ARMY AND NAVY NEWS.

[FROM THE TRIBUNE BUREAU.]
Washington, October 22.

YOUNG CHAPLAIN SENTENCED.—Chaplain Joseph F. MacGrail, of the navy, has been sentenced to dismissal. This unusual occurrence in the service, so far as chaplains are concerned, has been reported to the Navy Department by cable from Cavité by Rear Admiral William M. Folger, the commander of the cruising squadron of the Asiatic fleet. Reports reached Admiral Folger some months ago that Chaplain MacGrail, who was appointed in 1901, was misconducting himself in Manila, and the reports led to charges that the chaplain was guilty of immorality. Thereupon the officer tendered his resignation, which was reported to the Washington authorities by cable by Admiral Folger, who also at the same time advised against interference with the inquiry made by the naval court. Chaplain MacGrail's resignation was accordingly refused and his trial was completed. The result has been the sentence of dismissal, and pending the receipt of the court's proceedings in Washington the chaplain is on the way home on a commercial liner.

NAVAL TURBINE INQUIRY.—It has been decided that only one of the three naval scouts which are now being designed shall be fitted with turbine machinery. It remains to be decided which of several types of turbines shall be used. Most of the experts at present favor the Parsons as against the Curtis system, but no conclusion will probably be reached until there is a thorough competitive test of the systems at Annapolis. A contract has been closed with the makers of the Parson turbine for mechanism for this purpose. The inquiry will be along the lines of ascertaining just what economy will result from the use of turbine machinery under conditions known as reduced cruising speed. On vessels equipped with reciprocating engines there is a saving in fuel when the speed is reduced to, say, ten knots, but it is understood by the department officials that no such proportionate economy is possible in a vessel fitted with the turbine. The Navy Department has determined to investigate this subject before the turbine is installed on one of the scouts, since the question of coal consumption is a vital one in the scheme of naval maintenance. It is recognized that the turbine, under conditions calling for schedule trips requiring maximum speed at all times, is of great value. It is a question, however, whether the turbine is entirely suited to naval use.

"TUMBLING" PROJECTILES.—An inquiry is being made by the naval Ordnance Bureau into the fact that certain projectiles fired from 12-inch guns have exhibited the defect of "tumbling." This serious fault is puzzling to the experts, who are at a loss to understand the causes of the irregularity. Some of them think it is due to the band around the shell, others suggest that the trouble rests in the powder, which is coming to be more and more mysterious; while still other officers think the tumbling of shells may be due to defects in the guns. The investigation will be a thorough one.

NEW MAPS OF ALASKA.—The army signal corps has published a valuable map of Alaska, showing the signal corps telegraph lines, covering a distance of nearly 4,000 miles, of which one-half is cable, 107 miles are wireless, and the remainder land lines. The map is interesting as showing, also, the rivers and trails of the interior country, which has been surveyed by three signal corps officers.

DAMAGES AT MANASSAS.—The special board appointed to appraise the damages suffered by farmers near Manassas as a result of the manœuvres has completed its work, placing the total at $13,700, which is much less than was expected.

CAPTAIN KIRKMAN ACCUSED.—Charges have been filed with General F. D. Grant, in command of the Department of the East, alleging misconduct on the part of Captain Kirkman, 25th Infantry, on duty at Fort Niobrara, Nebraska. Captain Kirkman is said to have indulged in misbehavior while on a visit to New-York, and bills representing damages to hotel furniture to a considerable extent have been filed with the military authorities.

NAVAL COAL SUPPLY.—Bids for furnishing coal to naval vessels at foreign ports in the next calendar year will be opened on December 1 at the Bureau of Equipment. Preference will be given, so far as possible, to American coal kept at foreign ports whenever it is obtainable at prices approximating that of foreign coal.

ORDERS ISSUED.—The following army and navy orders have been issued:

ARMY.

Captain JOSEPH F. JANDA, 1st Infantry, from St. Louis to proper station.

Second Lieutenant WILLIAM P. PEARSON, to 25th Infantry.

First Lieutenant JAMES O. ROSS, 15th Cavalry, to Washington Barracks.

First Lieutenant GUY E. MANNING, artillery corps, from Presidio to proper station.

NAVY.

Lieutenant J. V. FLEMANN, to the Hancock.

Lieutenant C. E. Courtney to naval torpedo station, Narragansett Bay.

Lieutenant F. LYON to navy yard, Boston.

Ensigns D. LYONS, F. ROESCHACH, G. DeP. JOHNSTONE, W. E. WHITEHEAD, C. S. VANDERBECK, W. F. DANIELS, O. HILL, F. D. BURNS and C. W. TINSMORE, commissioned.

Surgeon L. W. CURTIS, to the Pensacola.

Paymaster J. IRWIN, Jr., detached the Solace; to Asiatic Station.

Assistant Paymaster W. C. FITE, detached the Florida; to the Solace.

