RED CROSS AFFAIRS.

Objections to an Irresponsible and Arbitrary Executive Head.

In the accounts of the difficulties within the organization of the American National Red Cross which have appeared in these columns reference has been made to a memorial to President Roosevelt and Congress setting forth the objections of the members of the executive committee and other members of the Red Cross to Miss Barton's methods. These objections have been mainly directed against the new bylaws adopted at the annual meeting on December 9, 1902, and the most significant have to do with Articles II and III, which are here criticised, in the language of the memorial, as follows:

ARTICLE II.

"Section 1. The president may be elected for life."

There is no power vested in the organization by which the president elected for life may for any act or violation of the rules be deposed, save by the right granted the executive committee to suspend temporarily or permanently an officer—said executive committee being appointed by the president.

"Sec. 2. The president may in case of sickness or absence appoint a president pro tempore to act with the full power of the president during the time named in said appointment."

By which provision an elected officer, and in this case the most important officer of this organization, has the right to delegate to any individual he or she may choose the almost absolute power held under these bylaws by the president of this organization.

"Sec. 5. The treasurer shall receive and receipt for all moneys from whatever source paid to the corporation, except funds or moneys paid to officers of the corporation in emergency or field work, receipt of which shall be acknowledged to the donor and duly accounted for to the treasurer, together with the disbursements thereof."

As the main purpose of this organization is for relief work, viz., emergency or field work, it will be seen by this provision that most of the funds contributed to the American National Red Cross would never pass through the hands of the treasurer, and there is no provision for the auditing of the accounts of officers engaged in emergency or field work.

Section 5 also provides that the treasurer "shall pay out said moneys on the legitimate accounts of the corporation, when approved by the president or executive committee."

No other officer is required to countersign the president's approval, and in case of a president pro tempore appointed by the actual president he or she by Article II, Section 2, quoted above, would obtain the same power.

ARTICLE III.

"Sec. 4. There shall be an executive committee, consisting of five members—the president ex officio and four members appointed by the president—which committee shall have power to conduct the affairs of the corporation during the time intervening between the regular meetings. . . . Three members shall constitute a quorum."

The president, according to the same article, appoints all other committees, and the executive committee appointed by the president "is empowered to appoint a board of trustees, consisting of eleven members, whose duty shall be to receive any endowment funds, property, or investments, and administer the same with the approval of the executive committee."

Power is thus taken from the members of the organization to have a voice in the selection of this important fiduciary board, or in any way to exercise control over the endowments or properties of the organization.

Nothing is more important for the success and efficiency of a public institution which appeals to the people for support, especially one whose objects are avowedly of a charitable and humane character, than to provide a careful financial system, with strict accountability and rigid auditing of accounts. How imperfect are the new bylaws in this respect may be judged from the foregoing review of them.

The effect of the bylaws so summarily put into operation has been to place the whole administration of the American Red Cross in the hands of one person, and to deprive the members of the organization of any power to direct or control its work. These new regulations virtually nullify the act of Congress which granted a charter to the corporators named therein and their associates to conduct the affairs of the corporation and accomplish the purpose of its organization. No relief can be had from this condition before the next annual meeting, and not even then unless the executive committee shall determine that it is desirable to reconsider the bylaws, and two-thirds of the members voting, including proxies, can be secured in favor of their repeal.

WHOLE CLASS PUNISHED FOR HAZING.

Captain Brownson Takes Vigorous Measures at the Naval Academy.

Annapolis, Md., Feb. 7.—Midshipman R. H. Pearson, son of the Secretary of State of New-Hampshire, who a few weeks ago had his jaw broken in an encounter with an upper class man at the Naval Academy, tendered his resignation to-day to Superintendent Brownson. The affray resulted from an attempt to "run" Pearson. He was accused of cowardice when he threatened to report the would-be hazers, and was forced to fight an upper class man of his own size and weight.

Captain Brownson, superintendent of the Naval Academy, summoned before him to-day all the members of the third class and lectured them on the iniquities of "hazing" and "running." On their refusal to agree to discontinue the practice he deprived them of all liberty, and to-day for the first time in years the third class men were restrained from liberty, and compelled to adhere closely to their duties in the academy schoolrooms and workshops. Captain Brownson says he will break up all forms of hazing at the academy.

MENELEK DRIVES OUT RESIDENT.

French Representative Expelled from Abyssinian Capital.

London, Feb. 7.—A dispatch to a news agency from Rome says reports have been received from Addis Abeba, Abyssinia, announcing that King Menelek has broken off relations with M. Legarde, the French resident, and expelled him from the capital. M. Legardo is now quartered twenty miles from Addis Abeba.

TURKEY PREPARING FOR WAR.

Mobilization of 240,000 Troops Ordered by the Sultan.

