strations which might compel interference. One of the strongest members of the conference said:

We want to make our position plain to the government, but we desire to avoid every appearance of lawlessness. I sincerely hope the meeting will be productive of great good. We hope and expect that all provincial and district zemstvos will follow our lead, and demonstrate to the government that the voice of the nation is unanimous in asking for a direct share in the government.

DISORDER AT KHARKOFF.

Students and Workingmen Dispersed—No One Reported Hurt.

Kharkoff, Nov. 21.—The Law Society met at the university here to-day in order to draw up a telegram of congratulation to the Minister of the Interior, which was to embody also the wishes of the people for reform. Many who were not members of the society, including women, were present. A few members opposed the dispatch of the telegram as useless, which caused an uproar.

In the midst of the tumult a large number of workmen entered the hall and showered the audience with revolutionary proclamations. The chairman declared the meeting adjourned. A panic followed, and there was a rush for the doors, many women leaving their wraps behind. The workmen and some students remained and held an impromptu meeting, afterward going out in procession, singing revolutionary songs. The procession, however, was soon dispersed. No one is reported to have been injured.

JAPANESE TAKE DA PASS.

Russians Forced to Retreat—A Move on Sin-Tsin-Tin.

Moukden, Nov. 21.—The Russian detachments occupying Da Pass have retired before a Japanese column 1,000 strong.

The Japanese are reported to be advancing toward Sin-Tsin-Tin.

After the Japanese failed in the attack which they made on Poutiloff Hill on November 18, the old order of affairs was resumed. There were frequent skirmishes, particularly in the neighborhood of the Russian centre, where both sides had daily clashes. There was an exchange of artillery fire during the greater part of November 20.

It appears that the action of November 18 was a reconnoissance in force, and that, had it been successful, it would have been followed by a general attack. The Japanese got within thirty paces of the Russian outer positions before being driven back. They left over a hundred dead on the field.

The Russian soldiers are comfortable in their dugouts.

The weather continues extremely cold, the thermometer recording 35 degrees of frost. High winds carry clouds of dust.

Berlin, Nov. 21.—A dispatch to the "Lokalanzeiger" from Moukden, under to-day's date, says:

The skirmishes have assumed a more violent character in the last few days. All signs indicate that great movements are imminent.

The road to Hsin-Min-Tun, owing to the excellent patrol service, is safe from Chinese bandits, thus guaranteeing unhindered communication with Tien-Tsin, and establishing a second line of intercourse with the outside world.

The health of the troops is excellent. The Russians admire the cleanliness, perfect order and equipment of the Japanese. One does not see any trace of race hatred. It is a fact that the Japanese return through the French all valuables found on dead Russians. This has made a deep impression here, and is reciprocated.

PLANNING NEW ASSAULT.

Nogi's Army Largely Increased—Japanese Building Forts.

Che-Foo, Nov. 21.—A Japanese official among the latest arrivals from Dalny states positively that the general attack upon Port Arthur has not been resumed. Rumors to that effect in Dalny have arisen because fresh troops, including the Seventh Division, recently landed, are being sent to the front.

It is expected that the next move against Port Arthur will be a tremendous assault. More reinforcements are going to the support of General Nogi than those sent to Field Marshal Oyama.

The Japanese are now constructing coast defence forts at Pigeon Bay, which is accepted as an indication that they expect to be defending Port Arthur themselves some day.

Tokio, Nov. 21.—Trustworthy sources report that the Japanese mined and occupied a counterscarp on Rihlung Hill on November 19.

JAPAN'S STEEL IMPORTS UNHAMPERED

Much Railroad Material Comes from This Country—Regular Lines Carry It.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

San Francisco, Nov. 21.—Two tramp steamers, the Quito, of English register, and the Viking, a Norwegian vessel, have been chartered to carry steel rails from Puget Sound to Japan. The ease with which Japan is getting whatever supplies she needs is one of the most remarkable features of the war. Since the war began the Japanese have completed a line from Chemulpo to Seoul and repaired the Harbin line as fast as Kuropatkin's soldiers have destroyed it in their retreat north.

The railroad iron and rolling stock necessary for these operations have been furnished for most part in this country. Besides the Viking and the Quito, the German steamer Germanicas is under charter for Japan, and the Aztec is again loading for the Orient here. This only represents shipments additional to enormous cargoes that are being carried by the regular liners, which are now accepting everything but firearms and explosives.