Assistant Paymaster C. N. WRENSHALL, detached navy yard, Washington; to the Florida.

MOVEMENTS OF NAVAL VESSELS.—The following movements of vessels have been reported to the Navy Department:

ARRIVED.

October 21.—The Lebanon and the Hannibal at Baltimore, the Leonidas at Lambert's Point, the Yankton at Boston, the Wyoming at Roche Harbor.

October 22.—The Alexander at Guam, the New-Orleans at Woosung.

SAILED.

October 21.—The Vixen, from Pensacola for Guantanamo; the Newark and the Newport from San Juan for Norfolk.

October 22.—The Marcellus, from Tompkinsville for Norfolk.

THE COLORADO AT BOSTON.

Boston, Oct. 22.—The new United States battleship Colorado, which was built by the government, arrived here to-day and anchored below Hull to wait for the tide. She came up to Nantasket Roads at high water, and there she will lay at anchor until Monday, when she will leave for her trial trip over the Cape Ann course.

Gloucester, Mass., Oct. 22.—The United States cruisers Minneapolis and Columbia and the auxiliary cruisers Prairie and Dixie anchored in the outer harbor here to-day, having come to take part in the trial trip of the Colorado on the Cape Ann course on Monday. The Topeka is also in port awaiting the trial.

SIOUX SEND GREETINGS TO ROOSEVELT

Present a Buffalo Robe with Pictured Story of the Custer Massacre.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Bismarck, N. D., Oct. 22.—A delegation of Sioux Indians here to-day sent to President Roosevelt a buffalo robe with the authentic history of the Custer massacre done in picture writing, from recitals of the older chiefs. Chief John Grass, the Sioux chief justice, and Flying By, one of the leading warriors, sent addresses to the President expressing the good will and confidence of the Sioux tribe.

THE ANGLO-TIBETAN TREATY.

Declared to Conform to Assurances Given to Russia.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 22.—It now develops that Great Britain, in response to Russia's representations on the subject of the Anglo-Tibetan Treaty, declared that the articles of the treaty as published were not exact, especially regarding the indemnity and the occupation of Chumbi Valley, and that when it was ratified and published it would be found to conform to the assurances given to Russia.

GENERAL G. D. RUGGLES BURIED.

Washington, Oct. 22.—The body of Brigadier General George D. Ruggles was buried in the National Cemetery at Arlington to-day with military honors. Funeral services were held at St. John's Episcopal Church, in this city, conducted by the Rev. R. C. Smith, rector of the church, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Griffiths, chaplain of the National Soldiers' Home. The funeral was largely attended by army and navy officers. The Society of the Army of the Potomac, of which General Ruggles was vice-president at the time of his death, and the Loyal Legion, of which he was a member, were represented.

EUROPEANS DROWNED IN ALGERIA.

Algiers, Algeria, Oct. 22.—Ten Europeans and fourteen natives have been drowned in floods in the Ain Sefra district.

"LENA'S WATCHIN' YER."

How and Why "Sonny" and Others Raced for Bronze Medals.

"Oh, Jim! Oh, Sonny! Lena's watchin' yer. Sez she know yer'll do yer best."

The grimy atom of humanity addressed hitched manfully at his combination baseball and swimming suit, drew a long, ecstatic breath of eagerness, wiggled his toes in their diminutive "sneakers," clinched his tiny fists till the nails showed white, and, thus spurred on, bent again to the starting line, resolved to win the heat or die in the endeavor. Lena was watching. Maybe his mother, too, a frail, slight woman, withered before her time and dressed in a faded shawl flung Spanish wise across her iron gray hair, could see him now. Just think! Victory in one "teeny weeny" race would make him the envy of the block for many a "festa" to come. With such rewards, what boy would not do his best?

Disdaining sordid emoluments, "newsies" forsook their papers and boy pedlers their wares, to swell the throng of at least 10,000 that saw the beginning of a series of athletic games at Hamilton Fish Park yesterday afternoon.

Amiable armchair sociologists and bored persons, eager for a new sensation, might have spent a profitable afternoon watching the contestants and spectators at the games, which were held at the direction of Park Commissioner Pallas. Such physical strife for mastery, such tense organized juvenile endeavor, such frenzied enthusiasm, were never before witnessed in Hamilton Fish Park. It was a red letter day in the annals of the East Side, an afternoon that for sheer excitement will live long in the memory of both those who took part and those who looked on. And the twelve bronze medals which Commissioner Pallas paid for out of his own pocket, and which Mr. Willis Holly, his secretary, presented to those who had achieved! The recipients will cherish them to their dying day.

Gazing at the restless swarms inside the park it seemed as if the East Side quarters must be quite deserted. Mothers and "little mothers," seat mates and "kid" brothers, all were there to see and applaud, even the four-months-old babies adding their gurgles of approval to the general chorus.

