A RUSSIAN'S CENSURE.

MAXIM GORKY'S ARTICLE.

Scathing Denunciation of the Crimes at Kishineff.

Berlin, May 22.—Maxim Gorky, the Russian novelist, recently wrote an article on the Kishineff massacres for a Nijni Novgorod newspaper, but the censor refused to allow its publication. Gorky then sent the article to the St. Petersburg correspondent of the "Frankfort Kleine Presse," which prints it to-day. The article is as follows:

Russia has been disgraced more and more frequently of recent years by dark deeds, but the most disgraceful of all is the horrible Jewish massacre at Kishineff, which has awakened our horror, shame and indignation. People who regard themselves as Christians, who claim to believe in God's mercy and sympathy, these people on the day consecrated to the resurrection of their God from the dead occupy the time in murdering children and aged people, ravishing the women and martyring the men of the race which gave them Christ.

Who bears the blame of this base crime which will remain on us like a bloody blot for ages? We shall be unable to wash this blot from the sad history of our dark country. It would be unjust and too simple to condemn the mob. The latter was merely the hand which was guided by a corrupt conscience, driving it to murder and robbery. For it is well known that the mob at Kishineff was led by men of cultivated society. But cultivated society in Russia is really much worse than the people, who are goaded by their sad life and blinded and enthralled by the artificial darkness created around them.

The cultivated classes are a crowd of cowardly slaves, without feeling of personal dignity, ready to accept every lie to save their ease and comfort; a weak and lawless element almost without conscience and without shame, in spite of its elegant exterior. Cultivated society is not less guilty of the disgraceful and horrible deeds committed at Kishineff than the actual murderers and ravishers.

Its members' guilt consists in that not merely they did not protect the victims, but that they rejoiced over the murders; it consists chiefly in committing themselves for long years to be corrupted by man haters and persons who have long enjoyed the disgusting glory of being the lackeys of power and the glorifiers of lies, like the Editor of the "Bessarayetz," of Kishineff, and other publicists. These are the real authors of the disgraceful and awful crime of Kishineff. To all the shameful names hitherto given to these repulsive men must be added another, and the well deserved one, of instigators of village murder. These hypocrites, with the name of God on their lips, who preach in Russian society hatred of the Jews, Armenians and Finns, to-day heap base and cowardly calumnies upon the corpses of those killed through their influence, and they shamelessly continue their hateful work of poisoning the mind and feeling of the weak willed Russian society.

Shame upon their wicked heads! May the fire of conscience consume their decayed hearts, covetous only of lackeylike honors and slavishly obsequious to power!

It is now the duty of Russian society that is not yet wholly ruined by these bandits to prove that it is not identified with these instigators of pillage and murder. Russian society must clear its conscience of part of the shame and disgrace by helping the orphaned and desolated Jews, and assisting these members of the race which has given to the world many really great men, and which still continues to produce teachers of truth and beauty in spite of its oppressed condition in the world.

Come, therefore, all who do not want themselves to be regarded as the lackeys of the lackeys, and who still retain their self-respect; come and help the Jews.

PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE HORRORS.

Official Reports of Massacre Contradicted by the Camera.

St. Petersburg, May 21.—Photographs from Kishineff which have been received here, besides fully sustaining the reports that the worst atrocities were committed in the outbreak against the Jews there, contradict the official account of the massacre and the stories printed in the Nationalist press.

The people of Kishineff declare that no Christian received a gunshot wound and that there are no Christians in the hospital. Of the two dead Christians, one was a boy whose death was attributed to fright and chronic disease.

The Jews of Kishineff absolve Chief of Police Khanzbenov and Lieutenant Governor von Raaben, who have been dismissed, from complicity, but they charge the officials with inertia and cowardice.

CONFERENCE ON STATUS OF JEWS.

Secretary Hay and Count Cassini Not Worried by Criticism.

Washington, May 22.—Crank letters are now appearing in the mail of the Russian Ambassador, Count Cassini. They criticise his utterances and attack his arguments concerning the character of the Russian Jews. Secretary Hay is also getting his share of such communications. These letters, however, give no serious concern to either the Secretary or the ambassador. In fact, owing to the watchfulness of private secretaries, some of the letters never reach the persons to whom they are addressed.

