

off with considerable trouble. Some of the plates in her hull were found to be damaged.

OUTPOSTS IN TOUCH.

Advance Guard Near Mao-Tien—The Russian Position.

London, May 23.—"The Daily Telegraph" this morning prints the following dispatch, dated May 19, from its correspondent at the Japanese headquarters, which the dispatch does not name: There has been no change in the position here for the last ten days. Our advanced division is in touch with the enemy near Mao-Tien. The Russian line extends from the west of Mao-Tien eastward.

SKRYDLOFF IN COMMAND.

Arrives at Vladivostok and Hoists Flag on the Russia.

Vladivostok, May 22.—Vice-Admiral Skrydloff arrived here at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon. He was met at the Okean station, thirteen miles outside Vladivostok, by Major General Voronetz and deputations of the military, naval and municipal authorities, as well as by an enthusiastic crowd. Bread and salt were presented to him. Entering the town the admiral drove to the pier in an open carriage, escorted by Cosacks, and boarded the cruiser Rossia, on which a short service was held. The chaplain sprinkled and blessed the admiral's flag before it was run up to the masthead, where it was greeted with a salute from all the cruisers in the harbor. The day happened to be the eighth anniversary of the launching of the Rossia, and also Vice-Admiral Skrydloff's saint's day. The admiral addressed the officers and crew of the Rossia, saying: The Emperor orders me to convey his greeting and loyal thanks for your gallant services, in consideration of which he reduces your tour of sea duty to three years.

This announcement was greeted with cheering, and the band played the national anthem. Admiral Skrydloff then visited the other cruisers and repeated the royal message. His reception was most hearty. The Japanese cruisers reported between Wonsan and Vladivostok so far have not been sighted. The opening of Vladivostok to trade has as yet had no effect in reviving business, which is at a complete standstill. The town is in an excellent condition, and the general health of the people is good.

TRANSPORTS MOVING.

Many Japanese Vessels Sighted in the Yellow Sea.

London, May 23.—The correspondent of "The Daily Mail" at Kobe sends the following: Returning from Corea through the Yellow Sea this (last) week, I saw Japanese transports in every direction. They were traveling without escort. Sometimes as many as ten at a time were counted.

SORTIE STORY DOUBTED.

Attack by Port Arthur's Garrison Not Confirmed.

London, May 22.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg to Reuters' Telegram Company says that the report of a sortie by the Port Arthur garrison has not been confirmed. It appears, says the dispatch, to have originated in the receipt of Lieutenant General Stoesel's report of the fight near Kin-Chow, and the fact that General Stoesel commands at Port Arthur giving rise to the rumor that the garrison had made a sortie.

ITO'S ADVICE TO JAPAN.

Urges Nation to Respect Rightful Claims of Foreign Powers.

London, May 23.—"The Standard's" correspondent at Tokio, telegraphing under date of May 21, says: Addressing a meeting of financiers to-day on the importance of securing the sympathy of the civilized world in the present momentous crisis, Marquis Ito strongly urged the importance of Japan being contented to enforce her legitimate claims, never for a moment wavering in frank and broadminded recognition of the legitimate claims and interests of other nations. The speech is considered significant as foreshadowing Japan's future policy with regard to Corea and Manchuria.

NEW JAPANESE LOAN

\$50,000,000 for Seven Years at 5 Per Cent—Issue at 92.

Tokyo, May 22.—After repeated conferences among the bankers, the ministers and the Elder Statesmen of Japan, the government has accepted the terms of the new popular loan of \$50,000,000. It will be issued at 92, bear 5 per cent interest and run for seven years. The former loan was issued at 95 and is to run for five years.

MOUKDEN THEORY OF HALT.

Japan's Naval Disaster Thought to Have Changed All Plans.

Moukden, May 22.—News of the Japanese naval disaster was received here to-day. It is considered that this accounts for the Japanese halt, and it is believed it completely changes the military situation, rendering the Russian position much more favorable.

THE FIGHT NEAR TAKU-SHAN.

Ten Russians Killed and Five Captured—Japanese Lost One Man.

Tokyo, May 22.—A supplemental report was received here to-day telling of the opposition encountered by the Japanese force which landed at Taku-Shan on May 20.