The entire earth surface of the "park" was black with humanity, which now moved like swarming bees, now chattered like a monster cage of monkeys, now chirruped like waking redbirds at a sunrise in spring.

As for the contestants, they ran the gamut of the nationalities, and ranged every color between black and white. Their sporting costumes were equally catholic. Here were a pair of made-over "knickers," half a pair of suspenders and a soiled undershirt, revealing at the neck and shoulders skin eloquent of memories of the summer swimming pool. There were a pair of baseball breeches, a parti-colored rowing guernsey and a battered football cap. No matter. The race was the thing.

When the games were about to begin the crowd was so large that Captain Handy, of the Market police station, had to send for a reserve force of ten men, to clear the small field in the centre of the park.

The contestants numbered more than a hundred, divided into juniors and seniors. The juniors included boys up to the age of fourteen, and the seniors up to nineteen years old.

Peach twigs, bits of scantling, and even a hockey stick, the combined police, Park Department and volunteer force found were the most effective instruments for clearing the courts. This was no light task, however, for the juvenile East Side crowd of spectators showed its characteristic restlessness and agility at making "getaways" from the impromptu sheriffs. Next Saturday there will be kindergarten contests at Tompkins Square Park.

STORY OF YOUNG VIOLINIST'S DEATH.

Friend Tells How Max Guhlka Came to Commit Suicide.

To the Editor of The Tribune.

Sir: Erroneous statements in this morning's newspapers concerning the suicide of young Max Guhlka prompt me to state the facts. Young Guhlka—he was only twenty-four years old—began his studies in this country nine years ago. He went to Europe and completed his musical education at Leipsic, Berlin, Paris and London. Upon returning to this country some two months ago he called upon Mr. Conried, with a view of getting permanent work. Mr. Conried referred the matter in the first instance to Alfred Hertz, conductor, of the Metropolitan Opera House. Young Guhlka played for Mr. Hertz about two weeks ago. Mr. Hertz was delighted with his playing, and he was at once promised a position as first violinist, and, in addition, called upon to play all solos wherever in any of the Wagner operas. It was arranged that he should make his debut as a soloist on the occasion of the first Sunday evening concert, and he had arranged upon that occasion to play the difficult Wieniawski concerto, with orchestral accompaniment. His intended visit to Mr. Franko was purely for the purpose of signing the formal contract, of which matter Mr. Franko had charge.

Last week, also, by special invitation, young Guhlka played at Boston for Mr. Gericke and Willy Hess, the new concert master of the Boston Symphony Orchestra. Both expressed themselves as highly pleased with his playing, and at once offered him a position with the Boston Symphony Orchestra, which, of course, he could not accept, owing to his previous understanding with Mr. Conried.

The young man had everything to look forward to; his career was of unusual promise. The work gave him no difficulty whatever. But one thing caused him uneasiness, and that was his condition of health. For many months he had complained of severe pains in his arms while playing, which at times had compelled him to stop in the middle of some piece. He consulted eminent specialists in Europe, and received treatment therefor, but there was no very substantial improvement. On Wednesday last he was taken ill with fever and chills. He worried extremely over his physical condition, and on the morning of his untimely demise was examining intently a medical work which he had procured. On that morning also he stated that he believed that he was suffering from tuberculosis and kidney trouble, he having apparently consulted some physician the night before, and as his father had died of the same disease this preyed on his mind and led him to believe that his condition of health would force him to give up his career, for which he had worked so earnestly and devotedly for many years. This worry about his condition unbalanced his mind, and he thereupon committed the unfortunate deed.

As far as I am aware, he left only three letters, all of them indicating great worry about his physical condition and showing that his mind at that time was not normal. Those letters were mailed by him immediately before his death.

It is hard to fathom the idea that one who possessed such attractive qualities, who was loved by his numerous friends for his continued devotion to them, his sterling integrity and his disinterestedness, should have suffered so terrible a calamity just as he was about to realize all his cherished ambitions. I know of no one who had a more enviable disposition. His every word was kind, and his every thought was for the welfare of others. At the last moment he feared that with failing health he would be a burden to those nearest and dearest to him. A devoted son and brother, a true friend has been lost, and the world has been deprived of a genius of unusual promise.

HERBERT R. LIMBURGER.

New-York City, Oct. 22, 1904.

ARCHBISHOP BACK IN ENGLAND.

Dr. Davidson Welcomed by Many Clergymen—Results of His Visit.

Liverpool, Oct. 22.—The Right Rev. Randall Thomas Davidson, Archbishop of Canterbury, landed here this evening. He was welcomed by a large assemblage of clergymen, whom he addressed from a car of a London train. The Archbishop said he hoped and believed that his visit to the United States would do something to weld not only the churches but the nationalities. He expressed deep thanks for the unbounded hospitality and wonderful kindness with which he had been received in America.

KING'S COLLEGE ANNIVERSARY.

