

TEACHER FOLLOWS FLAG.

SUPERINTENDENT ATKINSON TELLS OF EDUCATIONAL WORK IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Washington, Nov. 23.—Those interested in education will find the latest official information with regard to that subject in the Philippines in the report of General MacArthur to General Miles. This report has in its appendix a report from F. W. Atkinson, general superintendent of public instruction in the archipelago, which includes reports of his subordinates up to May 27 last. This statement, brief as it is, is sufficient to impress one with the immensity of the problem—the education of a million and a half of children in a country just emerging from a warlike condition in all its parts, and still here and there under the control of bands of robbers. It makes it evident that the schoolmaster is abroad with the flag. The military authorities early found many natives who wanted the English language. Mothers and children quickly and cordially responded to the efforts of the American teachers. They constitute a large body by which American influences find access to the hearts of the people. The general superintendent of education has put the entire archipelago in the care of eighteen assistants, stationed at so many strategic points. He seeks personal knowledge of conditions by extensive visitations, and especially tries to gather views and suggestions from natives. There must be already on the ground some fifteen hundred American assistants. Some were examined and found qualified from the soldiers and officers, as Mr. Atkinson wrote. He says:

Division Superintendents Mason S. Stone, G. M. Eirik and Barker Sherman have just arrived from the United States, and have been assigned to the divisions of Negros, Pampanga and Samar, respectively. Two women teachers are pointed up to date, two men to go to their stations. Two women teachers ceased work on account of being ordered out of certain districts by the military authorities, one man has been returned to the United States on account of ill health, and two women have resigned, a total loss of seven.

Four hundred and eighty-seven soldiers applied to him; seventy-nine passed the required examination satisfactorily. Every possible question comes up for consideration. There is crying need for buildings. Rooms vacated by the army are turned over to schools. Schoolrooms are everywhere overcrowded, and many have no windows or floors. Sometimes a single teacher has from one hundred to two hundred pupils. The Philippine Commission by formal act appropriated money and provided general outlines for the direction of the superintendent. In a single act last February, they appropriated \$12,000 for normal and trade schools, and \$15,000 for the agricultural schools.

Spanish education existed mainly in a few institutions—the University of Manila and half a dozen so-called colleges. The departments of the university may have turned out in its history over ten thousand graduates. There were schools for law, medicine and engineering, but they were mainly ecclesiastical in some form. Doubtless there were real students and men of marked attainments among them. Whatever there was of substance or merit is retained, and the better aspirations are put to rest.

WALLER RELEASED ON BAIL.

THE POLICE WORKING ON THE CASE AGAINST MRS. DALE. Elbert Waller, the friend of Mrs. Elizabeth Howe Dale, now a prisoner in St. Mary's Hospital, Hoboken, charged with having poisoned her child Emmeline, was released on bail yesterday. The bond offered was \$1,000 in cash. Waller started immediately for New-York. He was accompanied by William Bakhuysen, the representative of J. R. Planton, Consul General of the Netherlands. Mr. Bakhuysen arrived at the Hudson County Jail at 2:45 p. m. with the necessary papers from Recorder Stanton, who had accepted cash bail in Hoboken. Waller will appear in the Hoboken court on Monday evening. Warden Terence Sullivan told Waller that he was at liberty to leave the jail, and the prisoner showed no emotion. He shook hands with Bakhuysen, who has interested himself in Waller on account of his Netherlands relatives. When asked whether he cared to say anything in regard to the charges against Mrs. Dale, Waller said:

"I have decided to make no statement at this time. In due time both Mrs. Dale and I will be completely vindicated. There is no use trying this case in the newspapers. Any talk that may be necessary will be done by my counsel."

Waller was asked if he had any intention of seeing Mrs. Dale, who has been repeatedly asking to see Waller.

"I am not going to say anything about my plans," he replied, as he started for New-York. Before Waller left the jail Mr. Stanton, Waller's counsel, said:

"Waller, we find, is highly connected in Holland. He came to this country a few years ago as a partner in business—the electrical, I think—and got in with a partner, who left him without any money. He is not regarded as a very successful man, but with which Mrs. Dale is charged, otherwise the ball would be much higher.

Meanwhile the police and the county authorities are working hard to perfect their case against Mrs. Dale. The telegram sent by Mrs. Dale to Waller to this court, with the intention of getting it into the newspapers, was mailed and has been turned over to the prosecutor. The telegram read: "Emmeline is dead. Do not concern yourself. Will write."