A squadron of the independent Trans-Balkal Cossacks vigorously resisted the Japanese advance at the bridge, and only retreated after one officer and nine men were killed and a number of men were wounded. One Russian officer and four men were captured. The Japanese lost one man killed. The Russian retired in the direction of Siu-Yen and Shaichai.

CARLSBAD World renowned Springs and Spring Products Natural Mineral Waters of Carlsbad... The Natural Carlsbad Sordel Salt... LOEBEL SCHOTTLAENDER, CARLSBAD.

VATICAN AND FRANCE.

Prince of Monaco Involved—Papal Nuncio to Stay in Paris.

Rome, May 22.—The Pope said mass this morning in the presence of sixty-four Italians and foreigners, and gave up the rest of the day to the consideration of the difficulties with France, reading clippings from the newspapers on the subject. It seems probable that the note to the other powers became public in France through the indiscretion of the Principality of Monaco, the Vatican's note to which was stronger than that addressed to the other Catholic States, in consequence of the Vatican having been informed that Prince Albert of Monaco intended to visit the King of Italy. A further reason why the note to the Principality of Monaco was more emphatic, it is said at the Vatican, was because Prince Albert was the friend of Captain Dreyfus, and also because the Clerico-Nationalists were in accord, if not in the same field, with M. Jaures, the Socialist leader, who started the present agitation. It is said that Prince Albert was offended because the late Pope Leo at his last jubilee refused the Peter's Pence sent by Monaco because the money had its source in gambling operations. The relations between Prince Albert and the Vatican became more strained when the latter rejected Professor Klein, translator of the works of Bishop John L. Spalding, of Peoria, Ill., who was proposed by Prince Albert as Bishop of Monaco.

Paris, May 22.—The recall of M. Nisard, French Ambassador to the Vatican, continues to be the absorbing topic here. The ambassador is expected to arrive here to-morrow morning, when he will confer with the Foreign Minister, M. Delcasse, and go over the details of the rupture between France and the Vatican preliminary to the meeting of the Council of Ministers on Tuesday, when a further line of action will be determined. Contrary to general expectation, Monsignor Lorenzelli, the Papal Nuncio at Paris, will not leave his post. The Nunciature has given out the following statement: Up to the present the nuncio has received no orders to take his leave, although the state of his health might make it desirable. As Rome has no taste for replying to provocations, but is solely conscious of her rights and duties, Monsignor Lorenzelli does not regard his departure as near.

The tone of the Socialist press indicates that that powerful element has urged the government to take more extreme measures. Deputy Gerat Richard says in the "Petite République" that the matter must proceed until the condition has been reached of "L'Aurore," in which "L'Aurore" ridicules the granting of leave to Ambassador Nisard as being wholly inadequate, and says that it is a recall which does not recall and a rupture which does not rupture. The Socialist paper "L'Aurore" complains that the government has not fulfilled the promises made to the parliamentary leaders that a complete rupture would take place, and declares that the leaving of a chargé d'affaires to carry on routine business with the Vatican will not be satisfactory. There is nothing to do, it adds, but to effect a complete withdrawal of the embassy and the embassy staff, until not a consular or clerical remains.

The more moderate elements appear to be satisfied with the course of the government, while the reactionary Clerical papers express regret, with the exception of "L'Aurore," in which the Bonapartist Paul de Cassagnac expresses satisfaction that the Church declares open war against the republic. Little is heard directly of the sentiments of the clergy, which is practically muzzled by holding office under the Concordat. The Rome correspondent of the "Temps" says that Vatican official circles lay great stress upon the fact that the Pope alone directs the policy of the Holy See. When Cardinals Vannutelli, Gotti, Agliardi and Vives y Tuto saw the Pope on Thursday and Friday, according to the correspondent, His Holiness forebade the first stage of the conflict, namely, the recall of Ambassador Nisard, but he declared so energetically that he was reacting to God alone for his actions, and was acting thus for the great good of the church, that the cardinals did not dare to remonstrate. The correspondent adds that First Secretary of the Embassy M. de Navenne is expected in Rome to-morrow, and that he will immediately assume charge of the embassy. It was stated at the Foreign Office this morning that M. de Navenne had not yet left Paris.

NOT TO FILL ROME POST.

Secretary Will Not Replace M. Nisard at French Embassy.

