

**RAINES AND NIXON AGAIN CAUCUSES AT ALBANY.**

**The Legislature Organizes To-day—Palmer Minority Leader.**

Albany, Jan. 3.—The New-York State Legislature of 1905 will organize to-morrow and hear the first message of Governor Higgins, and then take a recess for one week, until noon of Wednesday, January 11. In the interval the committees in both houses will be selected by the respective presiding officers, Lieutenant Governor M. Linn Bruce of the Senate and Speaker Nixon of the Assembly. The Senate will meet at noon to-morrow, the Assembly at 11 a. m. Senator John Raines, of Ontario, and Assemblyman S. Fred. Nixon, of Chautauque, will be re-elected respectively as president pro tempore of the Senate and Speaker of the Assembly at the opening session to-morrow. These re-elections were decided on to-night at the respective caucuses of the Republican Senators and Assemblymen. Assemblyman George M. Palmer, of Schoharie, for the fifth time will be the Democratic nominee for Speaker, and thus, by implication, Democratic leader in the Assembly. The Democratic Senators postponed their caucus until to-morrow, owing to the non-arrival of several of their most prominent men, due to delay of trains by the storm.

Only one new name will appear in the list of Senate attaches. Everett Brown, of Yates, will succeed William W. Adams, of Steuben, as assistant sergeant-at-arms. The Republican Senate caucused this evening, and, with this exception, renominated the employees who served at last session. Mr. Brown was named by William J. Tully, the newly elected Senator of the 41st District. The absentees were Senators Goodsell, Hill and Elsborg. Senator Davis, of Buffalo, presided. Senator Malby nominated Senator Raines.

The other nominees, each of whom was named by the Senator from his home district, were as follows: Clerk, James S. Whipple, of Cattaraugus; sergeant-at-arms, Charles E. Baxter, of Albany; stenographer, A. B. Sackett, of Ontario; doorkeeper, Christopher Warren, of Erie; assistant doorkeeper, Howard Beecher, of Sullivan.

**WOODRUFF ENTERTAINS DEPEW.**

**Political Love Feast at Albany—Prominent Republicans There.**

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Albany, Jan. 3.—The dinner given in honor of Senator Chauncey M. Depew by ex-Lieutenant Governor Woodruff at the Hotel Ten Eyck to-night was distinctly in the nature of a political love feast, with no real political significance. The guest list was largely made up of members of the two branches of the legislature and State officers, and was temporarily interrupted by the departure of the legislators for the caucuses. Governor Odell was present, to send a telegraphic dispatch of regret. Governor Higgins did not formally attend the dinner, but dropped in in the course of the evening. The dinner was entirely social. The speeches that were made were speeches in which harmony and party unity were only secondary to the congratulations to the junior Senator and on his certainty of succeeding himself.

**FOR CANAL ACT REPEAL.**

**Senator Ambler Announces Measure Ready—Will Reopen Fight.**

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Albany, Jan. 3.—Senator Ambler, of Columbia, to-night announced that he had ready his anti-canal measure, that he proposes introducing as soon as possible. This bill will provide for a repeal of the Canal act authorizing the \$101,000,000 expenditure. The repeal will not be achieved by re-submission to popular vote, but the measure will be purely and simply a bill to repeal definitely and finally the act under which bids have already been submitted and opened, but not yet let. This measure will be the signal for a reopening of the anti-canal fight. Senator Merton E. Lewis, of Rochester, also has announced a measure, anti-canal in its effect, which recommends an appeal to the national legislature to build a 21-foot waterway from Lake Erie to the Hudson. Other canal measures are to be expected, but these two are already actually in evidence.

**FOR NEW COURTHOUSE HERE.**

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Albany, Jan. 3.—Assemblyman Perham will early next week introduce a measure providing for the issue of bonds to meet the expense of a new county courthouse in New-York County. This measure was before the last legislature, but did not pass.

**SALE OF YAMANAKA COLLECTION.**

The Yamanaka collection, and the Nikko Temple room, with its furnishings, which recently received a grand prize at the World's Fair in St. Louis, will be included in the sale at the American Art Galleries.

**Business Beyond Expectation**

followed the opening yesterday of our January Sale. There are still thousands of yards of

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Three of the JEANETTE M. THURBER SCHOLARSHIPS for SINGING, PIANO and VIOLIN now vacant, will be open for competition at the NATIONAL CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC OF AMERICA.

