. IF YOUR NAME IS NOT IN THE REGISTRATION BOOKS BY 6 O'CLOCK TO-NIGHT YOU WILL BE UNABLE TO VOTE.

BANK CASHIER MISSING.

MAY BE INSANE—NATIONAL BANK OF BOYERTOWN CLOSING ITS DOORS—FUNDS INTACT.

Boyertown, Penn., Oct. 18.—Shortly before noon today the doors of the National Bank of Boyertown were closed. A notice posted on the bank's door stated that it was done because of the disappearance of the cashier, Milton A. Mory. Mory has not been seen for a week. A committee of bank officials has gone to Philadelphia to investigate his alleged doings there. It is supposed that he was insane. At the time of the disappearance of the cashier the resources of the bank amounted to nearly \$500,000.

Philadelphia, Oct. 18.—An official of the National Bank of Boyertown, who visited this city this afternoon, stated that an examination was made after the bank's doors had been closed and not a dollar in cash was found in the vaults. Mory probably recen in a day or two. It is said that Mory left here and sent word to his wife from this city that he was in trouble. At first the presumption was that Mory had fled to the financial affairs of the bank, the directors closed its doors. It is intimated that Mory may be insane.

The Seaboard National Bank of this city is the local correspondent of the Boyertown National Bank. The Seaboard Bank it was stated that there were no official reports concerning the failure received from Boyertown, and that the insolvent bank had a good balance here. The failure seemed to come as a surprise to the local correspondents.

TEACHERS WANT \$200,000.

CHANGE IN SCHEDULE BRINGS LARGE CLAIMS FROM BROOKLYN.

Claims for back salaries have been entered against the Board of Education by more than one hundred teachers in the four Brooklyn high schools. It is said that many of the teachers will submit similar claims, and that if they are not honored suits will be begun against the city for sums aggregating more than \$200,000. If the claims are allowed it is said the money may have to be paid out of the individual pockets of the members of the Board of Education.

The trouble was occasioned by a change from one schedule to another without a rescinding of the first schedule. The Board of Education has a large fund with which to liquidate the claims. Ira Leo Hamburger is counsel for the teachers. Many of the teachers claim back salaries of \$100, \$150, \$200, \$250, \$300, \$350, \$400, \$450, \$500, \$550, \$600, \$650, \$700, \$750, \$800, \$850, \$900, \$950, \$1,000, \$1,050, \$1,100, \$1,150, \$1,200, \$1,250, \$1,300, \$1,350, \$1,400, \$1,450, \$1,500, \$1,550, \$1,600, \$1,650, \$1,700, \$1,750, \$1,800, \$1,850, \$1,900, \$1,950, \$2,000.

LECTURES OF INTEREST.

A course of lectures on astronomy is to be begun on October 19 at 8 p. m., in the American Museum of Natural History. The lectures will be given by Professor Robert W. Prentiss, and will be illustrated by stereopticon views. The first lecture will be on "The Sun."

A course of lectures to be given in the hall of the Board of Education, Fifty-ninth-st. and Park-ave., on Saturday evenings, will begin on October 25, at 8 p. m. A course of eight lectures on European geography has been arranged by the supervisor of lectures, all illustrated by stereopticon views. The first lecture will be given by Alfred J. Talley, whose subject will be "The Russian Empire of 1890."

A course of lectures on electricity, illustrated by experiments and views, will be given at the West Side Auditorium, West Fifty-seventh-st., on October 18, at 8 p. m.

FURST BISMARCK SEAMAN HURT.

When the Furst Bismarck, which arrived here from Hamburg, Southampton and Cherbourg yesterday, had nearly reached quarantine, a seaman, Bruno Schultz, eighteen years of age, who was assisting in discharging cargo, met with an accident, striking on his head. It was said that his skull was fractured, although he remained conscious. He was taken to St. Mark's Hospital, Hoboken, and is expected to lead meetings.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS' CONVENTION.

The Hotel Chamberlin, Old Point Comfort, Va., opened on October 17, with a convention of the National Wholesale Druggists' Association of America, which has four hundred members. The convention was in session four days, and an elaborate programme was carried out.

ENGLISH CLERGYMAN TO PREACH HERE.

The Rev. J. Morgan Gibbon, pastor of the Stamford Hill Congregational Church, London, is to preach at the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church next Sunday. Mr. Gibbon is the British delegate to the National Congregational Council, at Portland, Me., and to the Yale Bicentennial. He stands high among British Congregationalists. Mr. Gibbon is an author, having published several works which have had a large circulation.

BROTHERHOOD OF ST. ANDREW MEETING.

A conference of the Newark Local Assembly of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew will be held in Trinity Chapel, Newark, on October 28, at 8 p. m. An address will be made by J. H. Falconer, Jr., vice-president of the local assembly of this city.

EXPOSURE OF THE TRIBUNE PATTERN.

A TISSUE PAPER PATTERN OF INFANTS' DRAWERS AND BIBS, No. 3,228. FOR 10 CENTS. The drawers are essentially simple, and are both tidy and comfortable at the same time. They can be made plain, finished only with a hem, or can be elaborated by means of narrow embroidered bands, and the two are held together at the neck edge by means of a narrow facing.