Paris, May 23.—The Ministry of the Interior authorizes a denial of the statement that M. de Navenne, first secretary of the French Embassy to the Vatican, will act as chargé d'affaires at the embassy, stating that the government considers that his selection would lessen the importance of the action taken in the recall of Ambassador Nisard.

VENEZUELA EXPELS MONKS.

Twelve Spanish Priests from the Philippines Driven from Maracaibo.

Caracas, May 20 (delayed in transmission).—The government has expelled from Maracaibo twelve Spanish monks who came from the Philippines. The action of the government is based on the fact that the policy of the monks is incompatible with the tendencies of modern society.

FRAISSOULI'S DEMANDS GRANTED.

Government Agrees to Terms for Release of Messrs. Perdicaris and Varley.

Tangier, May 22.—The Sheriff of Wazan started this morning to meet Fraissouli, the bandit chief, who is said to be at Benlaros. Mohammed El Torres, representative of the Sultan of Morocco, has empowered the Sheriff to say that the government will grant all of the demands of Fraissouli if Ion Perdicaris and Cromwell Varley are handed over immediately. The soldiers already have been withdrawn from the district where the bandits are.

NEGOTIATING THE RANSOM.

Washington, May 22.—A brief cable dispatch came from the State Department to-day from Consul General Gummere, at Tangier, which confirmed the press reports that Ion Perdicaris, the American citizen, who, with his stepson, Cromwell Varley, a British subject, were kidnapped by bandits, were being well treated by the Moorish brigands by whom they were taken. The authorities, according to the dispatch, are in communication with the bandits regarding the two men, and it is believed that terms of ransom are being negotiated. The Consul General hopes to be able soon to report these terms to the State Department. Mr. Gummere is moving actively in the affair, his instructions being to secure the release of Perdicaris as soon as possible.

TO DESTROY SASSUN VILLAGES.

Sultan May Force Armenians to Settle on the Plain.

Constantinople, May 22.—It is said that the authorities contemplate destroying all Armenian villages in the Sassun district of Asia Minor, in order to prevent the concentration of insurgents in the mountains and to force the villagers to settle on the plain where they may be better supervised.

EMPEROR AGAIN IN CAPITAL.

St. Petersburg, May 22.—The Emperor and Grand Duke Michael have arrived in St. Petersburg.

ALL COAST LINES NEXT.

BIGGER STRIKE PLANNED.

Truckmen to Decide To-day Whether to Go Out in Sympathy.

The sympathetic strike of the marine firemen and oilers on the boats of the New-York, New-Haven and Hartford Company is, according to the reports of their representatives, to assume larger dimensions. A demand for an increase in wages from \$40 to \$45 a month is to be extended to all the coast steamships, and there is a prospect that the freight handlers will also extend their demands for an increase of wages to all the coast lines. The Fall River steambot Priscilla came in yesterday about her usual time and left here again at 5:30 p. m., on schedule time. During the day an heroic attempt was made with such a variety of Italians to have the freight put in such shape at the different piers that it could be moved to-day easily, and it is understood that a big effort will be made to-day to move it. There are about one hundred Italians employed at each of the piers. They are boarded, fed and lodged at the piers. As it is believed that a strong attempt will be made to-day to get the Italians to quit, additional police protection will be given. Some of the Italians joined the unions yesterday.

After a meeting of the strikers in Hudson Hall yesterday, a statement was given out by the executive committee, the gist of which was: "No matter how long this strike lasts, we will remain out until we win. We will tie up everything from here to Boston to-morrow. There may be ten thousand people involved before the strike is over. We are in the tight to win, and we intend to win." The truck drivers, who may be drawn into the fight if the plans of the Freight Handlers bear fruit, met at Hudson and West Tenth sts. yesterday, but, after a heated discussion, refused to order a sympathetic strike. The delegates will meet in conference to-day at 153 East 15th st., and decide whether the thirty-three thousand men who they control shall strike. "We have stopped taking westbound freight," said General Manager Jenkins, of the Fall River Line. "Eastbound freight we are still taking, but that is light at this season. The docks are in perfect condition, all the freight is in order, and we are waiting for the truckmen to take it off." The superintendent of the Central Vermont told the Freight Handlers yesterday that his men would not handle New-York, New-Haven and Hartford freight.

STRIKE A BLOW TO FISHERMEN.

Newport Men May Have to Charter Vessels to Carry Shipments.