Paris, Feb. 8.—The "Figaro" this morning confirms the statement published yesterday from its Philippopolis correspondent, to the effect that the Sultan of Turkey has ordered the mobilization of 240,000 men, and says that the statement has not been denied at the Turkish Embassy here. The paper quoted a dispatch from Constantinople, to the "Temps," which says that the mobilization of the second and third Turkish army corps has been ordered.

NOTES OF THE STAGE.

Julian Mitchell Has New Star—E. S. Willard Aids A. M. Palmer Benefit.

Julian Mitchell and his partner, F. R. Hamlin, have signed Miss Amy Ricard for a term of three years, and will present her in the leading part in a new musical comedy in this city next fall. Miss Ricard will be remembered for her work in the support of Miss Mannering this season in "The Stubbornness of Geraldine." She played "the girl from Butte, Mont." and succeeded in arousing more laughter than any one else in the cast. Mr. Mitchell has ascertained, so he says, that she possesses a good singing voice (though he does not tell how), and he is persuaded that she will fit in musical comedy.

E. S. Willard, who first appeared in America in 1890 under the management of A. M. Palmer, has sent Daniel Frohman a check for $500 in payment for a box at Mr. Palmer's benefit next May. It is a present hope that for this benefit the original cast of "Trilby," including Wilton Lackaye and Miss Harned, may be persuaded to present an act from that play.

The advance sale of seats for Mrs. Carter's Philadelphia engagement in "Du Barry," which begins next Tuesday, has already reached nearly $15,000.

GUESTS OF MEXICAN DELEGATES.

Bankers, Business Men and Diplomats Entertained at the Waldorf.

A dinner was given last night at the Waldorf-Astoria by Enrique C. Creel and Emeterio de la Garza, jr., to about forty representative bankers and business men of the United States and the official representatives of many of the silver using countries with which the United States has business relations. Mr. Creel and Mr. de la Garza have been in this city and in Washington for several weeks as a commission from the Mexican Government to further the plans of President Diaz and Señor Limantour, the Mexican Secretary of Finances, for placing the monetary system of Mexico on a gold basis. In taking this step it is the desire of the Mexican Government to secure the aid and co-operation of the other silver using countries and of such gold standard countries as have dependencies in the Far East, where silver is the money of account. Mr. Creel and Mr. de la Garza have met with much encouragement in their efforts, both from the business community and from the government officials in Washington.

The guests invited to the dinner were Colonel John J. McCook, Richard Delafield, president of the National Park Bank; ex-Secretary of the Treasury Lyman J. Gage, Emanuel de Azpiroz, Mexican Ambassador to the United States; Grant B. Schley, Daniel Guggenheim, Shen Tung, Chinese Chargé d'Affaires; William M. Laffan, ex-Senator Edward O. Wolcott, H. L. Terrell, Justice Morgan J. O'Brien, Manuel Alvarez Calderon, Peruvian Minister; George W. Perkins, of J. P. Morgan & Co.; William I. Buchanan, James Speyer, of Speyer & Co.; Chung Mun-yew, secretary of the Chinese Legation; C. B. Brown, J. Baquerizo, Ecuadorian Minister; L. H. Stevens, Charles A. Conant, of the Morton Trust Company; Solomon Guggenheim, Adolfo Vietor, José F. Godoy, Dr. Juan N. Navarro, H. B. Parsons, of the Wells-Fargo Company; W. L. Stow, H. Clay Pierce, chairman of the board of directors of the Mexican Central Railroad; Martin Garcia Mérou, Minister from Argentine; George F. Vietor, Benjamin F. Yoakum, president of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad; Joaquin Walker-Martinez, Chilian Minister; Lauro C. Alvarez, Professor Jeremiah W. Jenks, of Cornell University; Thomas H. Watkins, of the Anthracite Coal Strike Arbitration Commission; Robert Mather, vice-president of the Rock Island Railroad; General Benjamin F. Tracy, Antonio Lazo Arriaga, Guatemalan Minister; Luis F. Corea, Nicaraguan Minister; Edward Brush, John Weir, Albert H. Wiggin, T. Suffern Tailer, E. J. Edwards, Dr. A. B. Townshend, George Rowland, Gonzalo de Quesada, Cuban Minister; R. A. C. Smith, E. A. Quintard, Edward Cary, John R. Christie, Thomas F. Woodlock, B. S. Orcutt, Edward H. Clark, Henry S. Brooks and Morris Guggenheim.

J. P. HUGGINS'S ESTATE, $1,600,000.

Appraiser's Report Shows Personal Property of $1,240,069.

The appraiser's report, made for the purpose of fixing the transfer tax for which the estate of John P. Huggins, who died on September 9 last, is liable, shows that he left property valued at nearly $1,600,000, his personal estate aggregating $1,240,069 27 and his realty $353,000. The personal property, after making deductions for the executors' commissions, the cost of administration and other expenses, is fixed at $1,203,498 74.

