New-York Tribune.

NEW-YORK DAILY TRIBUNE, TUESDAY, JUNE 6, 1905.—PAGES NINE TO SIXTEEN.

WILL NOT TAKE THE BRIDGE

Secretary Taft Refuses the Application of Missouri.

Washington, June 5.—Secretary Taft to-day refused the application of the State of Missouri to take possession of the Merchants' Bridge across the Mississippi River at St. Louis, on the ground that there has been no violation of the conditions of the charter. In his opinion the Secretary says that two questions arise:

First—Is Section 11 of the original bridge act as amended by the act of 1888 unconstitutional in providing for the deprivation of the St. Louis Merchants' Bridge Company of its property without due process of law?

Second—If not, then have the restrictions been violated and forfeiture taken place, vesting the title to the bridge in the government of the United States?

Speaking of the section providing for action by the Secretary, he says he does not think the section is to be construed as authorizing the Secretary, after having found the provisions of the act were violated, to take possession, without legal proceeding, against the will of the owner of the bridge, and it is probable that such arbitrary procedure might be held to be a violation of the constitutional requirement that no person shall be deprived of his property without due process of law.

Then, taking up the question as to whether, under the facts, the forfeiture has taken place, after reciting the inhibitions of the act, violations of which constitute the forfeiture, the Secretary says that it is not alleged that any director or manager of the St. Louis Merchants' Bridge Company is a director or manager of any other bridge across the river. It is not alleged that the Merchants' Bridge Company has agreed or consented to the pooling of the earnings of this bridge company with those of any other bridge company on the Mississippi, and he adds that there is "not a scintilla of evidence to show such pooling to have taken place between the St. Louis Merchants' Bridge Company and the Eads Bridge. Common control of the two companies by a third company is all that is shown or intimated. Common control by two companies for the purpose of maintaining rates or prices of traffic is entirely consistent with an absence of pooling."

Secretary Taft then holds that "as there is no evidence whatever that either the business done or the tolls collected were divided between the two bridges, according to any agreed percentage, the claim that there is any forfeiture under the second inhibition falls to the ground." As to what is meant by the term "consolidation of this bridge company with any other bridge company across the Mississippi," the Secretary, after defining "consolidation," says that if Congress had intended specifically that common control of the two bridges through any device should work a forfeiture of the property of the Merchants' Bridge Company, it would have been easy to say so. He holds that the term "consolidation," as used in the statute, does not include the mere common control of the two bridge companies by the lease of the bridge of one and the ownership of a majority of stock in the middle company owning all the stock of the second bridge company. He holds further that by the amendment to Section 11 of the bridge act the word "company" was placed after the word "bridge," so that the consolidation particularized which was to constitute a ground of forfeiture was no longer a consolidation of the two bridges as originally provided, but a consolidation of the two bridge companies. In conclusion, Secretary Taft says:

In order to make clear the point which is raised in this case, to wit, that that which has been done is not a violation of the words of the statute constituting a condition of forfeiture, and the distinction between violation of this act and violations of a statute couched in general terms, I may say that there is (probably) sufficient shown to justify an investigation into the question whether there is not in substance and in effect an agreement between those controlling the two bridge companies, which constitutes such an illegal restraint of interstate commerce as to justify proceedings to secure an injunction against its continuance and a punishment of those who have made it and have thus far carried it out. That, however, is not a matter for the War Department, but a matter for the Department of Justice, and possibly for the investigation of the grand jury in the Eastern District of Missouri.

If there has been a forfeiture under the statute, then it is the duty of the Secretary of War to act, and either, in accordance with the language of the statute, to take possession of the bridge, or, his taking possession being resisted by the parties now in possession, to bring legal proceedings on the ground of such forfeiture in the name of the United States, in order that he may obtain possession, and then maintain it for the public use. In view of the mandatory character of the statute, if I have made a mistake in the construction of the statute, I am subject to a suit in mandamus to compel me to comply with the duty therein. In case of error on my part the public is not, therefore, remediless.

But for the reasons given, I do not think that any occasion has arisen in this case for the action of the Secretary of War, and I decline, therefore, either to attempt to take possession of the Merchants' Bridge, or, failing to obtain possession peaceably, to bring any action on the theory that a forfeiture has occurred.

St. Louis, June 5.—The application declined to-day by Secretary Taft was made by ex-Attorney General Crow, of Missouri, who offered, on behalf of the State, to take charge of or practically confiscate the Merchants' Bridge, alleging that control of the bridge had been merged with the Eads Bridge, in violation of the federal charter under which the Merchants' Bridge was built. The contention of the Merchants' Bridge Company, filed by brief, was that there was no merger of bridges, the Merchants' Bridge Company existing separately from the Eads Bridge Company. The contention of Mr. Crow was that a merger of the two bridges did exist, despite the contention of there being two separate companies, because the Terminal Railway Association, which controls and owns the Eads Bridge, also operates the Merchants' Bridge.

