LONDON NOTES.

The Political Salon in Hot Haste for a Coalition Government.

London, May 18.

The great ladies lack the patience required for the leisurely development of political movements. A few months ago the Duchess of Devonshire was greeted by her friends as the wife of the incoming Prime Minister, and Lady Wimborne, Lady Tweedmouth and other hostesses in sympathy with her took an active interest in the formation of a new free trade coalition. Wimborne House became a political salon where the impending overthrow of the government was discussed and the fate of the free food Unionists in Parliament decided at dinner or at evening parties. The King's name was never mentioned, for that would have been bad form in such high circles, but there was a tacit understanding that the Duke of Devonshire would be acceptable at court as Mr. Balfour's successor and that Mr. Chamberlain's fiscal policies were not regarded there with favor. With the next Prime Minister nominated without opposition, the new Cabinet was made up without difficulty by the regular attendants at the salon. Lord Rosebery was assigned to the Foreign Office, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman was raised to the peerage, Mr. Asquith was made Chancellor of the Exchequer and leader of the Commons, Sir Edward Grey was named as Colonial Secretary, Lord Spencer was reserved for the dignified office of President of the Council, Lord Goschen was hailed as a most useful ally, but was not provided with a Cabinet seat; Mr. Bryce was relegated to the Board of Trade, Mr. Ritchie's status was left undetermined, and Lord George Hamilton was also hung up, but Mr. Lloyd-George was taken into the Cabinet, as a peace offering to the advanced Radicals, and either Mr. Burns or Mr. Broadhurst was measured for ministerial rank as a suitable representative of the labor interests. The under secretaryships were also apportioned, and seats from Liberal constituencies were arranged for Unionist free traders like Mr. Churchill, Major Seely and the Hon. Ivor Guest.

The great ladies became deeply interested in the politics of a transition period, and naturally were anxious to have the game go on. Mr. Balfour was not among the loungers at either Devonshire House or Wimborne House, and there was a play of cross-purposes. Having exhausted the resources of finesse and dexterity in futile attempts to keep the Duke of Devonshire in the Cabinet, the Prime Minister displayed consummate tact and shrewdness in getting on without him, playing off one faction of the party against the other, reorganizing the government and holding the party together. The great ladies had underestimated Mr. Balfour's abilities and powers of resistance, and they had not made sufficient allowance for Mr. Chamberlain's flexibility and astuteness. The government persisted in remaining in office and in commanding the support of a large majority of its followers in the Commons. The downfall of the Cabinet of all the trimmers was postponed indefinitely. It was expected every night at the opening of the session; the Budget speech was next regarded as the signal for the impending crisis, and the Licensing bill was finally considered the occasion for an irreconcilable conflict. Mr. Balfour went about his work with smiling complacency, and by hook or by crook kept the government together, with a trustworthy majority behind it. When the Licensing bill reached its second reading and the members on the fence were shouting jubilantly that there could not be a general election until next year, and possibly not until the year after, there was resentment in the political salon. The free trade coalition government was not coming on with a rush, as the great ladies had anticipated. Unless something were done to expedite matters it might not be formed either this year or the next.

There have been many signs this week that the political salon is in haste to have the new coalition in command of the field. One has been an incongruous free trade meeting at Devonshire House, with a heavy reinforcement of society ladies and political women for the common cause. Mr. Asquith and Lord Hugh Cecil followed the Duke of Devonshire in addressing a large assemblage of members of Parliament and the wives of Tories and Liberals. Mrs. Herbert Gladstone, Lady Crewe, Mrs. Asquith, Mrs. George Cornwallis West, Mrs. Banford Slack, Mrs. Birrell and Mrs. Leonard Courtney were among the conspicuous supporters of the Women's Free Trade Union and Free Trade Educational Committee, and the septuagenarian Duke of Devonshire was enabled to review his Whiggish youth as he glanced about and found so many Liberal women under his roof. He confessed surprise at the magnitude of this gathering of Liberals in the stronghold of Unionism, and his colleagues on the platform evidently felt ill at ease in the environment, although they protested that they had not changed their opinions and were standing where they had always stood. Opposition to Mr. Chamberlain had drawn them together, and the duke was again among the Gladstonians, whom he had deserted on the Home Rule question; Mr. Asquith was smiling upon Primrose dames, and that staunch young Tory, Lord Hugh Cecil, with the face and manners of a ritualist monk and with the polished sarcasms of a man of the world, was imparting fervor to the political graces of nonconformity. It was an incongruous spectacle, with everybody hobnobbing with "the friends, the enemy," and men and women laughing with one accord when Mr. Asquith asserted that Mr. Chamberlain's campaign lacked a few little things, such as logic, arithmetic and history, or when Lord Hugh Cecil, with uplifted hand, protested that free traders must not allow the British Empire to be used "as a mere stage property in the squalid melodrama of protection."