Columbia University will begin the exercises in commemoration of the 150th anniversary of the founding of King's College on Friday afternoon by throwing open the doors of the institution for the inspection of the alumni and their friends. The trustees will receive in the rotunda of the university library, and the professors and other officers of instruction will be in their departments, prepared to go over their equipment and collections with visitors.

In the event of rain, the system of underground tunnels will be thrown open so that the guests will be sheltered while passing from one building to another. Barnard College will be open for inspection, and there will be special exhibits of photographs.

The programme of the department of physical education follows:

Three o'clock—Demonstration of physical training by sophomore class and basketball game by the university team in the university gymnasium.

Four o'clock—Demonstration of physical training by classes from Speyer School and Horace Mann School, in Thompson gymnasium.

Five o'clock—Inspection of Thompson Building; reception and tea in the Thompson Building.

Almost every department will give either a tea or a reception.

NO FIGHT IN PANAMA.

Reports Denied by General Davis and President Amador.

Panama, Oct. 22.—General Davis, Governor of the Panama Canal zone, authorizes a denial of the report of disturbances at Culebra, or at any place in the zone or its vicinity. President Amador confirms General Davis's statement.

Colon, Oct. 22.—Official investigation by the military authorities discloses the fact that the report of the presence of armed men at Culebra is untrue.

WHAT PANAMANS WANT.

Modification of Canal Treaty and Other Concessions.

Washington, Oct. 22.—Modification of the Hay-Bunau-Varilla canal treaty in several important respects, and the negotiation between the Washington and Panaman governments of a supplementary commercial treaty, granting to Panama important concessions, is what the Panamans hope to obtain as a result of Secretary Taft's mission to the isthmus, according to a statement made to-night by Señor Obaldia, the Panama Minister here.

"Widespread enthusiasm has been aroused on the isthmus," said the Minister, "by the publication of President Roosevelt's letter to Secretary Taft. President Amador has cabled me that he has proclaimed this letter throughout the isthmus, and that the tide of grateful feeling has already turned in favor of the United States. Preparations have been begun for a grand reception to the Taft mission. The palace occupied by the president of the former canal company will be placed at the disposal of Secretary Taft and his suite. Should this palace not be adequate the immense building known as the 'canal house,' and comprising several hundred rooms, also will be available for the entertainment of the mission. Dinners, balls and receptions will follow one another in quick succession in honor of the mission.

"In the action of the President in accrediting to the Panaman government such a distinguished envoy as Secretary Taft, whom the Isthmians regard as eminently fair, the Panaman government sees hope of righting a number of wrongs under which it is now suffering.

"Popular as is the American Minister to Panama and the Governor of the canal zone, there are a number of questions of vital importance to the isthmus which have not yet been settled to the satisfaction of the Panaman government. In the forefront of these are three problems which Secretary Taft will be asked to solve—the postal regulations, the question of customs duties, and the far reaching question of jurisdiction in the terminal cities of Panama and Colon. The Panaman government declines to accept the interpretation placed upon the treaty by Mr. Bunau-Varilla, which practically takes away all the land in those cities not now actually covered by residences. Panama and Colon will prosper rapidly after the canal work has started; they will need considerable territory over which to expand. We are confident that Secretary Taft will be quick to see the justice of our contentions.

"As to the postal question, a postage stamp in Panama costs five cents. When Governor General Davis sold stamps at two cents each, it is not surprising that the people bought stamps of him rather than of the Panaman authorities.

"Then there is the troublesome question of customs regulations between the government of Panama and the canal zone. We are confident that we shall arrange these difficulties with Secretary Taft with satisfaction to ourselves and to the United States. It is possible that this could be done in the form of an agreement, but I am of the opinion that a new commercial treaty will be the most satisfactory solution. In this treaty can be incorporated several important modifications of the present canal treaty, and I hope that this additional convention can be concluded after brief negotiations."

NEW MINISTER FROM COLOMBIA.

Senor Cortez Said to Have Been Selected—Islands for Sale.

Washington, Oct. 22.—Enrique Cortez, according to private information received in Washington today, is to be sent here by President Reyes as Colombian Minister to the United States. Señor Cortez is said to be in favor of the construction of an isthmian canal. A Pan-American diplomat is authority for the statement that the new Minister will endeavor to sell to the United States several islands off the isthmus, which, it is believed, will be used by the United States as coaling stations.

A BOMB IN BARCELONA.

Alleged Attempt to Kill Minister Salazar—No One Injured.

Barcelona, Oct. 22.—What is believed to have been an attempt upon the life of Señor Salazar, the Minister of Agriculture and Commerce and of Public Works, occurred to-day. A dynamite bomb was exploded in the street, while crowds were welcoming the Minister, who had come here to preside at a meeting of the Chambers of Commerce.