To cut these drawers, 1/2 yard of material 36 inches wide will be required. A shoulder shawl, a knitted hood and a sack for some little one, a knitted scarf, reins, with jangling bells, and pretty soft balls. This box will be reserved for the Christmas distribution. Mrs. W. B. of Riverside, N. Y., has, with her usual thoughtfulness, contributed a large express box, filled with useful articles of clothing, sewing grasswork, basket, with furnishings, two pairs of skates, several books, a portable exerciser, etc. E. C. of New Jersey, an umbrella case and silk vest, make Arms, of Larchmont, a warm wrapper to be forwarded to an invalid, and Miss J. of New York, a package of a scrubbing brush and white afghan from her daughter for a baby. Mrs. E. B. of Totten, two pairs of knitted mittens, and Mrs. H. of Westchester, a large package of reading matter has been received from Mrs. A. of New York, a package of silk gloves, from Mrs. A. of New Jersey, pressed leaves and ferns, from Margie and Eunice Purkit, cards from Winnie and Helen, from Leah Benson, a package of dollars a month is the price. "Thirty dollars a month is the price of a man of letters, and it doesn't matter how cultured that applicant may be, if he is not a man of letters, he should not be given a dollar a month is the price."

"Present Day Literature" was the subject of a paper by Mr. Arthur Hastings Grant, who, in speaking of the work they do in the field of development of latent power in the individual, said: "Some one has remarked that the place of women in modern literature is the ideal of the angel and an idiot." Referring to the statement that poetry is declining, Mrs. Grant said: "We should have the men of culture who are not selected to be the court of last appeal for information, but an expert, as, for instance, astronomy. We should elevate the work they do in the field of literature by making it unnecessary for these men to work at their living."

RETVIZAN QUEEN OF THE SEA

RUSSIAN BATTLESHIP PROVES HERSELF THE FASTEST AFLOAT.

Boston, Oct. 18.—The new Russian battleship Retvizan, built by the Cramp, of Philadelphia, arrived here today from New-York after an all night run, in the course of which, for twelve consecutive hours, she was driven at top speed, and in spite of storm and darkness she attained an average speed of 18 1/2 knots, breaking all records for that number of hours and showing herself to be the fastest first class battleship in the world.

The Retvizan left Brooklyn at 9:30 o'clock yesterday morning, in charge of Edwin S. Cramp, of the Cramp Shipbuilding Company, and under the direct command of Captain R. Sargent. Representatives of the Russian Government, including Captain Baron Rozov, naval attaché at Washington, and a number of Russian naval officers, also were on board.

The original plan of the Cramp company was to have the trial trip to-morrow over the United States Government course off Cape Ann, but from the run from New-York last night the vessel developed such speed that Edwin S. Cramp suggested to the Russian officials that the trial be held during the night. The suggestion was adopted, and a speed record was taken every half hour for twelve hours. To the gratification of every one on board the speed of the big boat was found to be extremely even. During one hour the speed reached sixteen knots, and at no time did it fall below eighteen.

As a result of the test last night, the plan of having a speed trial to-morrow has been abandoned. On Monday a standardizing trial will be held over the United States Government course, and it is predicted that the vessel will maintain an average of at least nineteen knots. Although the speed of the Retvizan was taken officially for only twelve hours of the trial, it actually was eighteen knots for seventeen hours of the run.

Register to-day, without fail, and secure your right to vote in the election on November 5. Your vote for good government is needed.

CRIPPLE HURT IN COLLEGE INITIATION.

Syracuse University man suffers nervous shock and has arm and leg injured.

Syracuse, N. Y., Oct. 18.—Spencer G. Prime, of Syracuse University, son of Silas G. Prime, of Upper Jay, Essex County, is confined to his room in the Phi Chapter House, Psi Upsilon, as the result of a severe initiation last Friday night. He suffers from a nervous shock and injuries to his right arm and leg. It is said that Prime, who is slightly crippled, did not show the proper degree of stamina as the initiation progressed, and the members made it a little harder.

HEARING IN ROPE COMPANY SUIT.

V. P. TRAVERS CHARGED WITH BREACH OF CONTRACT—ACCOUNTING ASKED FOR.

Vice-Chancellor Stevens at Newark yesterday gave a hearing in the case of the Standard Rope and Twine Company against Vincent P. Travers, Charles Efron, and the Charles Efron Company, claiming \$50,000 for breach of contract and asking for an accounting. Richard A. Landry, counsel for the company, said that the company was organized from the National Cordage Trust and the United States Cordage Company. Vincent P. Travers was made president and certain contracts were made with him for the exclusive use and control of a secret process of chemical used in the manufacture of rope and cables which decreased the cost of manufacture. The contracts were carried out, and finally Travers resigned and left the company. He is now in possession of the process. Travers is also charged with having expended \$50,000 or \$40,000 while president, of which no record was kept.