YORK CITY at the SEMI-ANNUAL ENTRANCE EXAMINATIONS, FEBRUARY 1, 1905. For particulars apply to the Director, NATIONAL CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC OF AMERICA, 100 West 41st St., New York City.

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**MORTGAGE TAX FIGHT SOON Measure Being Drafted—Provides Straight Five Mill Tax.**

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Albany, Jan. 3.—A consummation of the long standing struggle for a mortgage tax enactment is promised early in the present session, and it was learned to-day that the friends of such a measure were already at work drafting a bill which will in many respects resemble the Bostwick measure of last session. It is a fact generally known that those supporting this plan maintain a permanent organization, and raise money by assessment on members to pay the expense of circulating literature. Moreover, the failure to secure a measure last year did not weaken the organization, which subsequently began the preparation for a renewal of the struggle.

The general belief is that the measure this year will be a straight five-mill tax. Last year's measure proposed a 10 mill record tax. The latter, it was estimated, would net not less than \$2,500,000, a sum that would come at an opportune moment to defray the early expenses of the canal improvement and make up the decrease in State revenues incident to the decision of the Court of Appeals on insurance taxation measures which will lessen the State revenue by upward of \$1,000,000.

The mortgage tax question was bitterly contested in the session of 1903, when a measure was introduced providing for a straight five mill tax on all mortgages of record. This measure excited the ire of the insurance companies, savings banks and building and loan associations, and it was estimated that it would produce approximately \$10,000,000. It was proposed to divide this between the State and the localities; 67 per cent of the sum would be raised in New-York City. This measure was doomed through a caucus agreement of the rural members.

**WANTS MORE PRESS GAGS. Governor Pennypacker Asks Involvement of Common Nuisance Law.**

Harrisburg, Penn., Jan. 3.—Governor Pennypacker, in his message read at the convening of the legislature to-day, intimated that there had been no miscarriage of justice in the acquitting in one of the States of a man who killed the editor of a newspaper because the murderer had been offended by articles in the newspaper. The Governor submitted a draft of an act providing for the suppression of a newspaper when it should be found to be, after trial in court, a common nuisance. The Governor's message read, in part:

Further legislation is required for the protection of the commonwealth from the injury to her reputation and the disservice to the administration of her affairs which arise from the prevalent dissemination of scandalous inventions concerning her officials and their efforts in her behalf. It is not only an unseemly spectacle, but it is a crime which the State ought to punish, when day after day the Mayor of one of her cities is depicted in communion with a monster compounded from the illustrations of Cope's "Palmer's Denial" and the "Dante." All of the people, proprietor and peasant, churchman and heathen, are concerned alike that a deliberate policy of false report to secure ill gotten gain should not succeed. What is the remedy? Sooner or later one must be provided. Recently, in one of the States, an offended citizen shot and killed an editor, was tried for murder and acquitted. What is the remedy? Sooner or later one must be provided. Recently, in one of the States, an offended citizen shot and killed an editor, was tried for murder and acquitted. What is the remedy? Sooner or later one must be provided. Recently, in one of the States, an offended citizen shot and killed an editor, was tried for murder and acquitted. What is the remedy? Sooner or later one must be provided.

**STILL A DEADLOCK.**

**Addicks Men Will Win or Make It Permanent.**

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Dover, Del., Jan. 3.—The biennial session of the Delaware Legislature convened to-day at noon. Balloting for permanent officers of both houses was prolonged for a short time and adjournment taken until to-morrow, when balloting for a permanent organization will be resumed. A deadlock of several days, if not weeks, is expected. All efforts to reconcile the two Republican factions seem of no avail, and the determination for a continued deadlock is more apparent than at any previous time in the history of the party.

**THE MACFARLANE FUND.**

The fact that the fund for the family of Charles E. MacFarlane, the assassinated detective of the Anti-Police Society, now amounts to \$11,034.50 was made known yesterday by Captain Norton Goddard. The fund is to be invested by the society as trustee, and the income will be used for the support of Mrs. MacFarlane and her little daughter.