No one was injured, but the buildings in the vicinity of the scene of the explosion were damaged and the crowds were thrown into a panic. Several arrests were made.

The police believe the explosion to have been the work of a group of anarchists who have been concerned in previous similar outrages.

ECUADOR TO RECOGNIZE PANAMA.

Guayaquil, Oct. 22.—The Ecuadorian Congress closed its session yesterday. Among other measures passed was one authorizing President Plaza to recognize the Republic of Panama. A good impression has been made here by a cable dispatch from New-York regarding the arrangements agreed upon between President Roosevelt and the Panama government.

FARMERS ENTERTAINED IN LENOX.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Lenox, Mass., Oct. 22.—Wealthy members of the Berkshire Hunt Club entertained about fifty farmers and their families at luncheon to-day at the country home of Giraud Foster, of New-York. It was one of the most interesting affairs which have ever been held in Lenox. The guests of the club were the farmers over whose lands the runs of the Berkshire Hunt had been held this autumn. Mr. and Mrs. Foster received the guests, and luncheon was served at tables which were decorated with American Beauty roses. The club members acted as waiters for their guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Foster, Mr. and Mrs. Guy M. Ward, Miss Rosamond Dixey, Miss Heloise Meyer, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Frothingham, Clinton G. Gilmore, Newbold Morris, George Turnure, Arthur S. Dixey, Miss Josephine Durand, daughter of the British Ambassador, Miss Kate Cary, Miss Nora Iasigi, David T. Dana and others served the Berkshire formers.

Beside the luncheon the club provided a fine entertainment for the guests. A gymkhana was held on Mr. Foster's field here. In the tent pegging contest, Sir Mortimer Durand won the first prize. Others who rode were Samuel Frothingham, D. T. Dana, George Turnure, Newbold Morris and Arthur S. Dixey. An egg and spoon race was won by Miss Evelyn Sloane, Miss Nora Iasigi was second, Miss Heloise Meyer third and Miss Kate Cary fourth. Miss Bessie Oliver, of Washington; Miss Charlotte Barnes, Miss Mildred Barnes, Miss Rosamond Dixey, Miss Mary De P. Carey and others rode in this race.

There was a three-legged race for men, which F. Whitehead and R. Mullins won. The farmers in this race proved faster than the members of the club. Mr. Foster ran with his head farmer, and Arthur S. Dixey with a farmer from his father's estate. David T. Dana and Joseph W. Burden finished third in the race. In the contest for hurdle jumping, in the woman's hunters' class, Miss Rosamond Dixey won. Miss Nora Iasigi, of Boston, was second, Miss Carey third and Miss Bessie Oliver fourth. A. H. Dixey's horse Charles O'Malley was second.

Besides these races there were costumed races, rifle shooting for prizes, and other contests, in which the farmers took part and won all of the prizes.

MR. ODELL GOES TO NEWBURG.

Governor Odell left town last night to spend Sunday with his family at his home in Newburg. He will return here on Monday.

GATHERED ABOUT TOWN.

The drinking places of the Great White Way again last week demonstrated that they were abreast of the times and that they keep up to the news. In three or four places the drink mixers had no sooner read of the epidemic of deaths from drinking bad whiskey in the Stryker's Farm district of the West Side than the idea of a new drink came to them. They mixed it in different ways, but they all chose the same name—"wood alcohol cocktail." Then they waited for some steady customer to come in, that they might exercise their grim humor.

"Got any wood alcohol?" asked a regular drinker in an upper Broadway establishment, who had been reading of the West Side tragedy.

"Try a wood alcohol cocktail," returned the bartender.

He received an affirmative nod in answer, and mixed a whiskey drink, with liberal dashes of absinthe to make it hot and a sprinkling of red pepper to make it hotter. It was a scalding drink, and a man did not want more than one of them, but they will be in demand for a week or two, for New-York drinkers are always anxious for something new, especially if it has a timely name.

There is rapidly approaching completion on Broadway a hotel building which has certain peculiarities of architecture which attract the attention of many who pass. The most striking thing about it is the small number of large windows and the large number of small windows. The large windows are single, rather than double, and on either side of each large window is a small one. One is at a loss to account for it unless one happens to see a sign on the corner of the building which says that the So and So Hotel will be opened shortly with "three hundred rooms and two hundred bathrooms." The small windows, of course, indicate the bathrooms.

"They might have called it the Bathtub Hotel," remarked an old hotel man, as he studied the building from the opposite corner. "It is the most impressive evidence I've yet seen of the American craze for bathing. I can remember the time, and it was not so many years ago at that, when hotels thought they were well equipped if they had one bathroom on a floor. It was used by every one on that floor, and we charged a quarter for towels and service. This new hotel, with nearly as many bath as guest rooms, shows to what extreme the travelling public has pushed the 'room and bath' idea. If it keeps on some enterprising hotel man will be offering a 'room and two baths,' and he'll find plenty of occupants."