Julius Walsh, chairman of the board of directors of the Terminal Railroad Association of St. Louis, announced to-day that the bridge arbitrary would be removed in the near future. Abolition of the arbitrary would be the removal of the present toll of $5 a car for crossing the Mississippi River here, and a charge of mileage only for that service.

NO ELECTRIC VEHICLE DECISION.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Trenton, N. J., June 5.—Judge Lanning reserved decision in the United States Circuit Court to-day on a plea by the Electric Vehicle Company to the suit against them by Richard Siegman, in which he seeks to hold Martin Maloney, one of the directors, responsible for large amounts paid out in dividends, and which Siegman claims were not earned, but paid from the capital stock of the company. His suit followed a refusal of the directors to begin proceedings in the name of the corporation to recover from the directors more than $700,000. Mr. Siegman has been unsuccessful in several suits against the company.

REPUBLIC IRON AND STEEL PLANS.

Youngstown, Ohio, June 5.—According to report here, the Republic Iron and Steel Company will be reorganized in October. President A. W. Thompson, it is understood, will not be re-elected, but will be made chairman of the executive committee, succeeding Colonel G. Watson French. The name of the new president, although already decided on, has not been given out as yet. With the reorganization of the company a wire mill will be built here and other improvements made. The general offices of the company will also be removed here from Chicago.

A MILLION FOR REPAIR SHOPS.

New-Haven, Conn., June 5.—It has been definitely decided by the New-York, New-Haven and Hartford Railroad Company that it will expend $1,000,000 on locomotive repair shops at Norwood, Mass., substantially duplicating the present large car repair shops at Readville. A later result of this will be the transfer to Norwood of 500 hands now employed at the locomotive repair shops in this city.

DROP IN AMALGAMATED.

ANNUAL MEETING HELD.

Statement of Its Condition—A Line from Lawson.

At the annual meeting in Jersey City yesterday of the stockholders of the Amalgamated Copper Company, the expected statement of the corporation's condition was submitted, the first report of the kind ever issued by the company. The retiring directors were re-elected, except F. P. Olcott, who was succeeded by H. H. Rogers, jr. Proxies for 1,154,141 shares were voted by the management, comparing with 1,040,417 shares at the 1904 annual meeting.

The condensed balance sheet of the company, as of April 29, 1905, is as follows:

Assets—	
Investment in securities, etc., representing ownership in copper mines, mining claims, mining plants, reduction works, refineries, coal mines, saw mills, standing timber, water rights, land, etc.	$154,281,303
Office furniture	2,500
Loan to Washoe Copper Company for smelter construction	7,350,000
Cash and cash assets	2,756,759
Total assets	$164,390,562
Liabilities—	
Capital stock, authorized issue 1,550,000 shares of $100 each, $155,000,000, of which there is outstanding	$153,887,900
Accounts payable	21,071
Dividend No. 23, payable May 29, 1905	1,538,879
Surplus and reserve	$10,481,591
Less amount set aside for payment of Dividend No. 23, May 29, 1905	1,538,879
	8,942,712
Total liabilities	$164,390,562

Accompanying the balance sheet was a statement, authorized by the board of directors, which, after reviewing the career of the company from its organization in April, 1899; referring to the litigation in Montana, where the situation is said to be much improved, and giving a list of the properties owned by the Amalgamated Copper Company, continues:

The principal asset of the company consists of the ownership, through the companies above mentioned, of copper mines, the value of which is largely dependent upon the duration of their productiveness. The mines look as well at the present time as at any period of the company's existence, and there are no indications that they have not a long productive life before them.

Exclusive, however, of the said copper mines, the assets of the company (consisting of timber lands, coal mines, reduction works, saw mills, railways, real estate, buildings, copper and cash, controlled through the ownership of other companies, are of very great value, exceeding, in the opinion of experts, in whom the officers have entire confidence, $50,000,000 over all liabilities of the company.

The company, directly or indirectly, employs in Montana 12,000 men, and expends annually for wages $14,000,000.

The companies owned wholly or in part by the Amalgamated company produced in 1904 252,000,000 pounds of refined copper (including only a small amount from custom ores). Of this amount, the Amalgamated company received the benefit from 202,000,000 pounds, which is about 25 per cent of the total production of the United States.

A fluctuation in the price, received for the product of one year, between 11.70 cents and 16.50 cents per pound (the highest and lowest prices during the last five years) means a difference to a copper company the magnitude of the Amalgamated company of $9,700,000 in annual net earnings, or over 6 per cent on the capital stock. At the present time the status of the company and the position of the metal market are more satisfactory than at any time since the early part of 1901.

On the Stock Exchange, Amalgamated Copper stock, which has recently advanced several points on the expectation of the issuance of a report, and had risen to 84⅝ yesterday morning, sold off to 81½ after the publication of the statement, which was not as favorable as had been looked for, and closed at 81⅝, a net decline of 1½ points.