Secretary Hay and the ambassador had a long conference to-day, presumably with reference to the status of the Jews in Russia and the utterances of the American newspapers in regard to them. As things now stand, it is said that there is nothing for the State Department to do, as the Russian Government appears to have acted, and peaceful conditions are reported to prevail in Bessarabia. There is not believed to be any danger of a recurrence of anti-Jewish outbreaks, the Russian Government having given strict orders to the local authorities, and the latter will be held responsible for further disturbances.

As to the threatened immigration to the United States of swarms of Jewish refugees from Russia, it is said that the State Department is not called on to act now, and must await an appeal from the Treasury, if that department, by the application of the immigration laws, finds itself unable to keep out objectionable immigrants.

CHICAGO SENDS $10,000.

Chicago, May 22.—Samuel J. Kline, treasurer of the Chicago Jewish Massacres Relief Committee, to-day sent $10,000 by cable to Kishineff as the first instalment of this city's contribution to the relief of the victims of the Jewish massacres.

MAYOR WALSH PROTESTS.

Mayor Walsh of Yonkers addressed a letter yesterday to the people of that city. It read in part:

In common with all Americans, the people of this city have had their feelings aroused by the authenticated accounts of the awful outrages committed on the Jews of Russia. The sentiment of humanity demands that all civilized peoples should express their sense of resentment at the commission of such crimes unchecked by those clothed with authority. At the suggestion of representatives of the various Jewish organizations of Yonkers, I have decided to call a public meeting for this purpose, to be held at Teutonia Hall on Thursday, May 28, 1903, at 8 p. m., and invite all of the citizens of Yonkers to attend the same.

CHALLENGE TO CASSINI.

Jewish Paper Brands His Alleged Statements as False.

WILLING TO FORFEIT $25,000.

The management of "The Jewish Daily News" yesterday sent the following letter of protest to Count Cassini, Russian Ambassador to the United States:

The entire press of this country has within the last few days printed statements in your name which are a libel upon the Jews of the whole world, and especially so upon the Jews of Russia. The statements attributed to you have not, in spite of reiteration, been repudiated by you.

In the name of ten million Jews of the world "The Jewish Daily News" brands as false the charges against the Jews. If you did not make the statements attributed to you, we demand in the name of the truth that you repudiate them. If, however, these statements do emanate from you and you stand by them, then "The Jewish Daily News" challenges you to a public discussion in a public hall suitable to you, either in New-York or in Washington, at which discussion you will have ample opportunity to prove the veracity of your statements and to refute the arguments which we have presented (and which we would present at the said discussion) which tend to discredit these statements purporting to emanate from you.

We are prepared to pay all expenses, including the hall rent and railroad fares, for this discussion, and we herewith accord to you the privilege of selecting the time and place for this discussion. We stipulate and bind ourselves herewith that, in the event that three judges, well known Americans (one to be selected by you, one by us, and the third by these two), shall decide that you have proven the statements you are said to have made, and which you have not up to the present time repudiated, against the Jews of Russia, we will pay over the sum of $25,000, to be distributed by you without condition and without limitation among such charities as you may be interested in.

We herewith bind ourselves to deposit said sum of $25,000 with any bank or banker whom you may designate as soon as we are in receipt of your final acceptance of this challenge and to intrust the said bank or banker to pay the sum over to you immediately after a decision in your favor by the judges selected as above.

We call upon your manhood to do one of the two things: Either to deny the statements, attributed to you or to defend them publicly, so that the question of the responsibility of the massacre—whether it belongs to the Jews of Russia or to the laws of Russia—is settled finally in the minds of the American people.

MAYOR LOW AIDS JEWISH SUFFERERS.

Sends Letter and Check—Big Bronx Meeting Planned.

Arnold Kohn, who has charge of the money subscribed for the Kishineff sufferers, which is being solicited by the Jewish Relief Committee, said yesterday that the additions to the fund would amount to about $1,000. Mayor Low sent a letter expressing his sympathy with the movement for the relief of the sufferers and inclosing a check for a substantial amount.

The Hand-in-Hand Congregation of The Bronx, one of the largest Jewish congregations in that borough, will hold a mass meeting in the Metropolis Theatre, One-hundred-and-forty-second-st and Third-ave., on next Sunday at 8 p. m. The meeting is one of protest against the recent massacre of Jews at Kishineff, Russia. Prominent Jews from The Bronx and from Manhattan will speak.