RUSSIANS LEAVE CRETE.

Voelkersam's Squadron Sails from Canea for Port Said.

Canea, Crete, Nov. 21.—The section of the Russian second Pacific squadron, commanded by Vice Admiral Voelkersam, sailed this afternoon for Port Said. In this squadron are the battleships Sissoi, Veliky and Navarin, the cruisers Jemtchug and Almaz, the destroyers Blestiaschy, Bezumprechni, Bystri, Bravi, Bedovi and Buiny, and the transports Gortschakoff, Voronej, Kitai Tamboff, Kieff, Jupiter, Merkur and Vladimiroff.

Frederikshaven, Denmark, Nov. 21.—The second division of the Russian second Pacific squadron has arrived here, and is anchored in Skaw Bay.

PRESENTS PORTRAIT TO SQUADRON A.

Mrs. Henry H. Balch has presented to Squadron A a life size portrait of her late husband, who was actively interested in the welfare of the organization.

GERMAN VESSEL SEIZED.

Steamer Laden with Supplies Taken Near Port Arthur.

Tokio, Nov. 21.—The Navy Department reports the capture of the German steamer Batelan while attempting to run the Port Arthur blockade. The department says that at 3 a. m. on November 19 the Japanese squadron cruising off Yentao, near Talien Bay, sighted a vessel steaming for Port Arthur.

The gunboat Tatsuta pursued and overtook the steamer. On board of the vessel was found a great quantity of winter clothing, blankets, medicine and corned meats. Her captain said he was bound for New-Chwang. The route and cargo of the Batelan were considered to be suspicious, and she was taken to Saseho.

Shanghai, Nov. 21.—A former British steamer, the Thales, sold to Germans, has been captured while attempting to run the Port Arthur blockade, and has been taken to Saseho. She had on board a cargo of clothes, blankets, medicine, and an enormous quantity of salt beef.

Russians captured near Port Arthur say that five men-of-war in the harbor have been rendered useless by the Japanese fire.

The Thales is doubtless the Batelan. There is no record of the Batelan in the maritime registers. The Thales was owned by the Douglas Steamship Company, of Hong Kong. She is of 820 tons, net.

BLUNDER IN NORTH SEA.

Member of Aurora's Crew Lays All Blame on Russians.

London, Nov. 22.—"The Daily Mail's" Copenhagen correspondent recounts a story from a member of the crew of the Russian cruiser Aurora, to the effect that Vice-Admiral Rojestvensky's flagship, the Kniaz Souvaroff, mistakenly in the fog off Dogger Bank bombarded the Aurora, whereupon the Aurora, signalling "We are being fired at," herself fired 350 shells at the British trawlers and the Russian fleet. This informant distinctly avers that there were two Russian torpedo boats with the first division of the Baltic Squadron, to which the Aurora belonged.

THIRTY THOUSAND DESTITUTE.

Hurricane Causes Great Damage in the Talautse Islands.

Amsterdam, Nov. 21.—The Talautse Islands, northeast of Celebes, Malay Archipelago, have been visited by a hurricane, causing the sea to flood the islands and leaving thirty thousand persons destitute, their homes, boats and plantations being destroyed.

MASSACRE AT NEW-GUINEA.

Boston Priest Learns of Murder of Ten Catholic Missionaries.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Boston, Nov. 21.—Private word has been received by the Rev. James A. Walsh, archdiocesan director of the Society for the Propagation of the Faith, of the massacre by natives of two mission priests, three brothers and five sisters, with native converts, in New-Guinea, several weeks ago.

Details of the massacre are embodied in a letter from Bishop Couppe, under whose jurisdiction the missionaries worked. It is written from Vuna Pope, and states that the bishop, too, as well as the Governor of the island was marked for death.

The massacre took place on a Sunday, in the mountainous region of the Gazelle Peninsula. It is believed that there is a general conspiracy for the extermination of the whites.

REFORMS IN MACEDONIA.

Austro-Russian Measures Show Satisfactory Results.