The letter is said to minutely describe the child's appearance after death.

FEAR MORE STRINGENT EXCLUSION.

Port Townsend, Wash., Nov. 23.—According to advices from the Orient brought by the steamship Kinshin Maru, just arrived, much excitement prevails in this town over the attitude of the United States relative to the exclusion law. Alarm is felt among a large number of Chinese now in China, who are entitled to return to the United States owing to the fact that it is feared that a new law will be enacted of such a stringent nature that many of the privileged class will be barred from returning. Hundreds are preparing to rush to the United States before the law expires.

A LAUNCHING IN PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia, Nov. 23.—The freight and passenger steamer Calvert, built for the Weems Steamship Company, of Baltimore, was launched today at Neafe & Levy's shipyard. Miss Matilda Williams, daughter of Henry W. Williams, president of the Weems Steamship Company, named the vessel. The Calvert will ply between Baltimore and ports along the coast. Her dimensions are 190 feet long, 40 feet beam, and 11 feet 5 inches deep.

MAY AMEND GEORGIA CONSTITUTION.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 23.—A bill containing amendments to the constitution of Georgia was introduced in the House of Representatives on Monday. Among its provisions are: That a court of appeals be established; that all pensions be put upon an indigent basis; that there shall be a change of venue in all criminal cases where there is danger of lynching; that the term of Governor shall be for four years after the expiration of his term; that the entire educational fund of the State shall be divided between the negroes and whites for educational purposes in the exact proportion to the amount of taxes paid by each.

SAYS HE WAS ILLEGALLY IMPRISONED.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 23.—Captain A. W. Hall, formerly of the San Francisco schooner Sadie, has landed here from the British ship Pass, of Metfort, and will hasten to Washington to lay before the State Department what he believes to be a good case for damages against the Mexican Government. He says he was arrested and imprisoned without cause while on a pearl fishing expedition in the Gulf of California. After two months' confinement he succeeded in making his escape.

Lundborg announces a new perfume.

Covera

ESTABLISHING SCHOOLS IN CHINA.

PROVISION FOR STUDENTS TO BE EDUCATED ABROAD.

Washington, Nov. 23.—The State Department has received from the Chinese Minister at Peking, translations of two Imperial edicts providing for the establishment of schools throughout the Chinese Empire, and ordering the Viceroy and Governors to select and send students abroad to be educated in special branches of industrial science. One of the edicts stipulates that after Chinese sent abroad for this purpose have obtained their diplomas and returned to China, the Viceroys, Governors and literary chancellors of the provinces concerned shall cause to be printed and distributed to their knowledge really corresponds with the statements made in their diplomas. If so, the student passes on to the Board of Foreign Affairs for further examination, and if this board finds him thoroughly equipped it is to memorialize the throne for a request that honors be conferred on the student.

THE ALBANY UNINHABITABLE.

ENGLISH BUILT CRUISER RADICALLY WRONG IN SANITARY ARRANGEMENTS.

Washington, Nov. 23.—In the opinion of naval surgeons, the cruiser Albany, an English built ship, now at Genoa, Italy, is unfit for habitation. Surgeon Harris, recently attached to the Albany, and now on the Monocacy, in a report to the Surgeon General of the navy on the condition of the Albany, says that from a sanitary point of view this ship is so radically wrong as regards sanitary arrangements that it is almost impossible to relate in detail the necessary changes which will have to be made before she can become a reasonably sanitary vessel. It is impossible to overstate the danger to the health of those who are berthed in the wing passages, says the report. "Should the weather require the ship to be battened down for several days with the temperature of the degrees Fahrenheit it is obvious that people could not live in these places."

DR. GARRETT FOUND GUILTY OF MURDER.

ONCE A SHERIFF AND A MEMBER OF LEGISLATURE IN TEXAS.

Butler, Mo., Nov. 23.—Dr. J. L. Garrett, on trial for killing D. B. Donegan, a Colorado miner, was today found guilty of murder in the first degree. The prisoner, who is seventy years old, listened with indifference to the reading of the verdict. Dr. Garrett, his son, P. W. Garrett, and Donegan were travelling overland to Oklahoma last March when Donegan was killed, near Amoret, Mo., the motive being apparently robbery. Donegan's body was found in a creek with his head mashed in, and later the Garretts were arrested in Kansas City while trying to sell the miner's wagon and horses.