REFUSE TO OBEY LAW.

Foreign Ministers at Caracas Make Strong Protest.

Willemstad, Curaçoa, May 22.—The president of the State of Maracaibo, Venezuela, and the Governor of Caracas have tried to enforce the new law against foreigners, obliging them to recognize only the Venezuelan tribunals for the adjustment of their claims, compelling them to waive their rights to claim damages for robbery or pillage perpetrated by government or revolutionary troops, and enforcing other vexatious measures under penalty of immediate expulsion. These measures were enforced against British, German, Italian, Dutch, Spanish and French citizens. When their respective legations learned of the fact they sent orders to their consuls not to comply with the demands of the local authorities, as the new law was contrary to existing treaties. The ministers of the powers also called on Señor Urbaneja, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, and protested against the action taken. Señor Urbaneja promised that orders would be issued to suspend the enforcement of the new law. United States citizens were not molested. If the law is enforced later, complications with the powers will arise, and it is believed that more than thirty thousand of the sixty thousand foreigners residing in Venezuela will leave the country.

COMMISSIONERS AT CARACAS.

Caracas, May 22.—Mr. Harrison, the British commissioner for the tribunal which is to pass on the claims against Venezuela, accompanied by a lawyer and two secretaries, has arrived here. Herr Goetsch, the German commissioner, with two secretaries, and Comte Perretti della Rocca, the French commissioner, and a secretary, have also reached Caracas.

COUNSEL AND UMPIRES TO SAIL TO-DAY.

Robert C. Morris, counsel for the United States before the arbitration commission appointed to hear and adjudicate the claims of the United States, and Frank Plumley, General Henry M. Duffield and J. N. Ralston, umpires selected by different countries, will sail for Venezuela to-day on the steamer Maracaibo, of the Red D Line. The commission to which the claims of the United States will be submitted is composed of William E. Bainbridge, who was selected by the United States, and Dr. Paoul, a prominent Venezuelan, selected by the Venezuelan Government. The umpire will be Charles Augustine Henri Barge, former Governor of Curaçoa, who was selected by Queen Wilhelmina of Holland. The commission will meet in Caracas on June 1. Every claim now pending against Venezuela, including those arising out of the late imbroglio, will be adjudicated.

U. S. SAILORS.

How they keep in good trim by constant exercise, with photos of them boxing at the Brooklyn Navy Yard. In to-morrow's Tribune.

TWO KILLED BY TORNADO.

Topeka, Kan., May 22.—A tornado at Clay Centre to-night killed two girls and injured others. Half the town is reported blown away.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

IMPROVED WESTERN TRAIN SERVICE

Daily, beginning Sunday, May 24.

THE THREE LIMITEDS

	St. Louis Limited.	The Pennsylvania Limited.	Chicago Limited.
NEW YORK—			
West 23d St. . . . Lv.	9.55 A. M.	10.25 A. M.	4.55 P. M.
Des. & Cort. Sts. . Lv.	10.00 "	10.30 "	5.00 "
CHICAGO . . . . . Ar.	. . . . .	8.25 "	4.00 "
ST. LOUIS . . . . . Ar.	1.20 P. M.	. . . . .	. . . . .

THROUGH PARLOR SMOKING, DINING, AND PULLMAN DRAWING-ROOM SLEEPING AND OBSERVATION CARS.

SIMILAR SERVICE IN THE REVERSE DIRECTION.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, General Passenger Agent.

REBELLION IN YUN-NAN.

Prefectural City Captured—Edict for Suppression.

Peking, May 22.—An imperial edict just issued, announcing that the rebels have captured the prefectural city of Lin-An-Fu, province of Yun-Nan, orders that the Viceroy of Yun-Nan "suppress the insurrection immediately."

HOO-NAN'S GOVERNOR FRIENDLY.

Shanghai, May 22.—The new Governor of Hoo-Nan Province, who was supposed to be reactionary, has made an excellent impression by issuing a proclamation threatening merciless punishments for all Chinese convicted of spreading evil rumors tending to cause anti-foreign feeling. The proclamation tells of the punishment of the rioters and guilty officials of Haug-Chau, Chau-Chau and Chen-Chau, emphasizes the stupidity of martyrizing missionaries, praises western learning, and refers to the advantage to be gained by foreign teachers coming to China.

