PAGEANT AT DELHI.

CORONATION DURBAR.

State Entry of the Viceroy Into the Ancient Mogul Capital.

Delhi, India, Dec. 29.—The Viceroy, Lord Curzon of Kedleston, made his state entry this morning into the capital of the Moguls. This constituted the official opening of the durbar held to celebrate the accession of King Edward as Emperor of India.

It was a splendid pageant, probably unparalleled in its magnificence. At the head of the elephant procession rode Lord and Lady Curzon on the state "grand tusker," twelve feet high, the largest elephant in India. Their howdah was decked with gold and silver, and the elephant himself was almost hidden beneath a gold worked saddlecloth. Surrounding them were footmen in scarlet and gold liveries, and bearing massive silver staves. The Duke of Connaught, who represented King Edward, and the Duchess of Connaught followed. Their elephant was equally gorgeously caparisoned. Then, in order of precedence, came the Nizam of Hyderabad, the Maharajah of Travancore and other ruling chiefs, seventy in all, their huge elephants forming a line a quarter of a mile in length. This glittering procession started from the railroad station, preceded by dragoon guards and artillery, the Viceroy's escort, and by heralds and trumpeters. The route was entirely lined by British and native troops. From the saluting battery, posted at the fort commanding the Lahore Gate, guns thundered out a royal salute as the Viceroy passed, with the heralds and trumpeters sounding at intervals spirited fanfares. The cortége passed in front of a magnificent line of one hundred and fifty elephants carrying the brilliantly dressed retainers of the ruling chiefs. The colossal beasts all saluted by trumpeting and throwing their trunks in the air, presenting a truly imposing sight, and afterward fell in line behind the official procession as the cavalcade traversed the broad road leading to the Jumma Musjid Mosque, with its white dome and gilded minarets gleaming in the sunlight. Huge crowds of onlookers witnessed the spectacle, which, it is claimed, has never been surpassed in magnificence even in this country of Oriental splendor.

The heralds, pursuivants and trumpeters who followed the escort and immediately preceded the Viceregal procession were conspicuous by the splendor of their attire. They were followed by the newly constituted Imperial Cadet Corps, comprising thirty Maharajahs, headed by Sir Pertab Singh, looking superb in their white coats, blue turbans and decorations.

The excitement was at a fever heat as the first elephants, with gold and silver howdahs, of the staff officers came in view and began to circle around the mosque. The finest elephants in Asia passed in front of the great Jumma Musjid, the steps of which were thronged with distinguished personages, including the Viceroy's American and British guests and the delegates from the colonies and from other parts of the empire. The enormous animals shuffled slowly by, many of the massive howdahs, of quaint and rich design, being surmounted by magnificent canopies of gold embroidered and bejewelled tapestry. The bodies of the animals were almost hidden by their trappings of crimson, purple and gold. Bands of gold encircled their tusks, golden bracelets were on their ankles, gold and silver bells were hanging from their neckchains, and their heads were painted and decorated in every conceivable color. The mahouts (elephant drivers) were clad in the brightest attire, as were the attendant spearmen, who marched by the elephants' sides.

In the rear of the procession rode General Lord Kitchener, the commander in chief in India, surrounded by a brilliant staff, and followed by the heads of the provinces, with escorts of Indian cavalry, and tribal leaders from beyond the border line.

Down the main street moved the cortége, through lines of saluting soldiers and excited, surging, salaaming throngs of natives; through the ancient city, with the balconies and housetops teeming with life, and through the Moree Gate into the open park beyond. There, after a four mile march, the elephants of the Viceroy and the Duke of Connaught halted side by side, and the pageant was concluded with the great princes filing by, their elephants trumpeting a salute.

The Viceroy was in state uniform, Lady Curzon was dressed in gray, the Duke of Connaught had on a field marshal's uniform, and the Duchess of Connaught was attired in blue. They received a flattering welcome at all points.

The Viceroy and the Duke of Connaught subsequently drove to the main camp.

The roads, after the passage of the procession, presented a scene of chaos, as the camel carriages, mule carts, landaus, bicycles and bullock carts pressed onward in strange confusion. There were many breakdowns, and many hours elapsed before the people were able to return to their camps.

DR. WILEY SHUNS PUBLICITY.

