

TO PASS THE CUBAN BILL.

FINAL VOTE IN THE HOUSE EXPECTED TO BE TAKEN THIS WEEK.

Washington, April 14.—While no definite decision yet has been reached by the House leaders for closing the general debate and taking the vote on the Cuban Reciprocity bill, it is not improbable that an agreement will be reached to-morrow to demand that the debate be closed Wednesday or Thursday, and the final vote be taken the following day.

Most of the Republican insurgents now realize that further obstruction is useless, and they also realize that the bill will be passed by an overwhelming majority whenever the final vote is taken, it is confidently believed that they will not join the Democratic free traders to vote down a motion for closing debate.

It is believed, however, that the great majority of those who have served notice of their wish to address the House on the bill will not insist on exercising the privilege, since nearly everybody is heartily tired of a discussion which all parties to the controversy recognize can have only one result.

Hence, if Chairman Payne decides to move to-morrow to close the debate on Wednesday or Thursday, with the understanding that one day thereafter is to be devoted to amendments and debate under the five minute rule, it is thought that he can rally sufficient strength to carry his motion through practically as a party measure.

Another argument for Cuba. SENOR DE ABAD SHOWS THAT RECIPROcity CANNOT INJURE THE AMERICAN SUGAR INDUSTRY.

Washington, April 14.—Senor de Abad, special commissioner of Cuba, to-day addressed the following letter to the members of the Senate and House:

In a document bearing date March 22, 1902, addressed to Congress, showing that the granting of tariff relief to Cuba involves no falling away from the political principles of the Republican party.

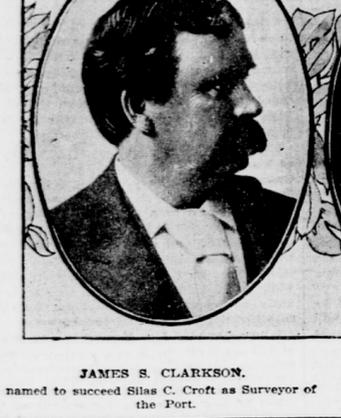
First.—Cuba's production since 1868 has exceeded the domestic sugar industry, and that any concession whatever to Cuba is an infringement of the rights guaranteed to the American sugar industry.

Second.—The production of sugar (which furnishes employment to four-fifths of the laborers of Cuba) depends upon an increasing population of the island.

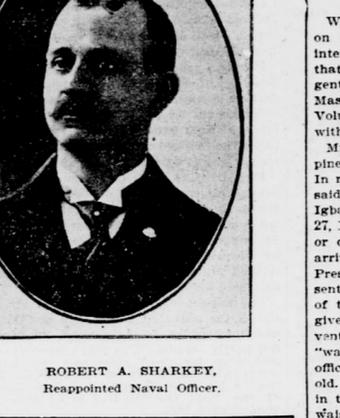
Third.—The line in the diagram representing the increase in the consumption of sugar during forty-two years this increase has sustained a fairly constant relation to the growth in population.

Fourth.—The Cuban sugar industry is not less than 1,000,000 tons, there is no reason whatever to believe that now, with her people 2,000,000 in number, she can produce more sugar.

Fifth.—The facts furnish incontestable proof that for many years to come the price of sugar in the United States must be fixed by the market in Europe.



JAMES S. CLARKSON, named to succeed Silas C. Croft as Surveyor of the Port.



ROBERT A. SHARKEY, Reappointed Naval Officer.

THE VACANT SURVEYORSHIP.

BELIEF IN WASHINGTON THAT JAMES S. CLARKSON WILL NOT BE APPOINTED TO SUCCEED MR. CROFT.

Washington, April 14.—President Roosevelt is being urged to appoint James S. Clarkson, of Iowa, Surveyor of the Port of New-York, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Silas C. Croft, but it is regarded as highly improbable that the President will make this appointment.

It is interesting to note that Mr. Clarkson was first heard of as a New-Yorker when two years ago he became a candidate for secretary of the United States Senate, and was defeated by Charles G. Bennett, of Brooklyn, without a formal ballot having been taken.

Mr. Clarkson's conspicuous figure in politics since the last Harrison campaign, in 1888, he was prominently associated with the campaign in 1892, when he was the Iowa member of the Republican National Committee.

James S. Clarkson expressed surprise when told that he was being considered for Surveyor of the Port of New-York.

SHARKEY GETS ANOTHER TERM. NAVAL OFFICER REAPPOINTED BY THE PRESIDENT—OTHER NOMINATIONS.

Washington, April 14.—The President sent the following nominations to the Senate to-day: ROBERT A. SHARKEY, Naval Officer of Customs, District of New-York.