GOOD OUTLOOK FOR CHINESE TREATY.

The United States Likely to Secure One New Port in Manchuria.

Washington, May 22.—Treaty negotiations between the United States and Chinese commissioners are again moving forward, and the prospect is brightening for a successful issue. Practically only two points of importance remain to be agreed upon, but one of these is the provision for the opening of three new ports in Manchuria. This has been the most serious obstacle to the negotiation of the treaty. It is believed here that there will be a compromise on this point, and the United States will secure one port instead of three, the choice falling on Tatung Kou, at the mouth of the Yalu River.

MR. M'CORMICK'S OPINION.

Quoted as Being Assured of Russia's Sincerity in the Far East.

London, May 22.—Ambassador McCormick is here for a few days on his way from St. Petersburg to America. He sails on the steamer Kronprinz Wilhelm on Wednesday next from Southampton with his wife and Miss Patterson. "The St. James's Gazette" to-day prints an interview with Mr. McCormick, in which he is quoted as saying:

One of my last official acts before leaving St. Petersburg was to interrogate the Russian Government on its policy toward Manchuria. I was assured that Russia had no desire to see the Manchurian ports closed to the United States, or to have its consuls excluded. The Russian Government was emphatic in declaring that it was at one with America in the open door policy in China, and what applies to the United States must apply to every other power. Your government also received and accepted similar assurances. I know M. de Witte is a firm advocate of the open door, and I have every reason to believe that Russia is quite sincere in the matter. She points out that it is to her own interests to support that policy, and I think that is the case. The Russian statesmen are very anxious that the Siberian Railway shall be a success, and to be so it must get freight, and freight in large quantities. Russia cannot of herself supply sufficient to make the railway the desired success

"You do not consider, then, that the situation in the Far East is in any way serious on account of Russia's policy in Manchuria?" was asked.

"I do not," replied Mr. McCormick. "I can see nothing at present which need alarm the United States or any other country."

Mr. McCormick added that the relations between the United States and Russia at the present moment were of a most friendly character.

In answer to a question whether he thought the United States would view Mr. Chamberlain's policy in regard to protection with disfavor, Mr. McCormick said:

I do not see why the United States should do so. We have set you the example. The suggestion that you give preferential treatment to the colonies is your own affair. Canada may one day be able to give you all the wheat you want, but not for some time. In the United States, too, we are a growing nation, and we are consuming more of our own products. I believe the United States will not always send its raw material in cotton to England, but will offer you the finished article.

DATES FOR CONSISTORIES.

Another Cardinal Chosen at Rome—Present to the Pope.

Rome, May 22.—The Pope to-day received in private audience the Right Rev. Henry Granjon, Bishop of Tucson, Ariz.

The Pontiff has decided to hold a secret consistory on June 15 and a public consistory on June 18, when, besides bestowing the red hat on Monsignor Nocella, secretary of the College of Cardinals; Monsignor Cavicchioni, secretary of the Congregation of the Council; Monsignor Taliani, Papal Nuncio at Vienna; Monsignor Ajuti, Papal Nuncio at Lisbon; Monsignor Katschthaler, Archbishop of Salzburg, and Monsignor Fischer, Archbishop of Cologne, he will nominate as Cardinal the Most Rev. Herrero y Espinosa, Archbishop of Valencia.

The Pope was much pleased with receiving to-day a delegation of Franciscans, headed by Cardinal Vives y Tuto, who presented to him twenty-five gold chalices in commemoration of the twenty-five years of His Holiness's pontificate. The Cardinal said it would not be long before he would bring thirty chalices to the Pontiff, to which the Pope replied: "That is as God wills."

CHILIAN ENVOYS AT BUENOS AYRES.

Buenos Ayres, May 22.—The Chilian cruisers Chacabuco and Blanco Encalada have arrived here with the Chilian delegation bearing the treaties. The delegates were enthusiastically welcomed. The festivities in their honor will last ten days.

CHAMBERLAIN'S FISCAL REVISION.

London, May 22.—In the course of a discussion in the House of Commons to-day the Old Age Pension bill, which passed its second reading and was referred to a select committee for further consideration, the Colonial Secretary, Mr. Chamberlain, spoke favorably of the general question of pensions for the deserving poor. He said it was largely a financial question. The Secretary thought it might not be impossible to get the necessary funds, though, no doubt, there would have to be "that review of the British fiscal system," which he had indicated as "necessary and desirable at an early date."