Newport, R. I., May 22.—Much uneasiness is felt among the fishermen of this port, who, as a result of the freight handlers' strike at the piers of the Fall River Line, are unable to ship their fish as fast as they wish. The steamer Plymouth sailed to-night with only thirty barrels of fish. Before the beginning of the strike the average consignment of fish for New-York and Philadelphia by the boats of the line was between four and five hundred barrels nightly. The shippers say that, unless the strike is settled within two days, they will be forced to charter vessels to carry their shipments. Such a proceeding would entail a great expense, and would cause a heavy loss to the fishermen. The Plymouth took off another freight here to-night.

MALLORY LINE MEN ORDERED TO STRIKE.

The delegates of the Marine Firemen's Union reported at yesterday's meeting of the Central Federated Union that 223 firemen and oilers had been ordered on strike on the Mallory Line boats for the demand of an increase of wages from \$40 to \$45 a month. This demand, he said, would be extended to all the coastwise ships. It is now the issue, he said.

READY TO LYNCH HIM.

Mob Prepares to Hang Italian Accused by Little Girls.

That Angelo Salamano, an Italian, twenty-four years old, who attempted to assault two little girls in the woods near the home of Rufus F. Zogbaum, the naval artist, at New-Rochelle, was lynched on Saturday evening was said to have been due to the interference of the police. A hot headed mob had the Italian, and the leaders were dragging him to the power house of the Union Railroad, where they could obtain a rope, when Sergeant Kelly and Detective Fanelli arrived. Forcing their way into the crowd, the officers got possession of the frightened man and took him to the police station. In the crowd were several women, who were shouting loudly to the men to lynch him. They dragged down the street, "Lynch him! Hang him to a telegraph pole!" The little girls who accuse the Italian are only seven and eight years old. They were in the woods gathering wild flowers, when he suddenly seized them. A boy who was driving a grocery wagon saw the Italian with the children, and went to the assistance of the women. The man saw the boy coming he dropped the children and ran down Webster-ave. The boy yelled to stop him, and a mob of angry residents was soon at his heels. Some of the women in the neighborhood joined in the chase with the men and boys, and when the Italian was captured they were more eager than any one else to see him lynched. Sergeant Kelly said last night that if he had arrived ten minutes later he probably would have found the Italian strung up.

CHURCH MEMBERS ANGRY.

Bitter Charges Made by Members of a Congregation.

Members of a new congregation, known as the Reformed Church of Fairmount, are charging the West Farms Reformed Church, Boston Road and East One-hundred-and-seventy-ninth-st., with conduct that may result in the destruction of the new organization. The new congregation, which came into being eighteen months ago, maintains a permission of the Classis of New-York to select a site and raise money for a church building. When the West Farms Church people heard of this action they protested, maintaining that the new church would invade their territory. Other means failing, say the Fairmount people, the West Farms congregation resorted to the present course. Thereupon the Classis advised the Fairmount members to refrain from any further action, and sent to subscribers to the building fund retaining the subscriptions and denouncing the action of the older church in bitter terms.

BILTMORE TEACHERS RESIGN.

New Principal Has Been Appointed in Parish School.

ASHLEIGH, N. C., May 22.—Miss Alice R. Jackson, of Philadelphia, has been appointed principal of George W. Vanderbilt's Biltmore parish school, and all the teachers in the school have resigned. The teachers will give no reason for their action, but it is believed that they are protesting against the resignation of Miss Jackson, the principal, who was appointed by the trustees of the school. Miss Jackson is a member of the Biltmore parish church, at the Biltmore rectory. She is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, and was the principal of Miss Baldwin's school in South Orange, N. J.

POSTPONED WEDDING TO-DAY.

The announcement is made that the postponed marriage of Miss Jean Erin Emmet, a member of the well known family, and William G. von Glehn is to take place to-day at noon at the home of the bride's father, William Jennings Emmet, of New-Rochelle. The wedding was to have taken place on Friday, May 15, but it was suddenly postponed on account of the illness of some of the relatives to reach New-Rochelle on that date.

WITH MCCARREN TO END.

LEADERS STICK BY HIM.

Bid Defiance to Murphy—Senator's Position Strong.