The real estate consisted of the premises No. 7 West Seventy-fourth-st., valued at $35,000; two vacant lots in West One-hundred-and-fourth-st., worth $22,000; two vacant lots in West One-hundred-and-fifth-st., worth $18,000; two vacant lots in West Ninety-sixth-st., worth $28,000; five vacant lots at One-hundred-and-sixteenth-st. and the Boulevard, worth $75,000; a plot of land at One-hundred-and-fifty-eighth-st. and St. Nicholas-ave., worth $100,000, and a one-third interest in the Cosmopolitan Hotel, Chambers-st. and West Broadway, worth $100,000.

The principal items in the personal estate were 360 shares of the American Sugar Refining Company preferred stock, $43,200; 240 shares City National Bank stock, $48,000; 520 shares Consolidated Gas Company stock, $116,220; 350 shares New-York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company, $37,575; 41 first consolidated mortgage bonds of the Brooklyn Union Gas Company, $48,175; 41 shares first mortgage bonds American Dock and Improvement Company, $46,330; 56 first mortgage bonds Wabash Railroad, $66,240, and 46 general lien gold bonds Erie Railroad Company, $40,070.

C. F. BISHOP WON'T ANSWER.

Surrogate Thomas Asked to Compel Him to Reply to the Appraiser.

Surrogate Thomas was asked yesterday by counsel for the appraiser appointed to value the estate of the late David Wolfe Bishop, in order to fix the inheritance tax, to compel Courtlandt F. Bishop, the son and executor of Mr. Bishop, to answer certain questions and produce before him a full and complete list of the assets of the estate.

Mr. Bishop, who had become a resident of Lenox, Mass., died in May, 1900, leaving a large estate, of which part was his house in Madison-ave. His will was probated in New-York County as that of a non-resident. The appraiser commenced his investigation in 1901, and, owing to the absence of the executor in Europe, the hearings were adjourned to last January, when Courtlandt F. Bishop was called on to produce an inventory of the estate. This he refused to do, on advice of his counsel, declaring that his father was a resident of Massachusetts, and that he had supplied all the information to which the appraiser was entitled as to the taxable property in this State.

John E. Parsons appeared for Mr. Bishop. Surrogate Thomas took the papers and reserved his decision.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's Record and To-day's Forecast.

Washington, Feb. 7.—The storm that appeared Wednesday morning on the Southern California coast has advanced to the Lower Ohio Valley. During Saturday this disturbance was attended by rain in the Gulf and South Atlantic States and the Ohio Valley, and by snow from the States of the Lower Missouri and Upper Mississippi valleys over the southwest lake region.

In the Middle Gulf and South Atlantic States the rainfall was heavy. At points in Mississippi, Alabama and Georgia the twelve hour rainfall exceeded one inch, and at Montgomery, Ala., amounted to 2.32 inches. Heavy rain has also fallen on the North Pacific Coast.

Temperature changes have been unimportant. The temperature continues below the seasonal average in the Rocky Mountain and plateau regions and the Middle West, and is near the normal in the central valleys and thence to the Atlantic Coast. During Sunday the Lower Ohio Valley disturbance will move northward over the lake region, attended by rain in the Middle and South Atlantic States and Western New-England, and by rain or snow in the Ohio Valley and the lake region. In the East Gulf States rain will be followed by clearing weather. In the Western and Northwestern States the weather will be fair Sunday, with rising temperature. Rain will continue along the Middle and North Pacific Coast, and snow is indicated for the middle and northern plateau and northern Rocky Mountain districts.

Along the Atlantic Coast the winds will be fresh to brisk from the east, shifting during Sunday to the southwest on the South Atlantic Coast; on the Gulf Coast fresh winds will become light and variable; on Lake Michigan the winds will be fresh to brisk east to northeast. Steamers departing Sunday for European ports will have fresh to brisk east winds, with rain or snow, to the Grand Banks. Storm warnings are displayed at all stations on the Pacific Coast. Snow warnings were issued this afternoon for the southern lake region, and warnings of frost and freezing temperature Sunday morning to the coast line in Texas and Western Louisiana were distributed. Warnings of flood stages have been issued for rivers in Alabama.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND MONDAY.

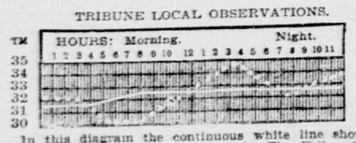
For the District of Columbia, Eastern Pennsylvania and New-Jersey, rain to-day; Monday fair; fresh to brisk east winds.

For New-England, fair in eastern, rain or snow in western portion to-day; Monday fair, preceded by rain or snow in east portion; increasing east winds.

For Western Pennsylvania and Western New-York, rain or snow to-day; brisk east winds; Monday fair.

For Eastern New-York, rain or snow to-day; Monday fair; increasing east winds.

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.



In this diagram the continuous white line shows the changes in pressure as indicated by The Tribune's self-recording barometer. The dotted line shows the temperature as recorded by the local Weather Bureau.

