

The Chicago railroad riots in 1894. He succeeded to the command of the army on the retirement of Lieutenant General Schofield, on October 5, 1895.

GENERAL S. B. M. YOUNG.

General Samuel Baldwin Marks Young, who succeeded to the rank of lieutenant general by the retirement of General Miles, has been in many fields, from Virginia to Luzon. He was born in Pittsburgh January 3, 1840, so that his retirement will come early next year.

GENERAL LEONARD WOOD.

General Leonard Wood, whose rise in rank has been almost unprecedented, is not quite forty-three years old, having been born two years later than President Roosevelt. He is a native of New-Hampshire, but was educated in Massachusetts.

IMPORTANT CHANGES.

General Staff Law Goes Into Effect Next Saturday.

Washington, Aug. 7.—Three United States Army generals are brought into special prominence by the system of retirements and promotions which brings, almost simultaneously, fame and oblivion to the men who have made successes in military life in the United States.

NEVER FORGAVE MILES'S JOKE.—Although it is generally understood that General Miles's sense of humor is not sufficiently developed to enable him to hold a position on "Punch," a story is told of him which would indicate that under provocation he can indulge in a sportive practical joke.

"This companion of Miles was assigned the duty of arranging for berths on the Pullman car. The two generals then were friends, but each took pleasure in getting the better of the other, all with apparent good nature. Whether there was conscious or unconscious jealousy at the bottom of their amiable conflicts, I do not know.

THE LIGHT THAT FAILED.—General Wood comes from a sturdy farmer ancestry, and he delights to recall his boyhood experiences among the countryside people of New-Hampshire.

"Some time ago I visited one of my old friends on his New-England farm," said General Wood. "We got to talking about the progress made nowadays in agricultural affairs. He agreed with me that the farmer's lot to-day is better than it ever was in America. I asked him what scientific achievement had helped him most in his work.

"These new fangled railroad lanterns," he replied. "They won't blow out in the storm, and they make farm work, much of which must be done after dark or before daylight, much easier. Since I got one of them railway beacon lights, I haven't had a single accident on my farm, and I shined my eyes."

"On this Western trip the small general selected of the only two available berths the lower for himself. When Miles found that he had to climb to the top bunk he protested, saying that inasmuch as he was by far the bigger of the two he should have the lower berth. But the other general was inflexible, and Miles had to climb laboriously into the unwelcome port.

ADMIRAL REMEY TO RETIRE.

Captains Sigbee and Chester Will Be Promoted.

Washington, Aug. 7.—Rear Admiral George C. Remy, the ranking officer of his grade, will be retired on Monday. He was appointed to the navy from Iowa in 1855, and reached the grade of rear admiral in 1898. Since May, 1902, he has been chairman of the Lighthouse Board.

TREATY'S FATE UNKNOWN.

This Government in the Dark as to Affairs at Bogota.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Aug. 7.—Concerning various conflicting rumors declaring that the administration had received word from Bogota as to the fate of the Panama Canal treaty, which is being considered by the Colombian Congress, it was learned to-day on the highest authority that the administration is at present virtually in the dark as to the fate of the treaty, or the progress being made with it.

SOME SOLDIER STRATEGY.—General Miles has proved himself a strategist in more ways than one, but he never more clearly showed the true soldier spirit than by a clever coup he executed on a train between Washington and New-York.

"What does this mean?" exclaimed the now thoroughly frightened and writhing general. "The man repeated her instructions. 'Madam,' came the voice from the lower berth, 'I am General X—, of the United States Army, and I command you to get up. With a shriek the woman snatched her belongings, and fled to some remote part of the train. But while the rest of the awakened and convulsed occupants enjoyed the performance, there ensued a colloquy between that general and Miles that was suggestive of a field of carnage. The little man could not be mollified. He swore vendetta against Miles, and the enmity has increased with every word.

FILIPINO LEARNING GEOGRAPHY.—"Since General Young was assigned to Washington as president of the new war college, he has entertained many of us with accounts of the people of the Philippines," said a fellow officer.

"How many continents are there?" he inquired. "There is only one continent," said the child. "Only one?" repeated the surprised visitor. "Only one," persisted the boy, sturdily. "And what is the name of it?" asked the visitor. "The United States of America," was the reply.

