LORD OF HAWARDEN.

Gladstone's Grandson and Heir Attains His Majority.

William Glynne Charles Gladstone, who comes of age on July 14, is the favorite grandson and heir of that great statesman of the Victorian reign who was popularly known on both sides of the Atlantic as "The Grand Old Man." The lad has been finishing his education at New College, Oxford, where he has achieved distinction as one of the best speakers of the famous Oxford Union, which for generations has been the principal debating society of the university and the school where some of the most celebrated of British orators and statesmen have acquired their knowledge of public speaking. Young Gladstone has, however, given other proofs than those at Oxford of the fact that he has inherited some of his grandfather's gifts of eloquence. For, during the recent general election, he made a number of speeches in behalf of J. H. Lewis, the Liberal candidate for Flintshire, speeches which contributed in no small measure to the victory of the Liberal cause in that particular county.

Young Gladstone will enter next month into the possession of a large fortune, and it is doubtful, therefore, whether he will ever know the want of money which "The Grand Old Man" more than once experienced during the course of his long political career and which compelled him at one time to sell his fine collection of rare china and on another occasion to auction off the greater part of his much cherished library, while in yet another instance he was obliged to give up his town house and to rely upon the hospitality of friends such as Lord Rendel, Lord Aberdeen and others. The Hawarden Castle estate, which belonged to Sir Stephen Glynn, was left by him in trust for the lad who is now coming of age, the late William E. Gladstone, the statesman, receiving a life interest therein and being appointed one of the trustees.

Mr. Gladstone carefully husbanded and developed the resources of the Hawarden estate, spending all of his own money that he could upon the place, transforming it from an unproductive and embarrassed property into an extremely profitable one. In fact, he was far more successful in the management of the fortune bequeathed by his brother-in-law, Sir Stephen Glynne, to William Glynne Gladstone, than in the administration of his own finances, and, thanks to his discovery of minerals and of coal at Hawarden, the latter now yields a very large income.

Then, too, young Gladstone has benefited largely under the will of his mother's father, the last Lord Blantyre, who died a few years ago. Lord Blantyre left to his daughter, the Hon. Mrs. William Henry Gladstone, in trust for her boy, $250,000, as well as his stately London home, in Berkeley Square, with all its furniture, paintings, art treasures, silver plate, and the horses and carriages in the stables belonging thereto.

It will be interesting to observe the extent to which the Gladstone family will participate in the festivities in connection with the coming of age of the young master of Hawarden Castle, which was the bourne of so many American pilgrimages during the lifetime of the famous statesman. For the young fellow's widowed mother, the Hon. Mrs. William Henry Gladstone, never got on well with her husband's brothers and sisters, and it may be remembered that her portrait is included in none of the innumerable family groups of the Gladstone household at Hawarden which were issued to the public until the time of Mr. Gladstone's death.

Among the many causes of friction was the fact that although the castle had been left by Sir Stephen Glynne in the first place to her husband, and then to her oldest boy, Mr. Gladstone having merely a life interest in the place, yet she was never permitted to make her home there while he was alive. When she came there it was merely as a visitor. Nor did she have any say in the management of what were virtually her son's estates, of which her sisters-in-law had far more control than herself. The Hon. Mrs. Gladstone submitted to all this in silence as long as her distinguished father-in-law, for whom she entertained the most profound veneration, was alive, but she saw no reason for continuing to permit herself to be ignored in connection with the castle after his death, and this led to no little family unpleasantness, the sons and daughters and the sons-in-law of the great Liberal leader resenting the idea of being compelled to vacate a castle which had been their home from their childhood, and upon which their father had spent large sums of money that would otherwise have served to swell the very modest fortune that he left to be shared between them.

CELEBRATED GLADSTONE DISTILLERIES.

Although young William Glynne Gladstone is the master of Hawarden Castle, he is not in any sense of the word the chief of the Gladstone family. That is a dignity which belongs to old Mr. Gladstone's nephew, Sir John Gladstone, a retired officer of the Guards, and who, like his father before him, is a typical Tory baronet. In fact, his father, the late Sir Thomas Gladstone, represented Ipswich as a Conservative for many years in the House of Commons, invariably voting against his brother, the Liberal leader. The brothers, however, never allowed any political differences to interfere with their fraternal relations, and Sir John Gladstone, too, always remained very devoted to his famous uncle, who used occasionally to visit him at Fasque, the family place in Scotland, and to sample some of the excellent whiskey distilled on the estate, and for which Fasque is celebrated throughout the United Kingdom. In fact, Sir John is one of the greatest whiskey distillers in Scotland, and his distilleries at Fasque are known far and wide as the Fettercairn Distilleries.