**GET WRIT FOR MISS PATTERSON.**

A writ of habeas corpus was granted yesterday directing that Miss Nan Patterson be brought before Justice Greenbaum at 10 o'clock this morning. It is hoped by the actress' counsel that reasonable terms for her release may be fixed. Her counsel declares that Mr. Jerome has said that some months must elapse before the trial.

**GIFT TO NEW-YORK MUSEUM.**

St. Louis, Jan. 3.—The Imperial Japanese Commission to the World's Fair to-day presented to the American Museum of Natural History, of New-York, the Imperial reception room exhibited by the Japanese Steamship Company in the Transportation Building at the World's Fair. It is said to be valued at more than \$50,000.

**VAUDEVILLE SHOW OF 27TH.**

The annual vaudeville show of the 27th Assembly District Republican Club will be held at 8 o'clock to-night in Lyric Hall, Sixth-ave. and Fort-st. Not only will there be the latest music but also a variety of other attractions, including comic songs, humorous skits, dancing, etc.

**N. Y. HISTORICAL SOCIETY MEETING.**

The annual meeting of the New-York Historical Society was held last night at the hall of the Frederick Hotel. Second-ave. and Broadway. Frederick Wendell Jackson was elected a fellow of the society. The following officers for the ensuing year were unanimously elected: President, Samuel Var-

**LIGHT BILL AT ALBANY. THE ALDERMEN IGNORED. George L. Rives Found Many Defective Gas Franchises.**

Mayor McClellan yesterday sent to Albany for introduction in the legislature a bill authorizing the building of a municipal lighting plant. Under the act power is practically vested in the Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity and the Board of Estimate and Apportionment to go ahead and build the plant. The bill will be introduced in the Senate by Mr. Martin and in the Assembly by Assemblyman Leslie J. Thompkins. The bill follows:

Section 1. The Greater New-York Charter, as re-enacted and amended by Chapter 469 of the laws of 1901, as amended, is hereby amended by adding to and inserting therein, immediately after Section 469, a new section, to be designated as Section 469a, which shall be as follows:

Sec. 469a. It shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity, and he is hereby authorized and directed, when thereto authorized by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, to purchase or to construct, or to acquire, construct and cause to be constructed, upon plans and specifications to be approved by said board, a municipal lighting plant, with the necessary real estate, buildings, machinery, mains, pipes, conductors, poles, conduits, substations, meters, lanterns and other necessary fixtures and appurtenances and such extensions and additions as may from time to time be determined by said board to be necessary for lighting the streets, public parks, public places, public offices and public buildings in the city of New-York, or any part thereof, with electricity, gas or other illuminant.

It shall be the duty of the Controller, and he is hereby authorized and directed, when thereto authorized by the said board, and without the concurrence or approval of any other board or public body, to raise on requisition of the said Commissioner from time to time, by the issue and sale of corporate stock of the city of New-York, sums of money sufficient to carry out the purposes of this section, and to pay all of the expenses authorized thereby. All such payments shall be made on proper certificates of the said Commissioner.

Sec. 2. Subdivision 6 of Section 469 of the Greater New-York Charter, as re-enacted and amended by Chapter 469 of the laws of 1901, as amended, is hereby amended so as to be as follows:

Sec. 2. Of the making and performance of contracts when authorized by the said board, or any part thereof, with gas, electricity, or any other illuminant or of the carrying out of the purposes of this section, the Commissioner shall be authorized to employ by other means: of the care, maintenance, repair and management of all municipal lighting plants, together with the streets, public parks, public places, mains, pipes, conductors, poles, conduits, substations, meters, lanterns and other necessary fixtures and appurtenances and such extensions and additions belonging thereto or connected therewith; of the selecting, locating and connecting and changing of lights in the streets, public places and public buildings; of the inspecting and testing of gas and electricity meters, electric light and power purposes, and of the use and transmission of gas, water, electricity, steam, or any other fluid or gas for all purposes in, upon, across, over and under all streets, roads, avenues, parks, public places and public buildings; of the construction of electric mains, conduits, conductors and substations in any such streets, roads, avenues, parks and public places; of the carrying out of the purposes of this section, and of the carrying out of the purposes of this section, and of the carrying out of the purposes of this section.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

Not only is the Consolidated Gas Company preparing to fight this bill in the legislature, but it is getting ready to enforce the contract signed by Commissioner Oakley over which the agitation about municipal lighting started. In telling Controller Grout that the companies would not submit to an "inquisitorial examination" of its records, Vice-President Addicks on Friday intimated clearly that the companies had decided to fight the city all along the line.