It was claimed on behalf of Travers by William H. Corbin, his counsel, that the contracts had been made after several years of negotiation, and that the books of the company were kept in a way to show that the increased profits did not come from the use of this secret process. Travers knew his process was profitable, and he saw no reason why this should not show on the books. William E. Patterson, counsel for the Efron Company, said that the company was organized from the National Cordage Trust and the United States Cordage Company. Vincent P. Travers was made president and certain contracts were made with him for the exclusive use and control of a secret process of chemical used in the manufacture of rope and cables which decreased the cost of manufacture. The contracts were carried out, and finally Travers resigned and left the company. He is now in possession of the process. Travers is also charged with having expended \$50,000 or \$40,000 while president, of which no record was kept.

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SULPHITE MILLS TO COMBINE.

CONSOLIDATION PLANNED FOR MOST OF THEM IN CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES.

Bangor, Me., Oct. 18.—A number of Maine capitalists are interested in the efforts now being made to form a combination of nearly all the sulphite mills in the United States and Canada. It is understood that a meeting of manufacturers concerned in the proposed consolidation is to be held in Boston soon. It is said that the proposition provides that each manufacturer will be paid for his plant in stock preferred and common, both going out as falling. The trousseurs are of English material in a select stripe. Melton overcoats are an approved style, cut low and graceful. Any man who intends to purchase will do well to see this stock. It is an interesting display. The firm cordially welcomes visitors.

PROGRESS OF THE GOSPEL CAMPAIGN.

The national central committee of the Twentieth Century National Gospel Campaign is much gratified at the progress made thus far in its second year's work. The committee is in charge of three day meetings in Fulton-st., John-st. and Greenwich-st. The meetings are under the general leadership of the chairman, William Phillips Hall, and the Rev. Drs. David James Burrell, Theodore S. Henderson and J. F. Carson are his assistants. These meetings are held for the purpose of presenting to the people who will have charge of different meetings will be the Rev. Drs. J. Wilbur Chapman, John H. Shaw, D. S. Briggs, Donnell, and others. Mr. Robert S. MacArthur, and John Willis Baez, William E. Singer, John W. Wamaker, Will R. Moody, H. A. Kinnor, and J. H. Bantam are also expected to lead meetings.

STYLISH CLOTHING FOR MEN.

Marks Arnhem, the tailor, at Broadway and Ninth-st., has a specially attractive model costume display. The designs in both material and make are tasteful and pleasing, and the variety is large, embracing the best woolsens from the world's great markets, both domestic and imported. There are some handsome unfinished worsteds with dark background and faint stripe—the leading style for this season. The firm also shows a fine variety of Albert elegance in cut and tailoring. The trousseurs are of English material in a select stripe. Melton overcoats are an approved style, cut low and graceful. Any man who intends to purchase will do well to see this stock. It is an interesting display. The firm cordially welcomes visitors.

EXPERTS ON CHIMNEY WORK.

W. F. JACKSON & COMPANY.

Union Square, 29 E. 17th St.

Mantels, Fireplaces and Grates.

Over seventy years' experience in fireplace work; smoky flues cured in the most practical, scientific and economical manner. We guarantee all our work. Examinations made and estimates given without charge.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS' CONVENTION.

The Hotel Chamberlin, Old Point Comfort, Va., opened on October 17, with a convention of the National Wholesale Druggists' Association of America, which has four hundred members. The convention was in session four days, and an elaborate programme was carried out.

ENGLISH CLERGYMAN TO PREACH HERE.

The Rev. J. Morgan Gibbon, pastor of the Stamford Hill Congregational Church, London, is to preach at the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church next Sunday. Mr. Gibbon is the British delegate to the National Congregational Council, at Portland, Me., and to the Yale Bicentennial. He stands high among British Congregationalists. Mr. Gibbon is an author, having published several works which have had a large circulation.

BROTHERHOOD OF ST. ANDREW MEETING.

A conference of the Newark Local Assembly of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew will be held in Trinity Chapel, Newark, on October 28, at 8 p. m. An address will be made by J. H. Falconer, Jr., vice-president of the local assembly of this city.

EXPOSURE OF THE TRIBUNE PATTERN.

A TISSUE PAPER PATTERN OF INFANTS' DRAWERS AND BIBS, No. 3,228. FOR 10 CENTS. The drawers are essentially simple, and are both tidy and comfortable at the same time. They can be made plain, finished only with a hem, or can be elaborated by means of narrow embroidered bands, and the two are held together at the neck edge by means of a narrow facing.

To cut these drawers, 1/2 yard of material 36 inches wide will be required. A shoulder shawl, a knitted hood and a sack for some little one, a knitted scarf, reins, with jangling bells, and pretty soft balls. This box will be reserved for the Christmas distribution. Mrs. W. B. of Riverside, N. Y., has, with her usual thoughtfulness, contributed a large express box, filled with useful articles of clothing, sewing grasswork, basket, with furnishings, two pairs of skates, several books, a portable exerciser, etc. E. C. of New Jersey, an umbrella case and silk vest, make Arms, of L