The castle at Fasque is one of the statelest castellated mansions in Scotland. It stands on a wooded slope, surrounded by a noble park and woods that extend some eighty square miles. Sir John, who is a tall, good looking, broad shouldered giant, is unmarried, and expresses his intention to remain so, and there is considerable prospect that his baronetcy may one of these days come along with the great Fasque estates and with the Fettercairn distilleries to the young master of Hawarden Castle. Sir John was an only son. His father's second brother, Robert Gladstone, had no less than six sons, all of whom died without leaving issue, save one named Walter, who is a man of sixty, and bent on remaining a bachelor. The third, and sailor brother of Sir Thomas, Captain John Gladstone, of the royal navy, died leaving one son, who has several daughters; and after that, next in succession to the baronetcy and to the Fasque estates, comes young William Glynne Gladstone, as the heir of Sir Thomas Gladstone's youngest brother, "the Grand Old Man."

KING EDWARD AND THE UMBRELLA.

There is only one form of theft of which King Edward has publicly expressed his approval, and which, in view of his being the Supreme Head of the Church and the Fountain of Honor, in whose name the laws of the land are administered and judgments rendered, may therefore be practised with impunity, namely, the purloining of umbrellas.

At a banquet given not long before he ascended the throne the King, addressing the Guild of Metropolitan Cabmen in London, in paying a glowing tribute to the honesty of the fraternity, mentioned that there was only one form of lost property which no hack driver had ever been known to return, namely, an umbrella. This, however, he declared, could not be considered as affecting in any way their honesty, for, in the first place, the appropriation of an umbrella was, under no circumstances, contrary to the ethics of honor, and, second, the cabmen would suffer from a professional point of view if they were to dream of restoring lost umbrellas to their owners, since the latter, if they have no umbrellas, invariably hail cabs to escape those passing showers which fall each day in the British metropolis. In the King's eyes, therefore, umbrellas are legitimate loot.

DON ALFONSO LEFT-HANDED.

King Alfonso is left-handed, the only ruler in Christendom to be distinguished by this peculiarity, now that President Loubet has retired into private life. But his consort, like her uncle, King Edward, and her cousins Queen Maud of Norway and the Czarina, is ambidextrous and can use her left arm and hand with just as much facility as the right hand. That is to say, she can write, draw, paint, play tennis, embroider and fence with her left arm and hand just as easily as with her right. It was Queen Victoria who caused all her children to be trained to ambidexterity, impelled thereto by the extraordinary facility displayed by Sir Edwin Landseer, during his visit to Balmoral, in sketching as well with his left hand as with his right. All Queen Victoria's children have had their children in turn trained in the same fashion, and since her descendants either occupy already or are destined to ascend in due course eight of the thrones of Europe, it will be seen that ere long all of the Old World royalty will be ambidextrous. Only those can appreciate the advantage of this who, having their right arm or hand incapacitated through some accident, have been restricted for a time to the use of the left hand.

DEAN OF WESTMINSTER'S HERESY?

Inasmuch as the Dean of Westminster, whom Edward VII has just appointed to the ancient office of Lord High Almoner, publicly proclaimed a few weeks ago his disbelief in the scriptural story that Balaam's ass on a memorable occasion became miraculously endowed with the powers of speech, the question is now being raised and discussed in Church of England circles as to whether the King's action in appointing the Dean to be his chief spiritual adviser must be regarded as an indorsement of these heretical views by his majesty, who is the supreme head of the Church. In fact, demands are being made that the monarch should formally declare his attitude with regard to this solitary instance of asinine eloquence recorded in the Scriptures. MARQUISE DE FONTENOY.

TO PREVENT LYNCHING.

Florida Troops Called Out to Protect Negro Murderer.

Tallahassee, Fla., June 7.—Governor Browhard, on request of Sheriff Carter, ordered the Brooksville company of state militia this afternoon to go at once to Inverness to prevent the lynching of Jim Davis, alias Dago, the negro who shot and killed Robert Russell, a well known business man, last Tuesday. The Leesburg company has also been ordered to hold itself in readiness to go to Inverness if needed.

Russell was attempting to collect a debt from Davis, who, with no other provocation, shot and killed Russell and the negro boy who was driving his team. Davis was captured to-day, and indignation is so great that Sheriff Carter fears attempts to take him from the jail to-night.

PLANS FOR KING HAAKON'S CROWNING

Coronation Will Take Place on June 22 in the Cathedral at Christiania.

Christiania, June 7.—The programme of ceremonies attending the coronation of King Haakon VII and Queen Maud have been completed. The royal couple will arrive at Trondhjem on June 19 and await there the arrival of the foreign princes and ambassadors.

The coronation will occur at 11 o'clock on the morning of June 22 at the cathedral, and will be followed by a state dinner, which will be attended by three hundred guests. The rest of the week will be taken up with celebrations, including musical festivals, popular entertainments, and processions in which children will predominate. On June 25 King Haakon will receive deputations and give a soirée at the palace.

To-day, the first anniversary of the dissolution of the union with Sweden, was celebrated as a general holiday throughout Norway. In the cities flags were flying and the streets were crowded with merrymakers.

MISS ETHEL ROCKEFELLER HERE.

Daughter of Standard Oil President Arrives from Europe.

