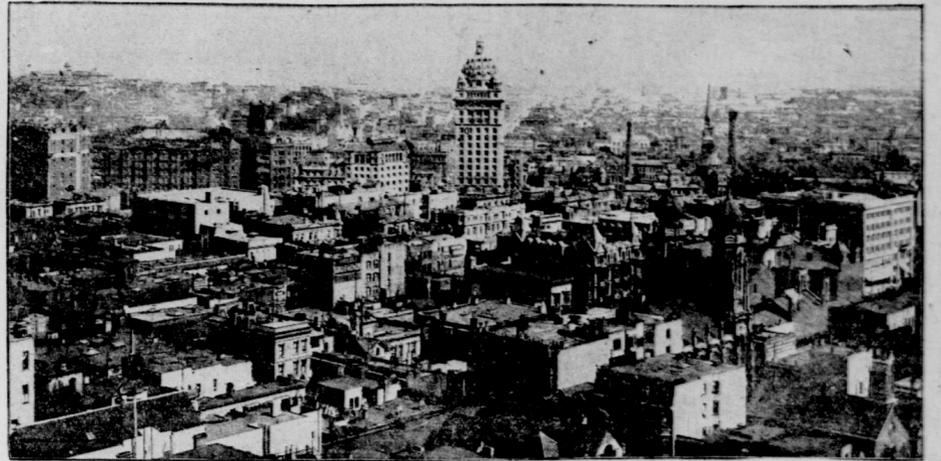
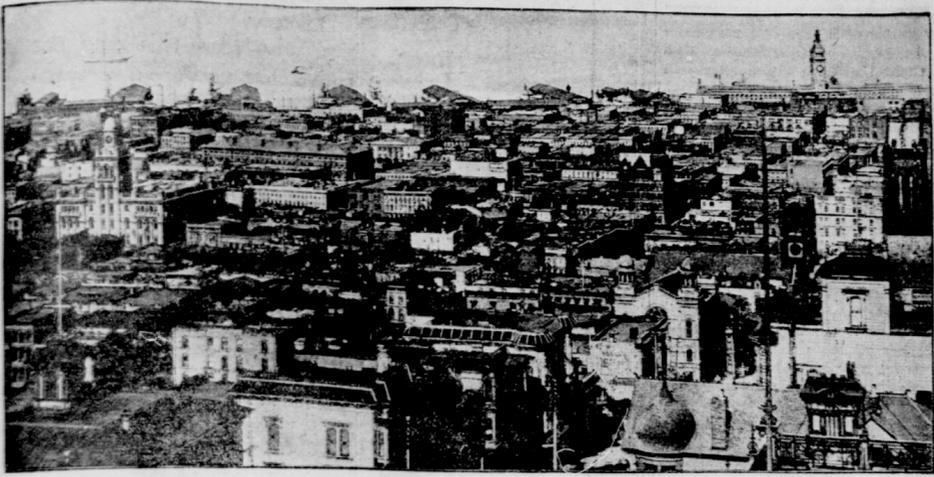




VIEWS OF SAN FRANCISCO, STRICKEN BY EARTHQUAKE AND FIRE.

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View from the Mark Hopkins Institute of Art, on Nob Hill, looking east toward the ferry for Oakland. The ferry house, with its tower, is shown in the distance to the right.

The Hall of Justice, with tower and clock, is shown at the left. To the right and in front of the Hall of Justice lies a portion of Chinatown. From Chinatown to the waterfront is the

wholesale business district destroyed by fire. In the immediate foreground was the elite section of twenty-five years ago.

Bird's-eye view of San Francisco looking southeast. In the center of the picture is the San Francisco Call Building. Behind this building and to the right is the tenement, or

"south of Market," section, in which was the heaviest loss of life by fire. The latest dispatches indicate that the flames will sweep the entire section to the left of and beyond the Call

Building. The entire territory shown in the picture was more or less damaged by the earthquake.

RUIN AND DEATH WIDESPREAD

Fireswept Santa Rosa's Dead Over 200—Heavy Mortality in Santa Cruz and San Jose.

THE DISTURBANCE FELT IN EUROPE.