Meanwhile the free traders on the ministerial side have mustered in strength and announced their determination to vote with the Liberals on Mr. Black's motion in favor of the maintenance of the existing fiscal system, and to have a full dress parade in the Opposition lobbies. This manœuvre has excited great interest in the political salon, where the opinion prevails that the general elections ought to be brought on without unnecessary delay, and that votes will be lost by the thousand for the free trade cause if Mr. Chamberlain be allowed to continue his campaign in the autumn before audiences of working people. The great ladies, who have gone into politics with unwonted zest, are unwilling to wait twelve months before there can be any chance of carrying out their plans, and the Liberal whips are with them, for, unless all signs fail, the country is hostile to Mr. Chamberlain's proposals, and the coalition Ministry, under the leadership of the Duke of Devonshire, will come in with a rush, if the elections can be ordered within a few weeks or months. The party exchequer is full, the lists of free trade candidates are fairly complete, and there is the best possible feeling in favor of a complete fusion of all interests opposed to protection and retaliation. Everything is in readiness for a coalition government, but Mr. Balfour and Mr. Chamberlain are in a most obstinate and unsympathetic frame of mind. Each persists in thwarting the wishes of the coalition ladies by dexterity in facing the crisis. Mr. Chamberlain proposes an amendment to the free trade resolution so as to pledge his protectionist followers to support of the government, and he meets his closest followers at a private dinner on the eve of the division and counsels caution and moderation. Mr. Balfour, not satisfied with Mr. Chamberlain's amendment, prepares a substitute of his own, and rallies his supporters with conciliatory phrases and refinement of tact. Each is most inconsiderate of the ambitions and intrigues of the political salon, and the ladies are wondering how they can ever get the government out of office. Yet they may succeed unexpectedly. Luck is generally on the side of the petticoats in politics rather than the trimmers.

The periodical invasion of the theatres by American companies and actors no longer excites jealousy so far as the audiences are concerned. The critics are cool and measure their words, but there is good feeling in the playhouses, as there ought to be when English companies and actors are invariably received with friendliness and hospitality in America. The transfer of "The Prince of Pilsen" with scenery, outfit and the entire company from America to the Shaftesbury Theatre has been accomplished without a cry of dissent from the galleries; and the piece has apparently entered upon a prosperous career in London and the provincial cities. The critics are at their wits' end to give an intelligible account of this musical farce, but they are candid enough to admit that flimsy and incoherent "books" are not unknown in the conventional British musical comedy. What the audiences care for is neither plot nor story, but a varied exhibition of sustained high spirits. Certainly they have this at the redecorated Shaftesbury Theatre. The company carries through the two acts with characteristic American energy, every dancer, singer and "super" working arduously and incessantly until the final fall of the curtain. No English company in musical farce exerts itself as these American players do; and this feverish activity is the feature of the new performance, which is put through in two hours and a half, with a single long break. The music, especially in chorus work, is also distinctly better than is ordinarily heard in similar English pieces; and the comedy acting is excellent. Mr. Ransone, as the leading comedian, has been received with the greatest heartiness as one of the funniest performers now on the stage—a most acceptable variant of the polite lunatic of "The Belle of New-York."

Miss Ethel Barrymore has also had at Wyndham's Theatre a warm, appreciative welcome in Mr. Davies's "Cynthia." While she was as nervous as Miss Ellen Terry invariably is on a first night, the charm and simplicity of her acting completed the conquest made by her refined beauty and willowy grace. The critics naturally compare the play with "Mrs. Gorringe's Necklace" and "Cousin Kate," and find it essentially a one-part piece, more fragile in construction than the later and more ambitious and workmanlike plays. As they compliment various members of Mr. Frohman's company, there is clearly a good deal of work for Miss Barrymore's associates. One of the pleasantest features of what may be called an Anglo-American play is the absence of caricature and clumsy imitation. The American parts are enacted by Americans and the English parts by English actors and actresses. In this way there is natural use of voice, carriage and gesture, and there is no straining after effect. The American woman is not burlesqued with nasal twang and uncouth gesture as is often done on the English stage, and the English parts are properly cast. The audience knows by face, action and voice those who are English and those who are American; and neither nationality is travestied or ridiculed. Americans residing in London are so weary of seeing their own country placed at a disadvantage by coarse caricatures and exaggerated imitations of transatlantic character that they are under special obligations to Mr. Frohman for an admirable distribution of parts.

I. N. F.

A DENIAL FROM MR. FROMENSON.

To the Editor of The Tribune.