Secures a Watchman To Protect His Boarders from Newspaper Men.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Washington, Dec. 29.—With a view to curtailing the widespread publicity given to his feeding experiments by the press, and possibly with the hope of allaying the suspicion that his investigations are going to prove more valuable from an advertising than from a scientific point of view, Dr. Wiley, chief of the Bureau of Chemistry, has secured a watchman to protect his "subjects" in their chemical dining room from the importunities of capricious newspaper men.

It appears that some of the young men who are boarding at the chemical table have been talking to representatives of the press. One expressed anxiety because he was losing weight, and another has been the butt of much ridicule because he described his rapid gain in flesh. As a result, some newspapers have printed much matter in regard to the experiments and have treated it with a certain levity very trying to Dr. Wiley and his assistants. They have conscientiously sought to impress on the young men the importance from a scientific point of view of the experiment to which they are being submitted. Hereafter, if Dr. Wiley's plans do not miscarry, the only information which reaches the outside world concerning the effects of the boracic diet on which the twelve young men are now subsisting, will be prepared by Dr. Bigelow, the assistant in charge, and carefully censored by Dr. Wiley himself. Dr. Wiley is not communicative as to the probable duration or effect of each division of the experiments. He is confident that no permanent injury will be done to the young men who have heroically volunteered to be experimented on, but whether or not there will be any temporary inconvenience as a result of the adulterants he is administering, he declares it is impossible to foretell. He believes, however, that when his investigations are concluded, he will be able to say with certainty what preservatives now in use can be used with impunity and to what extent their use is not deleterious.

WHITES AND NEGROES BATTLE.

Two of the Latter Killed in Florida Fight.

Williston, Fla., Dec. 29.—Two negroes are dead and two white men wounded as a result of a clash at arms near the Newberry phosphate mines. There has been bad feeling between the whites and negroes employed at the mines for some time. Ulmer Flowers, Roy Landran, N. Landran and M. Colley, white men, drove to Newberry in two buggies on business. Knowing the desperate character of the negroes of that vicinity, they went fully armed.

When they started home a gang of negroes armed with rifles met them in the road and opened fire. The white men returned the shots, and the battle was continued for some time. When the smoke cleared away it was found that two of the negroes were dead, while Flowers was shot through the thigh and a channel was left in N. Landran's brow, where a bullet had ploughed its way. The live negroes had fled, but the white men followed and captured one. They delivered him to the Sheriff.

COMMISSIONER HERMANN TO GO.

Head of the General Land Office Resigns at Secretary Hitchcock's Request.

Washington, Dec. 29.—Binger Hermann, Commissioner of the General Land Office, has resigned, and will be succeded by William A. Richards, now the assistant commissioner. The change will take place on February 1. Mr. Hermann's resignation was requested about two weeks ago by the Secretary of the Interior and was immediately presented. The relations between Secretary Hitchcock and Mr. Hermann have been strained for a long time.

Charges have been preferred against Harry King, chief, and Frederick P. Metzger, assistant chief, of the draughtsman's division of the General Land Office. The former is charged with neglect of duty and the latter with mismanagement and unsatisfactory administration of his duties. They have until to-morrow to submit their answer. Mr. Metzger came from Kansas, and was once chief clerk of the General Land Office

NEW ASSISTANT SECRETARY.

Robert B. Armstrong To Succeed O. L. Spaulding in the Treasury Department.

Washington, Dec. 29.—Robert B. Armstrong, private secretary to Secretary Shaw, will be appointed Assistant Secretary of the Treasury on the reassembling of Congress, to succeed O. L. Spaulding, whose resignation has been in the hands of Secretary Shaw for some time. Mr. Armstrong comes from Illinois, and his selection is a personal one with Secretary Shaw. He will have charge of the customs branch of the service. Mr. Armstrong, who is twenty-nine years old, is regarded as a young man of excellent ability, and has the entire confidence of the officials of the Treasury Department.

Captain A. D. Lynch, of Indiana, chief of the division of insolvent national banks in the office of the Controller of the Currency, has resigned on account of failing health, and F. F. Oldham, of Cincinnati, an attorney and special agent in the Controller's office in connection with failed banks, has been selected to fill the vacancy.

GOVERNOR'S STAFF FOR NEXT YEAR.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Albany, Dec. 29.—The members of the Governor's military staff for 1903 were announced to-day as follows:

Brigadier General NELSON H. HUNT, adjutant general.
Major HARRISON KERR BIRD, military secretary.
Captain WILLIAM LITTAUER, aide-de-camp.
Captain CHARLES HITCHCOCK SHERRILL, aide-de-camp.

FROM THE NATIONAL GUARD.

