M. SARRIEN'S VICTORY.

Government Majority Strongly Increased—The Main Issue.

Paris, May 7.—The results of the election are considered chiefly important in confirming the policy of the government, particularly in the action on separation of Church and State. The groups of the Left supporting the government are strongly increased, while the opposition groups are uniformly decreased, almost all the combative Nationalists having been defeated. The government groups are so much increased that they are no longer dependent upon the Socialists. Out of 591 constituencies the government has carried 262 and the opposition 169. In 155 districts there will be reballotings. The results in colonial districts have not yet been reported.

The semi-official "Temps" this evening sums up the situation as follows:

The clear meaning of the elections is that the country does not want to return to the old régime of Church and State. The electors have declared themselves in favor of a firm, dignified foreign policy, orderly respect for the law at home and a liberal application of the separation law.

A number of affrays occurred in various parts of the country between gendarmes and disorderly persons. Several people were injured. One man was killed near Nantes.

Among those elected are the former Foreign Minister, M. Delcassé, former Premier Ribot, the Minister of War, M. Etienne; the Minister of Marine, M. Thomson; the former Minister of the Interior, M. Dubief; Count Boni de Castellane; the Marquis de Dion; the Minister of Public Works, M. Barthou; the Minister of Agriculture, M. Rau; Jean Léon Jaurès, the Socialist leader; Baudry d'Asson, Premier Sarrien and Paul Deschanel, former President of the Chamber of Deputies.

Among the new Deputies are M. Leroy-Beaulieu and Maurice Parres. The defeated candidates include M. Bos, chairman of the budget committee; Count Stanislas de Castellane, brother of Count Boni, and former Premier Flourens. Colonel Marchand and M. Déroulède require second ballots.

RIOTING IN GUADELOUPE.

Candidate Fires on People—Houses Sacked—Warship Sent.

Fort de France, Martinique, May 7.—Advices from Basseterre, island of Guadeloupe, say that M. Boisneuf, a candidate for re-election to the General Council, opened fire from the window of his apartments with a rifle yesterday evening upon the passersby, killed two Socialists and wounded a custom house officer. Boisneuf's residence was immediately sacked by the populace, which also looted several other houses, belonging to his friends. Boisneuf was arrested. The authorities were compelled to employ troops to protect him from the fury of the people.

There are several versions of the affair. One says that Boisneuf acted without provocation, and another that the first of the two Socialists killed attempted to force his way into Boisneuf's house.

The maintenance of order is assured by the presence here of the French warships Troude and Jurien de la Gravière and the troops. No serious incident has occurred at other points.

The results of the elections in Guadeloupe assure a majority for MM. Gerault-Richard and Legitinus.

The elections in the island of Martinique passed quietly. M. Duquesnay has been elected Deputy in the South, but M. Clerc, a prominent manufacturer, has a majority in the North. A new vote will therefore be taken.

Washington, May 7.—Guadeloupe is under mob rule, according to a dispatch received at the State Department to-day from G. Jarvis Bowens, the American Consul at that point. His message said that the authorities were unable to restrain the mob. For several weeks there has been rioting, which is supposed to have come to a head yesterday, which was Election Day. There are few Americans at the place, but large quantities of American goods are stored there.

At the request of the State Department, the Navy Department has ordered Commander William H. H. Southerland, the senior officer in command of the fleet at Santo Domingo, to send a warship at once to Guadeloupe to protect American interests. The sail from Santo Domingo to Guadeloupe is not more than twenty-four hours. The Yankee, the Dubuque, the Paducah, the Newport, the Scorpion and the Nashville are available for service.

The French Ambassador, M. Jusserand, called at the State Department to-day and said he had no advices from his government concerning the rioting. Three French warships are in West Indian waters. The issues in the island, the ambassador said, were purely local, and great rivalry existed between the two parties, which did not reflect the political views of the parties in France.

Guadeloupe is really two islands, both of which are small. The American Consulate is at Pointe à Pitre, on the Eastern Island, and the capital of the province is Basseterre.

MINERS RETURNING TO WORK.

Paris, May 7.—Work is being resumed throughout the mining regions. The strike in the department of Pas de Calais has practically ended.

MURDER OF PROVINCIAL GOVERNOR.

Assassins in Ekaterinoslav Escape—The Outrage at Moscow.

St. Petersburg, May 7.—The report of the assassination of the Governor of Elizabethpol was incorrect. It was the Governor General of Ekaterinoslav who was assassinated yesterday evening by six unknown persons, who fired volleys from revolvers at him and escaped.