Sir: Without paying any attention to the rest of the report in your paper of to-day's date under the paragraph of "Fromenson Hissed," I object very seriously to a misquotation, even though it may be inadvertent. My criticisms of the Settlements and kindred institutions on the East Side was a carefully prepared paper, and every word that I said on the platform of the Educational Alliance on Thursday morning was read from that paper. I did not either write or use the sentence attributed to me by your reporter, to wit: "Not only have they not checked juvenile crime, it is a question if they are not to be responsible for part of the present outburst of crime."

My paper is published in to-day's "American Hebrew" and also in to-day's "Jewish Daily News." The original is in the possession of the Editor of "Jewish Charity," and I defy any one to find the sentence attributed to me in either the original manuscript or in the printed reports.

The question at issue is so serious that it will not do for a fair discussion of my paper that there be the slightest misquotation or misinterpretation.

For the sake of those who do not know me or my motive, I desire to explain that it is my sincere desire that the Educational Alliance and the Settlements on the East Side continue their work successfully; therefore, I feel it incumbent upon myself to explain the errors that have been made, in the hope that these errors will be eliminated, and the sympathies of the people won, instead of alienated.

A. H. FROMENSON.

New-York City, May 27, 1904.

TUXEDO PARK NOTES.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Tuxedo Park, N. Y., May 28.—Ideal weather again favors Tuxedo, and a large number was attracted to the colony to spend Sunday. Nearly all of the cottages are now taken, and the residents are settling for the summer. House parties were in vogue throughout the week's end, and many of those who came out to-day will remain over Sunday for the golf handicap and tennis matches, and the handicap soon to be given by the Tuxedo Gun Club.

Mr. and Mrs. Spencer Trask entertained a week's end house party. Several large dinners were given to-night at the cottages and at the clubhouse, including those of Mr. and Mrs. John Greenough, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Redmond, P. Lorillard Ronalds, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Mortimer and Mr. and Mrs. Grenville Kane. Nearly every cottager is entertaining guests over Memorial Day.

Among the week's arrivals are Mr. and Mrs. William C. Fargo, in the Howard Page cottage; Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Lee, in the Parrish cottage; Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Welsh, in the Stokes cottage; Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Poor, in their new cottage on Tower Hill; Mr. and Mrs. Walker Breese Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Frederic De Peyster Foster, in Tuxedo Lake Road, and Mr. and Mrs. J. Nelson Borland, in the Bruce Price cottage No. 4.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry M. Tilford will arrive next week and occupy the cottage on Tower Hill just vacated by Mr. and Mrs. Richards, who are in the club annex. Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Esler have vacated the Price cottage, and have leased the small Garrison house for the season. Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Hancy will arrive next week at their cottage, just given up by Mr. and Mrs. L. Stuyvesant Chanler, who are in the Gibson house, in West Lake Road.

On Memorial Day the Tuxedo Gun Club will hold its first handicap clay pigeon shoot of the season, on the new grounds. Some interest is centred on this contest. Among the entries are E. M. Post, Alfred Seton, jr., William Kent, Richmond Talbot and Pierre Lorillard, jr. A golf handicap is also scheduled for Memorial Day. It has drawn out a large entry list. Tennis will also be played on Monday. A tournament has been arranged among the players, including Deane Miller, T. Suffern Tailer, J. Henry Smith, George I. Scott, P. Lorillard, jr., Richmond Talbot, J. Couper Lord, H. C. Pell and William B. Dinsmore.

Mr. and Mrs. Goodhue Livingston have taken apartments at the Winter Club for several weeks, and Mr. and Mrs. William Fahnestock are at the club annex. Mr. and Mrs. Daniel T. Worden will arrive next week, also Mrs. J. B. Lord, who will stay at the clubhouse. Harris Fahnestock arrived yesterday at Mrs. J. Brown Lord's cottage for the season, and Mrs. Belmont Tiffany has arrived at Mr. and Mrs. Peter Cooper Hewitt's cottage for the summer.

Fishing in the Tuxedo Lake remains excellent. Many large catches are turned in daily. Among those who turned in good catches this week are F. N. Tailer, H. S. Redmond, F. J. Deiter, A. D. Juilliard and T. G. Condon.

Among those who arrived to-day for Sunday and Memorial Day are Mr. and Mrs. R. Horace Gallatin, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Page, Miss Lily Page, Miss Clarke, Mr. and Mrs. Henry M. Tilford, Alexander Morten, James Henry Smith, O. J. Brand, Robert T. Varnum, Mr. and Mrs. George S. Scott, Miss Minnie Scott, George I. Scott, H. Cruger Oakley, E. N. Tailer, Henry G. Barbey, George E. Barton, Miss Edwina Post, Miss Caroline Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Forsyth, Mr. and Mrs. Frank B. Keech, Mr. and Mrs. William Maptice, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Porter, Samuel A. Walsh, jr., John Hubbard, Judge Ingraham, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Foster, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur D. Weekes, Dr. and Mrs. J. McG. Woodbury, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Rogers, jr., Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Prentice, Robert Waller and De Lancey Nicoll.