Major CHARLES O. DAVIS, 13th Regiment, aide-de-camp.
Major JOHN JAMES BYRNE, 9th Regiment, aide-de-camp.
Captain AMES EVERETT M'INTYRE, 24th Separate Company, aide-de-camp.
Captain JOHN TIMOTHY SADLER, 30th Separate Company, aide-de-camp.
Captain SEYMOUR PENFIELD WHITE, 65th Regiment, aide-de-camp.
Captain CHARLES I. DEBEVOISE, Troop C, aide-de-camp.
Captain RICHARD HARPER LAIMBEER, Jr., 24 Brigade Staff, aide-de-camp.
First Lieutenant CHAUNCEY MATLOCK, 3d Battery, aide-de-camp.
First Lieutenant THOMAS BARRON, 7th Regiment, aide-de-camp.
First Lieutenant WILLIAM LELAND THOMPSON, 12th Separate Company, aide-de-camp.
First Lieutenant AUGUSTUS SHERWOOD CHATFIELD, 8th Regiment, aide-de-camp.

FROM THE NAVAL MILITIA.

Lieutenant Commander ALFRED BROOKS FRY, aide-de-camp.

Only two changes are made. Lieutenant Colonel Edward S. Fowler is succeeded by Captain Laimbeer, and Captain George F. Roth is succeeded by Lieutenant Barron. Captain Laimbeer served five years with the 7th Regiment, and was honorably discharged. He accepted a commission in the 114th Regiment, New-York Volunteers, as regimental quartermaster. He was assigned in 1900 as assistant inspector of Fisher's Island, and in 1902 as assistant post commissary at State Camp, Peekskill. He was detailed in 1901 as aide de camp on General McLeer's staff, Second Brigade, and in 1902 on the same brigade staff as brigade quartermaster.

Lieutenant Barron was commissioned first lieutenant on April 5, 1900. He joined Company K, 7th Regiment, in 1893.

NEW $5,000,000 STEEL COMPANY.

Hartford, Conn., Dec. 29.—A certificate of organization of the Alabama Steel and Wire Corporation of this city has been filed with the Secretary of State. The amount of capital stock authorized is $5,000,000, divided into fifty thousand shares, one-half of which is preferred stock. No cash has been paid thereon, but there have been acquired 6,963 shares each of the preferred and common stock of the Alabama Steel and Wire Company of Alabama.

The officers are: President, T. Schuler, of Gadsden, Ala.; vice-president, G. H. Schuler, of Birmingham, Ala.; treasurer, George Van Zandt, of Chicago; secretary, Ward B. Sawyer, of Chicago.

"MICE AND MEN" PRODUCED.

Washington, Dec. 29.—The first American production of "Mice and Men," the new play in which Charles Frohman will present Annie Russell this season, took place to-night at the New National Theatre. Miss Russell was greeted by a large audience, including many persons well known socially and officially. The play is by Madeline Lucette Ryley. The supporting company includes Orrin Johnson, John Mason and Mrs. G. H. Gilbert.

"GRETNA GREEN" AT NEW-HAVEN.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

New-Haven, Conn., Dec. 29.—Miss Elizabeth Tyree made her second appearance this season as a star, this time under the management of Henry B. Harris, at the Hyperion Theatre to-night, when "Gretna Green," a romantic comedy, in three acts, by Grace Livingston Furniss, was produced for the first time. Miss Tyree was warmly welcomed. She presented in the role of Dolly Erskine, who captures the heart of the Earl of Basset, a portrait of a sprightly maid of the early nineteenth century. The play opens in New-York at the Madison Square Theatre on January 5.

MASCAGNI'S MANAGER SUED.

Chicago, Dec. 29.—A suit was brought in the Circuit Court to-day against Richard Heard, formerly manager of Pietro Mascagni, by F. W. Chamberlain, Samuel Harrington and Charles Kindt, of the firm of Chamberlain, Harrington & Kindt. The action was brought in assumpsit for $2,000 damages. The suit, according to Mr. Heard, is for the alleged violation of a contract to present the Mascagni Opera Company under the Chamberlain, Harrington & Kindt firm at Burlington, Muscatine, Davenport and Keokuk, Iowa, and Peoria and Rock Island, Ill. The company was scheduled to appear at these places, but on account of the illness of the composer the performances were not given. The suit is directed against "Richard Heard, doing business as the Mascagni Opera Company."

GIFTS TO KOCIAN FROM SULTAN.