JOHN H. LAMDIS, superintendent of the mint at Philadelphia, Pa. ALBERT A. NORRIS, corner of the mint at Philadelphia, Pa.

Naval Officer Sharkey was informed of his reappointment by a telegram from Charles G. Bennett, secretary of the Senate, a personal friend.

Washington, April 14.—The President has appointed Archbishop Ryan of Philadelphia a member of the Board of Indian Commissioners.

USE OF THE "WATER CURE."

SOLDIERS TELL OF SEEING THAT FORM OF TORTURE PRACTISED ON FILIPINOS.

Washington, April 14.—The Senate Committee on the Philippines began the week with the intention of making an investigation of charges that the "water cure" is practised on insurgents, and Charles S. Riley, of Northampton, Mass., formerly a sergeant in Company M, 26th Volunteer Infantry, was the first witness called with that end in view.

Mr. Riley said that he had been in the Philippines from October 25, 1890, to March 4, 1901. In reply to questions from Senator Rawlins, he said he had witnessed the "water cure" at Igarbas, in the Province of Iloilo, on November 27, 1900. It was administered to the President, or chief Filipino official, of the town.

On cross-examination by Republican Senators Riley said the "cure" was first reported to him by the President, and he believed to be the native equivalent of "coffins." When at last the President agreed to tell what he knew he was released and allowed to start away.

Another witness, William L. Smith, of Athol, Mass., who served in Company M, 26th Volunteer Infantry, corroborated Riley's testimony, saying he had witnessed the torture of two policemen of the town of Igarbas.

FISCAL AGENT IN PHILIPPINES. THE GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY DESIGNATED BY PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

Washington, April 14.—The President has designated the Guaranty Trust Company of New-York as the fiscal agent of the United States in the Philippines.

CHINESE EXCLUSION DEBATE. THE PENDING BILL OPPOSED BY SENATORS FORAKER AND McLAURIN.

Washington, April 14.—The Chinese Exclusion bill occupied the attention of the Senate to-day. Mr. Foraker, of Ohio, and Mr. McLauren, of South Carolina, making extended speeches in opposition.

GRANT STATE COMMISSION. DESIGNS OF H. M. SHRADY AND C. H. NIEHAUS ADJUDGED FIRST AND SECOND IN MERIT.

Washington, April 14.—The Grant State Commission has reported the designs of Henry Merwin Shrady and Charles Henry Niehaus, both of New-York, to be respectively first and second in merit.

TAKE CONTROL OF MEXICAN NATIONAL. Laredo, Tex., April 14.—A circular letter was received at the Mexican National headquarters here to-day, dated New-York, April 10, stating that a new company, beginning on that date, assumed ownership and control of all the railroad lines and property of the Mexican National Railroad Company.

THE ELGIN BUTTER MARKET. Elgin, Ill., April 14 (Special).—There were small offerings of butter on the Elgin Board of Trade to-day.

W. & J. Lane. IN OUR CAREFULLY SELECTED STOCK OF Ingrain Carpets & Rugs. There are many pleasing suggestions for Spring and Summer Furnishings.

Broadway & 19th Street. THE FORSYTHE WAIST. Perfect in Style, Fit, Finish, Quality. GENUINE SCOTCH MADRAS WAISTS. 3,500 Patterns. Tans, Pinks, Blues, Apple Greens, Oxblends, Browns, &c., with every tasteful combination of stripes and figures.

GOVERNOR DOLE UPHELD. HIS ADMINISTRATION IN HAWAII SATISFACTORY TO THE PRESIDENT. Washington, April 14.—As a result of the conferences held at the White House with Governor Dole within the last few days, it was officially announced to-day that the President's investigation into the affairs of the Hawaiian Government had convinced him of Governor Dole's fitness for another term.

REED & BARTON, SILVERSMITHS. Broadway and 17th Street, N. Y. 6 Maiden Lane, N. Y. SPECIFIC FOR DIABETES. This medicinal wine disease is successfully treated by the use of the

RENT TO LONDON. From May 1 to Sept. 1, 1902, a fully and handsomely furnished dwelling in Cadogan Square, one of the most desirable locations in London, containing five bed chambers, a library, dining and two reception rooms, besides rooms for nine servants.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, New York City. County.—In the matter of an application to sell certain real property devised in trust under the Will of Peter Lorillard, deceased.

Gold Seal Champagne. America's Best. "GOLD SEAL" has been analyzed and tested by the world's best French Chemists in competition with six of the best French Champagnes; the result of the analysis showed "GOLD SEAL" to be purer and more healthful than any French wine.