The following official record from the Weather Bureau shows the changes in the temperature for the last twenty-four hours in comparison with the corresponding date of last year:

	1903.	1902.		1903.	1902.
3 a. m.	32	16	4 p. m.	35	24
6 a. m.	30	14	6 p. m.	34	23
8 a. m.	30	—	9 p. m.	32	24
9 a. m.	31	14	11 p. m.	34	24
12 m.	33	21	12 p. m.		25
3 p. m.	35	23			

Highest temperature yesterday, 35 degrees; lowest, 30; average yesterday, 32; average for corresponding date of last year, 20; average for corresponding date of last twenty-five years, 32.

Local forecast.—Rain or snow to-day; Monday, fair; increasing east winds.

THE PASSING THRONG.

THE HIGH TIDE CLAM OUTDONE.

"The trouble with this country," observed J. B. McKee, one of the foremost manufacturers of Pittsburg, at the Hotel Imperial yesterday, "is that it is too prosperous. The people are getting so rich and powerful that they don't care a great deal for anything. Some years ago I knew two young men in Pittsburg. They were bright, clean, able fellows, college graduates and men of ability. They started a little two by four foundry and asked all their friends to give them what little orders they could. Recently I had a chance to go into a new company and I took hold of it. It was necessary to build a number of new machines. The contract was worth about $100,000 to the firm that got it. I immediately recalled my two young friends, and I said to myself 'Those are nice boys. I will give them this order and make their everlasting fortune.' So I wrote a note to one of them to come and see me and estimate upon the work. He came all right. What do you suppose he said? Well, he looked the matter over, and he said: 'Mr. McKee, that isn't exactly in our line. Still, by getting some special workmen and going to a little trouble we can do it for you. But I prefer that you see the Singer machine people, the Ansonia company or somebody that makes a specialty of that kind of work. We will do it as a favor to you because you are an old friend, but really it is out of our line.' I was dazed, but I thanked him. Then I looked up those two young men and I found that they were making about $250,000 a year each and were as independent as a clam at high tide. I tell you things are looking up for some people."

AN IRISH "BULL" FROM GERMAN LIPS.

That the so-called "bull" is not confined to the Irish is indicated by a story told by Frederick D. Post, of Chicago, at the Holland House yesterday. Mr. Post is in the furniture business and a zealous Republican worker. He is a member of the First Ward Republican Club. He was talking about a meeting of the club held recently, when comment was made upon the defeat of Martin B. Madden for Congress. Many speakers indicated that Madden had been beaten by factional strife and urged that personal enmities be subordinated, and that a united and harmonious party could carry the next election. "Yah," shouted Peter Hohenlauber, a German member of the club. "Und now, chentlemens, let us all git togedder and undo dat vich we have not dit." Hohenlauber's speech was the hit of the evening.

MME. SCHEFF LIGHT OPERA STAR.

She Signs a Contract with C. B. Dillingham for a Term of Years.

At least one member of Maurice Grau's force of singers will not suffer for lack of employment next season. Mme. Fritzi Scheff, soprano in the Metropolitan company this season, yesterday signed a contract in Charles B. Dillingham's office whereby she comes under his sole management for a term of years, and he agrees to star her in light opera. The operas will probably be produced in English, as Mme. Scheff speaks that language with ease. The first one will be produced next November in this city, where the company will remain for three months, going then to some of the larger cities of the country, and in the spring to London. The following year the same arrangement will be carried out.

What the opening opera will be is as yet quite undecided. One or two of Offenbach's, several more recent Parisian successes and others have been considered. Mme. Scheff will make the final choice herself. Frederick Latham, who is now general stage manager for Mr. Dillingham, will soon go to Paris and London to select certain members of the supporting company whom the star wishes chosen from among singers she knows on the other side. Mr. Latham, who was formerly chief assistant to Mr. Grau at the Opera House, will also look after the stage management of the productions.

Mme. Fritzi Scheff, who acquired the title of matron only last fall, marrying a young German officer just before she sailed to join the Grau company here for her second season in grand opera in New-York, is a young woman of great personal charm and vivacity and personally a favorite at the opera house. Last year there was much talk, which came to nothing, of starring her in light opera, which is felt by many to be her true field, for which nature had endowed her. She is of German birth, but her parts in grand opera have been chiefly in the French operas. In the famous costume of a page she excited admiring comment this season. When Mme. Scheff reached this city last fall and told of her summer season abroad, in which she sang roles of increasing importance, she said that her ambition was to essay Carmen. Circumstances, she would add, alter ambitions.

Mr. Dillingham already manages Miss Julia Marlowe, Miss Mille James and Henry Miller. It is his purpose to make his newest venture in legitimate light opera on the same plane of excellence that prevails in his dramatic productions.

FAVOR PENSIONING OF SLAVES.