Kocian, the Russian violinist, yesterday received through his American manager, Rudolph Aronson, a Moorish scimitar and two pairs of sandals or slippers, trimmed with gold, from the Sultan of Morocco. According to Mr. Aronson, Kocian met the Sultan at a concert given recently before King Edward. The Sultan then invited the violinist to visit him at his palace in Tangiers, but on account of the arrangements for the American tour the visit was postponed. The gifts, Mr. Aronson says, were sent in a box, directed to President Roosevelt, with a note requesting that he send them to Kocian, and were received in this country last week.

LORENZ GOES TO-MORROW

Surgeon Will Sail for Home on the Celtic—His Notable Tour.

Dr. Adolf Lorenz ends his visit to America to-day. After attending the theatre to-night he goes aboard the Celtic, which sails to-morrow morning at 6:30. His trip, which was taken in order to operate on a private patient, ended in a tour that brought relief to several scores of little sufferers, and aroused such an interest in bloodless orthopedic surgery that, doubtless, many children suffering from hip diseases will be made strong men and women as result of his demonstrations and his unselfish instruction in his bloodless method of reducing congenital hip dislocation.

It was on October 6 that the famous surgeon arrived on the Trave to treat little Lolita Armour, daughter of J. Ogden Armour, of Chicago, for congenital dislocation of the hip. It was his intention to stay only a month, just long enough to attend his patient and watch the progress of the cure. The operation was entirely successful.

But American surgeons, interested in his bloodless method, persuaded him to remain and tour the country, in order to demonstrate his method of operating. He consented, and then began an almost triumphal march of mercy. City after city was visited, and in each place he performed many operations, and carefully explained each detail of his method to the surgeons gathered at the clinics. Many little children who would have grown up deformed and helpless, will now, through Dr. Lorenz's generosity, arrive at healthy maturity.

From Chicago Dr. Lorenz went to Denver, where he demonstrated before the Colorado Medical Society, and from there he journeyed to San Francisco and Los Angeles, operating in both places. After this, he came to St. Louis, where he held clinics, and then back to Chicago to have a final look at Lolita Armour. It is related that when the little Armour girl, who by this time—for it was over a month since the operation, on October 13, and she had begun to walk a little—saw Dr. Lorenz and was told he was going away, she cried and wanted to go with him. She will be taken abroad in April to see him.

When he left St. Louis on November 25 it is said that $100,000 was offered to Dr. Lorenz to continue his operations for some time at that place, but he had to hurry on.

On November 29 Northwestern University conferred a degree on Dr. Lorenz, and shortly afterward, having finished in Chicago, he went to Washington, where he was received by the President. From there he went to Baltimore, where he had a case that required so much exertion, on account of the shallowness of the hip socket, that he sprained his wrist slightly.

From Baltimore Dr. Lorenz went to Philadelphia, where he had a hard and extremely rare case. He performed the operation successfully.

On December 13 Dr. Lorenz came to New-York and from here went to Boston, where he operated on a patient nineteen years old. He spent two days at Boston, and then returned here. While in New-York Dr. Lorenz held public clinics at the New-York Hospital for Ruptured and Crippled, the Post Graduate Hospital, Bellevue Hospital, the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Cornell University Medical College, the New-York Orthopedic Hospital, the hospital at Tarrytown, and elsewhere. He also performed a few private operations.

It is estimated that while in this country Dr. Lorenz has performed almost 150 operations, and his assistant, Dr. Mueller, more than twenty-five. Dr. Mueller has been his faithful companion and co-worker throughout the tour. As a result of the work of Dr. Lorenz and his fame two thousand crippled children were brought to the Cornell University Medical College, in this city, alone. It was not thought that so many cases of congenital hip disease existed in one city.

Dr. Lorenz is coming back in the summer for a social visit, and Dr. Mueller intends to come here permanently. The visit of these two orthopedic surgeons has brought that branch of surgery to public notice, and as a result it is thought, that measures for making crippled children into sound adults, will receive public consideration. State aid for hospitals that will do such work may be secured.

ALDERMEN TO HONOR LORENZ.

