

programme they have often outlined for themselves, or whether they will, as usual, release into mere captious and unreasonable criticism of Republican measures, interspersed with speeches intended purely for consumption in the campaign of next fall, remains to be seen.

In some respects the Republicans would welcome a more intelligent opposition, as preferable to the scattering, querulous, and unproductive one which has been the custom of the minority in recent years to pursue, but even those who entertain this view express little hope that the Democrats will present any more solid front or any more reasonable opposition than they have exhibited in the past.

The only resolution regarded as really significant, among those adopted by the Democrats, is as follows: Resolved, That it is hereafter regarded as the duty of Democrats who may be assigned to various committees of the House of Representatives to make minority reports on all bills favorably reported to the House, where the majority report is not in accord with Democratic teaching.

It is further enjoined that the Democrats of the several committees shall keep the minority leader advised of the progress of committee work, and of all bills reported to the House, and the relation of the minority members to said bills. It is also urged upon the Democratic members of committees to be present on the floor of the House ready to explain the position of the minority on every bill that may be presented to the House for its consideration, so as to relieve the minority leader of the necessity of making inquiries about the bill that should be fully explained by the Democrats on the committee.

[By The Associated Press.] Washington, Dec. 2.—For two hours to-day the Democratic members of the House of Representatives discussed party policies and procedure, with a view to solidifying the minority and acting harmoniously upon all matters of a partisan character that may come before the House. This discussion followed the nomination of officers to be voted for on Monday next, and was precipitated by a variety of resolutions on these subjects.

John Sharp Williams was unanimously chosen as the nominee for Speaker, and this action of the caucus makes him the minority leader for the coming Congress, to succeed himself.

Following his nomination Mr. Williams made an extended speech, outlined principles upon which the party should stand, and especially insisted that the party should oppose subsidies of all kinds and support anti-trust legislation. Speaking of railway rate regulation, he insisted that the party would be endorsing its national platform if every effort were used to further legislation looking to governmental control of such rates. As to the charge that the Democrats were following a Republican President, he declared that the Democrats were supporting their own principles, and it mattered not if these principles were endorsed by a Republican President.

The chief discussion was caused by a resolution introduced by Representative Lloyd, of Missouri, which was finally adopted. It requires members of the minority of various committees to submit minority reports on bills where Democratic principles are violated in the opinion of such minority members. Some opposition developed to this resolution, as it was considered by several members of the caucus to be a reflection upon minority members of committees during previous sessions of Congress. Mr. Williams, in his speech accepting the nomination for Speaker, had expressed views in line with the resolution.

Both he and Mr. Lloyd disclaimed any intention of reflecting on members of the party, but insisted that the resolution would tend to solidify party action in the House. Opposition to the resolution was somewhat pronounced, and Mr. Fitzgerald, of New York, after declaring that it was instruction to Democrats to do their duty, which he claimed was unnecessary, moved to lay the resolution on the table. This motion failed to carry, and the resolution finally was adopted. Among others who took part in the discussion were Messrs. Cockran, of New York; Smith, of Kentucky; Sulzer, of New York, and Bartlett, of Georgia.

The routine proceedings of the caucus were without special incident. It was called together promptly at 12 o'clock by Mr. Hay, of Virginia, who was chairman of the caucus during the last Congress. E. L. Henry, of Texas, was elected chairman for this Congress, and Messrs. Bowers, of Mississippi, and Robertson, of Louisiana, secretaries. After Mr. Williams had been chosen for Speaker and made his speech, the following officers were nominated without opposition: Clerk, former Representative William S. Coward, of Missouri; sergeant-at-arms, Charles A. Edwards, of Texas; doorkeeper, J. K. Taylor, of Arkansas; postmaster, Robert C. Douglas, of South Carolina; chaplain, Rev. Austin Crouch, of Alabama.

**BALTIMORE AND OHIO BEATEN.**  
Charge of Discrimination Sustained by Interstate Commerce Commission.

Washington, Dec. 2.—The Interstate Commerce Commission to-day, in an opinion by Commissioner Eyer, announced its decision in favor of the complainant, in the case of the Red Rock Fuel Company against the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company. The railroad company declined to permit a side track connection between its line and a switch or side track owned by the complainant in the Fairmount district of West Virginia, for the purpose of receiving interstate shipments of coal of such nature, although it has provided and maintains side track connections for other mines in that district, from which large quantities of coal are shipped to interstate destinations.