DON'T TELL YOUR WIFE
what you see in the narrow columns of The Sunday Tribune. She may look and find something she wants, and of course you'll have to buy it.

HELD UP FOR JURY DUTY.

Merchant Is Summoned in Wild Western Style.

Morristown, N. J., May 28 (Special).—To be haled into court and compelled to serve on a jury at the point of a gun is an experience given to few men in the East, but that is what happened to John Fichter, of Denville, yesterday. It sounds much like Wild West methods of court procedure, and yet it all happened within thirty miles of New-York. Jury duty in cases which come before a justice of the peace is a rather thankless task in New-Jersey, as a juror gets only 25 cents for each case and sometimes a case will drag along for several days, so a man is hardly to be blamed when he endeavors to dodge a constable who is looking for jurymen.

Constable Clarke, of Denville, is well aware of the difficulty of procuring jurymen, and he usually goes about the proceeding rather warily, thus managing to capture his man. Yesterday he had succeeded in getting five by stealing upon them unawares, and he wanted only one more man to complete the quota. When he entered Fichter's store quietly, the merchant was just measuring a quart of molasses. He was in the back end of the store, and he knew instinctively what the constable was after, having seen that official doing the still hunt act all the morning. Mr. Fichter was not minded to go to court that day, as he expected to be busy with the sale of a bag of peanuts and three and a half pounds of sugar. So he dropped the molasses jug and bolted out the back door. Clarke gave chase, and down the street the two men ran. Fichter crossed the canal and doubled back around some barns and started for the store again. At this point Clarke met a stranger, who, divining the cause of the chase at once, said:

"Want to git that man for the jury?"

"Yaas, I do," answered Clarke.

"Want any help?" asked the stranger.

"Never refuse help," said Clarke.

"All right, here goes," said the other, drawing a revolver from his pocket and shouting after the fleeing grocer. "Halt there! Halt, or I'll fire!" he roared.

Fichter heard the click, click of the revolver as it was cocked and came to a standstill, throwing his hands in the air and screaming at the top of his lungs: "Don't shoot, don't shoot! I'll go!"

The stranger then held a bead on Fichter until the constable had served a summons. Fichter is now treating to ice cream sodas along with his explanation of the affair.

OBITUARY.

HENRY FRANCIS BARROWS.

Henry Francis Barrows, who died on Thursday in North Attleboro, Mass., in his seventy-seventh year, was one of the best known of American country bank presidents. He was born in South Attleboro in 1827, and was the son of Alfred and Louisa Barrows. He was educated in the village school and the North Attleboro Academy.

On finishing his education he entered the employ of E. Ira Richards, a jeweller. In 1851 he started in business for himself, and later took James H. Sturdy into partnership. Later the firm became known as H. F. Barrows & Co., with E. S. Richards and Louis A. Barrows as special partners. Louis Barrows died five years later, and the business was gradually turned over to the sons of Henry F. Barrows—Henry F., jr., and Ira Barrows.

Mr. Barrows was a promoter of several other enterprises. He assisted in the building of the North Attleboro Branch Railroad, and was its only corporation president. He was also a leader in organizing the North Attleboro Gas Company, was for one year its president, and was a director until his death. He was for some time a trustee of the Providence County Savings Bank and director of the First National Bank of Pawtucket and the Providence Telephone Company. His favorite enterprise, however, was the Attleboro National Bank, of which he was for years president, maintaining a branch office in this city and serving without remuneration.

He was a member of the New-York Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, the Bristol Lodge, F. and A. M., and active in the First Universalist Church. He married Henrietta T. Richards in 1854 and was the father of five children.

VICTOR SCHAELLER.

South Orange, May 28 (Special).—Victor Schaeller, a member of the New-York Produce Exchange and for thirty years a New-York exchange broker, died at his home in Lenox Road, South Orange, last night of cancer of the stomach, after a long illness. He was born in Vienna on November 28, 1846, and had lived in South Orange for about fifteen years. He was a member of the German Club, of Hoboken, and the Royal Arcanum. He leaves no immediate family. The funeral will be held at his late home and the body will be cremated.

WILSON V. STRYKER.

Atlantic Highlands, N. J., May 28 (Special).—Wilson V. Stryker, a well known citizen of this place, died at his home in South-ave., yesterday afternoon from cancer of the liver, at the age of forty-four years. Mr. Stryker was born at Leonardsville, N. J., and farmed Captain James Leonard's place in his younger days. He had been living in the same house here for twenty-one years. Mr. Stryker was for over ten years Street Superintendent, and belonged to Hose Company No. 1 ever since its organization. He was an Odd Fellow, a member of the Encampment, and belonged to the Order of American Mechanics. His mother, Mrs. Phœbe Stryker, eighty-four years old; his widow, eight sons and one daughter, survive him. He also leaves four sisters, Mrs. John Robbins and Mrs. Otto Davis, of New-York; Mrs. Edward Smith, of Atlantic Highlands, and Mrs. George Miller, and two brothers, William Stryker, of Atlantic Highlands, and Theodore Stryker, of Trenton.