Dr. Adolf Lorenz will receive this afternoon at the City Hall from a special committee of the Board of Aldermen an album containing an engrossed set of resolutions eulogizing the doctor and saying that the people of this city feel grateful to him for his distinguished services. The presentation will take place at 3:15 o'clock in the aldermen's chamber, and it is expected that Mayor Low will be present and take part. At the last meeting of the aldermen Alderman Sullivan moved the adoption of resolutions which since then have been suitably mounted. The album, which is silver mounted, is about twelve by eighteen inches, in a box lined with moire silk. On the cover is a silver plate with the inscription "A. L." The album contains a portrait of Dr. Lorenz. The committee of the Board of Aldermen includes Mr. Sullivan, Mr. Walkley and President Fornes. There will be no regular meeting of the aldermen to-day.

RACE TO FILE PETITION.

Member of Firm Declared Involuntary Bankrupt Said To Be Missing.

Two lawyers ran a dead heat yesterday to file involuntary petitions in bankruptcy against the firm of W. Einhorn, furriers, of No. 16 East Seventeenth-st., in the United States District Court. As the clerk would not decide which petition to file first, one of the lawyers slipped over to Brooklyn and got Judge Thomas to appoint a temporary receiver for the alleged bankrupts on his petition. The firm of James, Schell & Elkus were the lawyers whose representative went to Judge Thomas, and in their petition the creditors named are A. Marquis & Co., No. 65 East Eleventh-st., $2,000; F. N. Monjo, No. 125 Greene-st., $4,000, and A. M. Eisenberg, No. 45 University Place, $3,000.

The petition alleges that the firm has admitted its insolvency in writing, and has concealed goods to the value of $20,000, so that the assets in sight amount to only $50,000, against liabilities of $90,000. It is further alleged that the firm's books show that $52,000 was received by the firm in December and only $20,000 was deposited. The petitioners further allege that Wolf Einhorn, of the firm of W. Einhorn, has disappeared, and has not been heard from in four days.

The second petition, filed by House, Grossman & Vorhaus, as attorneys, show as petitionary creditors Herman Basche, $1,822; Vorhaus & Stempel, $1,500, and A. Kornbluth & Bro., $425. This petition also alleges that $20,000 has been withdrawn by the firm from its assets, and $25,000 concealed to hinder and delay the creditors. The second petition further states that a meeting of the firm's creditors was held on December 27, at which only Albert Einhorn was present. It is alleged that at this meeting an offer of 30 cents on the dollar was made by Albert Einhorn and refused.

George H. Gilman is the temporary received appointed by Judge Thomas.

GILMAN WILL NOT RESIGN.

Albany, Dec. 29.—State Controller Miller to-night announced that there would no changes of moment in his department after January 1. Deputy Controller Gilman and Second Deputy Merriman will be his assistants for two more years.

LEAVES QUESTION TO CUNNEEN.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Albany, Dec. 29.—Attorney General Davies announced to-day that he would leave to his successor the question of bringing a suit, under the Anti-Trust law, against the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company and other coal companies and coal carrying railroads.

ADVANCE FOR WEST VIRGINIA MEN.

Huntington, W. Va., Dec. 29.—The operators of the Flat Top coal field will give their men an advance of 10 per cent to 20 per cent, beginning January 1. Twelve thousand men are affected.

M'KEESPORT MILLS RESUME.

McKeesport, Penn., Dec. 29.—The Demmler tinplate plant, which has been idle for several months, resumed operations in full to-day, giving employment to five hundred men. The Monongahela steel furnace and the Boston iron and steel mill, which have been idle for several weeks, will resume operations in full on New Year's evening. This will place all the iron and steel mills in McKeesport in full operation on January 1.

NO CONFERENCE WITH HARRIMAN.

Union Pacific Labor Representatives May Be Here To-day.

According to dispatches from Omaha last week representatives of the striking machinists, boilermakers and other classes of mechanics employed in the Union Pacific Railroad Company's shops had been invited by E. H. Harriman, chairman of the board of directors of the company, to come to this city for the purpose of conferring with him yesterday about the strike. Mr. Harriman was at his office yesterday, but upon inquiry being made there regarding the reported conference the following memorandum, signed by Alexander Millar, secretary of the Union Pacific, was sent out:

"We know nothing here about reported conference with labor leaders from Omaha."

A telephone message was received at the Ashland House that union labor leaders, representing the Union Pacific strikers, might arrive there yesterday, but late last night they had not arrived, and no rooms had been engaged for them.

It was stated later that the party of labor men had been snowbound on the way and were expected to-day. No one would say anything about a conference.

James Wilson, business agent of the New-York local of the International Association of Machinists, whose president, John O'Connell, is a member of the expected committee, said yesterday that the committee of labor men was in town. He saw the members taking an uptown car early in the afternoon, he said, but could not tell where they were staying.