There were vague rumors about the City Hall yesterday about injunction proceedings to be brought by the lighting combination. Controller Grout, through his counsel, Henry Yonge, will to-day make application to the Supreme Court for sufficient authority to compel the officials of the New-York Edison Company to attend his inquiry and answer questions. Mr. Yonge thinks that the court will order the company's officials to obey the Controller's summons forthwith. The chances are that the companies will be able to stave off an inquiry indefinitely.

The Controller has the data gathered by Corporation Counsel Rives a year ago and, it is thought, will make use of them in his inquiry, if he can succeed in getting any of the officials to testify.

These data tend to show that the franchise of the Consolidated Gas Company expires by limitation in 1907.

That the amalgamation of the gas companies in 1884 was irregular and subjects them to a forfeiture of their franchises.

That the Standard Gas Light Company invalidated its franchise by merging with the Consolidated in 1884.

That the Northern Union and Central and Union companies in the Bronx have been operating for many years with insufficient franchises.

That the New-York and Westchester Company never was able to furnish any evidence that it received a franchise.

A contention in a legal action is one thing, however, and a decision is quite another. Not even Controller Grout would risk a decision on the ground of these contentions. When asked about the alleged forfeiture of franchises yesterday he said:

"The forfeiture of a franchise is distinctly a question for the State through the Attorney General to decide."

John A. Garver, attorney for the Consolidated Gas Company, yesterday was quoted as saying: "Why the State should not have a question for the courts to decide. Not that the courts have been called upon to decide, but we do not feel called upon to make public our opinion on the question and will not."

**WORRIES TAMMANY MEN.**

**Proposed Legislative Investigation Might Affect Election Here.**

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Albany, Jan. 3.—Developments of no little significance in the gas situation are expected to result from the secret investigation of gas details which is being conducted in Albany by ex-Senator Thomas F. Donnelly, who is in charge of the investigation of the gas contracts now being conducted by Controller Grout. It had been intended by the Controller to take up the gas contracts the investigation of the electricity contracts for the rest of the week, and ex-Senator Donnelly came to Albany to conduct a quiet investigation, which is reported to have brought out at the hearing next week, if, as Controller Grout assumes, the officials of the gas corporations refuse to answer the subpoenas that have been issued.

But there is still another and more interesting aspect to the work of ex-Senator Donnelly. The legislative investigation proposed by the Mer- chants' Association and for which is already in the hands of party leaders and will be introduced at the outset of the session, has created widespread anxiety in the minds of many whitewash expeditors. They realize that this investigation will have political effects of a dangerous character. They fear that the results of a legislative inquiry into the Oakley contracts during the municipal election. As a result of this investigation, and expect that the material for sensational revelations discovered by ex-Senator Donnelly will give a color of importance and genuineness to the Grout investigation.

The Grout investigation in New-York City is thus intended to be used as a means of stopping the legislative investigation. That it will not accomplish this is a safe prophecy. The New-York County Republican Organization is expected to lend official sanction to the Merchants' Association measure, and in the full revelation of the details of the Grout investigation will, it is believed, become a laughing stock and a boomerang.

**DR. CARLOS MARTYN HELD Is Locked Up in Tombs on Charge of Grand Larceny.**

The Rev. Dr. Carlos Martyn, once pastor of the Bloomingdale Reformed Church, of this city, was arrested yesterday at his home, No. 125 East Twenty-eighth-st., by one of the District Attorney's detectives, charged with grand larceny in connection with the affairs of the defunct Abbey Press. His partner, Charles F. Rideal, was indicted last week by the grand jury for larceny in the second degree in connection with the case. Dr. Martyn yesterday was taken before Judge McMahon, in General Sessions, who remanded him to the Tombs.

The Abbey Press was incorporated in 1902 by Dr. Martyn and Rideal, with a capital of \$10,000 under the laws of New-York and New-Jersey. The firm occupied a portion of the fourth floor of the building at No. 114 Fifth-ave. It at once began to publish quantities of books at the expense of their authors who could in no other way get before the public. In the testimony in the suit for insurance following the fire in their offices in February, 1903, it was shown that the company got in hard straits for money, and took in as partner Max Hart, or Hertz, who at once became the apparent head of the concern. In December, 1904, when he became identified with the Abbey Press, he caused to be hired a room on the second floor of the building for the ostensible manufacture of schoolbags, although none were manufactured.