Vienna, Nov. 21.—The government to-day issued an official report of the result of the working of the Austro-Russian programme of Macedonian reforms. The period since January last shows that the condition of the provinces has greatly improved, the Bulgarian government's measures against the revolutionary movement having largely contributed to the success of the reforms. By August six thousand, or about 86 per cent of the total number of fugitives, had been repatriated, while the financial condition of the provinces was again satisfactory, showing a surplus of $10,000,000, which is sufficient to cover the expenses of the troops maintained there in normal times. The report remarks that the funds given to Inspector General Hilmi Pacha for the rebuilding of houses are still insufficient.

AUDUBON SOCIETY INCORPORATED.

Prominent New-Yorkers Among Directors of Local Organization.

Albany, Nov. 21.—The Audubon Society of the State of New-York was incorporated to-day for protecting birds. Annual meetings will be held at headquarters in New-York City on the third Thursday of March. The directors are Dr. Henry van Dyke, of Princeton, N. J.; Morris K. Jesup, Joel A. Allen, Herman C. Bumpus, William Dutcher, William T. Hornaday, Frederick Peterson, Sue Taft Allen, Julia M. Cary, Lillian G. Cook, Emma H. Lockwood, May Riley Smith and Mabel Osgood Wright, of New-York; Frank M. Chapman, of Englewood, N. J., and Olive Thorne Miller, of Brooklyn.

SUNDAY OPENING BILL AGAIN.

Jerome to Introduce Measure That Failed to Pass Legislature This Year.

District Attorney Jerome said yesterday that he was preparing a pamphlet on the excise and Sunday opening question, which would probably be ready for publication before the opening of the legislature. It is his intention to introduce again his bill providing for the opening of saloons on Sunday under certain restrictions.

He believes that the Sunday opening bill will pass when it again goes before the legislature.

COLONEL W. C. P. BRECKINRIDGE BURIED

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 21.—The funeral of Colonel W. C. P. Breckinridge, held this afternoon, was the largest since the funerals of Henry Clay and Senator James B. Beck. Leading citizens from all over the Blue Grass region of Kentucky and lawyers and prominent men of other cities were present. The services were held in the First Presbyterian Church, of which Colonel Breckinridge had been a member for more than a quarter of a century. City offices and all business houses were closed during the funeral hours. Among the floral offerings was one sent by Caleb Powers, in whose defence Colonel Breckinridge had spent a great deal of time.

HAWAII'S EX-QUEEN LANDS.

San Francisco, Nov. 21.—Among the passengers on the steamer Romano, which arrived to-day from Honolulu, were former Queen Liliuokalani and Delegate in Congress Kalanianaole. The former queen is still hopeful of securing an appropriation from Congress to reimburse her for the loss of the former crown lands.

FAVOR PRESIDENT'S PLAN

Second Peace Conference Cordially Approved by Sweden and Mexico.

Washington, Nov. 21.—One by one the powers are lining up in hearty support of President Roosevelt's suggestion that another session of The Hague tribunal be held to complete the work outlined by the first peace congress. Secretary Hay to-day received cordial acceptance from Sweden and Mexico. The Swedish government expresses its gratitude to President Roosevelt for calling the subject to the attention of the powers, heartily accepts the invitation and expresses the opinion that one of the most important subjects which the court should consider is the effect of war on the rights of neutrals and a definition of contraband of war. The official answer of Russia has not yet been received. Mexico's acceptance is cordial.

Rome, Nov. 21.—The "Giornale d'Italia" says the government to-day sent a favorable reply to President Roosevelt's invitation to a second Hague conference, although reserving assent as to date and details of the programme.

MORE ARBITRATION.

Treaty with Germany To Be Signed To-day—One with Switzerland.

Washington, Nov. 21.—The American-German arbitration treaty will be signed to-morrow at the State Department by Secretary Hay and Baron von Sternburg.

Secretary Hay and Mr. Probst, the Swiss Chargé d'Affaires, signed an arbitration treaty on behalf of the United States and Switzerland to-day. It follows the lines of the Franco-American treaty.

HOLLAND'S ANSWER TO PRESIDENT.

Participation in Peace Conference Dependent on Russia's Action.

The Hague, Nov. 21.—The government has informed the American Chargé d'Affaires here that Queen Wilhelmina will be glad to see the second peace conference meet at The Hague and that the United States may count on the co-operation of the Netherlands, as soon as Emperor Nicholas, the originator of the work begun in 1899, and the other powers have given their adhesion to the proposal.