It appears that the man who attempted yesterday to assassinate the Governor General of Moscow, Vice-Admiral Doubassoff, was a revolutionist disguised as a naval oficer. He carried the bomb in a candy box and had a false passport, in which his name was given as Metz.

Any man in a motor.
Owner or chauffeur.
Everything he wears, in the special forms adapted to motor use.
Rainproofs — imported Burberry weatheralls; cravenetted dusters; rubber auto coats and shirts.
Leather garments; Norfolk suits; chauffeurs' liveries.
Gauntlets, goggles, leggins, and even fitted lunch baskets.

ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY.
Three Broadway Stores.
258 at Warren st. | 842 at 13th st. | 1260 at 32nd st.

Any coachman or groom.
Town or country.
Everything he wears, in the correct form accepted for livery use.
Whipcords of the proper shades; and of a quality substantial enough to keep smart under hard livery service—that means an all wool, fast color fabric which cannot be cheap, but is reasonable in price.
Body coats and breeches for town wear.

ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY.
Three Broadway Stores.
258 opposite City Hall. | 842 near Union Square. | 1260 opposite Greeley Square.

FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE
FOUNDED 1840 "FLINT QUALITY"

ORDERS ARE NOW BEING BOOKED
FOR SUMMER COTTAGE FURNITURE, FLOOR COVERINGS and DECORATIONS.

Attention is directed to our facilities for the redecoration and furnishing of Summer Homes in the Country, Seashore or Mountains. Our corps of artists and decorators, our factory facilities, and our large importing connections enable us to render exceptionally satisfactory service in this direction.

Upon request, advance schedules of cost, also sketches of designs, treatments and color schemes, will be submitted. Orders for decoration and furnishing of summer homes received now will be in time to permit completion of the work before occupancy.

GEO C FLINT CO
WEST 23rd STREET

PRESSURE ON TURKEY.

Reasons for Great Britain's Action—Sultan Alarmed.

London, May 7.—Sir Edward Grey, the Foreign Secretary, after informing the House of Commons this afternoon of the terms of the British note to Turkey went on to say that the extent of the demands put forward by the Porte and the tone and character of its communications to the Khedive made it impossible to defer a settlement indefinitely. That was why the British government was now pressing its original demand for a joint delimitation of the frontier.

The British government had shown great patience and moderation, but if the latest developments in the Turkish demands were admitted it would place Turkey in a position which would be a real danger, not only to the freedom of the Suez Canal, but to the liberties of Egypt and the dynasty of the Khedive. The British government could not be indifferent to its own, or to the Khedive's interests, and their importance made it necessary to press a settlement on the lines that the frontier of Egypt should remain as it had existed undisputed and undisturbed for many years.

Walter Runciman, Parliamentary Secretary to the Local Government Board, announced in behalf of the government that the British government had been informed by the government of Germany that there was no foundation for the statements that the action of Turkey respecting the Egyptian frontier had been encouraged by the German government.

Constantinople, May 7.—An extraordinary meeting of the Council of Ministers has been announced to consider the British note demanding the evacuation of Tabah within ten days and Turkish consent to a joint demarcation of the frontier of the Sinai Peninsula.

An attempt made yesterday by the Sultan through the intermediary of a palace official to reopen the discussion met a prompt intimation from Sir Nicholas R. O'Conor, the British Ambassador to Turkey, that any communications on the subject must be presented through the Turkish Foreign Minister.

Valetta, Malta, May 7.—Three destroyers sailed from here to-day to join the British fleet at the Piræus. A transport is now embarking the Worcestershire Regiment, which will sail for Alexandria to-morrow.

Gibraltar, May 7.—The British cruisers Amethyst and Arrogant sailed to-day to join the British Mediterranean fleet.

HUNGARIAN ELECTION RETURNS.

Budapest, May 7.—The returns from all the 413 constituencies of Hungary give the followers of Francis Kossuth 240 seats, the Constitutionals 74, the Clericals 30 and non-Magyar nationalities 38. The remaining seats are distributed among the minor groups. Second ballots are necessary in a number of cases.

CASTRO'S SECRETARY IN ENGLAND.

London, May 7.—J. Torres Cardenas, secretary to President Castro of Venezuela, arrived to-day at Dover.

NEW GERMAN TOBACCO DUTIES.