A general impression has prevailed among those familiar with the foreign quarters of New-York that the children of Chinatown received the best treatment. The Americans who dine at Italian table d'hotes which still hold a share of foreign patronage are not so sure that the first born son of the prosperous Italian does not receive more attention. Italians who have got ahead in New-York have the habit of giving elaborate birthday parties in honor of the first born son. The patrons of a little Tenth-st. resort were surprised a few nights ago at the array of glasses and bottles and flashy decoration which adorned an improvised dining table in the big room of the house. A high chair stood in the place of honor. When the guests assembled they proved to be full grown men and women, with the exception of a tiny three-year-old. It was his birthday party, and he occupied the high chair. Not another child was invited, but the youngster, in whose honor three candles sputtered on a huge cake, did not seem to mind.

There was wine of many kinds, a new color, or at least a round of fresh bottles, after every course. The baby drank with the rest, and seemed to enjoy it hugely. The other guests paid him every attention, addressing their conversation to him and listening to his prattle with every consideration. His health was drunk upward of a hundred separate times, and if all the good things they wished him come true his life will be a rosy one.

Assistant District Attorney Garvan, who has been investigating the quality of the whiskey sold in the Stryker's Farm section, and had to handle it with rubber gloves, he said, told the other night that the consumers of the stuff had apparently only one test of the quality of their whiskey. "The fellows who have been drinking this stuff," said Mr. Garvan, "demand something that tickles their throats and palates like a length of barb wire. The way they tell whether this lightning rod is fit to drink, according to their ideas, is by sticking their thumbs into the stuff. If it does not eat their thumb nails off it's good liquor."

The Rev. H. M. Warren, the "Hotel Chaplain," meets many peculiar people in his religious work among hotel guests. Some time ago he was called up at midnight, and on going to the telephone was requested to perform a marriage at a Broadway hotel. It was raining hard, but the clergyman promised to go downtown at once. The bride appeared to be considerably older than the bridegroom, but she gave her age as being some two years younger. A few nights later Dr. Warren received a similar message from one of the hotels at Fifty-ninth-st. and Fifth-ave. To his surprise when he arrived at the hotel, he found that the couple who demanded his services was the same he had married only a few nights before. The bride blushingly explained that she feared that the first marriage was not legal, since both had misstated their ages. This time she wanted the clergyman to know that she was really thirty-two while the husband was only twenty-five. The hotel chaplain performed the ceremony again, and left firm in the belief that honesty would have been the best policy from the first, as it would have saved them a double fee.

WELL KNOWN CONTRACTOR MISSING.

Had $1,500 with Him—Has Been Gone Since Thursday—Foul Play Feared.

Mrs. Meyer, wife of a well known contractor and builder at No. 373 East Fifth-st., Flatbush, reported to Captain White, of the Parkville station, yesterday, that her husband had been missing since Thursday. When he left home, she says, he had $1,500 with him, and she fears he may have been sandbagged and robbed. It was known that he usually carried large amounts of money with him. About ten days ago he was attacked at the Manhattan end of the bridge by two men, who attempted to get his money and watch.

Mr. Meyer is described as being thirty-six years old, slightly over medium height. When last seen he wore a black and white double breasted sack suit.

PROMINENT ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS

ALBEMARLE—Charles M. Welch, Philadelphia; A. Balfour, London. FIFTH AVENUE—W. E. Bond, Chicago. HOFFMAN—J. L. Pilgrim, London; L. Duke, North Carolina. HOTEL ASTOR—Captain A. G. Boutakoff, naval attaché, Russian Embassy. IMPERIAL—Colonel J. A. Caine, Chicago. MANHATTAN—Dr. A. A. Young, Glasgow; Professor K. Lamprecht, Berlin. MURRAY HILL—Dr. W. C. Rives, Washington. PARK AVENUE—Professor L. Budde, Munich.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Official Record and Forecast.—Washington, Oct. 22.—The lake region disturbance continues to drift slowly eastward and the weather throughout that district remains unsettled. Snow has fallen on Lake Superior, Northern Michigan and Northern Wisconsin. There have been light rains in the upper Ohio Valley and along the lower lakes; elsewhere fair weather has prevailed. A second disturbance is moving southeastward over Montana, and pressure continues high over the eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains.

Fair weather is indicated for Sunday and Monday, except in the lake region where light rain or snow will continue Sunday, clearing Sunday night or Monday.

It will be warmer Sunday in the Northwest and over the eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains, and warmer Monday in the upper and middle portions of the Mississippi Valley, the Ohio Valley and the lake region.

The winds along the Atlantic Coast will be mostly fresh west; on the Gulf Coast light and variable, and on the Great Lakes fresh to brisk northwest, shifting to south on the upper lakes Monday.