EQUAL TO EMERGENCIES.—General Young is as intrepid as the Indian fighters of the pioneer days. Once, in the reconstruction period he was in command of a Texas post where there was serious friction between the soldiers and the citizens. The people stormed against the garrison, and made divers threats, but the General refused to be awed by their antagonism.

"When Dr. Herran took charge at Washington the company sent him the draft of a contract which it wanted signed by his government. This contract, he said, would give the company an absolute monopoly of the cables of the Atlantic Coast, in addition to continuing its monopoly of the Pacific Coast. Besides, it wanted the right to control the land line of the country. Dr. Herran says that he informed the company that the franchise it wanted was worth much more than the old one it had held, and that if the government would not consent to its controlling the Atlantic Coast, as to cables, must be dropped, as well as the land line proposition. The president of the company insisted on the terms of the new contract, and threatened to close the cable office at Buenaventura, unless it was agreed to. Dr. Herran informed the company that it could not well close its office until the expiration of the present year. The cable company, however, carried out its threat, and its office at Buenaventura was closed on July 15, since which time all cable communication with Colombia has been practically cut off.

CHANCES OF THE CANAL TREATY.

Colon, Aug. 7.—A member of the Colombian Congress, writing from Bogota under date of July 12, says that the probabilities then were against the ratification of the canal treaty by the Senate, its rejection being possible on the ground that it constituted an open violation of the hands-off policy of the United States in regard to territory and sovereignty. Telegraphic communication has been reopened between Buenaventura and the interior.

THE ARTISTS OF MACDOUGALL ALLEY.

They are trying to change that honest time to something daintier. Interior views of some of the studios in to-morrow's Tribune.

TURKS DEFEAT BULGARS. A LARGE BODY, ROUTED.

Insurgent Bands Near Salonica—Bulgaria's Attitude.

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Sofia, Aug. 7.—The fresh insurrectionary outbreak in Macedonia has produced a great sensation here. It is believed that the recent provocations by the Turkish troops drove the rebels to despair. The Bulgarian Government is resolved to maintain friendly relations with the Porte and to prevent bands from crossing the frontier, but a popular movement is feared if the massacres of peaceful Macedonians by the Turkish soldiery occur.

THE PORTE'S ACTIVITY.

Belief That Regulars Alone Will Put Down Revolt.

GREEDY, CUBAN OWNERS.

Higher Prices for Land Within Coaling Station's Area.

Havana, Aug. 7.—Señor Diaz, Secretary of Public Works, is hastening negotiations for the twenty thousand acres of private land within the area of the United States coaling station at Guantanamo. The government estimated that this land could be bought for \$120,000, but the owners have raised their prices, and it now appears that the land will cost considerably more unless condemnation proceedings are taken, but such a course will be avoided if possible. The United States will soon be in possession of land enough to begin coaling.

LAND BILL ADVANCED.

Government Thrice Defeated—Vote To Be Taken Probably on Tuesday.

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CLERGYMAN'S SILVER SEIZED.

American Taxpayers in England Must Pay Education Rates.

London, Aug. 7.—The police have seized several pieces of silverware belonging to the Rev. R. W. Farquhar, formerly of Portland, Ore., and E. P. Gaston, who at one time lived in Chicago, two American taxpayers living in Wimbledon, who were the first foreigners to join the "Passive Resistance" movement against the Education act. The silver will be sold by auction to satisfy the rates, amounting to a few shillings, which they refused to pay. The police also seized wedding gifts and presents made to them in the United States.

PROMINENT FINNS EXPELLED.

Russia Continues to Use Harsh Measures to Enforce Decrees.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 7.—Orders were issued yesterday for the expulsion from Finland of Baron von Trail, Michael Linden, chairman of the City Council of Ekensas; Count Gustav Kreits and his family of seven, and some other prominent Finns. The Provincial Vice-Secretary of Vasa has been dismissed because he opposed the military ukase. The Finnish cadet school has been abolished because the graduates refused to enter the Russian military service, only nineteen of the 243 officers of the former Finnish battalions having accepted service with Russia.

BRITISH AUTOMOBILE BILL.

Owners Oppose Speed Limit, but Government Insists on Measure.

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CAPE'S APPROPRIATION WITHDRAWN.

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WRIGHT RELEASED ON BAIL.

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THE POPE'S CORONATION.