"I don't believe any conference has been held yet," he continued, "and I wish to say that the strike is still on. Out of several thousand who from time to time had been engaged all have been induced to leave but about twenty-five or thirty. The strike, if it is not settled, will be extended to the shops of other companies conducted by the Harrimans."

GRAND TRUNK INQUEST BEGUN.

Testimony of the Train Dispatcher as to Orders.

Wyoming, Ont., Dec. 29.—The inquest into the cause of the death of the victims of the recent accident on the Grand Trunk Railway at Wanstead was begun here to-day. Dispatcher James Kerr, who sent the train from London, was called. Kerr's evidence was to the effect that he sent orders to the Watford and Wyoming operators simultaneously to have the express meet the freight at Wanstead. Shortly after Wyoming reported to the dispatcher that the freight was slow in getting out. Kerr's order was properly repeated back by both operators, and Kerr marked it "O. K."

Kerr asked Wyoming why the freight was slow in getting out, Wyoming replying that he did not know. Kerr then called Watford and asked if No. 5 was coming. Watford's reply being "Yes," Kerr said, "Min may bust it." Wyoming then reported the freight pulling out. Kerr said, "Let her go." He then called the Watford operator, who reported No. 5 had gone, and that he had "busted" the order for No. 5. Kerr then called Wyoming, and told him to stop the freight. Wyoming answered, "I can't." Kerr said, "You must stop her."

Kerr then called King's Court for seven or eight minutes before raising that office. King's Court reported No. 5 had passed. In a few minutes Wanstead called the dispatcher, asking if the trains were to cross at Wanstead, as he had heard a noise and had run from his house thinking there was trouble. In a few minutes Assistant Superintendent Costello, who was on the express train, called Kerr and asked for the auxiliary to be sent, as a collision had occurred.

W. J. Hanna, who appeared for Carson, the station agent at Watford, cross-examined Kerr.

At the afternoon session Kerr was recalled. Solicitor Pope of the Grand Trunk put him through a cross-examination on the subject of the company's rules for operators and dispatchers. The presence of Superintendent Costello on the wrecked train did not influence the witness in his conduct. The fact that the two trains were running under special orders relieved the freight of its obligation to be five minutes clear of the express at Wanstead. The witness would not say that the King's Court operator, James Troyer, was remiss in his duty.

Andrew Carson, the Watford operator, at whose door is laid the responsibility for the accident by the Grand Trunk officials, followed Kerr on the stand. He was pale, but appeared to be cool and collected. He got the order for the two trains to cross at Wanstead, he said, and displayed his order board to stop the express. Soon after he heard Wyoming tell of the delay to the freight, and then the London dispatcher called the witness and said, "Bust it." He did not hear the word "may" preceding the "bust it." The express had stopped and the conductor asked for his order, but the witness told him it had been cancelled and gave the conductor a clearance order. "Bust it" was a common form of cancellation of orders, he said. He did not get a formal order annulling it. There was no written record of the order "bust it."

The inquest then adjourned till to-morrow. Kerr and Carson will probably be recalled to-morrow.

OBITUARY.

EUGENE JONES.

Elizabeth, N. J., Dec. 29 (Special).—Eugene Jones, who was for some years vice-president of the large Hecker-Jones-Jewell milling syndicate, and afterward its president, died to-day at the Presbyterian Hospital in New-York City.

Mr. Jones was born in Fairfield, Conn., on July 31, 1842. He engaged in the flour milling business with his father in early life. For many years he was head of the firm of Jones & Co., which carried on the New-York Roller Flour Mills, at Lewis and Broome sts., in that city. Mr. Jones lived the greater part of his life at Tarrytown, where he had a fine home. He removed from there to Elizabeth in 1899, where he built a handsome home at No. 359 Union-ave. He invested largely in Elizabeth real estate, and purchased most of the holdings of ex-Congressman Amos Clark, of Elizabeth, in exchange for property at Tarrytown. For some years he has not been engaged in anything but real estate transactions.

In 1888 Mr. Jones married the only daughter of the late J. Augustus Dix, who for many years was superintendent of Elizabeth's public schools. She, with one son, Eugene, seven years old, survives him.

Mr. Jones's death was indirectly due to an operation performed on him last Friday at the hospital. He rallied after it, but then came a relapse. He had been in ill health since last September.

At the time of his death he was the largest property owner in Elizabeth, and greatly improved the holdings that came into his possession. The Dix Building, which is the headquarters of the city and county Republican executive committees, and the biggest office building in Elizabeth, belonged to Mr. Jones, who was himself a Republican.