The decision is that the discrimination is not only in favor of the complainant and other more favored shippers, but amounts to undue and unreasonable preference by the carrier of itself, and that an order forbidding further violation of Section 2 of the statute should issue accordingly.

**SOUND STEAMBOAT RATE WAR.**  
New-Haven Road Cuts Fare Between New-York and Fall River in Half.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.] New-Haven, Conn., Dec. 2.—In an effort to crush its new rival, the steamboat line which has been put in operation by George W. Brady, the New-Haven and Hartford Railroad has been engaged in a war of steamboat rates from Fall River through Long Island Sound. The fares have been sliced down to New-York and Fall River, the reduced rates going into effect to-day. The fare is ordinarily \$4.

It was reported to-day at the general office of the railroad here that the two new steamboats which are to be constructed at Philadelphia for the New-Haven and Hartford Railroad are to be used in competition with the Boston and New-York all water route of the Metropolitan Steamship Company, and that the new steamers, it is stated, are to be of the turbine type.

**WALTER GASSETT GOES TO KOBE, JAPAN.**  
Washington, Dec. 2.—Walter Gasset, formerly a member of the Boston Board of Trade, and at present a prominent business man of Honolulu, has been appointed vice and deputy consul general at Kobe, Japan.

**The Deluge**  
of trashy fabrics now in evidence makes comparison odious to the general market; the best humanitarian and sanitary conditions surround the manufacturing of our offerings. We are proud of our work; proud to put our stamp of approval on it; proud also that we do this for a modest return.

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Custom Tailoring Only,  
119 & 121 Nassau St.

**BOHN'S LAXATIVES**  
Cure headache, constipation, dizziness, dyspepsia. Give life to old liver. Never disturb digestion. At Druggists, Wholesale by CHERRYBROOK.

**PROMOTION FOR TAWNEY.**

**WILL BE "WATCH DOG."**

**Succeeds Hemenway as Chairman of Committee on Appropriations.**

[From The Tribune Bureau.] Washington, Dec. 2.—James A. Tawney, representative of the 1st District of Minnesota, will be chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, vice James A. Hemenway, of Indiana, who is now a member of the Senate.

The promotion for Mr. Tawney is a big one, as hitherto he has had only the chairmanship of Industrial Arts and Expositions, which had to do with the St. Louis World's Fair, and was not even a member of Appropriations. In elevating Mr. Tawney to this, the most important position in the gift of the Speaker, it was necessary to pass him over the head of his colleague from Minnesota, James T. McCleary, but, as compensation for this, Mr. Cannon will give Mr. McCleary Mr. Tawney's place on the Ways and Means Committee, which is also a position of great importance, and as Mr. McCleary is elected "stand pater," it strengthens the "let well enough alone" element on the committee, which has to do with the tariff.

The Appropriations Committee is to be materially strengthened in several directions. It is generally assumed that General Keifer, a former Speaker of the House, who was returned by the 7th District, of Ohio, will receive the place vacated by Henry C. Van Voorhis, of the same State, and the prediction may be regarded as safe that Martin B. Madden, of Chicago, who will enter on his first term in Congress, will also receive an assignment to this much desired committee. There is another vacancy on the committee, resulting from the elevation of Elmer J. Butts, to the Senate, and no determination has been made as to who will receive this assignment, but as it is the Speaker's resolution to strengthen the committee in every way possible, it is certain that none but a strong man need apply.

**GUN FOR HOLE DIGGERS.**

**Jersey Farmer Keeps Telephone Employees at Bay.**

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.] Bloomfield, N. J., Dec. 2.—With a double barreled shotgun and his pockets bulging with ammunition, Abraham Garrabrant, a farmer of Brookdale, three miles from here, held fifty employees of the Const Line Telephone Company at bay on his farm this afternoon to prevent them from erecting poles on his property. The men had torn down several lengths of fence and dug several holes before they were discovered.

When Garrabrant first was informed of this, he hastened to the scene. When he ordered the men to stop work they laughed at him. Richard Garrabrant, a son, who was with his father, told the latter to go back to the house and get his gun.

