

DYNAMITE IN PEKING.

PALACE GUARD DOUBLED.

No Alarm Among Foreigners—Anger at United States.

Peking, Feb. 25.—The guards around the Forbidden City have been doubled since yesterday afternoon, and all the palaces and residences of high officials are specially guarded.

Two packages of dynamite have been found in the street outside the gate leading to the palace. Apparently they were dropped by some one afraid to carry them.

Officials who are accessible profess ignorance of the reasons for the precautions, but all the information obtainable indicates that the military measures were taken because of the widely circulated rumors that there would be trouble here on Saturday.

The story that Saturday had been designated the day for disturbances appears to have emanated from the United States.

Telegrams describing the military preparations of the American government for trouble in China have been widely published in the Chinese newspapers, and are considered as decidedly unfriendly.

The Chinese minister at Tokio a few days ago telegraphed to the government warning it against several revolutionary students who were leaving Japan for China.

TROOPS KEPT AT ARMS.

German and French Forces on Alert in China.

London, Feb. 26.—The correspondent at Peking of "The London Tribune" says that since the reported appearance of Chinese bandits in Tsun-Kan-Tao, the Germans and French have been kept at arms at Shan-Hai-Kwan, Tsun-Kan-Tao and Tong-Shan, while the Germans are patrolling the villages, with orders to shoot all suspicious Chinese.

GUARDS SHOT IN SLEEP.

Cuban Liberals Kill Two Men, Wound Four and Escape.

Havana, Feb. 25.—The quarters in the town of Guanabacoa occupied by twenty-five rural guards were attacked early this morning by about thirty rioters, armed with rifles and revolvers, who suddenly entered from the rear and began shooting indiscriminately into the dormitories of the sleeping soldiers.

THREATEN TO LYNCH WASHINGTON.

Hostile Crowds in Front of Chilean Legation at Brussels.

Brussels, Feb. 25.—L. Waddington, the Chilean chargé d'affaires, today sent by cable to his government particulars of the killing on Saturday by the chargé's son of Señor Balmaceda, secretary of the consulate, and is now awaiting instructions.

ODELL TO MAKE DEFENSIVE SPEECH.

Expected to Talk on Warfare Against Him in Republican State Committee.

Ex-Governor Odell, Attorney General Mayer, Lemuel E. Quigg and others will speak at the annual dinner of the Republicans of the 6th Assembly District at Shanley's to-night.

KING EDWARD IN GOOD HEALTH.

London, Feb. 25.—With reference to the report that King Edward is in a serious condition of health, published in a sensational paper here today, it can be said that his majesty is fulfilling all his public duties, and that he gave several audiences on Saturday, followed by a dinner in the evening to the members of the new government.

TO START 7,000-MILE AUTO TOUR.

Harvard student and son of a former American consul in Turkey, will leave New-York on Thursday on a 7,000-mile automobile tour through Europe.

VIEWS IN PEKING, WHERE GUARDS HAVE BEEN DOUBLED TO PROTECT THE MANCHU DYNASTY.



PANORAMA OF THE FORBIDDEN CITY.

THE GREAT GATE OF THE FORBIDDEN CITY.

(Photographs copyright, 1901, by E. Burton Holmes.)

MINERS WIN—LEWIS.

Conflicting Statements from Mine Workers' Official and Operator.

Two statements were issued last night, one by T. L. Lewis, vice-president of the United Mine Workers of America, in which he said there would be no strike of the mine workers on April 1, as the operators would restore the reduction accepted by the miners two years ago and perhaps more.

Indiana, Feb. 25.—In a statement issued to-night, T. L. Lewis, vice-president of the United Mine Workers of America, declared that there would be no strike of the mine workers on April 1, saying the operators would restore the reduction accepted by the miners two years ago, and perhaps more.

You may accept one proposition as a fixed fact—that there will be no general strike in the mining industry on April 1.

restores the reduction accepted by the miners two years ago and perhaps more.

The anthracite operators must now grant an advance in view of the action of the bituminous operators and probably through a special national convention of the mine workers.

For two years it has been my determined purpose to have all wage agreements of the miners terminate on the same date, so that unity of action might be secured without violating existing agreements on April 1, 1906.

At the recent joint convention in Indianapolis I advocated an advance for the miners, because I believe they are entitled to it.

