

CONCESSIONS TO CUBA.

Continued from first page.

sonally, he was not convinced of the wisdom of annexation. The feeling in Cuba was one of readiness to accept any conditions the United States might propose.

Asked whether there was much poverty and distress among the Cubans, Colonel Bliss said there was not. But the condition was like that of a bank about to break, and the people did not know what would become of them three months hence.

Colonel Bliss gave the cost of producing raw sugar in Cuba at about two cents a pound, the selling price in Havana about one and a half cents.

Louis Place, head of the Cuban delegation, made an earnest statement controverting the assertion that the reciprocity movement was instigated by the sugar interests of the United States, and contending that the Cubans had long

CESSION OF DANISH WEST INDIES.

PLEBISCITE NOT TO BE TAKEN UNTIL AFTER THE TREATY IS RATIFIED.

Washington, Jan. 25.—The Danish Government will not take the plebiscite of the Danish West Indian Islands to determine whether they shall be ceded to the United States until the United States Senate has ratified the treaty of cession signed yesterday. This circumspection is supposed to be the outcome of the Senate's action in rejecting a former treaty of cession after Denmark had accustomed the islanders to the idea of a transfer.

ISLANDERS NOT DISTURBED. NO MANIFESTATION ON RECEIVING NEWS OF SIGNING OF TREATY.

St. Thomas, Danish West Indies, Jan. 25.—The announcement which reached here yesterday of the signing of the treaty by which Denmark sells the Danish West Indies to the United States was received quietly. There was no open

SAYS AMERICANS SUFFER

CONSUL JOHNSON THINKS EUROPEAN CAPITAL HAS THE ADVANTAGE IN THE PHILIPPINES UNDER PRESENT LAWS.

A. Burlingame Johnson, United States Consul at Amoy, China, who is passing through New-York on his way to Washington, and who was quoted yesterday in The Tribune in favor of admitting Chinese labor to the Philippines, strongly advocates some action by Congress which will make it easier to invest American capital in the islands. He says the Spooner bill is injurious to their development, and plays into the hands of European monopolies. Mr. Johnson has made a study of the Philippines at close range, and as 95 per cent of the Chinese there came from Amoy, he has, he says, got first hand information.

"The impression is out," said Mr. Johnson, "that unless Congress passes prohibitory laws a few syndicates will monopolize every business in the islands. The Philippines for Filipinos is the watch cry. For this reason the Spooner bill was passed. The practical effect has been to close the door to American capital, to the profit of European syndicates, who already hold blanket franchises and monopolies.

"The Philippines are now absolutely within the grasp of monopolies which can be counted on the fingers of one hand. These monopolies are English or European. They extend to every island and plantation and to interisular transportation. They control the currency by means of an intricate system of exchange and arbitrary refusal to negotiate drafts for any but favorites, unless they get a sum often equal to a year's interest. The Filipinos themselves have no part in these monopolies. Such is the 'virgin' soil, from which Congress would exclude aggregations of American capital.

"It is actually true that instead of gaining, Americans are losing ground in the trade contest. Other nations increased their import trade in 1901 over 1900 more than did the United States; and American export trade actually fell 27 per cent, while that of England increased 72 per cent, and that of France 29 per cent. These figures should serve as a warning to Congress. Every industry should be extended to Americans to enter the islands with large capital, if the islands are ever to be Americanized. The laws should be at least as favorable to the investment of capital as in the United States, if more so, and Congress should strongly favorable and should be changed."

RED TAPE RELEASES OLIVE OIL. CUSTOMS OFFICERS THOUGHT THEY HAD UNEARTHED A SMUGGLING PLOT.

Giuseppe Siccardi, an Italian ship chandler of Brooklyn, has just come happily through a harrowing experience with the New-York customs officials. Siccardi on January 14 delivered a lot of olive oil on board the Italian bark Garibaldi, Captain Parodi, which was lying at the Atlantic Docks, about to be put to sea. Among these supplies were four casks of olive oil, almost a necessary of life for Italians. In due course the Garibaldi cast loose and was towed down the Narrows and out to sea by a tugboat, the Jacob Cooper. The Cooper, however, on her return brought back some unexpected cargo, for Captain Parodi as the Garibaldi was on her way out of the harbor discovered the olive oil. He had ordered four cases of kerosene oil, and apparently no substitute however excellent would satisfy him, for he would not let the tugboat leave him until he had put aboard of it the four cases of olive oil, with an accompanying letter to Siccardi. When the Cooper tied up at the Atlantic Docks the customs officers found and seized her cargo of olive oil, and for a while were joyful in the idea that a scheme of wholesale smuggling had been unearthed. By and by Siccardi appeared with his letter, to corroborate the statements of the tugboat men, and after several days spent in unending red tape the ship chandler got back his rejected but palatable wares.