JAMES S. BAILEY.

James S. Bailey, organizer and president of the firm of J. S. Bailey & Co., wholesale pork packers at Christopher and Hudson sts., succumbed to heart disease yesterday at his home, No. 281 Eighth-st., Jersey City, at the age of fifty-three years. Mr. Bailey was born in Sterling, Mass. He became manager of the Jersey City Beef Company in 1884, and later organized the Jersey City Packing Company. About ten years ago he organized the firm of J. S. Bailey & Co.

He leaves one daughter, Miss Gertrude Bailey. Mr. Bailey was a director in the Colonial Life Insurance Company of America. He served on the Jersey City Board of Education and Board of Finance. The burial will be at Sterling, Mass., on Thursday.

AMOS L. MASON.

Syracuse, Dec. 29.—Amos L. Mason, seventy-eight years old, a well known contractor of this city, died to-day. He built many of the largest structures in this city.

MISS MAHALA TERRY.

Hartford, Conn., Dec. 29.—Miss Mahala Terry, of Terry Plains, Simsbury, died to-day at her home. She was one hundred years old on July 4 last. Her birthday was celebrated by members of Abigail Phelps Chapter, Daughters of the Revolution, with which Miss Terry was connected as an original Daughter of the Revolution.

WARBURTON GOUVERNEUR ISELIN.

Warburton Gouverneur Iselin, son of the late John H. Iselin, died yesterday at his home, No. 32 East Twenty-second-st. He had been ill for two weeks, and pneumonia, from which death resulted, set in on Sunday. He was twenty-four years old. Mr. Iselin was educated at St. Mark's and Columbia University. The funeral service will be held on Thursday at Garrisons-on-Hudson.

PROMINENT ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

FIFTH AVENUE—Senator Nelson W. Aldrich, of Rhode Island; Leslie M. Shaw, Secretary of the Treasury; ex-Senator Arthur P. Gorman, of Maryland. GRAND—Major A. R. Paxton and Captain T. C. Moore, U. S. A. GRAND UNION—John Palmer, of Albany, ex-Secretary of New-York State; HOFFMAN—Assemblyman Louis Bedell, of Goshen; ex-Judge A. Hamilton, of Albany. HOLLAND—Zenas Crane, of Dalton, Mass. IMPERIAL—Ex-Congressman George T. Bradley, of Connecticut. MANHATTAN—Professor A. O. Leuscher, University of California; Colonel A. A. Pope, of Farmington, Conn. MURRAY HILL—Ex-Judge I. Rider Cady, of Hudson; Hamilton Revelle, of London. VICTORIA—State Senator George E. Green, of Binghamton. WALDORF—Senator John F. Dryden, of New-Jersey; A. G. Yates, president of the Rochester, Buffalo and Hamilton Railway; T. H. Watkins, of Scranton; J. C. Stubbs, vice-president and general manager of the Southwestern Pacific Railway; Governor M. A. Otero, of New-Mexico.

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ATTACKS CIVIL SERVICE RERATING.

E. H. Goodwin Says Municipal Commission's Method Is Demoralizing.

Elliott H. Goodwin, secretary of the Civil Service Reform Association, yesterday made public a letter addressed to Mayor Low under date of December 24. The letter follows up the Reform Association's recent charge of inefficiency against the work being done by the Municipal Civil Service Commission, which charge was replied to in full by the local organization. Mr. Goodwin says that the cost of conducting examinations has increased, and in this connection, after reciting the facts from the Reform Association's point of view, he says:

We respectfully submit to your honor that if the commission could publish as official figures containing such a palpable blunder as that shown above, and which, moreover, bring about a result which is exactly opposite to the real facts, the other statements in their letter should be subjected to extremely careful scrutiny before they are accepted as final.

The Reform Association objects to the local commission's methods of handling appeals from the examiners' ratings. It is asserted by Mr. Goodwin that in 257 appeals made from ratings in a recent examination for roundsmen 46 were granted, and on reratings Mr. Goodwin's letter says:

The commission admits that there were 577 appeals from the ratings of the examiners, of which 107 were granted during the first eleven months of 1902. In the Federal Service during the same period, 48,362 sets of papers were rated. There were 343 cases of appeals from markings, in 43 of which the ratings were raised and in 8 the ratings were reduced. Of the number raised 18 were made eligible by the change. In the State service during the same period there were 26 appeals, the ratings were changed in 4 cases, and the number placed on the eligible list as the result of rerating was 3. We submit that this whole business of rerating in the municipal service is not only demoralizing, but also almost entirely unnecessary, and that the number of appeals which show a real injustice done the candidates is very small.