Senator McCarren will retain his leadership of the Democratic organization in Kings County in spite of anything that Murphy can do, if the absolute promise of fidelity, made to him by fourteen district leaders at a conference last night, is not violated. He does not believe that it will be, not in a single case. As in the past, McCarren apparently acted just at the right time, when, seeing that the opposition was elated by recent victories, he called to meet him the thirteen district leaders who had not committed any overt acts of desertion. In addition to these thirteen was Charles W. Abrams, who, in the afternoon, had been chosen as a member of the executive committee to represent the XIIIth Assembly District in place of Deputy Tenement House Commissioner William Brennan, who deserted the McCarren ranks last week.

The fifteen men met at the Imperial, at Fulton-st. and Red Hook Lane. Half a dozen other prominent politicians remained downstairs during the conference. Senator McCarren presided. After he had described the present situation plainly, and assured those present that he did not want a single man to stay with him unless he sincerely desired to do so, and that he would be glad to retire if the majority desired it, James Kane, leader of the IIIth District, offered the following resolution: Resolved, That we, the executive committee-men here present, do hereby express our absolute confidence in the leadership of Senator McCarren, and promise him our united support to the end. THE LINE-UP FOR THE SENATOR. Several of those present took occasion to express more fully their allegiance to McCarren in talking on the resolution. Then it was suggested that the vote be taken by rollcall. The following men, including all present, except Senator McCarren, answered aye as their names were called, and are the men whom the Senator expects to keep their promise and stand by him through thick and thin: P. H. QUINN, 1st District. JAMES KANE, III District. JAMES KANE, IV District. W. E. MELODY, VII District. W. R. McGUIRE, VIII District. J. MURPHY, IX District. Magistrate EDWARD J. DOOLEY, representing H. F. HAGGERTY, Xth District. CHARLES W. ABRAMS, XIIIth District. G. H. LINDSAY, XIVth District. JAMES S. WILSON, XVth District. HENRY HESSELBERG, XVIIth District. GEORGE W. WILSON, XVIIIth District. DENNIS WINTERS, XXth District. J. P. SINNOT, XXIth District.

After the conference Senator McCarren refused to discuss it, saying that the resolution spoke for itself, but the satisfaction that he felt was shown by the relaxation of his usually stern face. To some one's facetious question as to whether the men were put on their oath, he replied, with a smile: "No, I did not want their oath. Their word is as good as their bond, and I expect them to keep their promise." That William Brennan cannot hold his own district was conclusively shown yesterday afternoon, when eight of the members of the general committee, who comprise the Assembly district committee, met in the Seymour Club and voted to depose Brennan as the representative in the executive committee of the district. They then chose Charles W. Abrams, a salesman for a suit house, to succeed him. The XIIIth Assembly District is entitled to sixteen representatives in the general committee, but there has been one vacancy. To fill this vacancy, the eight, composing a majority of the fifteen members, chose James Graham. In order to make the deposition of Brennan and the selection of Abrams regular and legal beyond a question, the eight members and Mr. Graham, making nine, or a majority of the sixteen, will meet in the Jefferson Club, in Greenpoint-ave., to-night and will take the action of yesterday over again.

NO REORGANIZATION, SAYS BRYAN.

The People Against the Corporations the Paramount Issue.

Chicago, May 22.—William Jennings Bryan said to-day, while here, that he thought the Democratic party would not be reorganized at the St. Louis convention. "The plan to bring about a reorganization of the party will be defeated," he said. "The paramount issue in the campaign will be the most complete and honest government by the corporations. The people will control the St. Louis convention and the Kansas City platform will be reaffirmed, in my judgment." "I do not expect to see St. Louis as a delegate." "Well, it looks as if you may now, though I can't be sure," was the reply.

PEABODY DISGUSTED GENERAL BELL.

That, Says the Colorado Militia Officer, Is Why He Resigned.

Denver, May 22.—Adjutant General Sherman Bell, who is about to resign, declares that the Governor and Mayor Wright played fast and loose with him before the city election, and that his disgust over their dragging the National Guard into politics is the cause of his retirement. He asserts that Governor Bell and Mayor Wright wanted the guard mobilized in Denver on Election Day, but a week beforehand the Governor revoked the order, and the Mayor, who had said that he must have troops, told Bell that he could not raise the money to pay them.

MACEDONIAN WRONGS DENOUNCED.