TO REVOKE ABATTOIR LICENSES. LEDERLE SAYS HE WILL DO SO UNLESS NUISANCES ARE ABATED.

Commissioner Lederle of the Board of Health has issued an ultimatum to proprietors of East Side abattoirs, which have been complained of by people living near them, in which he declares that unless radical changes are made and the nuisances completely removed, he will revoke the licenses of the offending places which will be summarily revoked. Dr. Lederle's letter says in part:

"During the hearings held before the Board of Health on the application of Swift & Co. for a permit to erect an abattoir a petition was presented, signed by several hundred residents in and around the slaughterhouse district, expressing their opposition to the granting of said permit. There is no doubt that the nuisances emanating from the abattoirs are a menace to the public health, and in cases where the nuisances are so serious and obnoxious this course will be pursued.

JUSTICE GILDERSLEEVE SETS ASIDE A VERDICT OF \$12,000, WHICH HE CONSIDERED TOO HIGH.

Mrs. Grace McDonald, who recently obtained a verdict for \$12,000 damages in the fourth trial of her suit brought by her in the Supreme Court to recover for the loss of her two-year-old son, Charles, has consented to accept \$7,500, in accordance with a decision by Justice Gildersleeve to set aside the larger amount unless the lesser sum were accepted by the plaintiff. Judgment will accordingly be entered for that amount. The boy was killed at Thirty-ninth-st. and Broadway in December, 1899, by a street car.

STREET SIGNS EXHIBITED. AN ELABORATE DISPLAY OF DESIGNS IN THE CITY HALL.

There is an exhibition in the Council chamber in the City Hall a collection of all the proposed forms of street signs which have been submitted to Borough President Carter since the adoption of the new law. The display is elaborate. There are glass signs, painted and stained; enamel signs in blue and in white, signs with metal letters on wood, some in aluminum and some in nickel plate. There is also a small sample lamp box in red-tan iron work, from which it is suggested to display the signs.

NO INDUSTRIAL PEACE FOR THESE. IN RESPONSE TO A CALL FROM CLERMONT'S UNION NO. 90, WHICH IS A SOCIALIST BODY, AN ANTI-INDUSTRIAL PEACE CONFERENCE OF LABOR DELEGATES WAS HELD AT LABOR LYCEUM, No. 61 East Fourth-st., on Friday.

ASHORE ON VIRGINIA COAST. Norfolk, Va., Jan. 25.—A large steamer went ashore on the Virginia coast, near Wash Woods Station, late to-night in a heavy fog. At this writing her name has not been learned, nor have any particulars been received in this city. The Merritt & Chapman Wrecking Company have sent their wrecking tug Rescue to the scene to offer aid.

FORTY PRESSMEN ORDERED TO STRIKE. The Franklin Association of Pressmen reported yesterday that it had ordered a strike of forty pressmen and feeders in the 136 Fifth-st. of the Methodist Book concern, No. 136 Fifth-st., to force the reinstatement of a member of the association who had been discharged. The place of this member is filled by a former foreman of the press room. The new man is a union man, but does not belong to the Franklin Association. Mr. Kenney, a delegate of the Franklin Association,

The PIANOLA A Modern Invention

It is astonishing to see this little device at work executing the masterpieces of pianoforte literature with a dexterity, clearness, and velocity which no player, however great, can approach. PADEREWSKI.

THREE years ago an instrument was made to simplify piano-playing, and a new word was coined to give it a name. To-day that word is embodied in the language of every civilized people on the globe, and symbolizes to thousands upon thousands of human beings one of the happiest elements of home life.

The splendid success achieved by the Pianola is natural, as the world has been preparing for it for almost two hundred years.