Mr. Chamberlain's statement was greeted with Unionist cheers and ironical laughter from the Opposition.

DENNIS KILBRIDE ELECTED M. P.

Dublin, May 22.—Dennis Kilbride, formerly Nationalist Member of Parliament for North Galway, who was recently released from prison, where he had been sent for inciting the murder of a landlord, Major General Meares, has been elected without opposition as Member of Parliament for South Kildare, in succession to Matthew J. Minch (Nationalist), who resigned on May 9. The local branch of the Irish League had invited Mr. Kilbride, as "being the latest victim of jury packing," to contest the seat as "a protest against this iniquitous system."

Dennis Kilbride was found guilty on December 10 last, at the Leinster Assizes, of inciting in a speech the murder of Major General Meares, of County Westmeath. The prisoner, who was recommended to mercy by the jury, was sentenced to eight months' imprisonment.

FIRST HANGING IN PORTO RICO.

San Juan, May 22.—In the Humaçoa District Court of First Degree to-day Pedro Diaz was convicted of murder during a political riot at Humaçoa last August, killing a boy named Octavio Reyes. Diaz will be sentenced to-morrow to be hanged sixty days later. This is the first conviction under the new code, and the hanging will be the first to occur in Porto Rico. The Governor will not interfere.

PEARL FISHING IN THE MISSISSIPPI.

With the arrival of warm weather on the upper Mississippi, this river is now transformed into a crude Venice, populated by thousands engaged in pearl fishing by means of a curious combination of anchors and hooks, and occasionally one will discover a pearl in a clam. In to-morrow's Tribune.

FIGHT NEAR SALONICA.

Bulgarian Bands Cross the Macedonian Frontier.

Salonica, May 22.—Fighting is reported to have occurred at Dorujan, thirty-eight miles north of here.

Bulgarian bands aggregating 2,600 men recently crossed the frontier, and will operate in different regions of Macedonia.

It is rumored that disturbances have taken place at Seres.

ALBANIANS STILL RESTLESS.

Pacification Doubtful—Feeling Against Bulgaria Growing.

Constantinople, May 22.—The suppression of news from Albania engenders the belief that the government's plans for the pacification of that part of Turkey are miscarrying. The Albanians were known to have been planning to attack the Servian monastery at Dechani, near Ipek, containing Russian monks, and on the Russian Embassy's representations the palace authorities have promised to send troops to protect the monks.

The warlike sentiment against Bulgaria is increasing in military circles, and great activity is displayed by the War Ministry. A division of reserves at Kaisariych is about to be called out for active service. Apart, however, from the probable intervention of the powers, the Sultan will not permit a conflict with Bulgaria.

It is reported that a Servian revolutionary band is assembling on the frontier, with the object of invading Ottoman territory at Kossovo and inciting the Servians to rise against the government.

WARFARE IN MOROCCO.

Deserting Tribe Defeated by Kabyles—Troops March on Tazza.

Tangier, May 22.—The Zimmour tribe, which recently deserted from the Sultan's army, was attacked some days ago by loyal Kabyles a few miles outside of Fez. About two hundred and fifty Zimmours were killed.

The War Minister, El Menebhi, with a strong column of troops, has left Sebu for Tazza, the headquarters of the rebels.

AFRICA'S LABOR TROUBLES.

Johannesburg Chamber of Mines Wants Coolies for Railway Work.

Johannesburg, May 22.—The Chamber of Mines to-day adopted a resolution urging the government to import indentured coolie labor for the construction of the proposed new railways. Sir Percy Fitzpatrick, the president of the chamber, in supporting the resolution, urged that this course was preferable to bringing into the country unskilled white labor, which would be thrown on the community at the completion of the railway work, causing competition and distress.

CROATS PETITION KAISER.

Trying to End Riots—Many Peasants Prisoners in Kreutz District.

Vienna, May 22.—The local societies in Dalmatia have petitioned Emperor Francis Joseph to intervene and prevent further bloodshed in Croatia, and the Dalmatian Deputies are on their way to Vienna to seek an audience with his majesty with the same object.