A man named Isenberg was a frequent visitor to the offices of the company at this time, and was often in long conferences with the partners. It was alleged that between December, 1902, and February 7, 1903, when the fire occurred, the concern purchased silks worth \$10,000 for these school bags, the bills in each case being made with notes payable in four or five months. Instead of devoting the money to the manufacture of bags, it is alleged that they were sent to a public auctioneer and sold at about 50 cents on the dollar. The firm carried no insurance until Hart came, when it took out on December 1, 1903, policies aggregating \$60,000. On January 31 the firm bought a lot of second-hand book plates.

On Saturday, February 7, 1903, all the clerks employed were present until 5 o'clock. When they left the place Hart, a man named Casey, Martyn and Rideal were in conference. The fire was discovered at 6:32, and the testimony of firemen was to the effect that it had been burning some time. A mailing clerk testified that Hart had been in the offices on the second floor at 6 o'clock. The insurance companies refused to pay, and the policy of the Trinity Patchogue, brought suit against the Germania Fire Insurance Company for \$800, seven other policies aggregating \$10,000, depending on the result of this suit. It was decided March 15, 1904, in favor of the insurance company.

While Assistant District Attorney Garvan was investigating the fire two creditors got judgments aggregating \$2,500 against the Abbey Press, and levied on the property. The concern failed, with no assets, in May, 1903.

Dr. Martyn comes of a good New-England family and was born in this city. He was graduated from the Union Theological Seminary in 1868, and immediately became pastor of the Pilgrim Congregational Church in St. Louis, where he remained seven years. He then came to this city to become pastor of the Trinity-fourth Street Reformed Church. After a seven years' pastorate he went to the Bloomingdale Reformed Church, and from there to the Old First Reformed Church, of New-York.

He is the author of "The Great Reformation," published about 1872 by the American Tract Society. Another work of his, "Wendell Phillips, the Agitator," was published in 1884 as a fine example of biography, attracting praise from James Russell Lowell, Chauncey M. Depew and the Rev. Dr. T. De Witt Talmage.

**READY FOR DODGE CASE. Grand Jury Which Is to Hear Evidence Sworn In.**

The grand jury which is to examine into the evidence which District Attorney Jerome has gathered in the Dodge-Morse case was sworn in at the Criminal Courts Building yesterday, but did not take up the case. There are 108 cases awaiting grand jury action, including the Dodge-Morse case and the cases against the police which resulted from the confession of "Lefty" Boyle.

Assistant District Attorney Rand said yesterday that it would be several days before the grand jury got around to the Dodge-Morse case. There are not likely to be any indictments before the end of the week. Dodge did not leave his rooms at the Broadway Central yesterday. He is still there under guard of Mr. Jerome's detectives, and is rapidly recovering from his Texas disipation.

The only prospective Dodge-Morse witness seen about the Criminal Courts yesterday was John T. Little, of ex-Judge Edgar L. Furman's firm, who is the brother of Judge Tucker, head of the firm. They had a long interview with Mr. Rand, but were not taken into the grand jury room. Neither would discuss the Dodge-Morse tangle.

The foreman of the new grand jury is Arthur T. Sullivan, a woolen merchant, of No. 96 Broadway and No. 184 Fifth-ave. On the jury, also, are Henry DeB. Parsons, the well known mechanical engineer; Robert J. Elditz, the builder; William Daub, superintendent of the Lebanon Hospital; B. Sondheim, the silk merchant, and Edward L. Oppenheim, the banker.

**"MOTIVE IS ROBBERY."**

**District Attorney Outlines Case in Tucker Trial.**

Cambridge, Mass., Jan. 3.—The outline of the government's case was to-day presented by District Attorney George A. Sanderson to the jury which will decide the guilt or innocence of Charles L. Tucker, the Auburndale young man who is charged with the murder of Miss Mabel Page, who on March 31, 1904, was found dead on the floor of her bedroom in her father's house in Weston. In detailing step by step the government's reason for prosecuting Tucker, the District Attorney said that the motive for the crime was robbery, and he declared that the Commonwealth was prepared to prove that, in addition to committing murder, Tucker had stolen money and jewelry from the Page house.