When the elder Garrabrant returned he ordered the men away, threatening to shoot. All obeyed. For an hour Garrabrant held the fort, until Chief of Police Collins arrived. The telephone employees were ordered to get off the premises, as they were trespassing and had no right there. Before the men went away Chief Collins compelled them to replace the fence and fill up the holes.

**WILD CLASH IN WALL-ST.**

**Fugitive Tried to Cash Alleged Forged Check.**

A clerk was chased through the financial district yesterday morning by a crowd of bank clerks, and arrested at the doorway of the Equitable Building by a mounted policeman. He was charged with attempting to pass a forged check. The alleged offender was Emil H. Hansen, eighteen years old, No. 78 Union-ave., Brooklyn. The alleged attempt was made in the Bank of America. Hansen confessed that he had passed a similar check on the Greenwich Bank.

Mr. Cray, teller of the Bank of America, was in the midst of the heavy rush of business at the close of the Saturday holiday when a boy, about fourteen years old, stepped up to his window and pushed in a check. Kings County Trust Company, and signed "G. F. Clayton," to the order of a customer of the Bank of America, and was for \$50. Cray was about to cash it, but he remembered the case at the National City Bank, a few doors below, where a small boy had succeeded in getting \$500 worth of securities on a forged check.

When cornered the boy said he had been sent in to cash it by a man named Gallagher. Cray called Thomas A. Gallagher, the special policeman in the bank. Gallagher went with the boy to the street. The man who had been sent in by the boy, Wall-st., in the doorway of the United States Trust Company. The stranger, who was very lean and thin, and dressed in a heavy coat, was seen to slip behind the fugitive and Gallagher. Mounted Patrolman Jennings, of the traffic squad, joined in the chase. The policeman had to climb up to catch his way carefully with his galloping horse. The young man tried to escape by turning up the sidewalk, but the policeman ran up the side-walk and caught him by the collar.

When a rigid examination of the young man explained the presence of \$50 in his pocket, the same amount as that called for by the check he had attempted to pass. He confessed, the police say, that he had already passed a check on the Greenwich Bank. This check, it was learned, was also drawn on the Kings County Trust Company, payable to John A. Thode, and endorsed by G. Gates, president of the Royal Baking Powder Company, a director of the Greenwich Bank. Mr. French, of this bank, cashed the check for the boy. He told the police later that the forgery of Mr. Gates' name was a "beautiful" piece of work.

**WARRANTS OUT FOR POLITICIANS.**

**Fifteen Candidates in Connecticut To Be Arrested for Not Filing Expenses.**

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.] New-Haven, Conn., Dec. 2.—Because they did not file a list of their expenses in the recent political campaign, warrants were issued to-day for fifteen local politicians in the town of Hamden. The Corrupt Practices act passed by the last legislature made compulsory the filing of expenses, and down to date neither those elected nor those defeated had complied with the law. There were thirty-six candidates at the last election, of whom nineteen elected the law. Of the fifteen who are to appear in court two are candidates for assessor, two for town auditor, four for selectmen, and two for tree warden and one each for the Board of Relief and School Committee.

They are Harmon W. Wakefield (Rep.) and Stephen H. Hovey (Dem.), candidates for town auditors; George H. Gorham (Rep.) and Peter Maher (Dem.), assessors; Patrick Kelley (Dem.), school committee; Paul M. Franks (Rep.), Board of Relief; Theodore N. O'Connell (Dem.), Charles W. Malle (Dem.), Bennett J. Dickerman (Rep.), constables; William E. Keane (Dem.), Frank Mayor-Guire (Dem.), George B. Alwater (Rep.), Burton L. Hockins (Rep.), grand jurors; Robert J. Johnson (Rep.) and Edward M. Warner (Dem.), tree wardens.

**INDICTS EX-CITY OFFICIALS.**

**Philadelphia Grand Jury Takes Action on Alleged Attempt to Defraud.**

Philadelphia, Dec. 2.—A. L. English, ex-Director of Public Safety; Philip H. Johnson, ex-City Architect; James D. Finley, a former city employe, and John W. Henderson and H. Baton, members of a contracting firm, were indicted to-day by the grand jury on the charge of conspiracy to defraud the city in connection with the construction of a small-pox hospital.