TICKETS NUMBER 50,000.

Satelli Declines Office of Secretary of State.

Rome, Aug. 7.—St. Peter's is closed while the preparations for the coronation next Sunday are going on. The Pope has expressed a desire to have as many of the humble members of the faith as possible admitted, and fifty thousand tickets will be distributed by the parish priests, Catholic clubs and associations, seminaries, ecclesiastical colleges, monasteries and convents. Only two galleries have been erected, one for the diplomatic body and one for the Roman aristocracy. The body of the church will be divided into compartments, with separate entrances. From the Venetian provinces people are already starting by thousands to attend the coronation of "their Pope." The Papal master of ceremonies has issued the invitations to the archbishops and bishops who will take part in the procession from the Vatican into St. Peter's. They are requested to be at the Vatican at 7 o'clock on Sunday morning.

The government, to avoid untoward incidents, has ordered the piazzas and the neighborhood of St. Peter's to be occupied by troops, and has forbidden an anti-clerical manifestation proposed by the Socialists and Republicans for Sunday. The Pope's first allocution, to be delivered at the next secret consistory, is looked forward to with great interest.

Don Carlos, the Spanish Pretender, who is a personal friend of Pius X, has said to his followers that he would not now have the Papacy against him, as he did under the pontificate of Leo, who was the godfather of King Alfonso, and has even gone so far as to say that he hoped the accession of the Pope would help him to the throne.

POPE RECEIVES GIBBONS.

Asks Cardinal Many Questions About United States.

Rome, Aug. 7.—Cardinal Gibbons was received by the Pope to-day in private audience. In a long conversation, Pius X renewed his expressions of interest in America, already made manifest by his reception Wednesday of the pilgrims from the United States. The Pope said he would like to have the Cardinal remain in Rome for some time, in order that he might become thoroughly acquainted with all questions connected with the United States, but His Holiness did not press the point, being aware, he said, of the Cardinal's poor state of health and his suffering from hot weather. In closing the audience, the Pontiff charged Cardinal Gibbons to carry the Apostolic benediction to all the faithful in America. After his private audience Cardinal Gibbons presented to the Pope Father Dennis R. O'Connell, rector, and Father Charles P. Graman, professor of theology at the Catholic University of Washington. The latter is the brother of the Cardinal's secretary. The Pope said to Father O'Connell that he knew the importance of the University, and would do all possible to further its interests. To Father Graman the Pontiff remarked that he had seen some of his work, especially on Biblical questions, while to Father Gavan he said, smiling, that he had noticed him in all his sermons. Cardinal Gibbons' indisposition is not at all serious.

OFFICIAL NOTICE OF POPE'S ELECTION.

Washington, Aug. 7.—Monsignor Falconio, the Apostolic Delegate to this country, to-day received the following cable dispatch from St. Peter's: "I confirm the election of Cardinal Sarfo as Supreme Pontiff (Pius X) according to a telegram sent before."

MERRY DEL VAL.

This is the first official notice Monsignor Falconio has received of the election of Cardinal Sarfo as Pope. The first dispatch mentioned by Monsignor Merry Del Val has not been received at the demarcation here.

Falconio issued the following address to the bishops within his jurisdiction:

Washington, D. C., Aug. 7, 1903.

Your Lordship.—After the painful announcement of the death of Leo XIII, I am happy to bring you the joyful news of the election of the new Pope, Cardinal Joseph Sarfo, Patriarch of Venice, has been elected Pope, and has assumed the name of Pius X. Such is the consoling information I have just received from Monsignor Merry Del Val through a cable dispatch.

Let us rejoice and return thanks to Divine Providence for having so speedily provided the Church with another worthy pastor. Guided by our faith we recognize in him the successor of St. Peter, the Vicar of our Divine Lord, our spiritual father, the representative pastor of the Church. As such he claims our obedience, love and veneration; and I have no doubt that the Catholics of America, faithful to their glorious tradition, will equal those of every other nation in their fidelity and attachment to the new Pontiff.

May God grant him a long and prosperous reign for the welfare of the Church and the honor of the Apostolic See.

In making this announcement to you, I have the honor to remain, Most faithfully yours in Christ.

Archbishop of Larissa, Apostolic Delegate.

APOSTOLIC DELEGATE HERE.

Mons