Thomas W. Lawson yesterday afternoon resumed his telegraphic news service from Boston, sending in a few thoughts addressed "to Amalgamated stockholders." His dispatch was in part as follows:

I will probably be in the American and European press of to-morrow tell you just what this Amalgamated statement means. Summed up briefly, it means that the Amalgamated company owns to-day what it bought from Marcus Daly, Haggin and Tevis for $32,000,000, and the Boston and Montana and Butte and Boston properties, for which it issued its stock, $75,000,000, less some $150,000,000 worth of copper it has since taken out and sold. It means Rogers and his associates are so loaded with Amalgamated and so anxious to create a market for it that they put into their asset column a debt against the Washoe company of $8,000,000—the Washoe company, of which they own the whole, and which is already included in the bunch of assets valued at $154,000,000, and which has always been carried at $10,000,000, and which consists of nothing but the new smelter, which the $8,000,000 represents, and a surplus of $8,000,000, which is the same debt over again. It means that the Amalgamated company is just what it was when its present owners, the men who concocted this statement, sold every share of stock they owned, went short and dropped it to 33 per share, the same property less one hundred and odd millions of copper which has since been taken out and sold.

TO DIVERT FREIGHT.

New-Haven Road Will Transfer It to Sound Ports.

New-Haven, Conn., June 5.—Important changes are soon to be made by which the New-York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company plans the transfer of freight business from the New-York division to the ports of Long Island Sound and to its subsidiary roads north of the main stem from New-York to the important New-England centres. The congestion of freight hitherto on the New-York division has been largely due to the taking on by the New-York gateway of a large amount of business which previously had been handled by other routes, and especially by way of the Sound ports, and thence to destination. This particularly has been the case as regards the all-rail coal traffic, which has other routes to its destination, where the net result to the company is much more profitable than by the long rail line. As a remedy, the company will now transfer all the coal business possible from the all-rail route to its eastern ports on the Sound and elsewhere.

As to its diversion of freight to its inland subsidiary lines, the company plans a large transfer of freight business to its new six track route, when built, from Fort Chester to Danbury, Conn., connecting with the Highland division, and also by way of the Naugatuck division to Waterbury and thence to the Highland division.

NEW WHARF FOR HAVANA.

Government Grants Concession That Will Permit Its Building.

Havana, June 5.—The government has granted the wharf concession negotiated for the Compania del Puerto, and the custom of lightering will be largely dispensed with. Under the terms outlined the concession will be open to other bidders, with an option reserved should the Compania del Puerto decide to accept the contract on the terms first offered.

The undertaking was planned by Sylvester Scovel. It involves a cost of $3,500,000, and includes the building under a ninety year privilege of a steel wharf in front of the custom house. This wharf is to be 400 by 600 feet, with electrical hoisting and travelling machinery. The Compania del Puerto is to erect a custom house, and will also devote a portion of the wharf to public uses.

STAY IN PERE MARQUETTE CASES.

Toronto Justice Grants Writ of Habeas Corpus for Men Ordered Deported.

Toronto, June 5.—Justice Anglin to-day ordered the issuance of a writ of habeas corpus to the two American railroad officials now under arrest at St. Thomas, charged with infringing the Alien Labor act and ordered to be deported. The writ was made returnable on Friday next.

TO TEST STOCK TAX LAW.

Broker To Be Arrested Thursday and Case Appealed.

At a conference yesterday between District Attorney Jerome and John G. Milburn, of Carter, Ledyard & Milburn, counsel for the New-York Stock Exchange, it was agreed that on Thursday some stock broker should be arrested for violation of the new law requiring the use of tax stamps on certificates of stock transactions. The defendant will be held by a police court magistrate, and the case at once taken to the higher court, on writ of habeas corpus and certiorari. The defendant will be paroled and Mr. Jerome will ask Attorney General Mayer to conduct the prosecution.

"The criminal feature of this case," explained the District Attorney yesterday, "is put in merely to protect the fiscal system of the State. The law says that for conviction the penalty shall be not less than $200 or more than $500 fine, or imprisonment of not less than six months, or both."

The stock brokers have decided on this early test of the law because there is no provision in the law for rebate if the tax should be proved unconstitutional. Practically all the members of the Stock and Consolidated exchanges have signed and forwarded to Albany papers dated the day the law went into effect, protesting against the payment of the tax on that day and all succeeding days. If the law shall be declared unconstitutional, they expect to get back for themselves or their customers the sums paid under protest for tax stamps. The new law is having a perceptible effect on the business of both exchanges, falling with particular severity on the "room traders," who have heretofore been ready to "make a market" for stocks under any conditions, but who, as they themselves must pay the tax, since they do not operate for customers, have ceased to buy and sell stocks with their old-time freedom.

A REVENUE OF $3,000,000.

Register Ronner's Estimate of Mortgage Tax Receipts from City.