COLOMBIA'S PANAMA CLAIM.

Mr. Roosevelt May Be Asked to Arbitrate Question Raised by Bondholders.

London, Nov. 21.—A movement is on foot to get President Roosevelt to arbitrate the difference between Panama and the corporation of foreign bondholders in regard to the Colombian debt. A meeting of the Colombia committee of the corporation has been summoned to consider the best means of recovery from Panama of a part of the $10,000,000 paid by the United States, and it is proposed to call a public meeting of the Colombian bondholders for the purpose of requesting President Roosevelt to arbitrate as to the proportion of this amount the new republic ought to pay toward the liquidation of Colombia's debt.

PRESIDENT PLEASES GERMANS.

High Praise for Mr. Roosevelt's Address at Statue's Unveiling.

Berlin, Nov. 21.—President Roosevelt's speech at Washington on Saturday on the occasion of the unveiling of the bronze statue of Frederick the Great and the attendant ceremonies have pleased Germany. Long reports were sent by cable, including the speeches of the President and of Ambassador Speck von Sternburg. Leading articles expressing appreciation of Mr. Roosevelt's utterances appear in most of the newspapers to-day. The semi-official "North German Gazette," which may be taken in this instance as representing general opinion, says:

In Germany the celebration, and particularly President Roosevelt's address, will leave a lasting impression. The profound insight with which the President as a historian did justice to the personality of the great King and general, and described his heroic and unwearied self-sacrifice for a great political idea fills us with warm sympathy. We fully understand the position that the President as a clear minded statesman assigns to the United States in its political relationship to the various European nations, whose emigrants for three centuries have found a new home beyond the ocean, and have there been blended into one individual whole, which as a thoroughly specific individuality is making itself felt more and more on the world's stage.

Our people and the American nation are really not rivals. On the other hand, they supplement each other in more than one salutary direction. If misunderstandings have occurred here and there, it is satisfactory to record that the clouds which formerly obscured the good relations between the two great peoples have been dissipated.

MAYOR HAS HEARD NO COMPLAINTS.

If There Are Charges Against Woodbury, Darlington or McAdoo, He'll Try Them.

A declaration in a morning newspaper that Tammany leaders had complained against Commissioners Woodbury, Darlington and McAdoo and would demand their dismissal was shown to Mayor McClellan yesterday.

"No complaint has been made to me," he said, "by any one. If there is any complaint against any officer of the city government it can easily be disposed of. Let the complainants file charges, and I will order an investigation without a moment's delay. I'll try the charges as soon as they are made."

Then the Mayor smiled. He has absolute confidence in all three commissioners.

VOTE AGAINST MERGING.

Numismatic and Archaeological Society Not to Consolidate with Historical.

By a unanimous vote last night, the American Numismatic and Archæological Society decided not to consolidate with the New-York Historical Society. Consolidation was not officially proposed by either society, but Andrew C. Zabriskie, president of the Numismatic Society, and several of its members thought that as the two organizations were working along similar lines a merging of their efforts would bring much benefit. There was strong opposition, however, and a canvass after the last meeting practically decided the course of the vote. Mr. Zabriskie, Woodbury Langdon, vice-president, and Alfred J. Bloor, the secretary, were not at the meeting last night.

It was explained that the greatest goodwill prevailed toward the New-York Historical Society, but that the Numismatic Society had its own aims, its funds were in excellent condition, and there existed absolutely no reason why it should sink its entity in that of another organization.

DOUBTS FOREPAUGH THEFT STORY.

Tarboro Police Chief Does Not Think the Circus Would Be So Careless.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 21.—Chief of Police Johnson of Tarboro, N. C., stated to-night that he is under the impression that the alleged robbery of the paycar of the Forepaugh & Sells circus Saturday of $30,000 is a myth. He made the following statement:

I have my doubts about a robbery having been committed. They told me they missed the money at 6 o'clock. I did not receive word of it until 10 o'clock. I do not believe a circus as large as this one would have with it men so careless and with such little business ability as to leave a wagon containing $31,000 in the care of a watchman or an unbonded treasurer. The story looks funny to me.

NO HOPE FOR WHALING STEAMER.