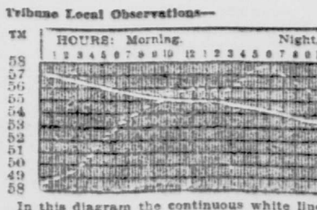
Forecast for Special Localities.—For New-England, fair and colder to-day; Monday, fair; fresh northwest winds.

For Eastern New-York, Eastern Pennsylvania, New-Jersey and Delaware, fair and colder to-day; Monday, fair; fresh west to northwest winds.

For the District of Columbia, fair and continued cool to-day; Monday, fair; light west winds.

For Western New-York and Western Pennsylvania, clearing to-day; Monday, fair and warmer; fresh west winds.

Tribune Local Observations—



In this diagram the continuous white line shows the changes in pressure as indicated by The Tribune's self-recording barometer. The dotted line shows the temperature as recorded by the local Weather Bureau.

Local Official Record.—The following official record from the Weather Bureau shows the changes in the temperature for the last twenty-four hours, in comparison with the corresponding date of last year:

	1904.	1903.		1904.	1903.
3 a. m.	56	53	6 p. m.	54	62
6 a. m.	58	51	9 p. m.	50	61
9 a. m.	56	58	11 p. m.	48	61
12 m.	56	62	12 p. m.	—	61
4 p. m.	55	62			

Highest temperature yesterday, 58 degrees; lowest, 48; average, 55; average for corresponding date last year, 58; average for corresponding date last twenty-five years, 58.

Local forecast: Fair and colder Sunday; fair Monday; fresh west to northwest winds.

TITLED ENGLISHMAN DIES

Fiancée Faints at Telephone Receiver on Getting Message.

Harry Graham Davenport, thirty-eight years old, who lived with Harold Hamilton Lawson at No. 122 West Fifty-eighth-st., died suddenly yesterday from heart disease at his home. Mr. Davenport was a wealthy paper and rag broker, and made frequent trips through New-England selling paper and rags to the large paper mills. Mr. Davenport returned from such a trip a few days ago. When he retired on Friday night there was no hint that he was ill. Yesterday when he was called he did not respond, and an investigation showed that he was dead.

The funeral will be held at the Stephen Merritt Chapel, in West Twenty-third-st., to-morrow evening, at 8:15 o'clock.

Mr. Lawson said: "Mr. Davenport had been in this country about twelve years. He was a member of the English nobility, but had never used the title which was rightfully his. He had quarrelled with his family. He was a graduate of Oxford."

Mr. Davenport was a widower, and leaves a son named Robert, who is living with an uncle, Irving Swan, in New-Dorchester, Mass. Mr. Davenport was engaged to be married to a well-to-do woman of Springfield, Mass., who had been told of his death, and would reach the city last night, Mr. Lawson said. He would not give her name.

Mr. Lawson said that he called up Mr. Davenport's fiancée over the long distance telephone to Springfield, Mass., last evening, and when she heard the news she fainted. Mr. Lawson says her home is in Boston, but that she has been visiting friends in Springfield. When he got her on the telephone he told her as gently as possible of Mr. Davenport's death. The response was a sound as of the dropping of the receiver and a thud of a falling body. Then he heard another voice on the telephone, saying that the woman had fainted and asking what the trouble was. He told the story to his friend, and the friend told the details to Mr. Davenport's fiancée when she recovered.

Mr. Lawson says that Davenport came from Ipswich, England, twelve years ago, and three years ago went into the paper rag business, in which he had become prosperous. He had been engaged for a long time.

KOMMEL-GOLDBERG BETROTHAL.

Miss Lillian Goldberg, of No. 316 East Seventy-second-st., will be publicly betrothed to-day at her home to Abe Kommel, of No. 460 Grand-st. Mr. Kommel is a real estate dealer and a member of the James G. Blaine Club, which is the Republican organization of the IVth Assembly District, in which he is the leader of the Ninth Election District. Miss Goldberg is a member of the Beth Israel Hospital Auxiliary and many other charitable organizations. Among those who will be present at the ceremony to-day are Joseph Levenson, candidate for Congress in the IXth District; Samuel Cohen, who is running for the Assembly; Louis Frank, Charles S. Adler, Charles H. Murray, of the Lincoln League, and Louis Fredell, candidate for the Assembly in the VIIIth District.

Go to the World's Fair
Via the Erie Railroad.
Take "The Excelsior Express"
And be comfortable;
Leaves New York daily, 12:10 A. M.
360 and 1150 Broadway for information.

Married.

Marriage notices appearing in THE TRIBUNE will be republished in The Tri-Weekly Tribune without extra charge.

ROGERS—HALLOCK—On Tuesday, October 18, at Margaretville, N. Y., by the Rev. Joseph Iyle, of Fishkill, N. Y., Elizabeth Norris Hallock, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward V. Hallock, to Captain William L. Rogers, of United States Army.

Notices of marriages and deaths must be indorsed with full name and address.