Mr. English was Director of Public Safety during the administration of Mayor Ashmead, Johnson the administration of Mayor Ashmead, Johnson and Finley are relatives of Israel W. Durham, leader of the local Republican organization. The grand jury returned indictments against Mr. Weaver's break with Mr. Durham and the other Republican leaders. No date has been set for the trial.

**John Jameson**

Three Stars Star

**Whiskey**

Stands for the highest type of whiskey made. Its Purity, Flavor and Wholesomeness are peculiar to itself.

W. A. TAYLOR & CO., 29 Broadway, N. Y.

**MAYOR'S ACTION PUZZLES.**

**INSINCERE, SAYS SHEARN.**

**Hearst Men to Force Opening of Thousand Ballot Boxes.**

Clarence J. Shearn, counsel for Congressman Hearst, said last night that the Hearst men will compel the opening of about one thousand ballot boxes, where there are unmistakable discrepancies between the tally sheets and ballot clerks' returns.

"If the counsel for Mr. McClellan oppose us at every step, as they seem disposed to do, then the contest will drag along until the end of the year and perhaps beyond, but if the Mayor compels his lawyers to live up to the spirit of his expressed desire for an absolutely honest count, then we shall be able to clear up the controversy before the end of the year. We shall resort to quo warranto proceedings if necessary," said Mr. Shearn.

Mr. Shearn said that on Monday the Hearst counsel will appeal from that part of Justice Amend's decision which prevents them from throwing out ballots counted by the inspectors, but which are palpably void. He estimates that there are about thirty thousand of these. Without these being thrown out, Hearst may win on the mere correction of the returns, as he made a gain of four and one-quarter votes to a district in the four districts actually canvassed in court on Friday. This ratio, if maintained, will overcome McClellan's apparent plurality of 3,748.

The surprise of the week in the battle between counsel was the apparent utter disregard by the Mayor's counsel, from ex-Judge Parker down, of the spirit of his declaration on November 28, at the City Hall, when he said:

"I have instructed my counsel, Judge Parker, not to take any appeal from the decision of Justice Amend."

Twenty-four hours later Mr. Butts, acting for Corporation Counsel Delany, the Mayor's legal adviser, made an application to the court to turn the recount into a perfunctory opening of the ballot boxes, without a recount in any sense, but merely acquiescing in the narrow letter of the law.

All day Friday the counsel for the Mayor did their best to obstruct the reopening of ballot boxes, and to have a recount which should determine beyond peradventure whether the canvass had been honest.

Counsel for Mr. Hearst yesterday were in consultation with Lord, Day & Lord, after which Mr. Shearn announced that to-morrow he would ask for twenty orders for the reopening and recounting of twenty ballot boxes in Manhattan. It is understood that there is sufficient evidence to warrant the orders in these twenty cases. Similar action will be taken in Brooklyn on Monday or Tuesday.

The appeal from Justice Amend's order will go to the Appellate Division at once, but a decision is not expected for several days. Meanwhile there is nothing to prevent the opening of boxes where specific evidence is submitted showing discrepancies in the canvass.

**MUCH WORK TO BE DONE.**

The work involved in compelling the opening of a thousand ballot boxes is considerable. Despite Mayor McClellan's assertion that he would not be found interposing a mere technical argument, it is more and more certain that his counsel are going to do that very thing. The Hearst men are preparing for the fight. What is involved, if the Mayor's counsel do their best to obstruct, can be partly imagined when a brief outline of the legal procedure is given.

There are two orders which limit the tally sheets and ballot clerks' records show serious discrepancies. Reopening these by due process of law is the task that confronts the Mayor. These orders, which limit the tally sheets, if there is opposition. First, counsel will ask for the issuance of one thousand court orders to show cause why a recount should not be had. These orders will be served on six thousand persons. Then one thousand orders will have to be entered requesting a mandamus to issue. These mandamus orders will have to be served on ex-Judge Parker, the Mayor's counsel, the Corporation Counsel, the Corporation Counsel and the Board of Elections, making four thousand copies in all. Following these there will be one thousand orders of mandamus, which must be served on six thousand persons.