Camp of Confederate Veterans So Declares Itself.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Birmingham, Ala., Feb. 7.—Camp Hardie, United Confederate Veterans, one of the oldest organizations of the association in the South, at its meeting this afternoon indorsed the bill presented by Senator Hanna in the United States Senate providing for pensions for former slaves, and the resolutions were to the effect that the slaves were in no way responsible for bringing on the war between the States, and they were highly eulogized for their fidelity to their masters while they were fighting in the field. The resolutions go on to recite that the slaves peaceably cultivated the plantations of their masters in the absence of the latter and did not violate the trust reposed in them, and the resolutions were adopted without a dissenting vote.

FUNERAL OF EX-SENATOR DAWES.

Pittsfield, Mass., Feb. 7.—The commonwealth of Massachusetts, city of Pittsfield, Berkshire County bar and various societies were represented at the funeral of former United States Senator Henry Laurens Dawes here this afternoon. During the services all places of business were closed. Flags throughout the city were at half-mast all day, and about the entrance to City Hall were draped black and purple streamers.

In the throng which was able to gain admission to the First Congregational Church were former friends and associates of the Senator, who had come from distant points in Massachusetts and from without the State as well. Following prayers for the family at the Dawes home, the body was conveyed to the church, where the public service was begun at 2 o'clock. Among those in attendance were Governor John L. Bates, ex-Governor W. Murray Crane and many State officials. The regular funeral service of the Congregational Church was conducted by the Rev. W. V. W. Davis, the pastor, and the Rev. J. L. Jenkins, of Cambridge, a former pastor, delivered the eulogy. The honorary bearers, lifelong friends and associates, were Dr. H. B. Frissel, president of Hampton Institute, Virginia; Philip C. Garrett, Philadelphia; Dr. J. F. Adams, ex-Congressman J. C. Crosby, Henry W. Taft and Marshall Wilcox, of Pittsfield; President Henry Hopkins of Williams College and President Edward L. Gallaudet, of the College for the Deaf at Washington, D. C.

DEATH OF MISS ALICE W. CAYVAN.

News come of the death, in Boston, on Thursday of Miss Alice W. Cayvan, a sister of Miss Georgia Cayvan, formerly of the Lyceum Theatre. She was born in Bath, Me., in 1855, being two years older than her sister Georgia. Going to Boston at the age of twelve years, she remained there until she was twenty-five, when she came to New-York with her sister.

Miss Alice was the constant companion of her sister during the sixteen years that she appeared before the public. She travelled extensively with her sister, and both of them had a wide acquaintance throughout the country. Miss Alice Cayvan had charge of her sister's house in West One-hundred-and-twenty-second-st., where they dispensed charming hospitality to many guests.

Several years ago Miss Cayvan returned to Boston to live with another sister. She had been ill for several weeks, and her great regret was that she was unable to be in New-York at the benefit arranged by Daniel Frohman for her sister. She wanted particularly to express her personal appreciation of the efforts which yielded such a generous sum for the support of her sister in her misfortune.

Miss Georgia Cayvan is still in a sanatorium at Flushing, and her condition is such that she has not even been told that her sister was ill.

GAVE COLORADO COLLEGE BUILDING.

Colorado Springs, Col., Feb. 7.—After withholding the information for about six years, President Slocum has just announced that the giver of a Ticknor Hall to Colorado College is Miss Elizabeth Cady, of Wellesley, Mass. Miss Cady gave the building in memory of her friend, Miss Anna Ticknor, of Boston.

SIDNEY LEE TO LECTURE.

Sidney Lee, the English author, lectures at Schermerhorn Hall, Columbia University, next month, on "National Biography," March 4, and the day after on "Foreign Influences on Shakespeare."

KEEPING AN ANCHOR TO WINDWARD

Is really what you are doing for your business in having a standing card in the "Little Ads. of the People."

OBITUARY.

REAR ADMIRAL FRANK WILDES.

San Francisco, Feb. 7.—Rear Admiral Frank Wildes, of the United States Navy, died suddenly on board the steamer China yesterday morning. He was on his way home from China on sick leave when death overtook him.

Washington, Feb. 7.—The Navy Department was to-day advised of the death of Rear Admiral Wildes. The admiral had been in ill health for some time, and was invalided home on account of a general breakdown of his physical constitution. Rear Admiral Wildes was junior squadron commander on the Asiatic Station, flying his flag on the Rainbow. He entered the naval service in 1860, and attained the rank of rear admiral in October, 1901.