Miss Ethel G. Rockefeller, daughter of William Rockefeller, president of the Standard Oil Company, of New York, who has been in Europe for many months, and was reported to be suffering from cancer of the throat, arrived here on Wednesday on the North German Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse. She said that she had left her father in Germany. He will follow her here in about a month. To avoid notoriety Miss Rockefeller was registered on the passenger list as "Fraulein E. Raynor." Her only attendant was a maid.

Miss Rockefeller went immediately to her father's home, at No. 689 Fifth avenue.

WILL HOLD TWO EXHIBITIONS.

National Academy of Design Will Open First in December, Second in March.

The National Academy of Design in the coming season will hold two exhibitions. Its first winter exhibition will open in the Fine Arts Galleries, in West 57th street, on December 21 and close on January 26. Its eighty-second annual exhibition will open on March 15 and close on April 21.

Harry W. Watrous, secretary of the Academy, yesterday announced that pictures for the winter exhibition would be received on December 3 and December 4, and for the annual exhibition on February 27 and February 28.

MUSICIANS TO HONOR GILMORE.

In a letter received by Mrs. P. S. Gilmore from Owen Miller, secretary of the American Federation of Musicians, he says there are 47,500 members of the federation in the United States and Canada, and they have all volunteered their services to establish a fund for the widow and daughter of P. S. Gilmore, James W. Morrissey, manager of the P. S. Gilmore testimonial musical festivals, will thus be able to draw on this large body of musicians in his tour of the country.

A WEDDING.

Lieutenant Oliver Eskridge, of the 27th Infantry, U. S. A., stationed at Fort Sheridan, Illinois, and Miss Ella May Fuller, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Roscoe Fuller, of Floral Park, Long Island, were married yesterday at the bride's home by Canon Bryan, of the Garden City Cathedral. The bridesmaids were Miss Mary Hallock, Miss Virginia Eskridge and Miss Olga Katzmayer. Two granddaughters, Ruth and Margaret, of Rear Admiral Asserson, retired, were flower girls. Captain Wickham was the best man. Lieutenant Eskridge is a son of Colonel William Eskridge, U. S. A., retired.

WHAT IS GOING ON TO-DAY.

Racing at Gravesend.

General Synod of the Reformed Church, Collegiate Church, Fifth avenue and 48th street; 10:30 a. m., 2:30 and 8 p. m.

Barnard College class day exercises, Columbia University gymnasium; 3 p. m.

Meeting of New York section of American Chemical Society, No. 108 West 55th street; 8:15 p. m.

Free Day at Zoological Park and Museum of Natural History.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Official Record and Forecast.—Washington, June 7.—Low pressure continues from the Rocky Mountains eastward, except in Eastern New England, with the abnormal depression still over North Dakota. As a consequence thunderstorms continued over the Northern districts and high temperatures prevail over the Eastern, Southern and Southwestern portions of the country, except in New England and the eastern portion of the Middle Atlantic States.

West of the Rocky Mountains the weather was cool and generally clear, except in the Northern Pacific districts, where light showers continued.

The weather will be generally fair Friday and Saturday, except from the Dakotas eastward, through the lake region, into New England, where there will be showers Friday, probably continuing Saturday in the latter two districts. It will be cooler Friday or Friday night in the Upper Mississippi Valley and upper lake regions and warmer Saturday in the Northwest. In the East and South temperatures will remain high, except along the New England and Middle Atlantic coasts.

The winds along the New England and Middle Atlantic coasts will be fresh east to south; South Atlantic Coast, light to fresh south to southwest; along the Gulf Coast, fresh south; along the lower lakes, brisk south to southwest; along the upper lakes, brisk to high southwest.

Steamers departing Friday for European ports will have fresh east to south winds, with unsettled weather, to the Grand Banks.

Storm warnings are displayed on upper lakes and Lake Pepin.

Forecast for Special Localities.—For the District of Columbia, Maryland and Virginia, continued warm and generally fair to-day and Saturday; light to fresh south to southwest winds.

For Delaware, fair to-day; fair and warmer Saturday; fresh east to south winds.

For New Jersey, local showers to-day; fair and warmer Saturday; fresh east to south winds.

For Eastern Pennsylvania, fair in western portion, local showers in eastern portion and warmer in southeastern portion to-day; fair Saturday; fresh east to south winds.

For Eastern New York, local showers to-day, and probably Saturday, except in extreme southern portion; warmer Saturday; fresh east to south winds.

For New England, local showers to-day, and probably Saturday; warmer Saturday; fresh east to south winds.

For Western Pennsylvania and Western New York, local showers to-day, and probably Saturday; cooler Saturday; fresh to brisk south winds.

Local Official Record.—The following official record from the Weather Bureau shows the changes in the temperature for the last twenty-four hours, in comparison with the corresponding date of last year:

	1905.	1906.		1905.	1906.
8 a. m.	57	73	6 p. m.	52	67
6 a. m.	55	73	9 p. m.	52	63
9 a. m.	57	75	11 p. m.	52	61
12 m.	59	76	12 p. m.	52	—
4 p. m.	57	76			

Highest temperature yesterday, 76 degrees; lowest, 61; average, 70; average for corresponding date last year, 56; average for corresponding date last twenty-five years, 65.