About one hundred and fifty peasants, including many women, were arrested in the riots yesterday in the district of Kreutz. As the district is under martial law the prisoners are liable to be sentenced to death.

At Agram the hospitals are crowded with persons who were injured during the street fighting there.

In spite of the disorders, the unpopular Ban of Croatia, Count Khuen Hadervary, takes daily walks, but he is preceded by gendarmes and is surrounded by detectives.

Two Slav newspapers at Trieste to-day published a sensational report to the effect that thirty-eight persons had been hanged under martial law and that forty were killed in other ways at Agram on Wednesday. It was also asserted that the troops refused to fire at the crowd. When asked regarding the matter in Parliament this afternoon Premier Körber declared there was no truth in the reports.

THIRTY-ONE LIVES LOST.

Japanese Steamer Sunk—Case of Plague on British Warship.

Yokohama, May 4, via San Francisco, May 22.—The steamer Hayami Maru was run into and sunk by the Corean steamer Kanjo Maru, in Tsurujima Straits, Inland Sea, on May 1. Of seventy-two persons on board forty-one were saved.

The British warship Albion, Vice-Admiral Grenfell, left Japan on May 4 for Wei-Hai-Wei, owing to a death from plague on board. A Chinese servant was the victim.

SELLS LORILLARD HORSES.

Baltimore Man Gets the Three Eugenes for $1,100.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Baltimore, May 22.—The famous spike team, the three Eugenes, which were given to Mrs. Lillian Barnes Allien by the late Pierre Lorillard, have been sold by her to Fred Halstead, of this city. They arrived here to-day with the same trap and gold mounted harness used by Mrs. Allien at Saratoga. The horses, trap and harness only cost Mr. Halstead $1,100. The harness alone cost Mr. Lorillard $700.

The team is composed of two mares and a horse, full sisters and a brother, sired by Prince Eugene, who had a mark of 2:21¾. They are all bays, with white faces and white hind feet. Their ages are five, six and seven years. Mrs. Allien is said to have broken the animals herself. They were born and reared on the Rancocas Stock Farm. The sale of the famous team has caused horsemen to wonder if the expenses of the farm are too great for Mrs. Allien and if any more of the Lorillard stock will be sacrificed.

TILT OF MISSIONARY SOCIETIES.

Baptist Union Not Ready for Mass Meeting on Denominational Questions.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Buffalo, May 22.—The first break in the harmony heretofore prevailing in the meetings of the various Baptist organizations now in convention here occurred to-day when the American Baptist Missionary Union was called upon to consider the question of holding an annual mass meeting of delegates to the various conventions for the purpose of passing upon questions of general denominational interest. The plan met with the approval of the American Baptist Home Mission Society, and that organization adopted a resolution referring the subject to the committee of reference to be appointed in accordance with the report of the committee of fifteen.

The Missionary Union adopted the report of the committee of fifteen, but refused to vote in favor of a general mass meeting of delegates, despite strenuous efforts of a few delegates to bring this about. The chairman ruled that the motion was out of order because the subject could not be referred to the committee of reference under the duties required of that committee in the report of the committee of fifteen. On motion of Secretary Henry C. Mabie the question of holding mass meetings was referred to the Union's executive committee, to report in one year, and requests were made that the other societies take similar action on the question. Accordingly, the Home Mission Society is likely to be alone in the stand it has taken.

At the request of the Rev. Alexander Blackburn, of Portland, Ore., a committee was appointed to draft resolutions placing the society on record as opposed to the persecution of the Jews by Russians.

ELEVATOR DROPS; FOUR KILLED.

Pittsburg, May 22.—An elevator in a dancing academy fell five floors to-night. Four persons were killed and five or six were injured.

THE CAMPANIA SIGHTED.

The steamer Campania was reported east of Nantucket Lightship last night. She will dock early this morning.

Yellowstone Park

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT says: "At present it is rather singular that a greater number of people come from Europe than from our own eastern states to visit Yellowstone National Park. It is something absolutely unique in this world. Nowhere else in any civilized country is there to be found such a tract of veritable wonderland, made accessible to all visitors." Yellowstone Park is easily reached via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

Low rates. Choice of routes. A postal card will bring you complete information about the cost, routes and train service.

W. S. HOWELL, G. E. A., - 381 Broadway, New York.

TO GET MORE NEGROES.