Dr. Garrett, who was tried first, took the stand and said that he had killed Donegan with an axe in self-defense, while Donegan was in the act of branding him with a monkey wrench. He testified that he had shot Donegan in the back, and that he was asleep when Donegan was killed, and had nothing to do with the fight. Dr. Garrett testified that he had held the offices of State legislator and sheriff in Texas. Young Garrett was acquitted on the charge of complicity in the murder. It is the theory of the prosecution that the Garretts conspired to kill Donegan for his money and outfit.

MOVEMENT AGAINST MINERS DEFERRED.

KENTUCKY MILITIA WILL MARCH TO NORTONVILLE TO-DAY—NO TROUBLE ANTICIPATED.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 23.—It was decided today that the movement on the union coal miners' camp at Nortonville, Ky., by the militia will not be made until to-morrow. The policy of General Murray not to anticipate disobedience of the dispersion order by union men by making preparations for a movement against them made this delay inevitable. The authorities remain firm in their determination that the camp must go, and the end of the crisis in Hopkins County mining troubles will come to-morrow. No arms are to be seen in the union camp to-day, and it is reported that the guns were all sent away from the camp last night.

Adjutant General Murray to-day went to the camp and served notice upon its leaders that he has been called upon by Judge Hall to enforce the order with his militia. President Wood answered in such a manner that the purpose of the union miners is clearly that of defiance to any process save that of force, saying that the camp will not go until it is moved. It is the evident policy of the militia to allow the soldiers to come to the camp and then submit to arrest and be taken into custody. There is no good ground to expect any resistance whatever, and the probabilities of a fight are too remote to occasion any serious apprehension.

The fact that the union camp has been broken up by the militia and the sympathy of the union leaders to play for sympathy. Sympathy is needed for the uncompromising maintenance of the assessment for the support of the strike, which are levied in unionized coal fields, and the greater their backing by public opinion the greater the financial extended. General Wood, at the point of the bayonet. The far more likely result of the soldiers' presence is, however, that the miners will take down their tents, prepare their luggage and peacefully depart for some other county, probably Muhlenberg, which is only five miles distant.

BENEFACTORS' DAY AT PRO-CATHEDRAL.

SPEAKERS PRAISE BISHOP POTTER'S WORK.

Yesterday was benefactors' day at the Pro-Cathedral, at No. 130 Stanton-st., services being held in the chapel at 3 o'clock and addresses delivered in the mission room after the service. It was announced by the Rev. George F. Nelson that Bishop Potter, who was to have officiated at the services, was unable to be present, as he was suffering from a severe cold.

Mrs. Richard Irving spoke about the work that is being carried on in what is known as the Community House, at No. 133 Essex-st.

R. Fulton Cutting, president of the New-York Society for the Improvement of the Condition of the Poor, told of the condition of the district twenty-five years ago, and credited Bishop Potter with the present improvement.

The Rev. Dr. William M. Grosvenor, rector of the Church of the Incarnation, said that an expansion committee had been formed to solicit subscriptions for Settlement work.

Richard Watson Gilder, the Editor of "The Century Magazine" and a few years ago chairman of the temperance committee in the Pro-Cathedral, said that Bishop Potter was building his new cathedral on a broken foundation, which he was using the Pro-Cathedral as a foundation.

The Rev. Robert Lewis Padgett, vicar of the Pro-Cathedral, extended a general invitation to those present to inspect the classrooms of the children in the Pro-Cathedral Home for the Blind, in Essex-st. He then made some reference to the people in the district in a short address.

BELIEVE RESCUERS ARE LOST.

NO TRACE OF THEM FOUND IN POCAHONTAS MINE.

Pocahontas, Va., Nov. 23.—All hope of finding the eight mining officials who entered the West mine yesterday to search for bodies entombed by the recent explosion in the Baby mine has about been abandoned. Up to 1 p. m. nothing had been heard from them. A rescuing party entered the mine this morning, but were able to proceed only three hundred yards. They found the bodies of Superintendent O'Malley hanging on a peg about two hundred yards in the mine, but discovered no other trace of the party.

The mining experts now here have decided upon a plan of attempted rescue, but the mine officials refuse to give any information to the public. It is said that another effort will be made this evening to enter the mine. Hopes had been entertained up to this morning that the party had escaped through the Tag River outlet, but no signs of them were seen yesterday, and who was overcome by black damp, has entirely recovered. He said it is impossible for a human being to live fifteen minutes in a mine in the condition in which was the one his party entered yesterday.