Local forecast: Generally fair to-day and Saturday; warmer Saturday; fresh east to south winds.

G. C. BARRETT DEAD.

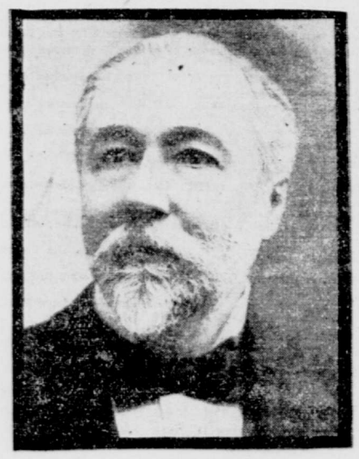
Veteran of the Supreme Court Bench Succumbs to Long Illness.

Saratoga, N. Y., June 7.—Ex-Justice George Carter Barrett, of the New York State Supreme Court, a resident of New York City, died to-day in his summer cottage, in this city, from tuberculosis. Mr. Barrett arrived at his cottage from New York last Saturday, and expected to pass the summer there. He was accompanied here by William M. Hoes, Public Administrator of New York, and Mrs. Hoes, who for years have been members of the judge's household. They were present at his death.

While suffering from protracted ill health the former justice appeared to hold his own until yesterday morning. It was then noticed that he exhibited signs of weakness. He steadily declined until 7:15 o'clock this morning, when he passed away.

The body will be conveyed in a special car tomorrow to New York, where the funeral will take place from the Church of the Transfiguration at 10 o'clock on Monday morning next. Judge John Clinton Gray, of the Court of Appeals, an intimate friend of ex-Justice Barrett, arrived here to-day.

George C. Barrett was one of the most widely known of the justices of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court. Years before he became a member of the Appellate Division he had been prominent among the justices who sat in the old Court of Oyer and Terminer and presided at important criminal trials. Most of the trials of those who gave and received bribes in connection with



EX-JUSTICE GEORGE C. BARRETT,
Who died in Saratoga yesterday.
(Photograph by A. Dupont.)

the granting of the franchise of the Broadway surface railway took place before him in the Court of Oyer and Terminer. He also laid down in that court principles relating to the responsibilities of laboring men engaged in strikes, and upheld the rights of the business men to carry on their occupations without suffering from the violence of their employes.

In some of the trials in cases arising out of the investigations by the Lexow Committee he showed the same attention to public duty, holding court at times at the risk of his health and refusing to give up his labors until all the work brought before him was finished.

Justice Barrett had a peculiarly clear, easy, forcible and attractive style of composition, and his written opinions formed agreeable reading in the usually dull pages of the law reports.

George C. Barrett was born in Dublin, Ireland, on July 23, 1838. His father was the Rev. Gilbert Carter Barrett, a clergyman of the Established Church. In 1844, when the younger Barrett was six years of age, the father was sent as a missionary to the Oneida Indians in Canada, and the future justice lived on the bank of the Canadian river Thames until he was thirteen years of age. Then the elder Barrett died and the boy soon came to this city. He studied at the Columbia Grammar School and at Columbia College, but he left the latter institution before taking a degree. For a time he wrote for newspapers while studying law.

In 1863, soon after being admitted to the bar, he was elected civil justice in the 6th Judicial District of the city. Although he was only twenty-five years old and had not had an extended experience as a lawyer he gained so good a reputation on the bench that he was elected a judge of the Court of Common Pleas in 1867, to fill an unexpired term. The term expired in 1869 and he retired from the bench for a short time. He was active in opposition to Tammany Hall after the Tweed ring exposures, and he signed the call for the meeting of September 4, 1871, at which the Committee of Seventy was appointed.

He was selected as the counsel of the committee, and on September 7, 1871, he procured from Justice George Barnard the famous order enjoining Richard B. Connelly from acting as City Controller. A few days later he appeared before Judge Barnard in support of this injunction, being opposed by the late William O. Bartlett and Richard O'Gorman. Connelly's resignation and the appointment of Andrew H. Green as Controller followed. Mr. Barrett's services during the subsequent proceedings that were instituted against the Tweed ring were of the highest order, and on October 19, 1871, he was nominated by the Apollo Hall Democrats to succeed Josiah Sullivan as a justice of the Supreme Court. His nomination was indorsed by the Committee of Seventy, the Municipal Council of Reform and the Republicans, and he was elected with a majority of 44,000 votes.

Justice Barrett took his seat on the bench of the Supreme Court on January 1, 1872. When he presided over murder trials in the Court of Oyer and Terminer he won a high reputation for fairness, impartiality and freedom from bias. Richard Croker, who was afterward the boss of Tammany, was tried before Justice Barrett on the charge of homicide, but was acquitted.