The Harbor Grace, with Twelve Men on Board, Given Up for Lost.

St. John's N. F., Nov. 21.—The whaling steamer Harbor Grace, with a crew of twelve men, from Norway for St. John's, and now nearly a month overdue, is given up for lost.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

SECRETARY TAFT SAILS.

Leaves New-Orleans—Will Board Cruiser at Pensacola.

New-Orleans, Nov. 21.—Secretary Taft and his party sailed from here to-day on the Dolphin for Pensacola, where the Secretary will board the cruiser Columbia. Both vessels will then sail for Panama. Secretary Taft was escorted to the wharf here by a delegation of well known New-Orleans men. The guns of the Dolphin saluted as the Secretary went up the ship's ladder.

OUT OF ZION'S FOLD.

Dowie Excommunicates the Rev. Mr. Warszawiak.

Word was received last Wednesday from John Alexander Dowie, at Zion City, that the Rev. Hermann Warszawiak, who had been his missionary among the Jews of this city, should be excommunicated from the Christian Catholic Church of Zion.

It was said yesterday by George L. Mason, overseer of the New-York branch of the Christian Catholic Church of Zion, that a special board of inquiry was held at the New-York headquarters of the Zion Church last week, in the Flatiron Building.

The report of the inquiry was forwarded to the First Apostle (Dowie), who promptly ordered the New-York branch to excommunicate Warszawiak and Max Magil, his alleged secretary.

A member of Dowie's church in this city said last night that Warszawiak had been doing independent missionary work since he left the service of the late Dr. John Hall, of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, and when Dowie came here to convert New-Yorkers. He gained the friendship of Dowie and was engaged at a large salary to work for the Church of Zion. The Zionist said also that Dowie had given Warszawiak several sums of money.

PARK FENCE ARGUMENT.

Justice Scott Receives Briefs on Advertising Rights.

Argument was heard and decision reserved by Justice Scott yesterday on the application of Calvin Tomkins, president of the Municipal Art Society, as a taxpayer, for an injunction restraining John J. Pallas, as Commissioner of Parks for the Boroughs of Manhattan and Richmond, and McNamara & Co., from permitting the use of and using, respectively, the fence surrounding Bryant Park for the exhibition of advertisements.

Justice Scott intimated that he did not consider a taxpayer's action the proper proceeding, but said he would receive briefs. Lawyer Spencer urged that Park Commissioner Pallas had no authority to make the agreement with McNamara & Co., the advertising contractors, permitting them to display the advertisements objected to upon the fence inclosing the new Public Library building.

Mr. Tomkins, in his complaint, sets forth that the agreement between the Park Commissioner and the other defendants was executed on January 25, 1904, the Park Department to receive $1,500 a year for the advertising privileges, the agreement and privileges not to be assigned without the written consent of the department.

Neither the charter of the city of New-York, the rules of the Park Board nor the ordinances of the Board of Aldermen contain, it is alleged, any provision authorizing the Commissioner of Parks for Manhattan and Richmond to make any such agreement, which, it is also contended, was made without any advertisement for sealed bids or pursuant to public auction.

"The said advertisements have been and are," the complaint states, "of such a character as to quickly catch the eye of the public passing the said fence, and, for that purpose, their lettering is large and often fantastical and displeasing to the eye; they are often composed in part of poorly drawn and painted representations or pictures of the article advertised, which are at times offensive to the taste, and they are painted in various forceful, glaring and displeasing colors, predominantly in red and yellow."

The defendants, it is alleged, in permitting the posting of advertisements giving notice of persons having skill in the treatment or cure of disease, or giving notice of the sale of any nostrum or medicine, have disobeyed the ordinance of the Board of Aldermen.

"It is important," the complaint continues, "to the welfare of the city of New-York that it should maintain, so far as possible, and especially in its civic buildings and holdings, a high standard of beauty," while "the result of the action of the defendant, Pallas, as Commissioner, as aforesaid . . . is to lower such standard and produce a distinct injury to the city and to its citizens."

Mr. Spencer submitted affidavits from Mr. Tomkins and others as to the offensiveness and bad taste displayed in the advertisements posted on the fence.

Justice Scott intimated that he thought the action by a taxpayer would not lie, as there was no charge of waste.