Rear Admiral Frank Wildes was born in Boston on June 17, 1843. He was appointed to the Naval Academy in September, 1860, and was graduated in 1863. Upon appointment as an ensign he was attached to the steam sloop Lackawanna of the West Gulf squadron. He was engaged in the battle of Mobile with a naval battery until the surrender of Fort Morgan. In the operations in Mobile Bay in the spring of 1865 he served in the monitor Chickesaw until the occupation of Mobile. He subsequently served on the Monadnock and the Vanderbilt. In 1866 he was promoted to be master and in 1867 to a lieutenancy. He was on the steamer Suwanee at the time of her wreck on Vancouver's Island in July, 1868. Becoming a lieutenant commander in 1868, he served on the Pensacola and the Franklin of the European squadron. He was at the Boston Navy Yard in 1872, and in 1873 was executive officer of the steam sloop Wyoming, remaining in the West Indies until 1874, when he was transferred to the Wachusett. He saw shore duty most of the time until 1880, when he was promoted to the rank of commander, and took command of the Yantic for three years. He had charge of the Portsmouth Navy Yard, 1885-'88, and was lighthouse inspector there until 1892. He had command of the Yorktown in 1892-'93, and subsequently had charge of the equipment office at the Norfolk Navy Yard. Commissioned a captain in 1894, he commanded the receiving ship Independence for a year, and then had command of the partially protected cruiser Boston in 1895-'98. He was on the Asiatic Station with Admiral Dewey and took part in the battle of Manila on May 1, 1898. He was present up to the Spanish surrender on August 13, and subsequently went to Taku, China, to place legation guards at Tien-Tsin and Peking. Captain Wildes was promoted five numbers in the list of captains for "eminent and conspicuous conduct in battle," and was ordered home on November 6, 1898. He was one of the captains to welcome Dewey when he returned in September, 1899. Captain Wildes was made captain of the New-York Navy Yard in Brooklyn, in April, 1899, and he was promoted to the rank of rear admiral in 1901, upon the retirement of Rear Admiral Schley.

SAMUEL WHITTEMORE TORREY.

Samuel Whittemore Torrey, who died at East Orange, N. J., on February 6, was born in this city on April 29, 1823. He was a son of the late William Torrey, who was also born in New-York and who died some years ago in Manchester, N. J., at the age of ninety-three. The father and sons built, owned and for a time operated a part of the New-Jersey Southern Railroad, now belonging to the New-Jersey Central system. They were also engaged from time to time in important enterprises in this city, including the construction on land owned by them of the long row of houses in West Twenty-third-st., which stand far back from the street line and which have been known as London Terrace. Samuel W. Torrey was for twenty years a director of the New-York Equitable Life Assurance Society.

Mr. Torrey's mother was a daughter of Samuel Whittemore, an opulent and influential citizen of New-York and a member of the Board of Aldermen when the City Hall was erected. He was a nephew of the late Dr. John Torrey, the eminent botanist, of Columbia College, and a cousin of Herbert Torrey, now and for many years the government's chief assayer in this city. Mrs. Samuel W. Torrey, who survives her husband, is a daughter of the late George Coggill, an Englishman of old family, who came to the United States in early life and subsequently with his sons engaged in foreign trade, in the days when merchants in that line used their own fleets of ships. Two daughters of Mr. Torrey are also living—Miss Adeline W. Torrey and Mrs. Hart Lyman, of this city. The funeral will be held to-morrow morning at Grace Church, Orange, of which Mr. Torrey was formerly a vestryman.

EX-PREMIER KARAVELOFF.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Feb. 7.—Ex-Premier Karaveloff, who was one of the regents of Bulgaria after the abdication of Prince Alexander, died yesterday evening from apoplexy.

M. Petko Karaveloff was born at Koprivshtitza, in Eastern Roumelia, in 1845. He spent his youth in Russia, and, with his brother Liubin, the well known Bulgarian littérateur, was educated at Moscow University, where he devoted special attention to philosophy and political economy. He returned to Bulgaria with the Russian army in 1877, and subsequently became the rival of M. Zankoff as a leader of the Liberal party. He became Prime Minister in 1880, but after Prince Alexander's coup d'état in the following year retired into private life, and, like his rival, became a teacher in a school. He returned to Sofia after the restoration of the constitution, and in 1884 was again appointed Prime Minister. After the abduction of Prince Alexander, in which his enemies assert he was concerned, he became a member of the Regency, but, finding it impossible to co-operate with M. Stamboloff, he resigned, and retired into private life. After the revolt at Rustchuk he was thrown into prison, where he was flogged by Major Panitza, who was his personal enemy. He was subsequently released, but continued to be an object of suspicion to M. Stamboloff, who, in 1891, ordered his arrest on the charge of complicity in the murder of M. Beltcheff. He was tried by court martial and found guilty on evidence quite as unconvincing as that which has latterly been considered sufficient to warrant an order for M. Stamboloff's arrest. He was condemned to five years' imprisonment, some of the foreign representatives having used their influence to prevent a capital sentence from being passed. He remained in prison after the fall of M. Stamboloff, having persistently refused to address a petition for pardon to Prince Ferdinand. He afterward resumed political activity, unfettered by any conditions and burning with resentment against his political foes. He was regarded by the government as the most dangerous of its opponents.

CONSUL JOHN H. CARROLL.