Justice Barrett's first term of office as a member of the Supreme Court expired on December 31, 1885, but in October he was renominated by Tammany Hall, Mr. Croker placing him in nomination, and he received the indorsement of the Republicans and of the County Democracy. His re-election to office in November was by an almost unanimous vote, and on January 1, 1886, he began his second term.

Justice Barrett in his second term presided at many important trials in the Court of Oyer and Terminer. He became a member of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court under the law which abolished the Court of Oyer and Terminer, in which he had become so widely known.

When the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court was instituted, Justice Barrett became one of its judges, but in 1900, believing that changes in the membership of that body produced good results, and having a great personal desire to get back to trial work, he asked Governor Roosevelt to be allowed to return to his old home. He served in the Supreme Court until the end of 1905, when failing health caused him to resign. At his request he was appointed an official referee by the Appellate Division, the first to be appointed under the laws of 1905.

Justice Barrett was, as a lawyer, counsel in many important cases, and as judge passed on many more. Notable among them were the "boodle aldermen" trials. He was trial judge in the case of Ferdinand Ward, the "frenzied financier," who wrecked the firm in which General Grant was a partner, and helped along the wreck of the Marine Bank, of which James D. Fish was president. Fish was convicted before Justice Barrett.

In private life Justice Barrett was a favorite with all who knew him. He had an extensive knowledge of literature, both French and English, and he had literary ambition which led him to write a number of articles for magazines and reviews. He also wrote several plays which failed to become popular, although one, "An American Marriage," was produced at Wallack's Theatre in 1883. He was a member of the Century Association, the Metropolitan, Manhattan, Democratic, Barnard, Mendelssohn Glee and Riding clubs.

COURTS HONOR BARRETT.

Branches of Supreme Bench and City Court Adjourn.

After the calendar had been called yesterday in the thirteen Trial Parts and the eight Special Parts of the Supreme Court, adjournment for the day was taken in honor of the memory of ex-Justice George C. Barrett. At the end of the morning session in Special Term of the City Court, Chief Justice O'Dwyer announced the death of Mr. Barrett, and adjournment was taken then for the day. The Appellate Division also adjourned immediately upon learning of Mr. Barrett's death.

Remarks showing the high appreciation felt for ex-Justice Barrett were made by the justices of the various courts. Justice Geigerich said:

The court has learned with profound sorrow of the death of Mr. Justice Barrett. The suddenness of the announcement has created such a shock among us that it is almost impossible to express that deep sense of sorrow we feel in the loss of so eminent a jurist, one who has adorned this bench since 1872.

No doubt at the proper time more formal steps will be taken to express the deep sense of the loss the bench and bar have sustained.

Justice Barrett was undoubtedly one of the greatest judges that ever sat upon this bench. He was learned in the law and a man well versed in the literature of the day. His death will be keenly felt.

As a mark of respect this court will adjourn upon the closing of a few arguments, which will take but a few minutes, and the clerk is directed to enter upon the minutes of this part the action so taken.

HENRY SEYMOUR.

Henry Seymour, a broker, and son of the late Eliza Martin Otto and Walter Martin Seymour, died on Wednesday at Sourdnahunk Camp, Maine, from apoplexy. He left this city last week in the hope of regaining his strength. Mr. Seymour was born in Batavia, N. Y., but when young came to this city with his parents. He was for many years an active member of the New York Produce Exchange, and for twenty years was in charge of the insurance department of the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company. Mr. Seymour was a member of the Manhattan Chess Club and the Society of Colonial Wars. He was unmarried, and made his home with his sister, Mrs. Perkins, at No. 42 West 46th street. He was seventy years old.

HAD MUCH BAD MONEY.

Two Men Charged with Being Counterfeiters.

Bluefield, W. Va., June 7.—Two white men, aged twenty-five and fifty, respectively, giving their names as Bernard King and John Miller, claiming to be from Pennsylvania, but refusing to name the town, were arrested here to-day by Chief of Police Newkirk, charged with being counterfeiters and passing spurious gold coin. King made a partial confession, which led to the arrest of Miller, who, it appears, was doing the "banking."

On Miller were found $1,500 of counterfeit gold coin, composed of $5, $10 and $20 pieces, $1,000 being in $20 pieces.

The men claim to have purchased the spurious coin from an unknown man, but the police discredit this story. They will have a preliminary hearing before a United States commissioner to-morrow.

PLOT TO OUST GOVERNOR PATTISON.

Extra Session of General Assembly May Be Called in Consequence.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

Columbus, Ohio, June 7.—An extra session of the General Assembly may be called soon by Governor Pattison as a result of a plot to oust him from office. Mark Slater, State Printer, refuses to give up his office, because he says Pattison did not sign the commission of his successor.

Republican attorneys have found a decision of the Supreme Court which they say makes Senatorial confirmation necessary before a Pattison appointee can take office. Republican politicians threaten to seek Pattison's removal on the ground of incompetency, due to long illness.