Using the first five and three-quarter months of the present year as a basis of computation, the new Mortgage Tax law will produce a tax revenue of about $2,550,000 in New-York County alone, and at least $3,000,000 for the city. This is greatly in excess of the estimate of the State legislators, and makes it probable that the sum raised throughout the State will be close to $4,000,000 a year.

Register Ronner of this county, after a preliminary examination of the records, found yesterday that the mortgages recorded up to May 29 of this year reach the aggregate of $244,374,129. Using these figures as a basis, the aggregate for twelve months for this county would be $517,498,152, one-half of 1 per cent of which would be about $2,587,490. The volume of mortgage transactions in the other boroughs would increase this to upward of $3,000,000 annually, and to this must be added about one-third for the remainder of the State, or a sum approximately of $4,000,000. A further examination may show that the Register has not made deductions for exemptions under the law.

"The business of this office has been very lively this year," said Register Ronner, "and the figures for the first five and three-quarters months may be over the normal, but I give the figures as they appear on the books, and The Tribune's readers can judge of them as they see fit. I know the State officials have not figured on any such large sum, but from this end of the line it looks as if this county alone would raise $2,500,000 a year, one-half of which will go to the State."

Register Ronner is figuring on filling about fifteen places for handling the mortgage tax business under the new law without consulting the State Civil Service Commission. In this he is likely to be disappointed, as the State Commission has eligible lists for nearly all the places that will be created by the Register. The new law goes into effect on July 2, and probably Mr. Ronner will not have time to get all the men he wants from the State Commission's eligible lists. He assumes that he will not.

All the places will be good ones, with salaries ranging from $1,000 to $3,000 a year. The places are likely to be two bookkeepers, a cashier and assistant, a deputy register, three examiners, three clerks, four messengers and a stenographer and typewriter. What is troubling Mr. Ronner most is the matter of getting space for the new work. The Morton Building is well filled up and on account of the failure of the Board of Estimate to push to completion the new Hall of Records the office cannot be moved into the new building till some time next year. Mr. Ronner will confer with Register Dooley of Kings to-day. The latter can get all the room he wants in the enlarged Brooklyn Hall of Records. Mr. Ronner, under the law, must within ten days turn in to the State and local officials an estimate on what it will cost to run his new bureau a year. The cost of maintaining it can be deducted from the cash receipts.

FRANCHISE TAX CHECK.

Brooklyn and Coney Island Railroad Sends One for $118,665.

Controller Grout received yesterday a check for $118,665 from the Brooklyn and Coney Island Railroad, the amount the company holds it owes the city under the franchise tax law. Mr. Grout accepted the money and receipted for it "on account."

That was the only actual payment made, although communications were received from the Metropolitan Railroad Company and from the Brooklyn Rapid Transit system about a settlement of the tax. All the companies demand allowances and rebates and the Corporation Counsel is now considering how the companies and the city can arrange some basis of settlement.

If the city accedes to all the claims of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit, according to the figuring of Mr. Grout's experts, the city will be the debtor instead of the creditor of the company. Among the allowances asked by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit is $20,000 paid to the city for rent of the terminals and power house of the bridge trains; $66,663 tolls paid for the surface cars crossing the bridge, and $89,250 for toll of the elevated system. This yearly total of $175,913, with the $36,133 car fees paid annually, would more than wipe out the figure, the indebtedness under the franchise tax law.

Paul D. Cravath, for the Metropolitan system, informed the Controller that a check awaited the city as soon as the Controller would let the company have a record of its indebtedness. The claim of the Consolidated Telephone and Electrical Subway Company for an allowance or rebate of $15,000 a year for the space the city could have used but did not in the subway ducts the Corporation Counsel holds unjustifiable.

Mr. Grout said he feared there would be considerable litigation before the franchise tax disputes were finally settled.

MORTGAGE TAX TEST CASE LIKELY.

A test case to decide whether or not the mortgage tax bill is constitutional will probably be made soon after July 2, on which day the measure becomes law. Judging from the views of realty men the opponents of the measure greatly outnumber those in favor of it. A number of real estate men said they hoped the legislative committee of the Real Estate Board of Brokers would take the initiative in bringing a test suit.

WABASH MAY GET LINE.

Ramsey Expects It to Buy Little Kanawha.

Pittsburg, June 5.—Joseph Ramsey, jr., president of the Wabash, announced to-day that negotiations were pending for the sale of the Little Kanawha syndicate holdings to the Wabash. Mr. Ransey is manager and a heavy stockholder of the syndicate. Mr. Ramsey emphatically denied that there was any friction between himself and Mr. Gould.

"I have no doubt that the Wabash is going to buy the syndicate out," said Mr. Ramsey. "Mr. Gould, it should be remembered, is one of the largest stockholders in the Little Kanawha syndicate. This syndicate was formed to build an Eastern extension for the Wabash Railroad. It still is intended that it be used for that purpose, and so far from there being a break in the negotiations between the two parties, I can say that arrangements for the transfer of this property are being made at the present time."