Petition for American Protest Against Massacres is Circulated in This City.

An "American petition to Congress," urging the United States government to protest to the Porte against the Macedonian massacres, is now being circulated broadcast in this city. The petition expresses indignation at the conduct of the leading Christian nations in permitting the extermination of an entire race in Macedonia by a government with which they all hold diplomatic relations. It declares that ten thousand Macedonians are daily suffer from the same outrages for which the petition prays this government's co-operation with England, France and Italy. A translation of the Macedonian "boala" (war song), composed by Constantine Stephanov, a Yale graduate, while in a Turkish prison in Macedonia in 1901, is also being circulated. So intense is the sense of indignation, it is said, that Macedonian women are raising by subscription to the red flag of revolt. The petitioners are to be returned to Albert Sonnichsen, No. 225 East Eighteenth-st.

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

"The Most Effective of the Natural Medicinal Waters" and "Strikingly Superior to Lithia Tablets" in Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, Calculi, Gout, Rheumatism, Inflammation of the Bladder and All Renal Complications.

Dr. I. N. Love, New York City, former Professor of Clinical Medicine and Diseases of Children, College of Physicians and Surgeons and in Marion Sims College of Medicine, St. Louis, Vice-President of American Medical Association, 1898, etc., in an article in Medical Mirror, February, 1901, says: "While being the most effective of the natural mineral waters, it is strikingly superior to emergency solutions of lithia tablets and pure water, even where the said solution is an exceedingly strong one."

Dr. P. B. Barringer, Chairman of Faculty and Professor of Physiology, University of Virginia, Charlottesville, Va., writes: "In more than twenty years' practice, I have used lithia as an Anti-uric Acid agent many times, and have tried it in a great variety of forms, both in the natural waters and in tablets. As the results of this experience, I have no hesitation in stating that for the prompt relief of uric acid conditions, there is no other remedy so effective as BUFFALO LITHIA WATER in preventing uric acid deposits in the body."

Dr. J. Allison Hodges, Richmond, Va., President University College of Medicine, and Professor of Nervous and Mental Diseases: "In Albuminuria of Pregnancy, this water is one of the very best alkaline diuretics, and, with milk diet, is one of my sheet anchors."

Dr. Jos. Holt, of New Orleans, Ex-President of the State Board of Health, of Louisiana, says: "BUFFALO LITHIA WATER in affections of the kidneys and I have prescribed BUFFALO LITHIA WATER urinary passages, particularly in Gouty subjects, in Albuminuria, and in irritable condition of the Bladder and Urethra in females. The results satisfy me of its extraordinary value in a large class of cases usually most difficult to treat."

Medical testimonials which defy all imputation or question sent to any address. For sale by druggists and grocers generally.

Hotel opens June 15th. PROPRIETOR BUFFALO LITHIA SPRINGS, VIRGINIA.

BOOKMAKING A FELONY.

LAW TO MAKE IT SO ASKED.

Captain Goddard Accuses the Legislature of Malignity.

Captain F. Norton Goddard, in conversation with a Tribune reporter last night, declared that so long as bookmaking was permitted at the racetracks, so long would poolrooms exist. He advocated that the State legislature should enact a law making racetrack bookmaking a felony. "Righteousness and logic alike," said he, "demand that the suppression of racetrack bookmaking shall follow the suppression of pool-selling. I will not speak of the unrighteousness of the malignity, the corruption of a legislature that makes pool-selling a felony and racetrack bookmaking a civil offense."

"The State constitution," as I understand it, requires the legislature to pass such laws as will prevent bookmaking of any kind, and I don't know what to think of the corruption of a legislature that absolutely stultified its own laws.

"Of the two evils, pool-selling and bookmaking, I perhaps regard bookmaking as the lesser, as I would death by old age in preference to death from bronchitis. Pool-selling and bookmaking, however, are both indefensible. So long as bookmaking is permitted at the racetrack, I do not see how poolrooms can cease to exist. The conclusion is irresistible."

"Are you thinking of launching a movement looking to the banishment of racetrack bookmaking from the State?" Captain Goddard was asked.

"I shall be glad to co-operate with some one else to this end," he said. "I consider that a man who believes that morality demands the elimination of poolrooms, but who does not also declare his conviction that bookmaking at the racetrack should be wiped out, too, is nothing less than a common fakir."