SUNDAY SCHOOLS HIT RACETRACKS.

State Convention at Gloversville—Governor Higgins Commended.

Gloversville, N. Y., June 7.—The New York State Sunday School convention adopted resolutions today in favor of making racetrack gambling a felony, and advocated a direct appropriation for the town and county fairs in place of the present tax on the races. Governor Higgins was commended for his position on gambling and for his veto of the Coggeshall bill increasing the tax on racing associations. Copies of the resolutions were ordered sent to Governor Higgins, Senator Cassidy and Assemblyman Lansing. The resolution committee consisted of J. H. Blant, of Syracuse; George Michelbach, of Binghamton, and John Ward Miles, of New York.

J. H. Blant, of Syracuse, was elected president of the state association, succeeding Benjamin Starr, of Homer. A feature of the convention was a parade of Sunday school children, officers and teachers of the schools of Fulton County, six thousand being in line. Business throughout the city was suspended and the saloons were closed. The matter of selecting a place for next year's convention was left to the executive committee.

OFFICER NABS AUTO SPEEDERS.

George Creuse, of Elkins Park, Penn., chauffeur for Joseph Widener, was arrested Wednesday night by Patrolman Schab, of the Jamaica precinct, as he was speeding along the Hoffman Boulevard at the rate of thirty miles an hour, according to the officer. A second arrest in the same road was made shortly before midnight, when John Duston, of No. 18 West 60th street, Manhattan, chauffeur for Smith & Mabley, was captured and taken to the Jamaica station.

FOR THE VIRGINIA'S FINAL TEST.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

Portsmouth, Va., June 7.—The United States battleship Virginia will have its final acceptance trial trip on the Rockland, Me., course the latter part of the month. The ship, which was placed in commission at the navy yard here about a fortnight ago, will leave here for Lynn Haven Bay on June 15, proceeding thence to Boston Navy Yard to prepare for trial.

WOMAN LAWYER REPROVES JURY.

Miss Esther Kunstler, a woman lawyer, who defended Jacob Rosenstein, nineteen years old, charged with burglary, on Wednesday in Part I of General Sessions, was dismayed yesterday when the jury returned a verdict of guilty.

"Oh, how could you do that?" she exclaimed to the jury; "a nice, innocent boy like that!"

Judge Cowing, finding that the boy had never been in trouble before, allowed him to go on a suspended sentence.

MISS JESSIE GLEASON MARRIED.

Miss Jessie Gleason, daughter of the late ex-Mayor Patrick J. Gleason, of Long Island City, was married last Monday at St. Patrick's Cathedral. The public announcement of the marriage does not mention the bridegroom's name. It is said that he is a drug clerk and employed in Brooklyn. Miss Gleason has not lived in Long Island City since her father died, as frequent efforts were made to serve her with a citation to appear in the Surrogate's Court in connection with the ex-Mayor's estate.

MISS ALLEN TO PLAY IN "CYMBELINE."

The first contract to be signed by Wagenhals & Kemper, managers of the new Astor Theatre, outside of their own enterprises, was one yesterday whereby Miss Viola Allen is to appear at their theatre during October in an elaborate production of "Cymbeline."

WAS AFRAID TO BE MARRIED.

Haverhill, Mass., June 7.—Everett B. Morrell, the young man who disappeared May 26, on the eve of his marriage to Miss Edna Haight, of Newburyport, and was thought to be drowned, is in New York and has written that he will be home tomorrow. The police and relatives say that he was afraid to be married and slipped away to New York.

DECISION ON SMITH L. RUSSELL'S WILL.

Justice Greenbaum, in the Supreme Court, decided yesterday that an agreement entered into between the trustees of the will of Smith L. Russell, who died about two years ago, leaving an estate valued at $200,000, and the Duane Methodist Episcopal Church and Mrs. Mary C. Russell, should be carried out as to the disposal of the property, although he held that the provisions of the will could not be borne out under the statute which prohibits a testator leaving a widow or children from giving more than half of his property to religious or benevolent institutions.

PLEAD FOR PURE FOOD BILL.

Buffalo, June 7.—A telegram signed by the officers and twenty-one directors of the National Wholesale Grocers, in session here, was sent to Speaker Cannon, of the House of Representatives, as follows:

The National Association of Wholesale Grocers of the United States, assembled at Buffalo, representing every state in the Union, and a capital invested of some two hundred millions of dollars, and doing an annual business of about one billion, most urgently and earnestly request that the National Pure Food bill, now before Congress, be taken out of committee and be put upon its passage.

FOR JEROME'S REMOVAL.

Petition to Governor Higgins by William N. Amory.

Albany, June 7.—Removal of William Travers Jerome from the office of District Attorney of New York County is demanded of Governor Higgins in a complaint which has been filed at the Executive Chamber by William N. Amory, of New York City. Frank E. Perley, secretary to the Governor, admitted to-night that such a complaint had been filed, but he would say nothing of the nature of the charges made against Jerome.