Instruments at Albany Record Tremors—Sacramento Buildings Rock Like Cradles—Washington and the Far West Shake.

Sacramento, April 18.—Dr. Stone, superintendent of the Napa State Hospital, telephones the Governor's office that an automobile has arrived there with news that Santa Rosa is ruined and that between 200 and 300 people are killed.

Los Angeles, April 18.—A report from San José, fifty miles south of San Francisco, says that the Vendome Hotel annex was wrecked, ten or fifteen persons being killed. The Doherty Block was burned and one woman was killed. Dr. Degrow was killed, and his wife was injured.

Every business building in San José was damaged or demolished. The Mayor deputized five hundred men to watch property. It is estimated that fifty persons were killed in San José. The postoffice was half wrecked. The First Presbyterian Church was demolished and the courthouse is a wreck.

Passengers arriving from many other cities in California bring tales of death and disaster. Santa Cruz, Monterey, Gilroy and Hollister are fatally wrecked. The death list at Santa Cruz is reported to be large.

Santa Rosa is reported a wreck, 10,000 persons being homeless. The loss of life will probably reach into the hundreds. Main street is piled many feet deep with fallen buildings. Not one business building is intact.

The four-story courthouse is a pile of broken masonry. Identification of the dead is impossible. What was not destroyed by earthquake was swept by fire. Citizens fled to the fields and hills to watch the destruction of the city.

The water system was destroyed by the earthquake.

At Napa many buildings were shattered and the loss reached \$300,000.

At Vallejo the damage was slight in comparison with that suffered in other cities. The loss was about \$10,000.

Sacramento, Cal., April 18.—The severest earthquake felt in this city in many years occurred at 5:15 o'clock this morning. Buildings rocked like cradles. Many clocks stopped. No serious damage was done, however. Slight damage was done to some brick buildings. Chimneys and water tanks were shaken down at Suisun, Solano County, and at Tracy, San Joaquin County.

All the plans for running trains on the western division of the Southern Pacific Railroad between this city and Oakland were upset by the earthquake. It was learned that between Sprig and Teal stations for a distance of one mile and a half the track had sunk three to six feet. At another point nearly a thousand feet of track sank from sight. Trains which were dispatched for San Francisco had to be brought back.

Stockton, Cal., April 18.—A sharp earthquake shock was felt here at 5:15 o'clock this morning. The Santa Fe bridge, over the San Joaquin River, settled several inches.

Marshfield, Ore., April 18.—An earthquake shock was experienced here at 5:20 this morning. No damage was done.

CLIFF HOUSE IN THE SEA

Noted Pacific Coast Pleasure Resort Destroyed.

San Francisco, April 18.—From the Cliff House comes word that the great pleasure resort and show place of the city, which stood on a foundation of solid rock, has been swept into the sea. Not a thing stands to tell where the monster stone building once stood. It has been levelled to the foundation and only the rock lining the seacoast remains intact.

ORDER, "SHOOT TO KILL."

Mayor Schmitz Issues Proclamation Warning Citizens to Keep Indoors.

San Francisco, April 18.—At a meeting of the Committee of Safety to-day Mayor Schmitz issued the following proclamation to the citizens of San Francisco:

The federal troops, which are now policing a portion of the city, as well as the regular and special members of the police force, have been authorized by me to kill any persons whomsoever found engaged in looting the effects of any citizens, or otherwise engaged in the commission of crime.

Under these circumstances, they request that all citizens whose business does not imperatively require their absence from home after dark to remain at home during the night time until order shall have been restored. I beg to warn all citizens of the danger of fire on account of defective or destroyed chimneys, gas pipes, gas fixtures and the like.

SHOCK FELT IN AUSTRIA.

Instrument at Laibach Records Disturbance in California.

Vienna, April 18.—A telegram from the government observatory at Laibach says that from 2:35 to 2:55 o'clock this afternoon the geophysical observatory recorded a distant earthquake of great force. The indications showed that the disturbance was much more violent than those which recently occurred in Formosa.

GEN. FUNSTON ASKS AID

Says 1,000 Probably Are Dead and About 100,000 Homeless.