To connect Tucker with the crime and prove his presence in the Page house on the day the murder was committed, Mr. Sanderson said that the government would attempt to show that a piece of paper which was found in one of the rooms of the Page house bearing the address "J. L. Morton, Charlestown, Mass.," was written by Tucker and forgotten by him. Mr. Sanderson also declared that a knife, the blade of which had been broken in three pieces and the handle mutilated and which Tucker admitted to be his, fitted the wounds in Miss Page's body, created by her death. According to the District Attorney, the accused man also admitted the knife in order that suspicion should not be directed toward him.

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And also this day (WEDNESDAY), A Sale of ORIENTAL RUGS, consisting of Rugs in large sizes, suitable for Reception Rooms, Parlors, Libraries, Dining Rooms and Large Halls, at \$92.00, \$110.00, \$127.00 and \$145.00, the original prices having been \$150.00, \$175.00 to \$250.00

**C. C. SHAYNE, MANUFACTURING FUR MERCHANT** 1905 January Discount Sale Up-to-date Styles Men's Neck Pieces, Victorines, Mantles, Jackets, Coats, Women's Fur-lined Garments, Men's Fur-lined Overcoats, Automobile Coats, Sleigh Robes, Etc.

AT THE FOLLOWING DISCOUNTS:

Fox, Molekin, Gray Squirrel, Bear	20 per cent. Discount
Chinchilla, Coon, Alaska Sable (Skunk)	15 " "
Ermine, Lynx and Persian Lamb	10 " "
Hudson Bay Sable	10 " "
Imperial Crown Russian Sables	15 " "
Mink and Otter	5 " "
Sable Dyed Squirrel and Martin	10 " "
Men's Fur-lined Coats and Sleigh Robes	10 " "
Automobile Coats for Men and Women	15 " "
Siberian Squirrel lined Circulars, Jackets, Coats, Newmarkets and Paletots	25 " "

NOTE: I do not sell blended or damaged Russian or Hudson Bay Sables nor Mink. Ladies who have purchased them elsewhere complain of a mottled, shabby appearance after being worn a short time. NOTE: I do not recommend Fox as serviceable fur. In addition to the discounts on regular stock as advertised, I offer several odd Russian and Hudson Bay Sable Neck Pieces and Muffs and sample garments of various furs at very large discounts. All sales strictly for cash. No goods sent on approval.

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**REMNANT SALE.** We can afford to lose all of profit and a part of cost on every suit we make from now on, but we can't afford to save a penny on the tailoring, because our reputation is stitched in with the garments. If you want a suit as badly as we want to clean up our stocks, you will buy garments which were priced from \$20 to \$40 and up for \$17. Trousers \$4.50. **ARNHEIM** Broadway & Ninth St.

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A SPECIAL EVENING VIEW This (Wednesday) from 8 until 10 o'clock.

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Recently awarded a Grand Prize at the World's Fair, St. Louis. "One of the most enchanting Works of Art ever seen in this country."—Tribune.

**At Unrestricted Public Sale**

On the Afternoons of To-morrow (Thursday), January 5th, and the 6th, 7th, 9th, 10th and 11th at 2:30 o'clock, and Evenings of January 9th and 10th at 8 o'clock.

The Sale Will Be Conducted by Thomas E. Kirby of THE AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Managers, 6 East 23d Street, Madison Square South, New York.

ADVERTISEMENTS and subscriptions for The Tribune received at their Usual Offices. NO. 1364 BROADWAY. Advertisements will be received at the following branch offices at regular office rates until 8 o'clock p. m.: 254 8th-ave., n. e. cor. 23rd-st.; 133 6th-ave., cor. 12th-st.; 92 Nass. 4th-st.; 107 West 42nd-st., between 7th and 8th-aves.; 263 West 125th-st.; 1236 3d-ave., between 19th and 21st-aves.; 1026 3d-ave., near 61st-st.; 1708 1st-ave., near 66th-st.; 107 East 125th-st.; 725 Tremont-ave., near 4th-ave., near 41st-st.; 154 3d-ave., near Christopher-st. Brooklyn, N. Y.—2 Court-st.; 218 Court-st.