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JOSEPH'S CORN CORNER.

A BIBLE CLASS TOPIC.

A Good Business Stroke, Says J. D. Rockefeller, Jr.

John D. Rockefeller, jr., vigorously defended Joseph's policy in establishing a "corner" in corn in his talk before his Bible class at the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church yesterday.

For the last three Sundays Mr. Rockefeller has been delivering a series of talks on the story of Joseph. Members of the class expressed the opinion that he would skip this "corner" chapter in Joseph's career and take up a less embarrassing subject.

"I dread the unseemly newspaper comment that will ensue if Mr. Rockefeller makes even the briefest mention of that chapter in Joseph's life," said one member before the meeting began.

When Mr. Rockefeller began his talk yesterday, however, he announced that he had chosen for his theme that very subject, and said:

Some people are disposed to criticize Joseph because he would not give the famished people of Egypt his corn unless they gave him their lands in exchange.

When the famine came, those who were without corn went to Joseph the thrifty. He demanded their lands in exchange for his corn.

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HENDRICKS ON HIS DUTY.

ASSETS CHIEF CONCERN.

Doesn't Think He Should Look for Dishonesty and Inability.

Syracuse, Feb. 25.—Francis Hendricks, State Superintendent of Insurance, to-night furnished for publication the following statement relating to the recent report of the Armstrong committee of the legislature:

My attention, of course, has been called especially to that part of the report of the Armstrong committee which criticizes the administration of the Insurance Department, and I desire to say a few words in reply.

In the public mind of late has been almost exclusively directed toward the affairs of a few of the large life insurance companies. I think the fact has rather been overlooked that this department is equally charged with the examination and supervision of fire, marine, casualty and credit guarantee corporations, and business assessment and fraternal beneficiary associations, created and operating under separate and widely different provisions of law.

At the present time there are about 433 of these companies, societies and associations transacting the business of insurance within this State which are subject to the supervision of this department.

During the present administration domestic life insurance corporations have transacted business resulting in premium collections of over \$1,178,000,000 with insurance in force on December 31, 1904, of over \$7,469,000,000.

Domestic casualty corporations have received in premiums during the same time over \$33,000,000 and have assets of over \$23,000,000.

Domestic fire and marine companies and foreign fire and marine companies and public utilities companies in this State have collected over \$45,000,000 in premiums, and there was in force on December 31, 1904, \$15,221,000,000 of insurance.

These latter companies have total assets of \$1,222,840,000. In addition to this, there are a number of insurance associations and fraternal beneficiary orders, which in my opinion are not subject to statutes sufficiently providing proper standards of solvency, and of which the department supervision under the law is of a most limited character.

LARGE AMOUNT OF CLERICAL WORK.

A very large amount of clerical work is performed by this department in connection with the operation of these companies in the way of correspondence, preparation and furnishing of reports, and the collection of fees and taxes, and the preparation and issuing of various certificates and copies of various documents.

Outside of this routine work, the primary duty of the department is the supervision and supervision, by examination and otherwise, for the purpose of compelling compliance with the statutes regulating the subject of insurance, and the preservation of the assets of the companies, and the collection of fees and taxes, and the preparation and issuing of various certificates and copies of various documents.

It is the duty of the department to require the companies to insure the full discharge of all obligations to policyholders, whether of life or fire insurance.

The fundamental idea of insurance legislation and supervision in this and other States has been to require the companies to maintain a reserve and trust funds in proportion to outstanding policies to guarantee the safe and full payment of all liabilities to policyholders.

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ROUGH ATLANTIC TRIPS.

Passengers on New-York and La Touraine Injured by Buffeting.

Two transatlantic liners, La Touraine, from Havre, and the New-York, from Southampton, reached their piers yesterday, after perilous trips in which several passengers on both ships were injured by the pitching of the vessels.

When hardly twenty-four hours out of Havre La Touraine ran into storms and high seas, which swept over her, keeping passengers off the upper decks.

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WILL FILE SUIT SOON.

FOWLER COUNSEL READY.

Action Against McCall Estate and Hamilton Awaits Will Probate.

It is expected that the complaints in the suits which the New-York Life Insurance Company is to bring against the estate of John A. McCall and "Judge" Andrew Hamilton will be filed toward the end of this week.

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