THE FIRE RECORD YESTERDAY.

12:05 a. m.—No. 104 Clinton-st.; owner unknown, slight. 12:10 a. m.—No. 345 East Seventy-ninth-st.; John Cohen, \$500.

6:30 a. m.—No. 115 West One-hundred-and-thirty-ninth-st.; owner unknown, no damage.

8:15 a. m.—No. 209 East Eleventh-st.; owner unknown, no damage.

8:45 a. m.—No. 59 Second-st.; Annie Tarsal, no damage.

8:50 a. m.—No. 2322 First-ave.; Frank Chedelio, \$200.

4:20 p. m.—No. 2,078 First-ave.; Annie Fami, \$200.

4:25 p. m.—No. 329 East Tenth-st.; William F. Young, damage unknown.

4:30 p. m.—No. 67 Edgecombe-ave.; Frank Richter, \$50.

4:50 p. m.—No. 22 Columbia-ave.; Charles Case, \$15.

7:30 p. m.—No. 58 Division-st.; Alexander Lisetty, no damage.

Waltham Watches.

"Good things should be praised."

"The Perfected American Watch," an illustrated book of interesting information about watches, will be sent free upon request.

American Waltham Watch Company, Waltham, Mass.

THE NEW POLICE COMMISSIONER.

ALL THE INDICATIONS POINT TO THE SELECTION OF COLONEL J. N. PARTRIDGE AS NEW-YORK'S NEXT POLICE COMMISSIONER—EVERYBODY WANTS TO KNOW WHAT MANNER OF MAN HE IS, AND THE ILLUSTRATED SUPPLEMENT OF TO-DAY'S TRIBUNE GRATIFIES THAT DESIRE BY PRINTING A FINE FULL PAGE PICTURE AND CHARACTER SKETCH.

THANKSGIVING OBSERVANCES.

SPORTS TO FILL A LARGE NICHE IN THE DAY'S OBSERVANCES.

For many people there are three things to do on Thanksgiving Day—to eat heartily, to go to church and to watch or take part in some athletic contest. Of these three divisions in recent years the last named has assumed an importance that a decade ago was unknown. The calendar of sports for next Thursday includes some stirring contests. The Indians from Columbia at the Polo Grounds, the Flushing an club competitions at Harbor Hill, besides these there will be scores of minor golf contests near the city.

It is hoped that a sudden turn in the weather will permit them to engage in their favorite sport. Hunters are planning for a day's snipe shooting in the Long Island marshes and elsewhere.

Thousands of cyclists have not as yet stored away their wheels, and are anticipating one more day's run.

NEW MONUMENT TO BE DEDICATED.

Among the observances of Thanksgiving Day in this city is expected to be the dedication of the new soldiers and sailors' monument in Riverside Park, at Eighty-ninth-st. The monument is of white marble, one hundred feet in height and occupying a commanding position. It has been erected at a cost of \$250,000.

Colonel Joseph A. Goulden, secretary of the Memorial Commission, has said that President Roosevelt, who laid the cornerstone of the monuments on December 15 last year, when he was Governor of the State, would make the address at the dedication of the monument. Governor Odell probably will be present, and a large attendance of members of the Grand Army of the Republic is expected. There will be a salute by a battery of tuberculous guard, and probably additional salutes from government ships on the river.

Among the many large Thanksgiving dinners being given in the city will be a dinner to three hundred sailors at the Seaman's Christian Association, No. 29 West-st. This dinner will take place in the city hall.

Managers of the industrial schools of the American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless of the city have arranged to give a four thousand children of these schools on the day before Thanksgiving. They have asked for contributions in the way of giving to each youngster a good pair of shoes with the luncheon.

"ANGEL OF TRANSPORTS" DEAD.

MRS. SULLIVAN, WELL KNOWN IN ARMY CIRCLES, PASSES AWAY SUDDENLY.

Flemington, N. J., Nov. 23.—Mrs. Adeline Sullivan, widow of Dr. George R. Sullivan, known in army circles as "The Angel of the Transports," died suddenly at her home, Main-st., to-day. At the beginning of the war with Spain Mrs. Sullivan became connected with Miss Helen Gould in caring for the sick, wounded and destitute soldiers. The energy with which she kept up the work undiminished her health, and six weeks ago she returned to her home here.

While she was engaged in this work she procured a glass of water upon a nearby stand. As she did so an attendant entered the room. Her sudden disappearance was noticed by the nurse, and she dropped to the floor dead. She was fifty-four years old.