Berlin, May 7.—The Reichstag to-day adopted a new tax of $200 a metric hundredweight on fine cut and cigarette tobacco, and also imposed a duty of $1.25 a thousand on cigarettes.

SCANDAL IN GERMANY.

Berlin, May 7.—William Glase, a former servant of Prince Adolph von Wrede, was arrested to-day on the complaint of the prince, who charges Glase with blackmail in connection with a quantity of stolen silverware, marked with the names of Paris and Berlin hotels, found by the local authorities in the silver room of Castle Basedow, near Malchin, Mecklenburg-Schwerin. The "Lokal Anzeiger" to-day says that Princess von Wrede is known to have kleptomaniac proclivities.

THE RUSSIAN CABINET.

List of Members Composing Ministry of M. Goremykin.

St. Petersburg, May 7.—The new Russian Cabinet has been completed, and will be announced by an imperial ukase to-morrow, as follows:

Premier—M. GOREMYKIN.
Minister of the Interior—M. STOLYPIN.
Minister of Foreign Affairs—Baron ISWOLSKY.
Minister of Finance—M. KOKOVSOFF.
Minister of Education—M. KAUFFMAN.
Minister of Agriculture—M. STICHINSKY.
Minister of Commerce—M. RUKHLOFF.
Controller of the Empire—M. SCHWANEBACH.
Procurator of the Holy Synod—Prince SHIRINSKY SCHAKMATOFF.
Minister of War—General RUDIGER.
Minister of Marine—Vice-Admiral BIRILEFF.

BRITISH TRADE INCREASING.

Large Gains in Both Imports and Exports for the Month of April.

London, May 7.—The April statement of the Board of Trade shows increases of $18,857,000 in imports and $14,469,000 in exports.

The total of both imports and exports was the largest ever reached in the month of April. The aggregate increases of exports and imports for the first four months of the year are more than $170,000,000. The principal item to increase the imports in April was wool, with $5,976,330. In the lists of the exports iron and steel manufactures show an increase of $3,377,850, and machinery shows an increase of $2,205,305 over the amount exported in April, 1905.

SOCIALISTS JOINING FORCES.

Berlin, May 7.—The "Vorwärts" to-day says that the fourth congress of the Russian Social Democratic-Labor party is now holding a secret session, that delegates are present representing all the groups, and that all the most important socialist parties of Russia will unite. The meeting probably is being held in Berlin.

FOUR OFFICIALS KILLED AT TUKUM.

Riga, May 7.—An armed band to-day attacked the railway station at Tukum Junction, and killed a gendarme, a policeman, the postmaster and an artillery officer. Troops were sent in pursuit of the band.

POLITICAL RIOT AT LEMBERG.

Vienna, May 7.—There was serious rioting to-day at Lemberg, Galicia, arising out of political animosity. In the conflict between the police and a mob several workmen were killed and several persons were injured on both sides. The workmen threatened to retaliate on the police with bombs.

ANOTHER SULLY DIVIDEND.

Ten Per Cent To Be Paid Creditors of the Bankrupt Business.

Ernest E. Baldwin, of the firm of Boothby & Baldwin, attorneys for David H. Miller, the trustee in bankruptcy of the business of Daniel J. Sully & Co., cotton brokers, announced yesterday that the trustees would declare an additional dividend for the benefit of the estate's creditors within the next two or three days. The dividend will amount to 10 per cent, and will make a total dividend of 35 per cent paid on liabilities of $3,240,000.

"There is now in the hands of the trustee," said Mr. Baldwin, "almost enough money to make an additional payment of 5 per cent, and if the various litigations now before the court assist us in realizing additional moneys we expect, it will increase the dividends by the sums realized. And, I might add, that there is every probability that we will win a number of the more important cases, and expect to increase the dividends considerably."

PLEA FOR SEWER FRAUD MEN.

A plea for the granting of a certificate of reasonable doubt to William O. Miles, Charles M. Wells and Frank M. Wandell, jr., recently convicted of conspiracy, was entered before Justice Gaynor in the Equity Term of the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, yesterday. Ex-Judge Frank Brundage appeared for Miles and Wells. He declared that the indictment was illegal, and that no facts sufficient to constitute a crime were presented.