Assistant Corporation Counsel William P. Burr, in opposing the application for an injunction, said that the Park Commissioner had ample authority to make the agreement and grant the license to McNamara & Hart under the statute, and the rules and regulations of the Park Department, as the fence was merely a temporary one and brought in an income to the city. There was no allegation, he contended, made by the plaintiff of any fraudulent or collusive agreement between the Park Commissioner and the other defendants, and for that reason, as well as for the fact that there was no allegation of waste, a taxpayer's action was untenable.

The granting of the license was perfectly legal, Mr. Burr said, and the worst that could be put forward against the advertisements was that they were not in good taste, but that in itself was not sufficient to sustain such a suit as that of Mr. Tomkins. Besides, he said, it was not urged that the advertising was a nuisance.

Justice Scott received the papers in the case.

REACH AMERICA AT LAST.

Half Thousand Immigrants Leave Stranded Steamship.

The passengers of the Sicilian Prince, aground off Long Beach, reached this city yesterday on the Chapman and the Luckenbach and two sidewheelers of the Mutual Towing Company. They were first landed at the Bush Stores, in Brooklyn, and from there taken to Ellis Island. There were five cabin passengers, 511 steerage passengers, five men who worked their way over, four boys who stowed away at Palermo, and the day old baby girl of Mrs. Giuseppe Balsamo, born when the Sicilian Prince grounded. Only about one-third of the steerage passengers were inspected yesterday and permitted to land. None of them were any the worse for the experience.

The Sicilian Prince was driven still further inshore yesterday by wind and sea, and now lies broadside on the beach. Five big wrecking tugs hauled at her all night and day, but without materially changing her position. She is now fully six feet deep in the quicksands of the bar and steadily sinking.

Sir Percy Sanderson, the British Consul General in this port, will conduct an inquiry into the accident when she is brought here, and report on it to the British Board of Trade and Registry.

STEAMBOAT INSPECTOR DISMISSED.

Accused of Inspecting a Yacht Aground and Partly Full of Water.

Washington, Nov. 21.—Henry Bloecker, local inspector of steam vessels at Grand Haven, Mich., was dismissed from the service by the Secretary of Commerce and Labor to-day.

The charge against Bloecker was that he inspected a small steam yacht at Spring Lake, Mich., although she was aground and partly filled with water and in no sense a proper object of inspection.

In connection with this case the Department calls attention to the report of the Slocum commission, which denounces as vicious the present salary system, which makes the salary of an inspector depend on the number of vessels he inspects and passes.

A. F. JAURETT ARRIVES HERE.

A. F. Jaurett, the American newspaper man who was ordered to leave Venezuela by President Castro because he had expressed views in opposition to the government policies, arrived here last night on the steamship Philadelphia. Mr. Jaurett declared that he did not know the reason for his dismissal from the country on twenty-four hours' notice. He expects to return to Curacao, if not permitted to go back to Caracas. Governor Winthrop of Porto Rico and Mrs. Winthrop also arrived on the Philadelphia. Governor Winthrop said he would go to Washington on routine department business, and then go home for the holidays.

Weber PIANOS
Exclusively Used at the
METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
WITH the opening of the opera season comes the announcement that The Weber Piano has again been selected by the Conried Metropolitan Opera Company for use at the Metropolitan Opera House and *en tour*.
The fact that The Weber should have been chosen in preference to all other pianos by the foremost organization of its kind in this country, if not in the world, speaks eloquently of the high esteem in which this standard instrument is held by the greatest artists now before the public.
Mr. Conried himself writes:
"I know of no piano that would give us better satisfaction, and it is my desire that The Weber Piano shall continue to be used at the Metropolitan Opera House."
The same qualities which commend The Weber to eminent musicians cause it to be the piano selected for refined homes in which the standard of all appointments is of the highest.
ART CATALOG SENT UPON REQUEST.
The Weber Piano Company
AEOLIAN HALL, 362 Fifth Ave., near 34th St., New York

BEST & Co
LILIPUTIAN BAZAAR
Underwear & Hosiery
for Children.
Our selection of Children's Underwear and Hosiery is unequalled. It embraces all suitable textures, and every size and weight. Every grade of fineness and finish and every price consistent with true economy are represented.
HOSIERY.
Children's Fast Black Hose, plain & ribbed.
Hose with double knees.
Merino and Cashmere Hose.
Youths' Half Hose.
Children's Knee Protectors.
UNDERWEAR.
Heavy, Medium & Super-weight Shirts & Drawers.
Children's Ribbed Underwear in Merino, Wool, and Silk and Wool Mixtures.
Combination Suits.
Chamois Vests for Misses and Children.
60-62 West 23d Street.