Theodore Connolly, Assistant Corporation Counsel, declined to discuss the references to racetrack bookmaking either in the State Constitution or the Percy-Gray Racing Law. The policy of the Corporation Counsel's office, he told the reporter, had been to take no cognizance of the subject until it actually had to do so. He thought the matter came rather within the purview of the District Attorney's office.

District Attorney Jerome spent yesterday in Lakeville, Conn.

"Speaking generally and without having the law by me," Robert C. Taylor, one of Mr. Jerome's assistants, told a Tribune reporter, "I understand the matter rests like this: The State Constitution says: 'Nor shall any lottery or the sale of lottery tickets, pool-selling, bookmaking or any kind of gambling be authorized within the State, and the legislature shall pass appropriate laws to prevent offenses against any of the provisions of this section.'"

"The Percy-Gray law, as I understand it, protects the owners of racing premises and permits bookmaking on the racetrack so long as the bookmaker occupies no booth or stand, does not remain in one place, and does not record a bet. It is my impression that this law makes the penalty for violation of any of these provisions the mere forfeiture of the wager. Who is responsible or likely to bring such a civil action to recover is, however, another matter."

"The Percy-Gray law, as I understand it, provides this civil penalty to the exclusion of every other. This seems to me the 'joker' in the law. The constitutionality of the Percy-Gray law in what are known as the Sturgis and Lawrence cases, as well as others, has, I believe, been taken again and again to the Court of Appeals, only to be affirmed. The contention that it is unconstitutional in that it shows unjust discrimination has again and again been denied."

Mr. Taylor said he scarcely saw any motive in the reported intention of the poolroom men to challenge the constitutionality of the Percy-Gray law. "It seems to me," he added, "that to make bookmaking at the racetrack also a felony would hardly help their own cause."

Black, O'Leary, Gruber & Bonnyne, DeLancey Nicoll had been retained by the poolroom men who were raided on Friday to defend them, and to test the constitutionality of the Percy-Gray law.

DENIES HE FOUGHT FLAG.

Soldier Who Was Filipino Lieutenant Colonel Here a Prisoner.

H. R. Richter, formerly a private in Battery C, Sixth Artillery, but more recently a lieutenant colonel of the Philippine Insurgents' army, arrived yesterday, a prisoner, on the transport Kilpatrick. Richter comes here to serve the remainder of his sentence. He was captured and tried and sentenced to ninety-nine years' imprisonment, but that was cut down, owing to the pleading of the boy's mother, to two years and a half. He will have served his last night December.

Last night as he sat on his cot between decks, surrounded by guards, he told the story of his enlistment with the enemy. He declared that he accepted the commission from the insurgents to save his life, they threatening death by cutting his body to pieces slowly.

HUBBARD'S BODY AT HALIFAX.

Steamer Bearing It Will Sail for This City To-day.

Halifax, N. S., May 22.—On board the steamer Silvia, which arrived here to-day from St. John's, N. F., was the body of Leonard Hubbard, the assistant Editor of "Outing," who perished in the interior of Labrador last October. The steamer will sail for New-York with the body to-morrow. Dillon Wallace and George Elson, two of the survivors of the expedition, of which Hubbard was the leader, are accompanying the body.

LORD LYVEDEN LIKES THE PARKS.

The Right Hon. Lord Lyveden, of the British Municipal Visit, who arrived here on Saturday.

spent the day yesterday with some of the members of his company in visiting the parks of the city. When seen at the Waldorf last night Lord Lyveden said he had passed a quiet day and found the New-York parks delightful resorts. "This is not my first visit, however," he added, "I have spent much time in this city and country, and feel quite familiar with it. I always find it a pleasure to visit your parks."



The Scotch mills make the finest chevils in the world. We have racked some that arrives this week that journeyed across the water for this shop alone. We bought them at half value. Your choice of 40 styles, suit to order, \$20. Send for samples, measuring outfit and fashion cards.

ARNHEIM Broadway & 9th St.

MOUNTAIN LAKES

"I have seen nothing in the Alps or in the mountain regions of the Old World to compare with these scenes," writes a noted European traveler.

In raising up the great mountains of Colorado, Nature provided with a lavish and artistic hand the necessities and pleasures of man. In the midst of their most rugged configurations are to be found some of the most charming and restful spots on earth.

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