The Wanamaker Store — Store Closes at 5:30 P. M. — The Wanamaker Store

Women's Coats For Travelling and Steamer Wear

Every woman finds it necessary to own one or two long coats for various sorts of service—rainy days, for automobiling, railroad travel, for the mountains, or a river or ocean trip. There is wide variety of selection in the various groups presented by the Wanamaker stocks. Handsomest, of course, are the beautiful rubber-lined silk coats from Edmond Dietz, of Paris. Made of satin and crepe de Chine, in shades of gray, tan, blue, black and red, in the smartest models, most of them having graceful loose backs; easy to slip on over any kind of a dress. Prices, $22 to $50.

Another important group is composed of Gloria Coats, also imported. They are made with loose or partly fitted backs; some finished with plaits, some with pretty capes; some trimmed in contrasting colors. These coats are both shower and dust-proof, and are very light in weight and cool for Summer wear. Made in all the best shades, from a dainty pale blue to the more practical navy blue, tan and black. Prices, $20 to $30.

We also have a handsome collection of Long Tweed Coats in various shades of gray, and other coats of plaid worsteds. Some in light weight for street wear, others heavier for steamer wear; made in pretty loose or half-fitted models, including the new "Prince Chap" style. Lengths vary from 40 to 48 inches. Prices, $9 to $22.50.

Second floor, Broadway, Stewart Building.

A Wonderful Array Of Leghorn and Neapolitan Hats

Picture styles that are yet smart and stylish. Long, flowing lines that are not dowdy—the *desideratum* of a picture-hat season.

And this Summer is to be a large hat season—Fashion has had a change of heart.

It delighted us—it would interest you—to look over some very recent pictures of the hats best liked in Paris and find them almost identical with the hats in this display.

Advance styles for Summer. Gracefully shaped real Neapolitan braid and fine Leghorn flares—or smart smaller shapes, if you like them—trimmed with masses of flowers, or large single flowers, with ribbons, foliage, plumes, and velvet flanges. Delicate or deep-toned. Artistic, every one.

Some black-and-white two-tone chip hats, jauntily trimmed, attract attention, too.

$10 to $35. Second floor, Broadway, Stewart Building.

Housemaids' DRESSES And Nurses' Uniforms

We take pains about these frocks. We know how far well-fitting, trim, pretty dresses for maids and waitresses go toward making good-looking homes and good service.

Caps and aprons of merit to match them.

Trained nurses will appreciate the shapely, well-made uniforms we have supplied for them:

Maids' Dresses and Nurses' Uniforms.

One-piece Dresses of percale, chambray or gingham, in neat figures and stripes, or plain color; made with yoke and full front, or plaited; some trimmed with white piping or embroidery. $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75.

Two-piece Dresses of figured percale or striped seersucker, or of white cambric, lawn or Indian-head muslin, dotted Swiss muslin and linene; prettily trimmed with lace, embroidery or plaits. $1.50 to $3.75.

Aprons

Large Aprons, of cambric or lawn; with or without bib and bretelles; trimmed with embroidery, hemstitching and plaits. 25c to $3.

Small Aprons, of lawn, organdy or dotted Swiss muslin; with or without bib and pocket; trimmed with lace or embroidery. Many are ribbon-trimmed. 25c to $3.50.

Caps

Of lawn, in various pretty styles; trimmed with quilling, lace or embroidery; some with ribbon rosette. 4c to 35c.

Second floor, Tenth street.

A Fine Lot Of Sample Couches

Our Furniture Store now occupies the larger part of two floors in the Stewart Building. One very interesting division of it is the Couch section on the Third floor, Tenth street side, where we now have ample opportunity for better arrangements and display. It is our desire to bring on the floor a new line of Sample Couches; and to accomplish this end we offer a number of the present Sample Couches at the radical reductions in prices in the list below.

These Couches were all made to our special order; all the materials used are the best possible to supply at that grade; and the workmanship is of the highest character throughout. The couches are perfect in every way, except that they show the marks of handling while they have been on exhibition. You will agree that the hurts are very slight indeed, and the savings are quite handsome.