THANKSGIVING APPEAL
OF THE
FIVE POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY
No Collector is employed This is our only Appeal.
We are very much in need of money.
31,592 LITTLE ONES, from the poorest classes of the city, have been sheltered and cared for since the incorporation of this Institution now in its 51st year of service.
INDUSTRIAL TRAINING. Besides the regular school classes, it offers training in printing, cooking, sewing and housework to the inmates.
FOR THE SICK among the children it has a special hospital building with efficient nurses and a graduate physician in attendance.
A THANKSGIVING DINNER will be given both to the children of the House and to the poor of the street, if the returns from this appeal warrant it.
WILL YOU ASSIST US to carry on this work, the beneficial results of which cannot be measured by mere figures. We depend largely upon your support for our maintenance.
A SERVICE OF SACRED SONG by our children every Sunday at 3:30.
You are invited to visit us at any time, and particularly on
THANKSGIVING DAY
AT ONE O'CLOCK, the children of the House have their dinner.
AT TWO O'CLOCK, a dinner is given to the outdoor poor.
SPECIAL EXERCISES BY THE CHILDREN, at two o'clock—Solos, Duets, Recitations, and Drills. You will find this an interesting service.
COME AND SEE THE WORK WE ARE DOING.
TRUSTEES:
MORRIS K. JESUP, President; DAVID S. EGLESTON, Vice President; ARCHIBALD D. RUSSELL, Secretary; WM. H. WHEELOCK, Treasurer; CHARLES LANIER, T. THESTON WELLS, GEORGE H. MORGAN, CHARLES F. HOFFMAN, J. HOPKINS SMITH.
WILLIAM R. GARBUTT, Superintendent.
Checks may be made payable to
WILLIAM H. WHEELOCK, Treasurer, 155 Worth St.

TO RUN CHICAGO SUBWAY

Continued from first page.

cels and packages throughout the city. Belief is expressed that the enterprise will prove highly beneficial to the future growth and beauty of Chicago.

Trenton, N. J., Nov. 21.—The Chicago Subway Company, with an authorized capital of $50,000,000, all common stock, was incorporated here to-day. The company is to have power to build and operate railroads, and it is understood that the purpose of the company is to build a subway in Chicago. The corporators are clerks in the office of the Corporation Trust Company, of Jersey City. The papers do not disclose the names of the real backers of the company.

The Tribune on Sunday carried a long illustrated article descriptive of the subway system which is under construction by the Illinois Tunnel Company. It is understood that none of the $50,000,000 capital stock of the new Chicago Subway Company will be put on the market.

THE GRAND HORSE SHOW SALE.

Although the first night of the annual horse show sale of W. D. Grand, at the American Horse Exchange, was well attended, the bidding was not as spirited as might have been expected, and a number of horses went at very low figures. Mr. Grand wielded the mallet himself. The highest bid of the night for a single horse was that of A. E. Knobloch, who paid $760 for King Edward. An imported pair, the property of W. Carr, went for $900. Alfred G. Vanderbilt was in the ring, but was not a purchaser. Campbell Thompson, E. De V. Koch, William Baird and many other well known horsemen were present.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

American Apples
and
California Oranges
delivered to
Your Friends Abroad
Sent with seasonable greetings they make a most appropriate gift.
We deliver to any address in Great Britain or on the Continent (all charges prepaid by us) a barrel of the famous N. Y. State Newtown Pippin Apples or a box of California Seedless Naval Oranges.
Full information with references and booklet upon application.
GEORGE R. MEEKER & CO.,
97 Warren St., New York City.

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The Tribune Makes a Special Rate on Advts. of This Kind.
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24 WORDS, 7 TIMES . 30C.
Leave at Any Advertising Office or Send Direct.

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that brings in its train all the good things of life.
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Pure, sparkling, and delicious. Recommended by best physicians and *sold everywhere.*