BURGLARY AT NYACK.

THE SUMMER HOME OF A NEW-YORK WOMAN ROBBED.

The suburban home of Mrs. M. L. Woodward, a wealthy woman of this city, who spends her summers in Upper Nyack, was broken into by thieves on Thursday or Friday night and robbed of over \$1,000 worth of property. Mrs. Woodward and family left there on Wednesday. A large quantity of valuables, several valuable clocks, large quantities of clothing and many other articles of value were carried away.

TO TEST THE CONSUMPTION RULING.

HABEAS CORPUS PROCEEDINGS FOR A MAN ORDERED DEPORTED.

Thomas P. Boden, who with his wife and child were to be deported on the steamer Euripia yesterday, did not sail. Boden was found to have tuberculosis in the mission room after the service, and arrived on November 5, and under the recent ruling that immigrants suffering from this disease come under the head of "persons suffering from a loathsome or a dangerous disease," he was ordered sent back to Ireland, from which country he came. Boden has relatives at No. 133 South Fort-st., Philadelphia, and at No. 133 Essex-st., New-York. A writ of habeas corpus was obtained, and when the case was argued before Thomas of the United States Court, in Brooklyn yesterday.

CUSTOMS EMPLOYEES ELECT OFFICERS.

With a view to establishing a mutual benefit association among the classified officials of the customs service, a meeting was held by delegates from the different divisions at the Barge Office yesterday afternoon. The object of the association are the passage of a retirement bill for government employees affected by the Civil Service regulations and the establishment of a pension fund. An effort will be made to bring the two thousand employees of the customs service into the organization. The following were elected as officers: Charles Helsler, president; Sherman Williams, Wilson Bryerman and C. B. Sweeney, vice-presidents; William P. Zwinge, recording secretary; B. Keyser, corresponding secretary; Major Jenkins, treasurer and Edward Barnes, F. Cayley, Alfred Eaton, R. A. Lawrence, Charles Brookes, E. C. Lewis, William R. Jamieson and Charles W. Bunn to act with the officers as an executive committee. A constitution and bylaws will be adopted at a meeting of the general committee on Saturday, December 7. The proposition is to form a fund from the salaries of the employees who become members, each contributing 2 or 3 per cent. The fund will be divided into three classes, to be paid from the fund for five years. Similar organizations are in existence in Boston, Baltimore, Washington, New-Orleans and San Francisco. The association here would work in harmony with those in other cities for the passage of a retirement law.

CLEMENT STUDEBAKER FAILING.

South Bend, Ind., Nov. 23.—Clement Studebaker is gradually failing. He may only live the day out and he may survive for several days. He passed a comfortable night, resting well, and took nourishment. Early this morning he seemed to be holding his own, but later his temperature rose and he began failing. He is perfectly rational, talks and takes nourishment, but the end seems near.

B. Altman & Co.

MONDAY, NOV. 25th:

Fur Garments and Fur Articles.

- Alaska Sealskin Jackets, \$225.00 (Superior Grade)
- Persian Lamb Jackets, \$95.00 (Leipzig Dye)
- Persian Lamb Jackets with Chinchilla, Mink or Baum Marten Collar and Revers, \$135.00
- BOAS. Alaska Sable, \$5.75, \$12.50; Blue Lynx, 13.50, 16.50; Black Lynx, 14.50, 17.50; Mink, 6.25, 6.75
- MUFFS. Alaska Sable, \$5.90, \$7.50; Blue Lynx, 14.75; Black Lynx, 16.00; Mink, 8.50, 10.75

Broadcloth Gowns, (Second Floor)

comprising a specially prepared stock of Tailor-made Gowns in Black and colors, winter weight, satin lined close-fitting coat, velvet collar, skirt with silk Petticoat. \$25.00

Lace Curtains and Portières.

Novelties in Fine Lace Curtains, Stores Bonne Femme, Lace Bed Sets and Sash Curtains. 150 Pairs Point Arabe Lace Curtains, will be offered on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 25th, at \$29.00, 37.00, 42.00, 68.00 Pair.

Silk Damask Portières, Pair, \$16.50

Also a large variety of Portières, Couch Covers and Table Covers, including a New MURILLO PORTIERE (reversible), in plain colors.

Fine Oriental Rugs.

Persian, East India and Turkish Rugs in all desirable weaves. At Special Sale, Monday, November 25th, a number of TURKISH RUGS will be offered in various sizes and colors, suitable for Chamber, Dining Room and Library.