The funeral services will be held this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, at the First Baptist Church. The Rev. D. C. Cobb, pastor of the Methodist Church, will officiate, assisted by the Rev. John E. Parmley, pastor of the Presbyterian Church. The lodges and fire company will attend the funeral. The burial will be in Bay View Cemetery.

JAMES MACHELL.

James Machell died in this city on Thursday after an operation for an acute attack of appendicitis, with which he was stricken on Monday. Mr. Machell was born in Manchester, England, and came to this country about thirty years ago. For twenty-five years he was engaged in the diamond business at No. 32 Park Place.

DR. RALPH M. ISHAM.

Chicago, May 28.—Dr. Ralph M. Isham, for nearly half a century one of the leading physicians of Chicago, died to-day at Lake Forest, Ill. His death was due to cancer of the stomach. In the Civil War he served as a member of the Sanitary Commission. Later he had charge of the United States Marine Hospital at Chicago.

ARTHUR W. PULVER.

Chicago, May 28.—Arthur W. Pulver, general attorney for the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company, died to-day at his home here. Mr. Pulver caught a severe cold while attending the Republican State Convention in Springfield. The ailment developed into pneumonia.

JOSEPH B. CHEADLE.

Frankfort, Ind., May 28.—Joseph B. Cheadle, former Congressman, and a well known newspaper publisher died at his home in this city to-day. He was sixty-two years old.

WILLIAM EBBETS.

William Ebbets, brother of President Charles E. Ebbets of the Brooklyn Baseball Club died on Friday from consumption in Denver, Col., where he went a year ago. He was born in this city in 1860. His father was John B. Ebbets, well known in public life at that time. Mr. Ebbets was formerly proprietor of a livery stable, but for the last few years was employed by Eberhard Faber, in Pearl-st. His wife, who was Mrs. Robert Wright before her marriage to him, survives him. He also leaves one son and three step-children.

MAJOR MANN PAGE.

Richmond, Va., May 28.—Major Mann Page, of Upper Brandon, one of the famous old James River homes, died suddenly at a hospital here to-night. Major Page was prominent in agricultural, Masonic and other circles in the State. He was related to Thomas Nelson Page, the author. He was about sixty-five years old.

BY YACHT TO ST LOUIS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

St. Louis, May 28.—The yacht Palmetto, piloted by Mrs. T. A. Snider, of New-York, has arrived safely at Cairo, Ill., where Mrs. Snider surrendered the helm in order to journey overland to Kentucky to visit some old friends. The yacht, which will be her home while she visits the fair, has just been tied up at the foot of Plum-st. Storms were encountered on both the Atlantic and the Gulf, but the yacht came through them unscathed.

INGALLS ASSERTED AUTHORSHIP.

Letter in Which He Declared Sonnet "Opportunity" Was His.

Atchison, Kan., May 28.—That the late John James Ingalls asserted his authorship of the sonnet entitled "Opportunity" is indicated in a letter which he wrote in 1899 to George Horace Lorimer, Editor of "The Saturday Evening Post." Mrs. Ingalls received to-day from Mr. Lorimer a copy of this letter, which was before unknown to her. The letter follows:

Atchison, Kan., August 25, 1899.

Dear Sir: Some years ago I wrote a sonnet, "Opportunity." It appeared in facsimile in "New-York Truth" in 1891, and has been floating through the press ever since, and always with errors not mine. I saw it at the head of a chapter in a novel long since with a most important word, "once," omitted, and on one of Daly's play bills last winter, and in a collection, "Pearls from Many Lands and Seas," in a railroad train in Dakota recently. I inclose a copy cut from a Western paper yesterday, revised. Will you be kind enough, as a favor to me, to reprint it in "The Post" some time when you have a convenient corner, from this corrected proof? I would like to start it off right once more.

Yours, JOHN J. INGALLS.

USED FELLOW MEMBER'S NAME.

Union League Club Man, Sued for Assault, Says It Was Mistake.

By an order filed yesterday in the County Clerk's office Justice Dugro, of the Supreme Court, appointed David G. Gladstone as guardian ad litem of Viola Livingston in her suit against William H. Barnard. She declares that she advertised for some one to advise her about going on the stage, and Barnard answered, under the name of "William T. Carroll." He, she alleges, met her by appointment at the Grenoble Hotel, at that time saying he was "W. H. Bailey." After conversation about the stage, she alleges, she drove in a cab with him in Central Park. In the course of the ride, she asserts, Barnard assaulted her.