"It would be obviously improper," said he, "for me to give out anything whatever on the subject in the absence of Governor Higgins. I have acknowledged receipt of the papers, with the statement that they will be brought to the Governor's attention upon his return."

While nothing definite can be learned here of the nature of the charges, it is assumed that the complaint is the one threatened by him before a legislative committee last winter, and is based upon the charges he then made against Mr. Jerome, of negligence in failing to prosecute persons implicated by Mr. Amory in his allegations against certain metropolitan traction interests.

Governor Higgins is at Olean, and expects to make a Western business trip before his return to Albany. He may not be here before June 15, and probably will not see the Amory charges before that time.

DEFINES PAGE LAW.

Old Mortgages Taxed as Personal Property, Says Attorney General.

Albany, June 7.—Attorney General Mayer sent to the State Board of Tax Commissioners to-day an opinion defining the operations of the Page law, which repeals the mortgage tax statute of 1905 and substitutes a system of recording taxation for those evidences of indebtedness. The opinion, in effect, is that all mortgages filed after July 1 next, when the Page law goes into operation, are subject to the requirements of a recording tax of one-half of 1 per cent.

He holds that all mortgages now in existence or which shall have been executed before that date must be certified back to the local assessors and made subject to taxation according to the provisions of law which existed before the law of 1905, now repealed, was enacted. This means that those mortgages will be subject to taxation as personal property at the local rate of taxation as established in the tax district in which they were executed.

It is believed that the necessity of their continued taxation as personal property can be obviated by their retirement and the execution of new mortgages to take their place.

TO CEMENT THE DREIBUND.

Such the Reason for Exchange of Greetings Between Kaisers and King of Italy.

Vienna, June 7.—Emperor William proceeded this morning to visit Count Hans von Wilczek at Kreutzenstern Castle, accompanied by the German Ambassador, Herr von Wedel, and the imperial suite.

The telegrams exchanged between Emperor Francis Joseph and Emperor William, on the one hand, and the King of Italy, on the other, were evidently drawn up with the view of discouraging a continuance of the reports of coldness between the German Emperor and King Victor Emmanuel, and the consequent weakening of the Dreibund. The two Emperors telegraphed jointly as follows:

As two allies, we send to you, the third, a sincere, united expression of unalterable friendship.

The Italian King's reply was equally warmhearted. He telegraphed:

I share your satisfaction for unity, and beg that you will accept the assurance of my true and inviolable amity.

During his round of visits Emperor William left a card for the American Ambassador, Charles S. Francis. His majesty called at the hotel where the Ambassador is residing, but Mr. Francis was at the Embassy at the time. The Ambassador subsequently drove to Schoenbrunn Castle and signed his name in the book provided for callers on Emperor William.

Emperor William left here for Berlin at 9:30 o'clock to-night. The two Emperors bade each other a cordial farewell at the station, exchanging kisses three times.

Emperor William's visit to Vienna was greatly curtailed by the cold weather and unceasing rain.

Emperor William, in visiting Kreutzenstein Castle, fulfilled a wish he has long entertained. Count Hans von Wilczek spent thirty years in rebuilding and restoring the castle in accordance with historical data, and it is practically a museum of fifteenth century arms and armor. Emperor William examined everything minutely and congratulated Count von Wilczek on the fidelity of the restoration.

BERLIN PLEASED WITH MEETING.

Berlin, June 7.—The meeting of the German and Austrian Emperors at Vienna and the exchange of telegrams between them and King Victor Emmanuel is the cause of much satisfaction, both to the government and the public, as clearing up a period of doubt and mistrust among the allies and restoring the solidity of the Triple Alliance as a peace preservative.

Semi-official utterances are all to the effect that discussions between the Emperors and the respective foreign secretaries have resulted in complete good will, founded on mutual understanding, in which the Italian government shares.

The "Deutsche Tages Zeitung" Paris correspondent avers that in the course of the summer the Italian, Austrian and German navies will assemble in a German port as a demonstration of the sea strength of the Triple Alliance.

DUKE OF ALMODOVAR WORSE.

Madrid, June 7.—The Duke of Almodovar, who has been ailing for some time, has suffered a relapse, the original disease being complicated by pleurisy.

MADRID POPULACE GREETS RULERS.

Madrid, June 7.—King Alfonso and Queen Victoria to-day attended the opening of the new workmen's dwellings in this city. They were received by the populace with great enthusiasm.

Married.

Marriage notices appearing in THE TRIBUNE will be republished in The Tri-Weekly Tribune without extra charge.

ALLEE—CURIE—Laura Curie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Curie, to Dr. William Hanford Allee, on June 6, 1906, at Canterbury Presbyterian Church, Cornwall, N. Y., by Rev. George Drew Egbert, of First Congregational Church, Norwalk, Conn.

BARKER—LOVELL.—On Thursday, June 7, 1906, at First Presbyterian Church, Yonkers, N. Y., by the Rev. Dr. William P. Stevenson, Harriet S. Lovell to William Prescott Barker.