Paris, Feb. 7.—Consul General Gowdy has been informed that John H. Carroll, United States Consul at Cadiz, Spain, died to-day from consumption at Mentone, where he was on leave of absence.

HENRY G. HAYES.

Washington, Feb. 7.—Henry G. Hayes, for many years well known as a correspondent, and one of the most accomplished legislative reporters of his time, died yesterday at his home, in this city, aged seventy-four. He was born in County Cavan, Ireland, in 1829, and came to the United States in 1850 with his brother, who also was an expert stenographer. Mr. Hayes for a number of years reported the debates in Congress, was at one time on the editorial staff of "The New-York Herald," and afterward was connected with The Associated Press. He was an accomplished linguist. Mr. Hayes, owing to ill health, was compelled to give up active newspaper work several months ago. A widow, two sons and four daughters survive him.

H. B. WOODBRIDGE.

Chicago, Feb. 7.—H. B. Woodbridge, a well known newspaper man, is dead at St. Paul, from consumption. He was formerly city editor of "The Chicago Times," city editor of "The New-York Sun" and telegraph editor of "The Omaha Bee." Mr. Woodbridge was forty years old and a native of Vermont. He was a son of United States Senator Woodbridge, of that State, and was a graduate of Dartmouth College. Mr. Woodbridge was unmarried, but several members of the family live in Vermont.

JAMES JENKINS.

James Jenkins, principal of Public School No. 16, in Wilson-st., Brooklyn, and principal of the Eastern District Evening High School, at Harrison-ave. and Heyward-st., died on Friday evening at his home, No. 472 Quincy-st., Brooklyn, from pneumonia, following overwork. Fifteen years ago he was connected with the public schools of Worcester, Mass., first as principal of the Dix Street Grammar School and later as principal of the English High School. On coming to Brooklyn he taught mathematics in the Boys' High School, and later was principal of School No. 78, in Pacific-st., near Court-st. In September last he was transferred to Public School No. 16, succeeding Leonard Dunkley, who had been principal of the school for nearly half a century. He succeeded Edward Bush as principal of the Eastern District Evening High School, and was one of the lecturers of the Board of Education.

Mr. Jenkins was born on December 20, 1851, in Cheshire, England, was brought to this country in childhood, and was graduated from Colby University. He leaves a widow, two sons and three daughters. The funeral will take place to-morrow evening at his home. The burial will be in Evergreen Cemetery.

CAPTAIN JACOB ERIKSEN.

Captain Jacob Eriksen, a pilot in New-York Harbor for thirty-nine years, died on Friday at his home, No. 318 Sumner-ave., Brooklyn. He was born in Christiania, Norway, sixty-five years ago. He considered his most noteworthy achievement the piloting out of the harbor of a North German Lloyd steamer a dozen years ago, in a dense fog, which kept all the other boats at their piers for two days. He retired two years ago. Three sons and two daughters survive him.

LEOPOLD WEIL.

Leopold Weil, of No. 19 West Seventieth-st., who died on Friday from heart trouble at Atlantic City, as announced in yesterday's Tribune, was born in 1854. He received a public school education. In 1880 he formed the firm of Leopold Weil, fur merchants, in the wholesale importing line. In 1885 the firm name became Leopold Weil & Bros. Their offices are at No. 33 West Houston-st. Mr. Weil for many years had been connected with Mount Sinai Hospital, and since 1880 served as a director. He leaves a wife and four children.

CHARLES COFFIN BOSTWICK.

Charles Coffin Bostwick died last evening at his home, No. 271 West Seventieth-st. He was sixty-nine years old. He was born in State-st., this city. He attend Burlington College, New-Jersey. When a young man he entered the employ of Strange Brothers, silk importers, and was in the business fifty years. About a year ago he retired from active work. He was an authority on silks and silk ribbons, and his opinion was frequently sought at the Custom House, both by importers and by the government. A widow and two sons survive him. The latter are William De Forest Bostwick and Charles F. Bostwick. The latter is a member of the Assembly.

HENRY W. SCHMIDT.

Henry W. Schmidt died yesterday at his home, No. 24 East Eightieth-st. He was sixty-five years old. Mr. Schmidt was vice-president of the Germania Bank, No. 190 Bowery.

COLONEL F. N. WICKER.

New-Orleans, Feb. 7.—Colonel F. N. Wicker, United States Appraiser, died to-day. He was born in Akron, Erie County, N. Y., in 1838, and served as a second lieutenant in the 28th New-York Volunteers and subsequently with the signal corps in the Civil War. He was second in command to Colonel Buckley in the Russo-American telegraph expedition to Alaska in 1867, and wrote valuable articles upon the Behring Sea seal fisheries. In 1868 General Grant made him special agent to Alaska. He was Collector of Customs at Key West from 1873 to 1884.

DR. JOHN HOMANS.