This marks the first required formality, and then will follow the opening of the boxes in court and the comparison of the records, with a refusal to accept the official figures. None of this procedure includes a canvass of the ballots. There can be no canvass of the ballots unless the Hearst men get a reversal of Justice Amend's order, which limits them to a comparison of the figures on the inspectors' tally sheets and the ballot clerks' records. If this comparison does not show a margin for Hearst the fight for an actual recount begins to determine how many fraudulent ballots there may have been counted will go on and will be carried to the highest court.

Late yesterday afternoon Clarence J. Shearn, Mr. Hearst's personal counsel, added still another feature to the contest. Up to the present it had been commonly thought that the contest was limited to the office of Mayor, although the candidates for the offices of Corporation Counsel and President of the Board of Aldermen had been mentioned by the Hearst side in all the court proceedings.

The filing of the void ballots in large numbers in the four ballot boxes opened on Friday has brought these latter two candidates to Municipal Ownership ticket into new prominence. Mr. Shearn said:

"Now that we have proved our case that the ballots were not properly counted on election night, our proposition is to seat Mr. Hearst and his two associates in this contest, namely, Mr. Frank J. Sturges, the candidate for Controller, and J. G. Phelps Stokes, the candidate for President of the Board of Aldermen."

**SAY ALL THREE WERE ELECTED.**

"Our contention is that these three gentlemen were legally elected and were counted out. The finding of the void McClellan ballots in the ballot boxes opened becomes a most important matter."

With the void ballots now alleged to be in the ballot boxes and improperly counted, the recount in the contest, if the Appellate Division decides that they shall be thrown out, will entirely upset the police canvass.

Henry Yonge, of the Hearst counsel, regarding these void ballots, said yesterday:

"It was the duty of the inspectors of election to reject the void ballots, whether they were objected to by watchers or not on election night. It was evident, from the examination of boxes made on Friday, that they did not perform their duty and that the failure to perform that duty has affected the result of the election. If our position, that the duty should now be performed, is sustained by the Appellate Division McClellan's plurality will be wiped out if the results approximate the facts disclosed in the boxes opened."

**New Considerations for the Purchaser of a Christmas Piano Are Offered in**

**The PIANOLA PIANO**

The world-wide success of the "First Complete Piano" makes an investigation of this instrument a duty to the head of every home contemplating the purchase of a piano

FOR years, the piano has been regarded as the ideal Christmas gift. Hitherto its selection has had chiefly to do with a comparison of tone-quality and constructive merits of different makes of pianos. But with the Piano new considerations are brought to bear so that now the purchaser of a piano must make his first decision on the type of piano to be purchased—whether it shall or shall not contain a Pianola.

The same uniform musical and constructive excellence may be obtained in either type of instrument, the question for decision being, "Which piano is going to prove the best investment: One that brings into the home an uncertain degree of musical enjoyment depending upon the talent of the wife or daughter and abridged by their time and inclination to practice—or the modern piano—the complete piano—that instantly enables every member of the family to play any composition ever written?"

That no one can reasonably afford to purchase a piano this Christmas without first deciding this question to his own satisfaction is proved by the fact that hundreds of owners of high-grade pianos, practically new, are found eager to exchange them for Pianola Pianos. An investigation of the Pianola Piano therefore becomes only a reasonable provision against future dissatisfaction with your purchase.

A great many far-sighted piano-purchasers for Christmas, 1904, chose the Pianola Piano. This year the attention of the public, in general, centers upon it. Certain it is that to-day if every one desiring a piano could receive the one instrument he or she preferred above all others, the Pianola Piano would unquestionably be chosen with practical unanimity.

Any make of piano will be accepted in exchange for a Pianola Piano. Easy monthly payments will be accepted.

**The AEOLIAN COMPANY, Aeolian Hall, near 44th St., New York.**

**SUITABLE CHRISTMAS GIFTS.**

There is no more suitable or acceptable gift than a fine CARBON REPRODUCTION or Photogravure of the old or modern masters, a fac-simile or a fine art book. A selection of one of these also stamps the giver as a person of good taste. An inspection is respectfully invited at our galleries.

Our prices, ranging from \$1.50 upward, make it possible for almost every one to select desirable Christmas presents at a moderate cost.