Another report which Mr. Ramsey denied was that he had absolute control of the syndicate. Mr. Ramsey said it was so formed that no man, whether he held a majority of the stock or not, could do as he wished concerning the sale of the property.

AUCTION SALES.

I WILL SELL this day at 11 a. m., No. 32 Hamilton-ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., saloon fixtures. By order of Att'y for Mortgagee. LOUIS WEHL, Auctioneer.

ANTIQUES.

THE ANTIQUE FURNITURE EXCHANGE, 156-158 West 34th-st., near 7th-ave., the ideal shop for lovers of antiques and seekers for bargains; odd pieces every description. Remember, 156.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

Single insertions 5 cents per line. Sixteen words, seven times consecutively, $1, which entitles advertiser to have rooms entered in The Tribune's Directory of Desirable Rooms for a period of fourteen days. Write for circular.

Full information concerning these rooms may be had, free of charge, at the Uptown Office of The New-York Tribune, 1,364 Broadway, between 36th and 37th sts.

LARGE ROOMS, exceptional board; private residence; single, $12; two, $20; reference required; convenient to L. Address BRONX, Tribune Uptown Office, 1,364 Broadway.

MADISON-AVE., 187, near 34th-st.—Ideal location; nice rooms; perfect cooking; dainty service; cool dining room; summer rates.

ELEGANTLY furnished apartments; private baths; including meals, $15 weekly; two, $25 weekly. VAN RENSSELAER, 19 East 11th-st., near 5th-ave.

19 CHARLES-ST.—Rooms, large and small; board optional; close to 8th-st. L; homelike; terms reasonable.

79TH-ST., 121 WEST.—Large and small handsomely furnished rooms; parlor dining room; table guests; summer rates; transients; references.

213T-ST., 20 WEST.—Elegant newly decorated large and single rooms; table the best; references; telephone. PALLASCA.

31 WEST 82D-ST.—Elegantly furnished rooms; private baths; handsome residence; near park; superior cuisine; summer prices.

167 WEST 64TH-ST.—Those desiring all the comforts in refined surroundings and desirable locality please investigate.

39TH-ST., 52 WEST.—Large, cool rooms; bath; electric light, telephone; week, month; breakfast optional; summer rates.

SUBURBAN.

JUST ACROSS THE RIVER ON E. R. R. At Passaic, N. J., 10 miles out, 30 minutes' ride; commutation, $5 per month; 32 trains each way daily. First class accommodation and board at the Chateau, in Speer's Park; large house and shaded grounds; not over a dozen persons will be taken and those refined; price not half what it costs for the same accommodation at seashore or mountain resorts, while the enjoyment is superior for those who do not want constant excitement. For descriptive illustrated booklet, address THE CHATEAU, Passaic, N. J.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Single insertions 5 cents per line. Sixteen words, seven times consecutively, $1, which entitles advertiser to have rooms entered in The Tribune's Directory of Desirable Rooms for a period of fourteen days. Write for circular.

Full information concerning these rooms may be had, free of charge, at the Uptown Office of The New-York Tribune, 1,364 Broadway, between 36th and 37th sts.

ROLAND 56, 58 AND 60 EAST 59TH STREET. Block from grand entrance to Central Park. "One of the world's finest Parks." Interesting to the students of economy. SINGLE ROOMS, WITH PRIVATE BATHROOM, $1 PER DAY UP. Parlor, Dressing Room, Bedroom and Private Bathroom.....$3.50 Maximum of Luxury at Minimum of Cost. HOMELIKE.....COMFORTABLE.

WASHINGTON SQUARE WEST, 39 (corner 4th-st.).—Nice rooms, with bath; gentlemen, ladies or couple; splendid position; good references. TONELLAS.

TWO LARGE, sunny rooms, furnished, bath and all improvements, until October 1. COLLINS, 55 West 33d-st.

MAGNIFICENTLY furnished rooms; modern improvements; elevator; telephone; excellent home; summer rates; $5-$7. 21 East 21st-st.

TWO or THREE ROOMS; convenience; subway; hall service; 'phone; reasonable; couple, gentlemen. SCHAEFER, 204 West 78th-st.

168 EAST 61ST-ST., near Lexington-ave.—Elegant newly furnished room; running water; private house; also parlor and back parlor.

16TH-ST., 134 EAST.—Nicely furnished rooms; homelike accommodations; large and small rooms. Mrs. AUGUST KOCH.

NICELY furnished rooms, large and small, in elevator apartment. W. BAIRD, 100 West 76th-st.

22D-ST., 481 WEST.—Airy rooms; southern exposure; handsomely furnished; running water, baths; scrupulously clean; summer prices.

61ST-ST., 112 WEST.—Suite of two rooms, single room, nicely furnished, bath; all conveniences; private family. BERTAUD.