The list follows:

At $11, from $14.50—Green Denim Box Couch; 6 feet long, 40 inches wide; 7-inch box; moss and hair filling.
At $12, from $16—Green Demin Divan; 6 feet long, 33 inches wide; tow and cotton filling.
At $14.50, from $19—Green Denim Box Couch; 6 feet long, 3½ feet wide; 36 springs hair filling.
At $17, from $22—Green Tapestry Couch; plain seat and head; 6 feet 4 inches long, 28 inches wide; tow and fibre filling; cotton top.
At $20, from $25—Tapestry Couch; plain seat and head; tow and fibre filling with cotton top; oak frame.
At $20, from $30—Green Velour Couch; diamond tufted, finished with large nail heads; 6 feet 6 inches long, 30 inches wide.
At $20, from $30—Green Velour Couch; wedge head; plain seat; large brass nail heads; moss and hair filling.
At $27.50, from $36—Red Velour Couch; roll head; plain seat; nail heads; moss and hair filling.
At $28.50, from $38—Green Velour Couch; diamond tufted; finished with nail heads; moss and hair filling.
At $32.50, from $42—Dark green Velour Couch; pillow head; plain seat; moss and hair filling; finished with nail heads.
At $35, from $45—Dark Red Linen Velour Couch; wedge head; plain seat; ball feet; antique nail heads; moss and hair filling.

Third floor, Stewart Building.

An Unusually Fine Collection Of Oriental Rugs

Our new Rug Store, on the Fifth floor of the Wanamaker Building, today presents such a stock as is perhaps only to be found in an entirely new store. All but a very small percentage of the rugs have been newly assembled, and the work of selection has been done with the most expert care. The stock is many times as large as was our collection in the old store, and, in bringing it together, we had opportunity to secure hundreds of superb specimens which will appeal especially to connoisseurs who know most about Oriental rug beauties and values.

Every rug-making district of the Old World is represented by many extraordinary, choice pieces. There are superb antiques, as well as the more modern weaves at more popular prices. We invite all lovers of beautiful floor coverings to visit the new Rug Store today, or at their convenience. There are many special-priced groups, among which may be mentioned the following:

Twenty-three Turkish and Persian Rugs, in sizes ranging from 7 ft. 4 in. to 10 ft. 8 in. wide by 10 ft. to 13 ft. 10 in. long, **$75 to $100.** They are worth a third to a half more.

Sixteen Persian and Turkish Rugs, ranging in size from 8 ft. 4 in. to 10 ft. 8 in. wide by 10 ft. 6 in. to 15 ft. 7 in. long, **at $110 to $125,** worth $160 to $190.

Twenty-two Turkish, Persian and Indian Rugs, in sizes ranging from 8 ft. 3 in. to 11 ft. 2 in. wide by 12 ft. 6 in. to 16 ft. 8 in. long, **at $130 to $155,** worth $200 to $250.

There is also a group of about three hundred small Mosul Rugs, **at $12 to $15.** They are very low-priced indeed, being worth from $3 to $10 more than these prices. This is an unusual opportunity for the furnishers of Summer homes to secure artistic and high-grade rugs at unusually small cost.

Fifth floor, Wanamaker Building.

The Latest Handkerchiefs

For men and women.

The passion for bright colors has affected the handkerchief fashion, too. The always-beloved neat handkerchiefs have to give way for a little while to their gayer rivals.

But the colored novelty handkerchiefs must be tastefully chosen, or there is no hope.

These are attractive, indeed. Fine Irish linen, printed in colors after the latest French designs. Some embroidered or corded, besides.

Interesting to everyone:

At 25c Each

Men's—Silk-and-linen, in solid colors.

All-linen, white with colored designs and borders in novel effects and all shades.

Women's—All-linen, charming combinations of colored printing and white or colored embroidery. Some corded or plaid in the weave.

At 50c Each

Men's—Irish linen, white with narrow printed borders; solid colors with white figures and borders; plaid cords with colored stripes and borders.

Women's—Fine Irish linen of a very sheer quality, daintily printed and embroidered corners in colors to match the new gowns. Some corded in stripes or plaids.

A new lot of fine white Appenzell Handkerchiefs, hand-embroidered in exquisite effects, fine and sheer.

Main aisle, Stewart Building.

Indian Blankets Under-Price

We have a very fine collection of Navajo Blankets made by this famous tribe of Indians. These Blankets are practically indestructible, even when given the roughest floor usage. They are used, of course, for many other decorative purposes. They appeal to the lover of the unique, whether for the decoration of city or country homes.

In addition to the regular stocks we have a number of pieces which for one reason or another we wish to dispose of quickly, and offer at the reductions listed below:

Rug, about 3x5½ ft., at $9, reduced from $15.
Rug, about 3x4¾ ft., at $10, reduced from $17.50.
Rug, about 3x6 ft., at $15, reduced from $22.50.
Rug, about 4½x6 ft., at $25, reduced from $40.
Rug, about 4x7 ft., at $30, reduced from $45.
Also a few Mexican Serapees at half prices—$1.50 to $2.50, instead of $3 to $5.