Barnard lives at No. 38 East Sixty-eighth-st., and is in the silk importing business. He is a member of the players, the Metropolitan Museum of Art, the New-York Athletic, the Ardsley, and the Union League clubs and the Merchants' Central Association.

W. H. Bailey is also a member of many clubs, among them the Union League. George Gordon Battle, attorney for Mr. Barnard, said last night:

"Mr. Barnard had no intention of using Mr. Bailey's name. He gave the name of Bailey in an offhand way, as he would the name of Brown or Black or Jones. Unfortunately Mr. Bailey's initials are the same as those of Mr. Barnard; but Mr. Barnard did not know that there was a member of the Union League Club by the name of W. H. Bailey. Mr. Barnard feels very badly over the error of names, and has written Mr. Bailey on the subject."

Mr. Battle said he did not think Mr. Bailey would bring charges against Mr. Barnard.

GIFT TO MRS. CORDOVA.

New-Brunswick, N. J., May 28.—Mrs. J. F. Cordova, wife of the eloping pastor of the South River Methodist Church, received a purse of $250 to-day, this amount having been collected at South River and in this city by Jesse Slover and Ross Hendrickson. Cordova's brother at El Paso, Tex., has wired for particulars as to his departure, and has sent a letter which may throw some light on the case. The letter is addressed to George Farr, the Sunday school superintendent who chased the eloping couple.

PRINCE PU LUN IN BUFFALO.

Buffalo, May 28.—Prince Pu Lun arrived here today for a three days' visit, as the guest of the Chamber of Commerce.

RENEWED APPEAL FOR WORTHY CAUSE.

The appeal is renewed in behalf of the poor woman referred to in the issue of May 19, whose case was investigated by this office and found worthy. The several generous responses will assure her medical attendance, but money is still needed to pay for her care and living expenses, as her affliction found her absolutely without funds. As announced before, she was formerly well to do. She recently suffered a stroke of paralysis, laming her right side completely, making it impossible for her to walk a step, and depriving her entirely of the power of speech. Contributions—which will be individually acknowledged—should be sent to the City Department of The Tribune, marked for "Paralytic Case," and made payable to the order of The Tribune Association.

FROST AT BALLSTON, N. Y.

Ballston, N. Y., May 28.—Hoar frost was observed by early risers to-day in low valley parts of this village and throughout central towns of Saratoga County, but there was not sufficinet to endanger fruit blossoms or early vegetables in home and market gardens.

TRANSATLANTIC TRAVELLERS.

These arrived yesterday on the Lucania:

Walter Bailey.	Colonel Hugh H. MacLean, K. C.
Mr. and Mrs. John Galt.	G. F. Postlethwaite.
Rear Admiral S. A. Johnson.	Captain F. Donald Tod.

On La Touraine arrived:

Monsignor Begin.	John A. Hilliard.
Jean Cornaille.	Richard Bradley Grinnell.

PROMINENT ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS

GILSEY—George Pepe, Fall River. GRAND—Lieutenant Roger S. Fitch, U. S. A.; Commander J. C. Fremont, U. S. N. HOLLAND—H. G. Maud, London. MANHATTAN—Cyrus Curtis, Philadelphia; George D. Ross, Montreal; W. R. Northrup, Buffalo. NETHERLAND—F. D. Henderson, Providence. VICTORIA—Captain G. C. Reiter, U. S. N. WOLCOTT—Captain George F. Barney, U. S. A.; Captain C. H. Patterson, U. S. A.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Official Record and Forecast.—Washington, May 28.—An area of high pressure is central to-night over the Middle Atlantic States. It is moving eastward, and will probably pass off to sea Sunday. An area of low pressure has advanced from British Columbia to the upper Mississippi Valley during the last thirty-six hours. It will drift eastward at a less rapid rate during the next forty-eight hours.

The weather has been mostly fair in the great majority of districts. Showers have fallen in Kansas, Southeastern Nebraska, Oklahoma, Western Arkansas, Southern Texas and Eastern Colorado.

The temperature is above the seasonal average east of the Rocky Mountains, especially in the Missouri Valley and the Northwest.

The weather has been fair in eastern districts. Showers are indicated for the Mississippi Valley and the upper lake region, and showers are probable Monday in the Lower Mississippi Valley, Tennessee, the Ohio Valley and the western lower lake region, including the western portion of the Middle Atlantic States.

It will be somewhat warmer in the lake region, the Ohio Valley and the Middle Atlantic States and New-England. Cooler weather will prevail in the Missouri Valley and the Upper Mississippi Valley.

The winds along the Middle Atlantic and Northeastern New-England coasts will be fresh west; on the South Atlantic Coast fresh northeast to east; on the Gulf Coast fresh south; on the Great Lakes fresh southerly, shifting to brisk northwest on the upper lakes Sunday night.