121 WEST 82D-ST.—Furnished rooms, second floor suite; small rooms; private family; owner.

111 WEST 75TH-ST.—Pleasant, desirable rooms; private house; handsomely furnished; closets, baths; summer prices.

84TH-ST., 150 WEST.—Clean front room; A1 apartment; unexcelled summer location; quiet, convenient; $6. KAY.

9TH-ST., 39 WEST.—Large, well furnished room; also single room; one suitable for physician's office; telephone.

16TH-ST., 124 EAST.—Physician rents elegantly furnished rooms; running water; telephone; references.

EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES.

Employment Agencies—Per line, each insertion, 15 cents; one month, 10 cents per line.

MRS. L. SEELY HAS REMOVED HER EMPLOYMENT BUREAU TO 23 West 39th St. 'Phones 3765, 3766—38th. BROOKLYN OFFICE, 34 NEVINS-ST.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S EMPLOYMENT BUREAU. 211 East 42d-st.—First class domestics are supplied; also managing housekeepers, matrons, governesses, tutors, etc.

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY.

BONNETA.—Millinery; beautiful lace hats. French models, hand made, $4.95; hats and bonnets reduced; ladies' own material made up; new frames. 35 W. 21st-st.

DRESSMAKER.—Stylish dressmaker would like a few more customers; will make shirtwaist suits and children's work reasonable. Mrs. BABIN, 404 East 51st-st.

DRESSMAKER.—Experienced; work home or out; makes ladies' and children's dresses. Miss SANDBERG, 142 East 52d-st.

DRESSMAKER.—French; competent cutter, fitter, remodeller; out by day, $1.50. L., 492 Columbus-ave.

STYLISH DRESSES made from $10 up by first class French dressmaker; separate fancy waists, $6 up. JEANNE GUITTARD, 70 West 39th-st.

STYLISH DRESSES made from $10 up by first class French dressmaker; separate fancy waists, $6 up. JEANNE GUITTARD, 70 West 39th-st.

TYPEWRITING.

Typewriting—5 cents per line.

A.—A.—HEADQUARTERS for typewriters; rented, repaired, bought, sold, inspections, supplies; RAPID SERVICE. SHERWOOD'S Exchange, 45 Liberty-st. Telephone 1056—John.

TYPEWRITERS.—All makes sold, rented, repaired, exchanged; reliable service. GORMAN, 79 Nassau-st. Telephone 2740—Cortlandt.

TYPEWRITERS sold, rented, exchanged and repaired; bargains. CHRISTENSEN, 102 Fulton-st., room 112; tel., 5454—John.

BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES.

MANUFACTURERS of billiard and pool tables; high grade bowling alley builders; lowest prices. MARX BROS., 24 Union Square.

H. WAGNER-ADLER COMPANY, manufacturers superior billiard tables; Schaefer cushions. 42d-st. and Broadway; 45 Great Jones-st.

OLD GOLD AND SILVER.

OLD GOLD, silver and precious stones bought at highest market value, made into new articles or exchanged for new jewelry or Japanese goods at M. F. TEPPER'S FACTORY, 19 W. 31st., basement.

MACHINERY.

AT REDUCED PRICES.—500 second hand wood and iron working machines; fully guaranteed; machinery bought and exchanged. GEO. B. EDDY, 398 Madison-st.

REMEDIES.

VACUUM CAP FOR BALDNESS and Falling Hair. Only successful method. Booklet and demonstration free. VACUUM CAP-APPLIANCE CO., 108 Fulton-st., Suite 912, N. Y. City.

DESKS AND OFFICE FURNITURE.

ROLL TOP DESKS OFFICE FURNITURE in great variety of style and price. T. G. SELLEW, 111 Fulton St.

LOST.

BANKBOOK No. 429,043 of the Union Dime Savings Institution is missing. Any person having a claim to it is hereby called upon to present the same within ten days or submit to having said passbook cancelled and a new one issued.

LOST.—Bankbook No. 426,454 on Dry Dock Savings Bank. Any person having claims upon said book is called upon to present the same to the bank within thirty days or the said book will be declared cancelled and extinguished and a new one issued in lieu thereof.

LOST.—Bankbook No. 632,886, Bank for Savings, 280 4th-ave., New-York. Payment stopped. Please return book to bank.

LOST.—Bankbook No. 705,000, Bank for Savings, 280 4th-ave., New-York. Payment stopped. Please return book to bank.

LOST.—Bankbook No. 806,356, Bank for Savings, 280 4th-ave., New-York. Payment stopped. Please return book to bank.

LOST.—Bankbook No. 843,122, Bank for Savings, 280 4th-ave., New-York. Payment stopped. Please return book to bank.

STORAGE NOTICES.

YORKVILLE STORAGE WAREHOUSE, 163 and 165 East 84th-st.