Strikers Scare Italians Working in Subway—Assault Policeman.

Quiet prevailed along the subway yesterday, the Italian strikers being kept away by religious parades in Harlem. It was a fête day in "Little Italy," and bands were parading there most of the day. Few Italians were at work in the subway, it was said, because they had been intimidated by the strikers. Accordingly, the sub-contractors were making arrangements to bring a few more thousand negroes from the South to complete the excavating and rock drilling work.

About two hundred of the Italian strikers and their wives made an unexpected attack on about fifty workmen employed on an extension of the Metropolitan's electrical railway system in Second-ave., between Houston and Fifth sts. They threw stones at the workmen, and when Patrolman Lang, the only policeman in sight, attempted to interfere, some of the Italians pushed him against the wall of a house and held him there while they slapped his face. A friendly expressman drove in haste to the police station in Fifth-st. and the police reserves from four precincts were sent to the scene of the disturbance. The police clubbed the Italians severely and drove most of them out of the neighborhood.

When Lang was rescued he jammed his revolver down the throat of one of the men who had been holding him, scaring the man badly, and then arrested him. Three other men and two women were fined for disorderly conduct.

Many of the Italians who had been clubbed in Second-ave. went to the office of James E. March, in Marion-st., and declared that they wanted to hire a hall, hold a meeting right away and vote to carry arms. They declared that their liberties were being interfered with by the police, and they wanted to resent the harsh treatment they had received. Mr. March talked to them like a father and told them that their liberties did not include stoning workmen in the public streets. They promised Mr. March not to carry arms.

They met at No. 256 Elizabeth-st. in the evening and reiterated their determination not to return to work. The feeling is general, however, that an offer of a 10-cent raise would result in their return.

DIDN'T QUIT WORK; SHOT.

Italian Rides on Cars with Probably Fatal Wound.

Because he would not stop work when coercion was brought to bear on him by members of the Hodcarriers' Union, Pasquale Bruno, a laborer, of No. 243 East One-hundred-and-eleventh-st., is in a dangerous condition in the Fordham Hospital with a bullet wound in his right side, as the result of a fight on Thursday night at One-hundred-and-twelfth-st. and First-ave. It is probable that he will die.

Tony Sutti, eighteen years old, a bootblack, of No. 335 East One-hundred-and-twelfth-st., Michael Pauli and Louise Franchesi are prisoners in the East One-hundred-and-fourth-st. station. Sutti is charged with shooting Bruno, being identified by the latter at the hospital. The other two men are charged with disorderly conduct.

When the fight ended with the shooting of Bruno, the crowd of ten or more Italians who had taken part in it scattered. They left Bruno lying on the sidewalk. He soon recovered from the shock incident to being hit by the bullet. After getting on his feet and finding that he could walk, he boarded a trolley car and rode as far as One-hundred-and-twenty-ninth-st. There he changed cars and took one of the Union Railway line that runs up Third-ave. The conductor on this car noticed blood on the man's clothing when he got on the car, and after some distance had been travelled the conductor found blood running on the seat alongside the man. When One-hundred-and-seventy-seventh-st. was reached the conductor called a policeman, and Bruno was taken to Tremont police station and from there to the Fordham Hospital.

The three prisoners were later arraigned in the Harlem court before Magistrate Zeller. Patrolman Mehill, who made the arrest of Sutti, said that Bruno was shot in the left hip, and that the bullet had passed to his stomach. His condition is said to be critical at the Fordham Hospital. The magistrate held the three prisoners without bail for further examination on Monday morning.

UNION PACIFIC STRIKE SETTLED.

Railroad Grants All the Demands of the Men.

It can be stated positively that the conferences between the Union Pacific officials and the representatives of their striking boilermakers and machinists have been practically closed, the subjects discussed at yesterday's session having been minor points. It can also be stated that the company has granted the concessions asked by the men. One of the labor conferees who was seen yesterday said:

The whole thing has been settled, but we would rather have the information about it come from the railroad officials. If we made a statement it would look as if we were trying to humiliate them.

That the strikers threatened to tie up the Southern Pacific system in a strike, and thus forced the acceptance of all their demands from the Union Pacific, was admitted by an officer of the latter company

SHOOTS DRUNKEN MAN TO QUIET HIM.

Ex-Attorney General of Tennessee Takes Effective Method to Enforce His Desires.