Since the invention of the hammer-clavier or the forte-piano by Christofori, about 1711, that instrument or its prototype, the piano of to-day, has superseded all others as the universal home instrument.

And the Pianola is nothing but a simplified method of playing the piano. Hence it only does better something which has been done for centuries. It represents the application of modern science and mechanical ingenuity to a time-old process.

It enables any one, irrespective of any musical training, to play the most popular instrument in the world practically without practice and without preparation, and to play it better than any but the greatest artists, without sacrificing in any way the vital element of individual expression.

Therefore, the Pianola's rise to a universal popularity is logical, legitimate, and natural, and merely emphasizes the broadmindedness of an age ready to investigate and quick to appreciate merit.

If you have not heard the piano played with the assistance of the Pianola, it may be difficult for you to understand its wonderful success. Certainly you are robbing yourself of an opportunity to judge of an instrument which may prove of inestimable value to you.

PIANOLAS \$250. AEOLIANS \$75 TO \$750. AEOLIAN ORCHESTRETTES \$850 TO \$2,500. Visitors welcome.

The AEOLIAN COMPANY, 18 West 23d Street, New York. 500 Fulton Street, Brooklyn. 657 Broad Street, Newark, N.J.

ARMY AND NAVY ORDERS.

Washington, Jan. 25.—The following army, navy and marine corps orders have been issued: ARMY. Major LEWIS W. CRAMPTON, surgeon, will proceed to Fort Adams for duty.

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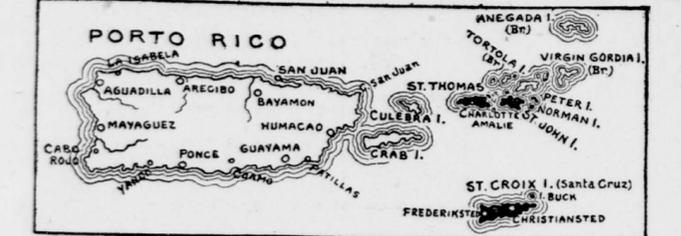
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MAP SHOWING THE LOCATION OF THE ISLANDS OF ST. THOMAS, ST. JOHN AND ST. CROIX, AND THEIR PROXIMITY TO PORTO RICO.

urged and expected these concessions. "Cuba is fighting its own cause on its own merits," declared Mr. Place.

The Cuban hearings then went over until Tuesday, when the beet sugar men and several Cubans will be heard.

WISCONSIN TOBACCO GROWERS PROTEST. Madison, Wis., Jan. 25.—Three hundred Wisconsin tobacco growers and growers met to-day in the Assembly chamber and protested against the reduction of the tariff on tobacco from Cuba and formed the Tobacco Growers and Dealers' Association of Wisconsin. The resolutions adopted set forth that Wisconsin tobacco growers are producing annually 150,000 cases of leaf tobacco, valued at \$1,500,000, and manufacturing 150,000,000 cigars, and that the proposed reduction of tariff duties would seriously curtail and impair these industries.

MISOURI POSTMASTERS APPOINTED. BOTH REPUBLICAN FACTIONS UNITE ON THE PRESIDENT'S SELECTIONS.

Washington, Jan. 25.—The President to-day appointed the following postmasters in Missouri, on all of which both factions of the Republican party in Missouri united: Dexter, Thomas J. Ulen; Greenfield, Robert P. Underwood; Campbell, Hiram A. Gardner; Charleston, Simon P. Loebe; Perryville, Archibald H. Cashion; Platte City, William T. Clements; Salem, William C. Askin; Thayer, John W. Smith; Tipton, William F. Quigley; Vandalia, Malissa Conway.

These nominations will be submitted to the Senate on Monday, together with a large number of nominations of other postmasters, including the re-nominations of W. Merritt at Atlanta and E. R. Stillman at Milwaukee.

KILLING OF FILIPINO PRISONERS. SENATE COMMITTEE FINDS THE AFFAIR OCCURRED WITHOUT GENERAL MENT-CALP'S KNOWLEDGE.