Washington, April 18.—The first message received from General Funston arrived here at 11:40 o'clock to-night. It was addressed to Secretary Taft. The message follows:

Secretary of War, Washington: We need thousands of tents and all the rations that can be sent. The business portion of the city destroyed and about one hundred thousand people homeless. Fire still raging. Troops found engaged in looting the effects of any citizens, or otherwise engaged in the commission of crime. Best part of residence district not yet burned. FUNSTON.

Orders will go forward from the War Department to-morrow morning to the adjacent posts to carry out General Funston's recommendations.

ALBANY FELT SHOCK.

Disturbance in San Francisco Recorded in Geological Hall.

Albany, April 18.—The earthquake was registered by the instruments at Geological Hall, in this city. The agitation began at 8:21 1/2 a. m. and continued until 9:30.

From the first registration until 8:32 1/2 o'clock the record is of slight disturbance, but from then on until 8:43 o'clock the shocks were decidedly severe. The vibration when the shock was most severe was a quarter of an inch. The lesser waves travelled at the rate of 40,000 feet a second and the more severe at the rate of 11,000 feet.

This is the second shock that has been recorded here in the last month. The first took place on April 10 and continued from 4:30 until 5:30 o'clock in the afternoon. State Geologist Clark believes that the first disturbance was a shock preliminary to the one which took place to-day.

DEWEY'S SAUTERNE AND MOSELLE. White Dinner Wines of Superior Quality. H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 125 Fulton St., New York. Advt.



THE MEMORIAL CHURCH. At the Leland Stanford, Jr., University, Palo Alto, which was destroyed.

SHOCK FREES INSANE.

Big Asylum Wrecked.

Institution at Agnews, Cal., Then Takes Fire—Many Killed.

San Francisco, April 18.—Fred Horner, a supervisor, of Oakland, who returned from San José in his automobile this afternoon, said that the Agnews asylum, eight miles from this city, is a total wreck, and that many of the inmates were killed.

The superintendent of the institution and his wife were both killed.

A conductor on one of the Southern Pacific local trains also reported that the insane asylum at Agnews was a total wreck, many of the inmates being killed. He said that the attached inmates being killed. He said that the attached inmates being killed. He said that the attached inmates being killed.

Los Angeles, April 18.—News over the Southern Pacific wires from Niles confirms the report that the insane asylum at Agnews was demolished, and further states that almost every stone or brick building in San José was either badly damaged or entirely wrecked. One hundred and twenty bodies have been taken out of the asylum, and there are probably 150 more corpses in the ruins.

ENTIRE TOWN WRECKED.

Bridal Couple Killed—Damage Reaches \$2,500,000.

Salinas, Cal., April 18.—At 5:15 o'clock this morning three shocks of earthquake, lasting, respectively, five, three and forty-two seconds, shook Salinas. They came from the northeast and southwest. The damage is \$2,500,000. No lives were lost in Salinas. A. Armstrong, of Santa Cruz, jumped from the window of the Jeffreys House and broke a leg.

Among the buildings destroyed in Salinas are the Ford & Stanbury Building, Elks' Hall, Masonic Building, the Knights of Pythias Building, armory, Porter & Irving's store, Logan Cyclopedia, Odd Fellows' Building, City Hall and several smaller buildings. Every window in the city was broken. Chimneys toppled over and crashed through roofs. Spreckels's sugar factory, three miles from town, was destroyed, causing damage of \$1,500,000. The high school building was wrecked. Several stores lost their entire stocks.

At 2:25 o'clock this afternoon another shock was experienced, but no lives were lost. Several men, women and children were cut about the face by flying glass. There is intense excitement.

Salinas is cut off from wire communication with San Francisco, 118 miles north.

THE WOLVERINE is a fine train for Detroit, Grand Rapids, Saginaw and Chicago. Leaving New York at 4:30 p. m. daily you reach Detroit next morning, and Grand Rapids, Saginaw or Chicago next afternoon via New York Central Lines.—Advt.

STANFORD IN RUINS.

ONE STUDENT KILLED.

Earthquake Demolishes University Buildings at Palo Alto.