Boston, Feb. 7.—The death occurred to-day of Dr. John Homans, of this city. During the Civil War he was an assistant surgeon in the navy. Later he was surgeon-in-chief of the First Division, Nineteenth Army Corps. Since the war he had been a lecturer at Harvard, and had achieved fame through his hospital work. A widow and six children survive him.

OBITUARY NOTES.

Baltimore, Feb. 7.—Joseph W. Hazel, a well known lawyer of this city and a former member of the legislature, committed suicide to-day in his office by shooting himself through the head. Financial troubles are assigned as the cause.

Waltham, Mass., Feb. 7.—The death occurred to-day of Thomas B. Eaton, publisher of "The Waltham News." For twenty years he was well known in newspaper circles of the State. Mr. Eaton was born in Ireland in 1848.

Lebanon, Penn., Feb. 7.—William C. Freeman died to-day at his home at Cornwall, this county, after a brief illness. He was sixty-two years old. Mr. Freeman was the vice-president of the Lackawanna Iron and Steel Company, of Buffalo.

Cobleskill, N. Y., Feb. 7.—Albert Baker died here to-day, aged fifty-eight. He was prominent in Democratic politics, was District Attorney of Schoharie County from 1871 to 1874, police justice and secretary of the Board of Education of the village of Cobleskill for several years, and at the time of his death was justice of the peace.

Baltimore, Feb. 7.—Major Walter A. Donaldson, superintendent of the National Cemetery in this city, died to-day from blood poisoning as the result of a slight wound on his hand. Major Donaldson was also a veteran actor, and played with Junius Brutus Booth in 1853. In previous years since the civil war he had been superintendent of national cemeteries at Antietam, Marietta, Ga.; Winchester, Va.; City Point, Va., and Beaufort, S. C.

COLLEGE AND BUSINESS.

Advantage of Engineering Course—Don't Study Till Eyes Are Used Up.

Ann Arbor, Mich., Feb. 7.—With this morning's session the convention of educators and business men, which has been in session three days, came to a close. Professor Dewey, of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, deplored the lack of fitness shown by college graduates for the hard realities of life. "Men come out into the world living in a mist," he said. "They find their college course has unfitted them for rigorous application to business."

Professor Ripley, of Harvard University, urged the enforcement of business methods, of exacting attention to study, all through a university student's course.

"It is not so much what we teach him as how we make him learn it that counts," he said. "Classics are as good as political economy; but best of all is the engineering course with its mathematics, involving much the same application as does real business."

Other speakers were Dean Henry Hatfield, University of Chicago, Professor Parke Schoch, Drexel Institute; Professor Henry C. Adams, University of Michigan, and Regent Arthur Hill, of the University of Michigan, who attacked the tendency to make post-graduate work out of commercial studies, and declared "a man preparing for business must get to work early, not be kept in college until his eyes are used up."

DIED.

Angus, James.
Beaumont, Charles L.
Bonnell, David O.
Brewick, Charles C.
Culver, Louis.
Deming, Eliza J.
Edwards, George B.
Martin, Camilla T.
Moore, Hannah E.
Schmidt, Henry W.
Searles, Hamilton R.
Slater, Arthur S.
Smith, Elizabeth B.
Steele, John F.
Torrey, Samuel W.

ANGUS—At No. 1,228 East 179th-st., West Farms, New-York City, Saturday, February 7, 1903, James Angus, in the 84th year of his age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BEAUMONT—On Friday, February 6, at Washingtonville, N. Y., Charles Lewis Beaumont, in the 74th year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence on Monday, February 9, at 2 p. m. Interment at Liberty, N. Y.

BONNELL—On Friday, February 6, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. M. S. Crane, of Caldwell, David Oliver Bonnell, in the 77th year of his age. Funeral services Monday afternoon, February 9, at 2 o'clock, from the Presbyterian church at Springfield, N. J. Carriages will meet the 12:50 train from New-York on the D., L. & W. R. R., at the Milburn Station.

BOSTWICK—On February 7, at his residence, No. 271 West 70th-st., Charles Coffin Bostwick. Notice of funeral hereafter.

CULYER—On Saturday evening, February 7, 1903, Louis Culyer, son of Charles R. and the late Samantha Vanderpool Culyer.

DEMING—On February 6, at the residence of her son, William B. Deming, Summit, N. J., Eliza J., widow of Chester Deming. Funeral service at her late residence on Sunday, February 8, at 2:30 p. m.

EDWARDS—Jersey City, February 6, George B. Edwards, in his 78th year. Relatives and friends, also members of Mecca Temple, Mystic Shrine of New-York; Grand Commandery, K. T.; Grand Chapter, R. A. M.; Grand Lodge, F. A. M.; Hugh De Payens Commandery, K. T.; Mount Vernon Chapter, R. A. M.; New-Jersey Consistory, A. and A. S. R.; Bergen Lodge, F. and A. M., of New-Jersey, are invited to attend the funeral Tuesday,