Washington, Jan. 25.—The sub-committee of the Senate Committee on Pensions, which has been engaged for the last week in making an investigation into the charges against General Wilder S. Merrill, who has been nominated for pension agent at Topka, Kan., will probably make a partial report to the full committee at its meeting to-day. The sub-committee finds itself in somewhat of a quandary, because of the conflicting nature of the testimony that has been given. This conflict is not entirely confined to different individuals, but in some cases the same person makes affidavits on both sides of the controversy. Because of this condition the sub-committee is in doubt whether to ask for further time for investigation or to report the facts so far as they are developed, leaving the full committee to deal with the case as it may deem it advisable.

The conclusion so far reached is that Filipino prisoners were certainly killed, and that no steps were taken to punish those who killed them, but that General Merrill did not know of the killing until after it had occurred.

CONSULAR BUREAU HAS A NEW CHIEF. Washington, Jan. 25.—Wilbur J. Carr has been selected as chief of the Consular Bureau of the State Department, succeeding Robert L. Chilton, resigned. Mr. Carr was born in Ohio, and was appointed to the position of consul at New-York under Civil Service rules in June, 1892. For a number of years he has served as assistant to the chief of the Consular Bureau.

RANGERS FOR BLACK HILLS RESERVE. Washington, Jan. 25.—President Roosevelt had a talk to-day with Captain Seth Bulloch, the first supervisor of the Black Hills forest reserve, and Representative Martin, of South Dakota. The conference related to the appointment of rangers in the Black Hills reserve. These rangers have been appointed by the Secretary of the Interior, without consulting the supervisor, and Captain Bulloch desires authority to select his own rangers. He told the President that the reserve was the most important in the country, largely by reason of the great value of the timber, and he would not like to be wholly responsible unless he could name his own subordinates. There are from seventeen to thirty rangers under Captain Bulloch. The President agreed that Captain Bulloch was right, and the Secretary of the Interior will be asked to appoint such men as the supervisor may select.

APPOINTED IN STATE DEPARTMENT. Washington, Jan. 25.—Edwin V. Morgan, second secretary of legation at St. Petersburg, has been selected to fill the vacancy in the State Department caused by the death of Thomas Keller. Mr. Morgan is a native of New-York, and has had considerable diplomatic experience.

TO CONSIDER BILLS ON ANARCHY. Washington, Jan. 25.—The Senate Committee on the Judiciary to-day authorized Senator Hoar, the chairman, to appoint a sub-committee of five to consider the various bills before the committee dealing with anarchism. The sub-committee has not yet been announced.

PREPARING A RIVER AND HARBOR BILL. Washington, Jan. 25.—The hearings before the House River and Harbor Committee, which have been in progress for the last three weeks, closed to-day. Beginning next week the committee will get to work to frame the River and Harbor bill.

GOLD SEAL CHAMPAGNE. "SPECIAL DRY." "BRUT." "GOLD SEAL" has been analyzed and tested by the world's best doctors and most eminent chemists in competition with six of the best French Champagnes; the result of the analysis showed "GOLD SEAL" to be purer and more healthful than any French wine, with a more delicate bouquet and flavor. It costs less than one-half the price of imported wine. SARAH BERNHARDT says: I find the Urbana Wine Co.'s Gold Seal Champagne excellent, in fact superior to many French Champagnes. It surprises me that such a fine wine can be produced in America. URBANA WINE CO., URBANA, N. Y., SOLE MAKER.

manifestation, but much anxiety prevails regarding the developments. "Nothing official has yet been received from Copenhagen. The Governor of St. Thomas has declined to give an interview.

The Danish cruiser Valkyrie will remain here indefinitely, it is reported, so as to guard against disturbances, though trouble, it is believed, is not likely to occur.

THE PRESIDENTIAL SUCCESSION. SENATOR HOAR'S PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT FAVORABLY REPORTED.

Washington, Jan. 25.—The Senate Committee on the Judiciary to-day authorized a favorable report on Senator Hoar's joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution of the United States giving Congress the power to designate some one to act as President in case of the disability of both the President and Vice-President. The resolution is as follows:

In all cases not provided for by Article II, Clause V, of the constitution, where there is no person entitled to discharge the duties of the office of the President, the Congress may by law provide for the case where there is no person entitled to hold the office of President or Vice-President, declaring what officer shall then act as President, and such officer shall act accordingly until the disability shall be removed or a President shall be elected.

ADMIRAL VAN REYPEN RETIRES. FORTY YEARS OF ACTIVE NAVAL SERVICE CLOSED.—DR. RIXEY HIS SUCCESSOR.