Jasper, Tenn., May 22.—General W. E. Donaldson, ex-Attorney General of this State, shot and killed Thomas Choatte, a farmer, of Marion County, yesterday afternoon. Choatte came to the house of John Graham while intoxicated and used violent language. General Donaldson and Mr. Graham tried to quiet him. Failing, Donaldson went into the house, got a revolver and shot Choatte three times. The farmer died almost instantly.

MERRILL EXTRADITION CASE.

Mrs. Cohen Returns to Boston and Signs Affidavit.

Boston, May 22.—Mrs. Sarah Cohen, complainant against Moody Merrill, who is under arrest in New-York, appeared at the District Attorney's office to-day and signed the affidavit needed to complete extradition proceedings here. The District Attorney had ruled that without her affidavit, under the law requisition papers could not be made out upon Governor Odell of New-York. With Mrs. Cohen's affidavit, it is said, there will be no further trouble in bringing Merrill to Boston to answer the charge of embezzlement.

Mrs. Cohen said to-day that she had been travelling recently, and did not know that her presence here was needed or desired.

OUTRAGED STEPDAUGHTER; SHOT.

Bainbridge, Ga., May 22.—William Hopkins, a negro, charged with outraging his nine-year-old stepdaughter at Babcock, Miller County, was last night shot to death by a mob at White's Mill. Hopkins was taken from a Georgia, Florida and Alabama train on which he was being conveyed to jail by an officer. He confessed the crime.

THE NORTH WESTERN LINE

To California

Solid through trains from Chicago without change daily at 10 a. m., 8 p. m. and 11.30 p. m. The

Overland Limited

the most luxurious train in the world, is less than three days en route to San Francisco. *The Best of Everything.*

All agents sell tickets via this route.

Chicago & North-Western, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Railways

Ask any agent for tickets or address H. A. GROSS, 461 Broadway, or R. TENBROECK, 287 Broadway, NEW YORK.

UNION PACIFIC THE OVERLAND ROUTE WORLD'S PICTORIAL LINE

Summer Styles,

to be correct, have "comfort" their first requisite—then perfect fit. "Modish" cut and proper finish . . . all these our suits have.

Flannels, Cheviots, Serges or Worsteds—Black, Blue, Gray or Fancy Mixtures . . . Every possible taste is satisfied.

The style, you can see for yourself, is unexcelled in New York—the fit we guarantee.

$15 . . . . . A Splendid Line.

$25 . . . . . Elegance and Finish.

Equal to Custom Made.

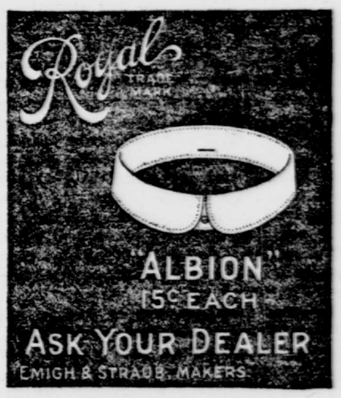
Fancy Shirts—Negligee—a thousand patterns of every possible variety $1.00

Fancy Hosiery, Neckwear, Straw and Panama Hats.

Smith, Gray & Co.

Broadway at 31st St.

Brooklyn: Broadway at Bedford Ave. Fulton St. at Flatbush Ave.



WELCH'S

The best grapes, the best methods and more care than others think necessary make Welch's the best Grape Juice—you need not take our word; test for delicious flavor, delicate aroma, beautiful color, and true food properties, and know for yourself.

Welch's Grape Juice is always in full measure bottles, always under the original label, and every bottle guaranteed. It's pure.

The best druggists and fancy grocers sell it. The Welch Grape Juice Co., Westfield, N. Y.

The C. H. BROWN CO. CARPET CLEANSING

STEAM & Compressed AIR. 221 E. 38TH ST. Tel. 1531—38. Taking up, Altering, Relaying.

The largely increased circulation of The Sunday Tribune necessitates our going to press early Saturday night. Advertisers will confer a favor by sending in their copy at the earliest possible moment.

SUNDAY SERVICES AT VARIOUS CHURCHES.

The Tribune publishes each Saturday announcements of the various churches, with name of preacher and topic of sermon. Consult these advertisements to-day under heading of "Religious Notices."