A few examples are quoted: 7 feet, 0 ins. by 10 feet, 7 ins., \$40.00; 8 " 5 " " 12 " 4 " . 55.00; 9 " 1 " " 12 " 10 " . 62.00; 10 " 0 " " 14 " 2 " . 77.00

Original prices, \$54.00, 75.00, 85.00, 108.00 also

100 Oriental Rugs, average size, 3.8x7.6, \$13.75

Regular value \$17.50 to \$22.50

Eighteenth Street, Nineteenth Street, Sixth Avenue, New York.

TRANSATLANTIC LINERS LATE.

TWO THAT SHOULD HAVE DOCKED HERE YESTERDAY FAIL TO ARRIVE. With the exception of the Graf Waldersee, which arrived here from Hamburg early Friday evening, not a single passenger transatlantic liner docks here yesterday. On Saturday an American Line and a Cunard Line, and after a French Line, the Campanian, No. American Line steamer steamed from Southampton on November 16, and the Campanian was delayed nine hours in port on the other side by the dense fogs, which demoralized traffic of all kinds in the British Isles for several days. The Campanian will probably dock early this morning. The French steamer La Champagne is also due here to-day.

The Graf Waldersee brought a crowded steamer. Her decks swarmed with immigrants as she moved slowly up the North River to her pier, at Hoboken, slightly listing to port. In the cabins were 275 passengers, and in the steerage 1,724. Josef Schwik, a child in the steerage, died of pneumonia and was buried at sea.

Among the cabin passengers were Francis B. Gessner, United States Consul at Zittau, Germany; the Misses C. and L. Brent-Bowen, Mrs. E. S. McCarty, Mr. and Mrs. John E. C. Kohlhaas and family, Mr. and Mrs. John J. Seeger, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Thral and John Thral. Mr. Schilling was arrested a few days ago by mistake.

MYTLENE IN HISTORY.

From The Pall Mall Gazette. Mytylene is the same as Lesbos, though it is not certain that this fact is fully realized by the gaily built sailors and marines in the fleet of Admiral Caillard. It hardly matters, however, seeing that Lesbos, by whatever name we call it, is no longer what it used to be. Its fame of old was as the seat of a school, not to say a university, for the professional and technical training of the "hetærai," or "lady companions," of the ancient Greeks. Not only were these ladies taught dancing and deportment and the manners and tone of good society, but particular attention was given to the cultivation of their minds. Burning Sappho herself was a pupil at the establishment, and it does not require to be proved that she was a credit to it. Her poetry—but this is not the place to talk about her poetry, while the glory of her pursuit of Erato, the handsome young boatman whom she loved in vain, would also carry us into long irrelevances. It was in Sappho's time that Lesbos attained the zenith of its reputation as an intellectual centre. For a time, though not for very long, the island was large enough to hold her and Alcous and Pittacus all at once. She and Alcous conspired against Pittacus, and she was banished, as she de-

"The Ideal in Furniture"

Where utility is blended with art in design—the one important phase of our exhibits here—whether in the revival of simple Colonial, the delicate Sheraton or the more elaborate Renaissance, our pieces are individual for good conception and perfect detail.

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OUR FATE AND THE ZODIAC OF FASCINATING INTEREST

served to be. Curiously enough, Pittacus is the member of the distinguished trio who is now remembered in the island. There is a hotel called after him.

Since the time of Pittacus culture has gradually declined, and after the Turkish conquest of the island, latterly attempts have been made to revive it, but with only moderate success. The young men of the island, as appears from a story told by Sir C. T. Newton, the inhabitants of Mytylene, he relates, had a love of culture, subscribed a large sum of money for the purpose of giving a European education to two picked young men, who were to promote the cause of the descendants of those ancient sages, and raise the tone of good society. One of them went away to European seats of learning, but did not ever come back to Mytylene. One of them did not go to any seat of learning, but was a "wise" and "useful" man in Smyrna. It was, indeed, a "love" of culture, but the Mytlyenians will recover from it. Are they not the descendants of those ancient sages? Mytlyenians of whom it is recorded by Strabo that they punished their children reading or writing, esteeming this prohibition as the greatest of penalties?

PRACTICE AND PREACHING.

From The Philadelphia Record. "Don't take too much stock in the fellow who tells you that life isn't worth living," says a Manayunk Philosopher. "The doctors' offices are crowded with such people."