San Francisco, April 18.—Stanford University and Palo Alto suffered. At Stanford many of the handsome buildings were demolished and two people were killed. One of them was Julius Robert Hanna, of Bradford, Penn., a student, and the other was Otto Gurtz, a fireman.

Six other students are lying in the Palo Alto hospital with bruises, cuts and internal injuries.

They are Ross D. Howard, of San Francisco; Henry L. Dearing, of Santa Ana; Hulbert R. Thomas, of Los Angeles; Robert Westnick, of Santa Barbara; W. H. Masters, of Portland, Ore., and — Frolic, residence unknown.

Leland Stanford, Jr., University was founded by Senator Leland Stanford and his wife, Jane Lathrop Stanford, in memory of their only child, Leland Stanford, Jr., who died in 1884. It is at Palo Alto, thirty-three miles south of San Francisco. The cornerstone of the first building was laid in 1887, and the university was thrown open to students in 1891. Since then building after building has been erected, until the university was one of the most magnificent in the country.

Senator Stanford's first endowment to the institution was 90,000 acres of lands in various parts of California, which included the famous Palo Alto estate of 9,000 acres (on which was built the university); the Vina estate, in Tehama County, of 50,000 acres, and the 22,000-acre Gridley estate. In all the total endowment of the institution by Senator and Mrs. Stanford amounted to upward of \$30,000,000, including \$2,500,000 left to it in the former's will.

In the earlier days of the university a United States government suit involving securities given by Mrs. Stanford seriously threatened its existence, but a decision in favor of the university started it on the highroad to success.

For the main part the buildings were not higher than four stories, and were of a modified Spanish mission style of architecture. The central buildings were of buff sandstone in the form of a double quadrangle, one enclosing the other. The inner quadrangle consisted of twelve one-story buildings and a court 586 feet long by 243 feet wide. The outer was of two-story buildings, connected by an arcade, in which were the Assembly Hall, Library and memorial arch. In detached structures were the gymnasium, museum, dormitories, University Inn, a university commons, etc.

The departments maintained included English, Greek, Latin, Romance languages, Germanic languages, philosophy, psychology, education, history, mathematics, chemistry, physics, economics, social science, law, hygiene, botany, physiology, zoology, geology and mining and civil, mechanical and electrical engineering. The Hopkins Laboratory of Natural History at Pacific Grove, on the Bay of Monterey, is a branch of the biological department.

PALACE HOTEL GOES.

Many Big Buildings Blown Up with Dynamite.

Oakland, Cal., April 18, 7 p. m.—The Palace Hotel in San Francisco is destroyed. The Postal and the Western Union buildings and the magnificent new Union Trust Company Building, eleven stories high, have been dynamited.

SAN FRANCISCO DEVASTATED.

Earthquake and Fire Lay Nearly Half of the City in Ruins.

MORE THAN TWO HUNDRED LIVES LOST.

Property Loss Likely to Exceed \$200,000,000—Flames Swept by Wind Through Business District—Buildings Blown Up with Dynamite.

Earthquake and fire yesterday laid nearly half of San Francisco in ruins. The fire is not yet under control. More than two hundred people were killed, one thousand injured, and the property loss, so far, is estimated at \$200,000,000. Practically the entire business district was burned. Dynamite was used to check the progress of the flames.

The sweep of the earthquake was wide, deaths and large property losses marking its track in several cities to the north of San Francisco. Shocks were felt in the Far West, New York State and Washington, D. C., and at the same time San Francisco quaked a shock was felt in Austria.

Messages of sympathy and offers of aid were sent from all over the country immediately on receipt of the news, President Roosevelt and Congress sending messages and Boston subscribing \$25,000 at once.

THE ENTIRE CITY MAY BE DESTROYED.

San Francisco, April 18, 10 p. m.—It looks now as if the entire city would be burned. The Associated Press men are trying to get news to Oakland by boat, but they are very uncertain. The government is furnishing tugs, but the confusion is so great that they cannot be relied upon. It will be impossible to send full details for several days.

At 10 o'clock to-night the fire was unabated. Thousands of people are fleeing to the hills and clamoring for places on the ferryboats to cross the bay.