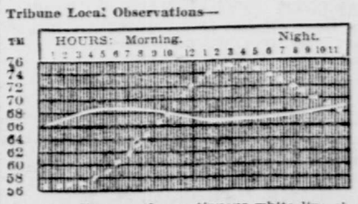
Forecast for Special Localities.—For New-England, fair to-day and Monday; fresh west winds.

For Eastern New-York and Eastern Pennsylvania, fair to-day and Monday, except rain Monday in north and west portions; fresh west winds, becoming southerly.

For New-Jersey, Delaware and the District of Columbia, fair to-day; Monday increasing cloudiness, probably showers in afternoon or by night; light, variable winds, becoming fresh south.

For Western Pennsylvania and Western New-York, fair and warmer to-day; Monday, showers; fresh south winds.

Tribune Local Observations—



In this diagram the continuous white line shows the changes in pressure as indicated by The Tribune's self-recording barometer. The dotted line shows the temperature as recorded by the local Weather Bureau.

Local Official Record.—The following official record from the Weather Bureau shows the changes in the temperature for the last twenty-four hours in comparison with the corresponding date of last year:

	1904.	1903.		1904.	1903.
3 a. m.	56	66	6 p. m.	75	74
6 a. m.	58	66	9 p. m.	72	71
9 a. m.	64	68	11 p. m.	70	70
12 m.	71	74	12 p. m.	—	69
4 p. m.	76	79			

Highest temperature yesterday, 76 degrees; lowest, 56; average yesterday, 66; average for corresponding date last year, 71; average for corresponding date last twenty-five years, 63.

Local forecast—Fair to-day and Monday; fresh west winds, becoming south.

BETTER LATE THAN NEVER,
but better be early in sending in your advertising copy for The Sunday Tribune.

HARMONY IN RED CROSS.

Remonstrants Accept Plan Presented by John W. Foster.

[FROM THE TRIBUNE BUREAU.]

Washington, May 28.—Ex-Secretary John W. Foster presented to the remonstrants of the American National Red Cross, at a meeting held this afternoon at the home of W. J. Boardman, the plan outlined in these dispatches of the 26th, and it was unanimously adopted by them. Mr. Foster informed the remonstrants that he had been requested by Senator Proctor, chairman of the investigating committee, to act with Richard Olney in forming a plan for the reorganization of the American National Red Cross which would settle all existing differences. He reported that such a plan had been formulated, by which a new board of trustees, with the possible exception of General Miles, and new officers were to be elected at the next meeting of the present trustees of the society, from a slate prepared with the joint approval of Messrs. Foster and Olney. This plan had been signed by himself and Mr. Olney, and had been unanimously adopted by the trustees at their meeting on May 26.

The trustees have called a meeting for June 26, at which they will elect the ticket prepared by Messrs. Foster and Olney, and they will then resign, as will also the officers of the society. When the new board of twelve trustees and a president have been elected, they will meet and elect new officers to replace those who will resign on the 26th. All the present trustees have agreed to resign, with the exception of General Miles, who was not present at the meeting of May 26 and whose name will probably appear on the joint slate prepared by Messrs. Foster and Olney. As Mr. Olney has been obliged to return to Boston, no agreement regarding the personnel of the new board of trustees has been reached, although an effort to induce Admiral Dewey to serve will probably be made.

It may be said that it is the hope of the men who will make the nominations that they will be able to prepare a ticket composed entirely of men who can give their personal attention to the affairs of the organization.

As this plan accomplishes all that has been sought by the remonstrants—that is, the prompt transfer of the control o fthe organization to an entirely new board of trustees—it is regarded as a distinct vindication of their course, and as a gratifying triumph, in that it has been effected without the scandal which must have ensued had it been necessary to press the investigation further.

CONFEDERATE FLAG CAUSED TROUBLE.

Greeted with Cheers and Hisses in a Pittsburg School.

Pittsburg, May 28.—A small Confederate flag almost created a riot at the Highland School this afternoon. C. G. Walters, a member of Post No. 117, Grand Army of the Republic, had been selected to speak on the life of the soldier at the memorial exercises. There were about five hundred children in the room when he started his address. In illustrating his lecture he pulled from under his coat a tattered Confederate flag. A small boy who had moved from Virginia recognized it, and, jumping to his feet, he let out a yell, which was followed by cheers. All the children jumped to their feet and cheered in chorus with him.

"Don't do that, boys!" shouted Walters. "Remember, this is the flag we shot at once."

Instantly the cheers were lost in hisses. The mother of the Virginia boy sprang on a chair and shouted, "Let the children salute both flags!"

"Never!" yelled Walters, as he threw the stars and bars on the floor and jumped on them.

ASKED TO LOOK OUT FOR HEROES.

State Commission in Lunacy Sends Letter to Hospital Superintendents.