Died.

Death notices appearing in THE TRIBUNE will be republished in The Tri-Weekly Tribune without extra charge.

Butler, Jonathan H.	Herrick, Elizabeth T.
Collier, Isabella G.	Hillhouse, Isaphine.
Davenport, Harry G.	Kellock, Margaret A.
Dunham, Rebecca.	Martin, David.
Edgar, Rufus N.	Squire, Mary A.
Eninger, Elise.	Stone, Mary A. L.
Fellows, John.	Wait, Anna D.

BUTLER—At No. 5 West 82d-st., on Saturday, October 22, Jonathan Hunt Butler. Services and interment at Northampton, Mass. Philadelphia papers please copy.

COLLIER—In Kinderhook, N. Y., Thursday, October 20, Isabella G. Collier, wife of the Rev. Edward A. Collier, D. D., and daughter of the late Lewis L. James, formerly of Brooklyn. Funeral in Kinderhook, Monday, October 24, at 2 p. m.

DAVENPORT—Suddenly, October 22, 1904, Harry Graham Davenport, aged 40 years. Services at the Funeral Chapel, No. 241 West 23d-st. (Stephen Merritt Embalming Institute and Frank E. Campbell Building), Monday evening, 8:15 o'clock. Friends invited. London papers please copy.

DUNHAM—At Smithtown, Long Island, on October 20, 1904, after a lingering illness, Rebecca Dunham, in the 85th year of her age. Funeral services from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. William Henry Mills, on Sunday, October 23, at 2:30 p. m. Long Island papers please copy.

EDGAR—On Friday, October 21, Rufus Nevins Edgar, in his 68th year. Funeral from his late residence, near Rahway, N. J., on Monday, October 24, at 2 o'clock. Train leaves New-York at 12:25, Pennsylvania R. R.

ENINGER—On October 22, Elise, beloved wife of George J. Eninger, aged 48 years. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services from her late residence, No. 2,274 Broadway, on Monday, at 1:30. Interment, Lutheran Cemetery.

FELLOWS—In loving memory of John Fellows, who entered into rest October 23, 1903.

HERRICK—On Friday, October 21, Elizabeth T., widow of the late Jonathan K. Herrick, in the 93d year of her age. Funeral services at her late residence, No. 45 Norman-st., East Orange, on Monday, October 24, at 11:30 a. m.

HILLHOUSE—Suddenly, at her home, New-Haven, Conn., October 21, 1904, Isaphine Hillhouse, daughter of the late James Abraham and Cornelia Lawrence Hillhouse. Funeral service at her home, Sachemswood, New-Haven, Monday afternoon, October 24, at 2:30 o'clock.

KELLOCK—At Yonkers, N. Y., on Saturday, October 22, 1904, Margaret Angus, widow of James Kellock. Funeral services at her late residence, No. 29 Highland-ave., on Monday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

MARTIN—At East Orange, N. J., on Thursday, October 20, 1904, David Martin, formerly of Newark, N. J. Funeral services at the chapel of Mount Pleasant Cemetery, Newark, N. J., Sunday, October 23, at 3 o'clock.

SQUIRE—On Thursday, October 20, at her residence, No. 11 Hamilton-ave., White Plains, N. Y., Mary A., wife of Alfred L. Squire and daughter of the late Ebenezer H. Pray. Funeral services at Grace Church on Monday, October 24, at 10:30 a. m. Carriages will meet train leaving Grand Central Station at 9:06 a. m.

STONE—At Troy, Friday, October 21, 1904, Mary A. Lockwood, wife of George A. Stone. Notice of funeral hereafter.

WAIT—At Ithaca, N. Y., the 21st inst., Anna Dolloff, wife of Lucien A. Wait. Funeral Sunday, October 23, at 4 p. m.

CEMETERIES.

Great Pinelawn Cemetery, 2,315 acres.—A modern wonder. Office, 46 West 24th Street, N. Y.

UNDERTAKERS.

23d St. Frank E. Campbell-Stephen Merritt, Emb'l'g Inst., 241-3 West 23d St. Tel. 1325 Chelsea.

Rev. Stephen Merritt, the world-wide-known undertaker; only one place of business, 8th-ave. and 19th-st.; largest in the world. Tel. 124 and 125 Chelsea.

Special Notices.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

that MILTIADE MELACHRINO, formerly of Cairo, Egypt, presently of New York, in the United States of America, by contract executed at Cairo aforesaid on the sixth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and four (6th May, 1904) renounced and abandoned until further notice all right and power to sign or contract for or in the name of or engage in any way whatsoever the firm of "M. MELACHRINO & CO.," of Cairo aforesaid, Cigarette Manufacturers. And that consequently any contract, agreement or engagement whatsoever, whether verbal or in writing, entered into, executed or signed by the said Miltiade Melachrino after the said date, shall not be binding on or accepted or acknowledged by