The damage is now believed to have reached \$200,000,000, and 50,000 people are thought to be homeless.

Oakland, Cal., April 18, 8 p. m.—At this hour the fire in San Francisco is increasing in violence. It is spreading in all directions in both the business and residence quarters.

It is reported that the Mint is ablaze, and from indications it will be impossible to save it. The fire surrounds it.

Practically the entire district south of Market street, from the waterfront to the Mission, has been swept clean by the flames.

It is reported that while a building was being blown up with dynamite a premature explosion killed fifteen men. The Terminal Hotel, at the waterfront and Market street, fell and buried twenty persons under the debris. They were incinerated.

San Francisco, April 18.—Earthquake and fire to-day have laid nearly half of San Francisco in ruins. At least two hundred people have been killed, a thousand injured and the property loss will exceed \$100,000,000. Thousands are homeless and destitute, and all day long streams of people have been fleeing from the stricken districts to places of safety.

The damage by earthquake does not begin to compare with the loss by fire. The heart of the business quarter of San Francisco has been burned. An area of thickly covered ground of eight square miles has been burned over, and there is no telling when the fire will be under control.

AREA OF BURNED DISTRICT. The burned district extends from the waterfront south of Market street to Market street and west to 11th street, north of Market. The fire extends out Hayes and McAllister streets nearly to Fillmore, and from the waterfront along Market to Montgomery and north from the waterfront to Montgomery street.

Manufactories, hotels, wholesale houses and residences, comprising the principal part of the business quarter, have been destroyed. The City Hall, a structure costing \$7,000,000, was first wrecked by the earthquake and then destroyed by fire. The Palace Hotel, value estimated at \$3,000,000, also was burned. The Rialto Building, with dozens of other costly structures, was destroyed. The Hall of Justice

is threatened and will undoubtedly go. The Examiner and the Call buildings are gone, and the Crocker Building, across the street from the Palace Hotel, is on fire.

All of San Francisco's best playhouses, including the Majestic, Columbia, Orpheum and Grand Opera House, are a mass of ruins. The earthquake demolished them for all practical purposes and the fire completed the work of destruction. The handsome Casserly Building was burned to the ground, as was everything in that district.

MORE SHOCKS AT NIGHT. Night added to the horror, and as darkness fell the sky was illuminated in all directions. As the flames spread into the residence district people left their homes and fled to the parks and squares. A series of rather severe earth shocks at 7 o'clock further increased the terror and many left homes that were not in danger.

At 5 o'clock to-night the firemen were as far as ever from checking the progress of the flames. In the northern part of the downtown business district the fire swept around the Hall of Justice and communicated to Chinatown, thence proceeding westward into the heart of that colony. In then began rapidly eating its way southward on both sides of Kearney street and at 7 p. m. was within a block of the California Hotel. This point is near the plant of "The Evening Bulletin," in which the three morning papers had agreed to join to issue a four page paper to-morrow morning. That plan was abandoned, as "The Bulletin" lies directly in the path of the flames.

One of the big losses of the day was the destruction of St. Ignatius' Church and College, at Van Ness avenue and Hayes street. This was the greatest Jesuit institution in the world and was built at a cost of \$2,000,000.

NO CHECK TO THE FLAMES. At 7 o'clock to-night the fire had swept from the south side of the town across Market street into the western addition, and was burning houses at Golden Gate avenue and Octavia street. This result was reached after almost the entire southern district from 9th street to the eastern waterfront had been converted into a blackened waste. In this quarter were hundreds of factories, wholesale houses and many business firms, in addition to thousands of homes.

On the north side the fire to-night was not making such rapid headway as in the western addition, where there is a limited water supply available. The firemen are making desperate efforts to prevent the encroachments of the flames. Temporary headquarters were established in tents in Portsmouth Square this evening for Mayor Schmitz, Chief of Police Dinan and General Funston, but this site became too dangerous about 6 o'clock and was abandoned. Later the flames swept the square.

In the south side district, on Rincon Hill, St. Mary's Hospital, conducted by the Sisters of Mercy, was reduced to ashes.

Throughout the city, wherever there is a