Basement, Wanamaker Building, near Subway entrance.

Formerly A. T. Stewart & Co. JOHN WANAMAKER *Broadway, Fourth Avenue, Eighth to Tenth Streets.*

SHIP REFUSED PILOT.

Allegation May Affect Inquiry of Rhode Island Stranding.

Norfolk, Va., May 7.—The extent of the damage sustained by the battleship Rhode Island during the time she was stranded off York Spit, from Saturday morning to Sunday night, is yet unknown. The big ship is under orders to proceed to Yorktown for target practice. Naval officials say that so far as they know the orders have not been changed.

It developed to-day that the Rhode Island on entering the Capes about 2 o'clock on Saturday morning, refused to take a pilot on board. The pilot boat Relief, of the Virginia Association, spoke the ship as she passed in, and in response to signals, it is said, went alongside. The officers in command on the battleship declined the proffered assistance. Members of the pilot association contend that if the battleship had taken on one of their men it would not have stranded, and that question may figure largely in the examination to be made by a court of inquiry.

The Rhode Island is thought to be but little, if any, injured, as she struck on mud bottom.

Grave apprehension was felt by the naval authorities for the battleship all Saturday night and Sunday, for the reason that she went aground at extreme high tide, and it was not known how much trouble there might be in floating her. The ship, at the time she struck, was steaming at ten knots an hour. Her commander lost his bearings to some extent, and went too close to the channel buoys. The Rhode Island draws from 26 to 28 feet of water.

If an examination of her bottom by divers proves that the Rhode Island needs to be docked for repairs, naval officials said to-day she would probably return north, as the present docks at the Norfolk Navy Yard are not sufficiently large to receive her.

TELEPHONE COMPANY REPLIES.

The New York Telephone Company has published the reply of one of its officers to the question, "If it is the desire of your company to serve the public interest, why should you oppose a competing company?" asked by a member of the General Laws Committee of the Assembly. The reply is, briefly, that a second telephone company is "the most wasteful and ineffective regulator the public can resort to"; that the telephone is intended to bring people together, and that two telephone systems in the same district would divide them.

QUARANTINE AGAINST FOUR STATES.

Cuban Health Board Recommends Action Against Gulf Ports.

Havana, May 7.—The Superior Sanitary Board to-day formally recommended a quarantine against ports of Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama and Texas. The reasons given are that the national authorities of the United States will not intervene in sanitary matters in those states; that last year Havana was not informed of the existence of yellow fever in New Orleans until six weeks after the first case had occurred, and that in the present season there will be great danger of carrying infection. No quarantine is suggested against Florida because the health officer of that state is also an officer of the United States Marine Hospital Service.

MOBILE TO PASS CUBAN TRAVELLERS.

If Vessel Has Medical Inspector They May Take First Train Out.

Mobile, May 7.—At a special meeting of the quarantine board of Mobile Bay, held here to-day, the following resolution was adopted:

That all through passengers from Havana for points near and beyond the state line, arriving on vessels having on board a medical inspector, be allowed to enter Mobile, said passengers being required to take the first train out of Mobile after their arrival.

The action was taken upon an application of the agent here of the Munson Line, who advised the board that he had received advices from the headquarters of the line in New York that Havana had determined to quarantine all the Gulf ports excepting those of Florida.

TO SUPPORT EDWARD MACDOWELL.

Mendelssohn Glee Club Plans Movement to Aid Suffering American Composer.

The Mendelssohn Glee Club at its meeting last night decided to take charge of a movement which will be organized throughout the country, to raise funds for the support of Edward MacDowell, the composer. Mr. MacDowell, who has been ill since his retirement from Columbia University, is at the present time in a very low condition.

Last fall the club was approached with a proposition to give Mr. MacDowell a benefit, but decided that the benefit was not wide enough in scope, and has been planning a general movement through the country among admirers of the American composer. This announcement was made to the club last night after consultation with Mrs. MacDowell.

HARDMAN AUTOTONE PIANO
BEST PLAYER-PIANO MADE.
The only high-class Player-Piano which is made in all its parts under one factory roof. It is a Hardman instrument—every inch of it—and is the recent product of a house established in 1842.
Moderate Prices.
Easy Payments if desired.
HARDMAN, PECK & CO., MAKERS,
Fifth Avenue and 18th Street, New York.
524 Fulton Street, Brooklyn.