**FRANZ HANFSTAENGL,**  
114 Fifth Ave., N. Y., near 17th St.

**TIGER WOULD GRAB BOARD AFTER THE ALDERMEN.**

**Tammany Wants to Redistrict City—"Little Tim" at Work.**

The Tammany leaders are counting on getting control of the Board of Aldermen. They did this before the end of the first year of the Low administration by winning over several Republicans whose records are counterparts of those of machine made Tammany members of the board. "Little Tim" Sullivan did the most of the manipulation, and he has been ordered by the Tammany leaders to try it again.

The principal reason for Tammany desiring control this year is to have the carving of the county into Assembly districts. If Tammany could do this the Republicans would get the worst of it. The shoe is on the other foot, and it is galling to Mr. Murphy and his friends to realize that the Republican and Hearst men can go ahead without interference from them.

The Board of Aldermen consists of seventy-three elected members, besides the president of the board and the borough presidents. Of the seventy-three, the Republicans elected thirty-five partisan candidates and the Municipal Ownership League twelve, making forty-seven in all, or a clear majority. The Sullivans are going to try to convert enough of the Hearst men to capture the chairmanships of the important committees and allow John T. McCall, as chairman of the Finance Committee, to sit in the Sinking Fund Commission.

The outlook for any such successful raid is dubious from the Tammany point of view at the present time. The Republicans elected to the board are strong party men, and the Hearst men are, if anything, more thoroughly anti-Tammany in spirit than the Republicans. The anti-Tammany members are classified below according to the nominations and indorsement:

**REPUBLICANS RE-ELECTED—MANHATTAN.**

21—Joseph Schloss, Rep. and M. O.  
22—John R. Taylor, Rep. and M. O.  
23—Max S. Sturges, Rep. and M. O.  
24—Frank D. Griffiths, Rep. and M. O.  
25—Elias Guzman, Rep. and M. O.  
26—James Cowdin Meyers, Rep.

**NEW REPUBLICANS.**  
7—T. J. Moffit, Rep. and M. O.  
10—G. J. Schneider, Rep. and M. O.  
16—F. J. Dotter, Rep. and M. O.  
17—J. Farrell, Rep. and M. O.  
19—J. Hahn, Rep. and M. O.  
20—P. J. Hutton, Rep. and M. O.  
21—L. I. Jacobson, Rep. and M. O.  
22—J. J. Cronin, Rep. and M. O.  
23—C. J. Frick, Rep. and M. O.  
24—B. W. R. Brown, Rep.  
25—C. R. Freeman, Rep. and M. O.

**THE BRONX.**  
43—T. J. Dinwiddie, Rep. and M. O.  
**BROOKLYN—REPUBLICANS RE-ELECTED.**  
45—Robert F. Downing, Rep.  
46—John P. Deane, Rep. and M. O.  
47—Arndolph L. Kilne, Rep. and M. O.  
48—Elias Guzman, Rep. and M. O.  
49—William Wentz, Rep. and M. O.  
50—John Hann, Rep. and M. O.

**NEW REPUBLICANS—QUEENS.**  
46—James Lawler, Rep. and M. O.  
47—L. L. Lunde, Rep. and M. O.  
48—L. L. Kuck, Rep. and M. O.  
49—Richard Wright, Rep. and M. O.  
50—J. F. Eilers, Rep. and M. O.  
51—C. R. Freeman, Rep. and M. O.

**NEW REPUBLICANS—QUEENS.**  
46—J. E. Herold, Rep.  
47—J. E. Herold, Rep.  
48—J. E. Herold, Rep.  
49—J. E. Herold, Rep.  
50—J. E. Herold, Rep.

**MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP—ALDERMEN—MANHATTAN.**  
12—J. J. Smith, Dem. Rep. and M. O.  
13—H. L. Leverett, M. O.  
14—J. J. Smith, Dem. Rep. and M. O.  
15—J. M. Torrey, M. O.

**THE BRONX.**  
33—Charles Kuntz, M. O.  
34—J. J. Mulligan, Dem. Rep. and M. O.  
35—J. J. Mulligan, Dem. Rep. and M. O.