To Mrs. Vlonkeman, J. Davidson, Mr. Stegenk, Mrs. Gannon, Mrs. D. Gerney, Mary Grimes, J. Hogan, M. Harrison, M. Howland, Mrs. C. Jackson, A. E. Kelly, E. Kiggins, Mrs. Loons, Mrs. Muschelt, M. McCahill, Mrs. I. Mara, M. O. Koefer, P. Smith, Willis Athletic Club, Mrs. Sheehan, Mrs. Magorgan: You are hereby notified that the time for the payment of my lien upon the property hereinafter described having expired and after due notice thereof had been given you, I will cause such property, to wit: household goods, personal effects and merchandise, stored by you in my warehouse to be sold at public auction according to the statute in such case made and provided, in G. Merle's Auction Rooms, 155 East 125th-st., June 13th, commencing 10:30 a. m. and continuing every Tuesday until the sale is complete. YORKVILLE STORAGE WAREHOUSE, 163 and 165 East 84th-st., N. W. WOOD, Proprietor.

CARPET CLEANING.

WILLIAMS' CARPET CLEANING CO., 210 WEST 77TH-ST. Largest Works. Excellent Facilities. TELEPHONE 2,235—RIVERSIDE.

J. & J. W. WILLIAMS, 353 W. 54TH ST. Tel. 366 Columbus. CARPET CLEANING. Established 1875.

N. Y. CARPET CLEANING CO. Oldest, Largest, Most Modern. 437 AND 439 WEST 45TH-ST. Tel. 511—38th-st. Established 1857. W. H. JORDAN. EDWIN LENTZ.

CAREFUL CARPET CLEANING CO.—Cleans by compressed air, steam, hand or on floor. 1,538 Broadway, 421 East 48th-st. COE & BRANDT. Tel. 132—38th.

PHOTO ENGRAVING.

ONLY genuine bargain house for Photographic Materials; developing for amateurs; qualities guaranteed; our work is best guarantee. GAYLOR, 6 East 8th-st., near 5th-ave.

AGENTS WANTED.

CANVASSING.—House to house; salesladies; nice, clean proposition; positively good profit; work can be done at odd times in your own neighborhood. Call or write. In or out of town agents wanted. SCENTIFUMA, 79 Franklin-st.

COMMISSION BROKERS and agents wanted to handle new peculiar 10c. novelties; best mail order or agents proposition now on the market. Write at once. 666 East 182d-st., New-York.

HELP WANTED.

Male.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, at once, for gentleman's office, Wall Street; must be absolutely first class at shorthand, on Remington, on mimeograph and at accounts; good appearance, under 30 years; references and entire previous experience absolutely required by letter. C. L. A., Box 20, Tribune Office.

CANVASSERS.

New proposition on New-York morning newspaper for out of town; steady work to good men; transportation furnished; start immediately. LINN WHEELER, 8 a. m., Room 1, Tribune Building.

$3 DAY AND COMMISSION.

MAN for country place wanted; must understand taking care of horses. Call 238 William-st., 7th floor, between 3 and 4 o'clock to-day (Tuesday).

SALESMAN to sell "Kentucky Prize" whiskey in barrels and bottles on commission to the trade; big chance for live man. Box 273, Covington, Ky.

WE WANT MEN to fill 500 high grade positions; competent Salesmen, Executive, Clerical or Technical Men should call or write. HAPGOODS (Inc.), Suite 508, 309 Broadway, New-York.

Female.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, at once, for gentleman's office, Wall Street; must be absolutely first class at shorthand, on Remington, on mimeograph and at accounts; good appearance, under 30 years; references and entire previous experience absolutely required by letter. C. L. A., Box 20, Tribune Office.

PROF. SITUATIONS WANTED.

MUSICIAN — LEADER — COMPOSER. — Highest references from Berlin and Vienna; wants work; no reasonable offer in his line refused. Address NEDRON, Box 30, Tribune Office.

WORK WANTED.

Situations Wanted—Male and Female—Four lines (not exceeding 24 words), three insertions, 15 cents; seven insertions, 30 cents. Exceeding 24 words and less than 40 words, three insertions, 30 cents; seven insertions, 60 cents.

Male.

ANY FAMILY leaving the city can have painting and decorating done properly and reasonably by addressing A. ANDERSON, 2,152 8th-ave.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thorough, competent; 10 years' experience; A1 office manager; good rapid writer; salary $22 a week. Address THOMAS, 124 Orange-st., Newark, N. J.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, 29; desires special work opening, closing, systematizing books; time, terms to suit. ACCOUNTING, 148 East 55th-st.

BOOKKEEPER, 27; 12 years' experience; quick, accurate and familiar with all kinds of clerical work; best references. COMPETENT, 49 Columbus-ave.

BOOKKEEPING.—By teacher, as bookkeeper or private secretary; familiar with stenography, typewriting; fluent German and English correspondence. E. H., 939 Cauldwell-ave.