Albany, May 28.—Secretary T. E. McGarr of the State Commission in Lunacy to-day sent a letter to the various State hospital superintendents, in part as follows:

The State Commission in Lunacy has for some time past considered the desirability of recognizing in some substantial manner signal acts of heroism performed by hospital attendants and nurses in the discharge of their self-sacrificing, difficult and frequently dangerous duties, but has been restrained by lack of statutory authority from carrying into effect different plans which have been suggested.

It seems to the commission appropriate, the letter goes on to say, that inasmuch as the so-called "Carnegie Hero Fund" has been established for the express purpose of recognizing marked instances of self-sacrifice and devotion to duty, each superintendent should note every such instance occurring in the hospital under his charge, and when satisfied that recognition should be had by the trustees of the fund, should properly certify the facts to the secretary in charge of the fund.

A Blessing.

Sancho Panza blessed the man who invented sleep. So do our leading society belles bless the memory of the late Dr. T. F. Gouraud, who taught them how to be beautiful. Every one should do all in his power to supplement nature in adorning the person, and a fine complexion is not given to all; and just here art aids nature, and all who use Dr. T. F. Gouraud's Oriental Cream, or Magical Beautifier, know its value, and how the skin that is freckled, tanned, pimpled, or mothpatched can be made like the new born babe's. To those who will use toilet preparations it is recommended by physicians, as the Board of Health has declared it free from all injurious properties, and, as it is on sale at all druggists', and fancy goods stores, it is an easy matter to give it a trial, and thus win the approbation of men, as well as the envy of ladies.—N. Y. Evening Mail.

Died.

Death notices appearing in THE TRIBUNE will be republished in The Tri-Weekly Tribune without extra charge.

Allee, Joseph B., jr.	Lapham, Oliver K.
Barrows, Henry F.	Quimby, A. Frances.
Belden, Louise H.	Stevens, Frances E.
Browne, Joanna C.	Stout, Virginia G. M.
Buck, Thomas C.	Towne, Maria B.
Griffiths, George H.	Tully, Mary.
Hendricks, Henry H.	Wendell, Margaret T. E.

ALLEE—Suddenly, at Cannons, Conn., Saturday, May 28, 1904, Joseph B. Allee, jr., of Brooklyn, N. Y., in his 67th year. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BARROWS—After a short illness, at North Attleboro, Mass., May 26, 1904, Henry Francis Barrows, in the 77th year of his age. Funeral services will be held at his home, Sunday, May 29, at 3 p. m. Burial private.

BELDEN—On Saturday, May 28, 1904, Louise Hodges Belden, only daughter of the late Andrew B. and Catharine L. Hodges. Funeral services at her late residence, No. 469 Bedford-ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., on Monday evening, May 30, at 7:30. Interment at the convenience of the family. Kindly omit flowers.

BROWNE—On Saturday, 28th inst., Joanna C. Browne, aged 92 years, widow of the late Colonel George Browne. Funeral from her late residence, at The Baltimore, Tompkinsville, Staten Island, Monday at 4 p. m.

BUCK—Thomas Corner Buck, at his residence, No. 326 West 107th-st., on May 28, in his 59th year. Funeral Services at All Angels' Church, West End-ave. and 81st-st., at 2:30 p. m. on Tuesday, May 31. Interment at Woodlawn. Baltimore papers please copy.

GRIFFITHS—Suddenly, on May 27, George H. Griffiths. Notice of funeral later.

HENDRICKS—On Friday, May 27, Henry Harmon, son of Emma B. and the late Joshua Hendricks. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral at his late residence, No. 336 West 89th-st., on Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

LAPHAM—On Friday, May 27, 1904, after a brief illness, Oliver Keese Lapham, in the 82d year of his age. Funeral services at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. William E. Fort, No. 1,333 Pacific-st., Brooklyn, on Sunday, May 29, 1904, at 3 o'clock.

QUIMBY—At East Orange, N. J., Saturday, May 28, A. Frances Quimby, daughter of the late George Quimby, of New-York. Funeral private, from her late residence, No. 38 Evergreen Place, East Orange. Interment at Woodlawn.

STEVENS—On Friday, May 27, 1904, at her home, the residence of her son-in-law, Henry D. Lyman, No. 41 West 73d-st., New-York, Frances E., widow of the late Dr. John A. Stevens, of Boston, Mass. Services and interment at Pittsfield, Mass., Sunday, May 29, 1904. Boston papers please copy.

STOUT—On Thursday, May 26, at West New-Brighton, Staten Island, Virginia Gwathmey Martin, beloved wife of John W. Stout, jr. Funeral services at St. Mary's Church, West New-Brighton, on Sunday, May 29, at 2:30 p. m.

TOWNE—At East Orange, N. J., May 27, Maria B. Towne, in