CUTTER—M'BRIDE.—At East Orange, N. J., June 5, 1906, by the Rev. John Fulton Patterson, D. D., Anna Louise, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander McBride, to Eliot Cutter, of Brooklyn, N. Y.

L'HUILLIER—BAKER—On Wednesday, June 6, at All Angels' Church, by the Rev. S. DeLancey Townsend, Marguerite Milbank, daughter of Mrs. William Martyn Baker, to William Darby L'Huillier, both of New York.

Notices of marriages and deaths must be indorsed with full name and address.

Died.

Death notices appearing in THE TRIBUNE will be republished in The Tri-Weekly Tribune without extra charge.

Barrett, George C.
Cary, Howard C.
Dazian, Emma.
Dowling, Edward.
Drummond, Sarah W.
Eaton, Samuel C.
Fursman, Lucy.
Greenough, Anna A.
Hall, William F.
Loder, Susan J. B.
Mead, Solomon S.
Mitchell, Roland G.
Seymour, Henry.
Whitehouse, George M.

BARRETT.—At Saratoga Springs, N. Y., on Thursday morning, June 7, George Carter Barrett, in the 68th year of his age. Funeral services will be held at the Church of the Transfiguration, 29th st., near 5th ave., on Monday, June 11, at 10 a. m. Interment private.

CARY—In London, England, on May 4, 1906, Howard Cary, son of Clarence Cary and Elizabeth M. Cary. Funeral services will be held at Grace Church, Broadway and 10th st., on Friday, June 8, at 10 o'clock a. m. The interment will be at Alexandria, Va.

DAZIAN.—Emma Dazian, beloved wife of Henry Dazian, June 7, 1906, in her 43d year. Funeral services from her late residence, 142 West 44th st., Saturday, June 9, at 8 p. m. Interment at convenience of family. Kindly omit flowers.

DOWLING—On Wednesday evening, at 7 o'clock, Edward Dowling, 74 years of age, for many years missionary for the City Mission and Tract Society to the Lodging House Men. Funeral service will be held to-day at 2 p. m., at the Church of the Sea and Land, Market and Henry sts. Interment at Plainfield.

Died.

DRUMMOND—On Wednesday, June 6, Sarah Wyman, wife of James F. Drummond. Funeral services at her late residence, No. 436 West 22d st., on Saturday morning, June 9, at 11 o'clock. Boston papers please copy.

EATON—At Nyack, N. Y., on Wednesday, June 6, Major Samuel Chapin Eaton, in his 76th year. Relatives and intimate friends are invited to attend the services at his late residence, on Friday, June 8, at 3:30 p. m. Western papers please copy.

FURSMAN—On June 6, Lucy, daughter of the late John and Mary Fursman, in her 86th year. Relatives and friends are invited to attend her funeral, from the Chapel of the Home, 104th st. and Amsterdam ave., on Friday, June 8, at 11 a. m.

GREENOUGH—At her residence, Jamaica Plain, Mass., on June 6, in 86th year, Anna Augusta, widow of David Stoddard Greenough, and daughter of the late John Parkman, all of Boston.

HALL—In this city, on Thursday, June 7, 1906, William F. Hall, son of the late Peleg and Sarah Marsh Hall, of Providence, in the 63d year of his age. Funeral from the residence of his nephew, Charles Morris Smith, Jr., No. 112 Benevolent st., Providence, on Monday, June 11, at 11 a. m.

LODER—At Morristown, N. J., June 7, 1906, Susan J. Beach, wife of Rev. A. L. Loder. Funeral private. Interment at Rockaway, N. J., at the convenience of the family.

MEAD.—At Quaker Ridge, Greenwich, Conn., June 7, 1906, Solomon S. Mead, aged 80 years. Funeral services at his late residence, Saturday, June 9, at 4 p. m. Carriages will be in waiting at Greenwich station for train arriving from the East at 1:40 p. m. and train leaving Grand Central Depot 2 o'clock p. m.

MITCHELL—On June 7, 1906, at his residence, Wildwood, Great Neck, Long Island, Roland Greene, son of the late Roland Greene and Cornelia Post Mitchell. Funeral services at the Church of the Ascension, Fifth avenue and 10th street, on Monday, June 11, at 10:15 a. m.

ROLAND GREENE MITCHELL died at his residence, Wildwood, Great Neck, Long Island, June 6. He was very philanthropic and deeply interested in improving the condition of the poor. He was descended from General Greene, of the Revolution, Roger Williams and the second Royal Governor of Rhode Island, B. Arnold. His great-grandfather, William Minturn, was a partner of Governor Gibbs, of Newport, R. I., and his grandfather, Henry Post, was one of the founders of Grinnell, Minturn & Co. He resided with his two brothers, Arthur Minturn and Albert M. Post Mitchell.

SEYMOUR—Suddenly, on Tuesday, June 5, 1906, at Sourdnahunk Camp, Maine, Henry Se