In summing up, Mr. Goodwin asks for a hearing by the Mayor, and says:

The evidence convinces us that the cost has been extravagant; that the departments have been hampered by the failure of the commission to produce eligible lists from which appointments could be made within a reasonable time, and we must repeat our assertion, in the belief that it has been proved, that the system of employing per session examiners is bad, and must be held accountable for many of the failures of the commission. Furthermore, we think that this has been practically admitted by the commission, but in the course of a year they have done little to remedy it. So far as concerns the granting of appeals for rerating, the figures of the commission show that we have understated the real facts, while as regards constructive work we know that old abuses still exist, and must feel that the commission has neglected a great opportunity.

A copy of Mr. Goodwin's letter was sent to President Willis L. Ogden, of the Municipal Civil Service Commission. Colonel Ogden, in a note to Mr. Goodwin, says that the local commission has no desire to continue the discussion unless the Reform Association desires to do so.

MURPHY WILL NAME CHAIRMEN.

Tammany Organization for 1903—Van Brunt for Mayor.

The Tammany Hall Executive and General committees will meet to-night for organization for 1903. It is fully expected that Charles F. Murphy will name the sub-committees, as this is one of the functions enjoyed by the leader of Tammany Hall. The programme is to re-elect Daniel F. McMahon chairman of the Executive Committee and ex-Judge George M. Van Hoesen chairman of the General Committee. Murphy is using the same harmony talk that he started off with, and there does not seem to be any disposition on the part of "Big Tim" Sullivan to make a fight against him.

There will be five new names in the new Executive Committee after to-night. Civil Justice Daniel E. Finn succeeds ex-Police Commissioner Murphy in the 1st, William S. Devery will take the place of Frank J. Goodwin in the IXth, Joseph F. Mulqueen that of John F. Carroll in the XXIXth, and in the XXXIVth John Haveron and Thomas F. McGuire will succeed Percival E. Nagle and August Moebus.

No agreement has as yet been reached by Peter J. Dooling, William Dalton and William S. Devery with reference to a candidate to succeed the late Senator Trainor. The naming of the candidate belongs to Dooling's district, and at the meeting of the Tammany Executive Committee to-night the plan is for the three district leaders to get together and name the Democratic candidate. There was some talk yesterday about running Dooling for the vacancy, but Mr. Dooling's friends said that, with the chances of Tammany returning to power, he would not take the nomination.

Justice Van Brunt's friends are beginning to talk about him as a candidate for Mayor next fall. The fact that Justice Van Brunt has associated himself with a trust company is proof to his friends that he will leave the bench as soon as practicable. The anti-Murphy men in Tammany Hall are face to face with the fact that Congressman George B. McClellan has been selected by Murphy as the Tammany candidate for Mayor. One of Murphy's most fervent wishes is that no one will talk about McClellan as a candidate for Mayor, as he is afraid that premature discussion will hurt his chances.

DIRECT LINE TO HAVANA.

Beginning with the steamer sailing on January 10 the Munson Steamship Line will maintain a direct passenger and freight service from New-York to Havana. The passenger ships engaged in this service will also maintain a regular itinerary along the entire north coast of Cuba. First entering the port of Havana, after leaving New-York, the steamers will proceed up the coast, stopping in turn at the chief cities, returning to New-York by way of Havana. The steamers will stop at each port long enough to make possible trips to the places of interest in the neighborhood.

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were over
21%
more in November, 1902, than in the same month in 1901

THE ROCKLAND REACHES HER PIER.

Icebound Ferryboat Gets to Nyack Uninjured.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Nyack, N. Y., Dec. 29.—After being wedged in the ice between Nyack and Tarrytown since Saturday noon, the ferryboat Rockland came into her slip at the Nyack pier this noon. One of the steam tugs belonging to the Peene Brothers, at Yonkers, was employed by the ferry company to come up and release the boat from the ice this morning, and succeeded in doing it. After opening the way for the boat through the ice the tug withdrew, and the ferryboat steamed into Nyack without having suffered any damage.

"This is our last trip for the season," said Captain Lyon, when coming ashore, "and you can bet on it. We are thankful we came out all right, but we don't want any more experiences of that kind."