Washington, Jan. 25.—Rear Admiral William K. Van Reypen, chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, to-day closed an active career in the navy extended over a period of forty years and including service in the Civil War and the Spanish-American War. He goes on the retired list at his own request, with the rank and pay of a senior rear admiral, corresponding to that of major general in the army. He will be succeeded as surgeon general by Medical Inspector F. M. Rixey, now in command of the naval hospital at New-York. The nomination of Dr. Rixey is pending before the Senate, but there appears to be no doubt of his confirmation. He will not take charge of the bureau until confirmed and commissioned. In the interim Surgeon James D. Gatewood, assistant chief of the bureau, will be in charge.

HORSE WINS EXCITING CHASE. CARRIAGES AND PEDESTRIANS SCATTERED IN SEVENTH-AVE. AS MOUNTED POLICEMAN PURSUES AUTOMOBILE.

The blotter of the West One-hundred-and-twenty-fifth-st. police station bears an entry to the effect that at 3 p. m. yesterday Charles W. Whitney, of No. 331 Madison-ave., was arrested for running an automobile at a rate of fifteen miles an hour in upper Seventh-ave. In the building at the address mentioned is the branch office of H. N. Whitney & Sons, bankers and brokers, whose main office is at Nos. 15-18 Broad-st.

Mounted Policeman James Cavanagh, of the Highbridge police station, who watches Seventh-ave. from One-hundred-and-thirty-seventh-st. to One-hundred-and-forty-third-st., was sitting on his horse at One-hundred-and-forty-third-st., when there shot past him a gray automobile, in which were seated a man and a woman. The auto was going south. Cavanagh wheeled his horse around and shouted for the man to stop, as he estimated that the vehicle was going at least fifteen miles an hour.

"Catch me if you can!" the man shouted, and with the words he made the automobile go a little faster. Cavanagh put spurs to his horse, and a race followed that startled Seventh-ave. Horses were frightened, and several runaways were only averted by the good horsemanship of drivers. At cross streets pedestrians scurried to the sides of the avenue for safety. At One-hundred-and-thirty-seventh-st. Cavanagh was abreast of the automobile, and the young man he was under arrest. He stopped, and the equipage was escorted to the West One-hundred-and-twenty-fifth-st. police station by the policeman. The prisoner gave the name and address mentioned. He took his arrest lightly. He sent a message from the station house, and soon Derwick Brandes, a liquor merchant of No. 14 West One-hundred-and-twenty-first-st., furnished him in the sum of \$200. Mr. Whitney was directed to be at the Harlem police court this morning, and he and the woman rode away in the automobile.

ASHORE ON VIRGINIA COAST. Norfolk, Va., Jan. 25.—A large steamer went ashore on the Virginia coast, near Wash Woods Station, late to-night in a heavy fog. At this writing her name has not been learned, nor have any particulars been received in this city. The Merritt & Chapman Wrecking Company have sent their wrecking tug Rescue to the scene to offer aid.

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Both Socialist and non-Socialist unions were represented at the conference, which was a stormy one. The object of the conference was to criticize the work of the National Federation of Labor Unions, which was held in New-York last week. The Socialist delegates, who were largely in the majority, ran the meeting, and would listen to nothing but denunciation of capitalists, all labor leaders who were not Socialists, and all alliances between labor and capital. Some of the non-Socialist delegates tried to speak in favor of arbitration and of the work of the National Federation, but their words were drowned by shouts of disapproval from the Socialists, and they finally left the hall.

FORTY PRESSMEN ORDERED TO STRIKE. The Franklin Association of Pressmen reported yesterday that it had ordered a strike of forty pressmen and feeders in the 136 Fifth-st. of the Methodist Book concern, No. 136 Fifth-st., to force the reinstatement of a member of the association who had been discharged. The place of this member is filled by a former foreman of the press room. The new man is a union man, but does not belong to the Franklin Association. Mr. Kenney, a delegate of the Franklin Association,

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Major LEWIS W. CRAMPTON, surgeon, will proceed to Fort Adams for duty. The following transfers are made in the 28th Infantry: First Lieutenant ANDREW J. DOUGHERTY, from Company B, Company M, First Lieutenant WILLIAM J. Aiken, from Company M to Company B.

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