BUTCHER.—First class; single; steady place; city or country. BUTCHER, 107 7th-st., Harrison, N. J.

BAKER (cake); sober; first class on all kind of cakes, pies, pastry, ornamenting; best references; moderate wages; city or country. EMMERT, 147 1st-ave.

BOY, 16; position with chance of advancement; neat appearance; $5. Address E. J. NORTON, 418 East 77th-st.

BOY, 17, in wholesale house where there is chance for advancement; public school graduate; best references. BENJAMIN MEYER, 92 Sheriff-st.

BOY (lame), 18 years old; willing to do anything. Address 882 Myrtle-ave., Brooklyn; in store.

CARPENTER.—Jobbing carpenter; alterations, day or contract; new or old work; reasonable. KRUEGER, 119 Christopher-st.

CHAUFFEUR.—Single; city or country. G. CONNERS, 413 Amsterdam-ave.

DRY GOODS. DRY GOODS.

HEARN

8, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 30 West Fourteenth Street.
7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27 and 29 West Thirteenth St.

JUNE SALE

New Assortments and Offerings in
Women's Silk and Washable Waists
Women's Wrappers, Corsets and Colored Petticoats
Women's Shirt Waist Suits
and
Special Values in Other Departments.

Women's Underwear.

On go the values that started this June Sale with such enthusiasm, many of the special lots being even greater in assortment, as new styles have been added.

CAMBRIC CORSET COVERS—four Val. lace insertions and cluster tucks—value .35 ..... .18
Limit 3—No Mail or Telephone Orders.

FINE CAMBRIC CORSET COVERS—yoke of Point de Paris lace insertings, wash ribbon—regularly .49 ..... .27
Limit 3—No Mail or Telephone Orders.

CORSET COVERS—Nainsook and cambric—round neck, trim'd back and front with fancy laces in solid rows or separated by washable ribbons—also emb'y trim'd styles—usually .69 .. .49

CORSET COVERS—Cambric and Nainsook—square or round neck, with lace or fine emb'y insertings, with and without medallions and ribbons—regularly .98 ..... .59

CORSET COVERS—extra fine nainsook—dainty lace insertings, in round, up and down and zigzag effects, in combination with emb'y, washable ribbon and hemstitching; also fluffy bertha effects—special ..... .79

CORSET COVERS—sheer Nainsook—round or scroll insertings of very fine laces, some with inset emb'y, medallions, finished with rows of ribbon—special 1.25

"Sale" assortments also comprise a large variety of the handsomest Corset Covers to be found—sheerest of laces, finest of emb's—including allover lace effects and others specially designed for wear with sheer dresses or waists—prices range to 3.98.

WOMEN'S CAMBRIC SKIRTS—Deep lawn flounces, with wide insertings and ruffles of Point de Paris and fancy laces, with and without tucks—also emb'd styles—usually $1.49 ..... .98

WHITE CAMBRIC SKIRTS—Flounces with lace and tucks or ruffle of English emb'y—value $1.98 ..... 1.25

WHITE CAMBRIC SKIRTS—flounces in straight, pointed or Van Dyke styles, with elaborate trim'gs of lace in varied patterns; also the new emb'y styles—value $3.25 ..... 1.98

FINE CAMBRIC SKIRTS—deep lawn flounce—wide ruffle finish with three rows and edge of dainty lace on and above ruffle—value $3.49 ..... 2.69

Still finer Skirts include exquisite creations, with straight and circular flounces of lawn or fine batiste, with solid rows of lace, ornamented with wide panels of French emb'y or fancy lace insertings—or hand emb'd flounces, in floral designs, with German Val. insertings and edges, 3.98 to 24.98.

WOMEN'S MUSLIN CHEMISES—yoke of tucks and emb'y insertings—cambric ruffle—regularly .89 ..... .23
Limit 3—No Mail or Telephone Orders.

NAINSOOK AND CAMBRIC CHEMISES—regular and skirt lengths—emb'y and lace trim—regularly .98 ..... .69

SKIRT LENGTH CHEMISES—Nainsook—deep yokes of fagoting, hemstitching or lace insertings—ribbon run—trim'd skirts ..... .98

Finer in great assortment, beautifully trimmed, to 5.98.

Children's Underwear

While showing as great assortments as any specialty house, we sell at QUARTER AND THIRD LESS! For June Sale we offer:—

CHILDREN'S DRAWERS—Fruit of Loom and Lonsdale Muslin—hem and tucks—1 to 8 yrs.—value .19 to .29 ..... .11
Limit Three—No Mail or Telephone Orders.

CHILDREN'S SKIRTS—Cambric and Muslin—hemstitch ruffles, lace or tucks—2 to 10 years—value .29 and .35 ..... .19
Limit Three—No Mail or Telephone Orders.

CHILDREN'S MUSLIN GOWNS—yoke of cluster tucks—2 to 14 yrs.—value .49 and .59 .....