**BROOKLYN.**  
40—H. C. Peters, M. O.  
41—William Raworth, M. O.  
42—Joseph Clark, M. O.

**QUEENS.**  
67—W. S. Clifford, M. O.

**RICHMOND.**  
12—D. S. Reid, Dem. and Rep.

**Arnold, Constable & Co.**  
DRY GOODS—CARPETS—UPHOLSTERY.

**Holiday Gifts**  
INDIA CASHMERE AND CHUDDAH SHAWLS, SILK EMBROIDERED SHAWLS, IMPORTED WAISTS, HIGH GRADE FUR GARMENTS, NECK PIECES AND MUFFS; FINE FRENCH LINGERIE AND NEGLIGES, LEATHER NOVELTIES, GLOVES, REAL LACE AND LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, UMBRELLAS AND MEN'S FURNISHINGS, DRESS LENGTHS OF SILK, WOOLLEN AND COTTON FABRICS; LOUNGING PILLOWS, TABLE AND COUCH COVERS, ORIENTAL RUGS AND MOUNTED ANIMAL SKIN RUGS.

WHITE SILKS AND SATINS FOR WEDDING GOWNS, NOVELTIES FOR BRIDESMAIDS' DRESSES.

**MONDAY, DECEMBER 4TH.**  
1,000 FINE REAL LACE HANDKERCHIEFS, Real Valenciennes, Point d'Angleterre, Duchesse, Duchesse and Point, also Needle Point. Values \$1.25 to \$50.00... 75c to 35.00 each  
5,000 yards FANCY SILKS in desirable colorings and designs for Costumes, Waists or Skirts..... 55c yard  
4,000 yards FIGURED FOULARD SILKS, a variety of qualities At a Decided Reduction in Prices.  
3,500 yards NOVELTY VELVETS, checks, stripes, brocades and mottled effects, for Gowns, Waists and Wraps. Formerly \$2.00 to \$3.00..... 50c to 3.00 yard  
BLACK CHEVIOT SUITS, Long Coat Model..... 25.00, 29.50  
BLACK BROADCLOTH SUITS, Long Coat Model..... 37.50, 46.00  
BLACK CHEVIOT COATS, three-quarter, double breasted 22.50  
BLACK BROADCLOTH COATS..... 27.50, 32.50  
BLACK CHIFFON PANAMA SKIRTS..... 12.75

**Lace Curtains**  
Select stock of LACE CURTAINS in new ideas and designs  
50 pairs ARABIAN POINT, value \$25.00 to \$60.00 20.00 to 45.50  
100 pairs RENAISSANCE, value \$12.50 to \$50.00 10.00 to 35.75  
80 pairs MARIE ANTOINETTE, value \$8.00 to \$30.00 6.75 to 22.25

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**LINCOLN TRUST COMPANY**  
Madison Square, New York  
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS..... \$1,350,000  
FUNDS AT INTEREST  
The present condition of the money market enables this Company to offer exceptionally favorable terms for funds on certificate of deposit payable on demand, three (3) or six (6) months' time

**BLACK HAND ROBS BOATSWAIN.**  
Steamship Officer Feared to Come Ashore Without Police Protection.

Fearing that agents of the Black Hand gang would attack him if he left the ship alone, Francisco Cassarini, boatswain of the Hamburg-American steamer Flandria, which arrived here yesterday from Hant, appealed to the police for protection. For the last four months Cassarini's life has been threatened, and he has paid over \$20 to be let alone. The boatswain lives, when ashore, with his brother-in-law in Union-st., Brooklyn. Several times, knowing that he was alone, the Black Hand agents have secretly entered his house and taken money from him at the pistol's point. The Black Hand accuses the boatswain of causing the dismissal of an Italian seaman on the Flandria. Captain Boldt heard of the threats and advised Cassarini to inform the police. Detective Petronini has been put on the case.

**Drink NEW YORK BOTTLING CO'S GINGER ALE and OTHER CARBONATED THIRST QUENCHERS**  
EQUAL TO IMPORTED. 45 YEARS' REPUTATION.

**ARTISTIC HAIR GOODS—ORNAMENTS.**  
J. ANDRE, Ladies' Hairdresser, 13 W. 25th St. Specialties in hair coloring, condensation, shampooing, manicuring, scalp treatment, facial massage; improved shell ornaments, hair goods. Andre's hair coloring, a harmless preparation to restore gray and bleached hair to its original color; all shades; price \$1.00. Andre's hair tonic cures dandruff, stops hair falling out.