

troops at Bialystok has been made governor general.

MURDERS IN POLAND.

Mail Wagon Plundered—Jews of Warsaw Fear Massacre.

Warsaw, June 17.—A band of terrorists this morning held up a mail wagon between Krasnowice and Klodawa. They killed the driver, his horses and two soldiers, who were escorting the van, plundered the mails and escaped.

JEWS APPEAL FOR AID.

Members of Parliament Expect Massacres in Other Cities.

London, June 18.—"The Daily Telegraph" this morning prints a telegram received in London from Helsingfors. It is dated Sunday afternoon and is signed by M. Vinaver and four other Jewish members of the Russian parliament, MM. Brandt, Schosberg, Katzenelson and Lewin. The telegram says:

The outbreak at Bialystok clearly was the beginning of an organized massacre, similar to the bloody October days. Only energetic intervention can prevent a terrible catastrophe. Peril is imminent. Appeal to all influences to help us.

TURKS ENTER PERSIA.

More Territory Reported Taken by Sultan's Troops.

Tiflis, June 17.—Advices received from Persia are to the effect that Turkish troops are continuing the movement for the occupation of Persian territory, and now are only six hours' march from the city of Urumiah. They have occupied the Persian village of Zelo, from which the Persian guard was driven.

DAMAGE IN PE-CHI-LI.

Drouth in North and Floods in South—Railway's Losses.

Peking, June 17.—While the northern portion of the province of Pe-Chi-Li is suffering from the most severe drouth since 1900, the southern extremity is flooded, owing to heavy rains. One stretch of the Hankow-Peking Railway, thirty miles long, and several smaller stretches below Shen-Tin-Fu have been destroyed. Traffic has been suspended since last Friday. Some weeks will be required to make repairs.

BISHOP ASSAULTED AT SEOUL.

Struck by Japanese Soldier in Cathedral—Boxers in China Active.

Victoria, B. C., June 17.—News of an assault upon Monsignor Mutel, Roman Catholic bishop at Seoul, was brought yesterday by the steamer Tartar. It seems that some Japanese soldiers entered the cathedral and disturbed the service by smoking and laughing. The bishop went to the men and told them they must desert or leave the edifice. One of the Japanese soldiers struck the bishop a heavy blow in the face. Gardarmes were sent for and the soldiers were arrested.

A revival of boxerism and brigandage is reported from various sections of North China. In the Amoor district a number of Chinese officials have been murdered. In Manchuria brigands held up a train and robbed the passengers of valuables, with the result that Japan has placed guards on all trains.

MANCHURIAN DOOR SHUT FOREIGNERS COMPLAIN.

Merchants Reported Handicapped by Action of Japan.

Peking, June 17.—Widespread and growing dissatisfaction is manifested by American and European merchants, banks and shipping firms against the Japanese administration in Manchuria. The Japanese occupation under the Portsmouth treaty will continue until next April, and in the mean time foreign commerce is almost blocked, the Japanese merchants gaining advantages which make it increasingly difficult to compete with them. Foreign goods enter Manchuria through New-Chwang, where the regular Chinese customs duties are levied, while the Japanese import through Dalny and An-Tung without duty.

Moukden and An-Tung are nominally opened to foreign trade, but foreigners may not go inland without Japanese passes, while many Japanese merchants, miners and promoters are allowed to travel through the country free. Foreign merchants complain that obstacles are placed in the way of shipping goods to the interior from New-Chwang, the Japanese controlling the railway.

An-Tung and Moukden at present are practically worthless bases for foreign trade, because of the difficulty in distributing goods from these points. The foreign merchants are further handicapped by the circulation of war notes to an amount estimated at between 50,000,000 and 75,000,000 yen, which can be used only in Japanese trade.

Consul General Sammons visited Moukden and An-Tung to arrange with the Chinese the details of the opening of these points to foreign trade. He is stubbornly trying to insist on regulations similar to those whereby Ta-Tung-Kiao and An-Tung were recently opened, which gives China a greater control of foreign settlements than she had in the old treaty ports.

THE COREAN REBELLION.

Details of Hong-Ju's Capture—The Revolt Widespread.

Victoria, B. C., June 17.—The steamer Tartar, which arrived yesterday from Japan, brought further advices of the insurrection in Corea. At Hong-Ju a force of Japanese with artillery blew up the city gate and rushed the city. Five hundred rebels occupying that place were defeated and Mingchongsik, the leader, was killed with many others.

The Japanese took advantage of the failure of the Corean troops to cope with the insurrection to strengthen their political position. Japanese papers urged the radical general not to lose time by making representations regarding the outbreak, but to dispatch troops without consulting the Corean government. This was done, and two companies of infantry with some cavalry and artillery left Seoul on May 27. They arrived at Hong-Ju three days later, being delayed one day by flooded rivers, and reinforced the two companies which were already outside the walls.

Nearby villages were occupied and Hong-Ju was thoroughly invested before the attack on the city began with a bombardment, the insurgents replying with a rifle fire from the walls. The following morning two gates were blown up and the Japanese infantry rushed the city.

A number of rebels escaped and made their way south to join the insurgent force which was much stronger at Kang-Kyong, where the Japanese settlement had been looted and a number of Japanese killed. The rebellion was widespread, affecting several provinces, and sporadic outbreaks were reported both north and south.

On the Yalu the Japanese timber companies had been attacked and driven away by Coreans with rifles, and the rafts that were floating down to An-Tung for the troops were destroyed. Two gardarmes met forty rebels at Put-Koak and, notwithstanding the immense odds, the gardarmes opened fire. The Coreans, armed with matchlocks, returned the fire, but could not cope with the two gardarmes lying behind rocks with machine rifles. The rebels finally fled, leaving eleven matchlocks for the gardarmes.

HEARST PIPE BURNS LOW

No Republican Fire to Bolster Dream of Leaguers.

Isaac M. Baker, formerly State Railroad Commissioner, says that the Hearst pipe is not making any impression among the Republicans in the eastern border counties of this state.

Hearst is making some headway among the regular Democrats, but he is not getting all of them," said Mr. Baker last night at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. "In Washington County the Republicans are satisfied with present business conditions, and they are not flocking to Hearst."

"How about the Brackett boom for Governor?" Mr. Baker was asked.

"Senator Brackett will have the support of Washington County, and also of Saratoga, Warren, Schenectady and perhaps several more counties, for Governor," said Mr. Baker. "Up there we feel that we would make a good Governor, and that is why we are ready to stand for him in the state convention. There does not seem to be any discussion over the state chairmanship in our section. State Chairman Odell is very strong with the Republicans of Washington County, and I think that also is true of nearly all of the agricultural counties."

"The Republicans are in pretty good shape for the fall campaign, and things are improving with us a little all the time. Business is good in our county. The old Champlain Canal is doing a great business. The southbound boats are bringing great quantities of iron ore, pulp wood and hay from Canada, and the returning boats have good cargoes."

"Political organizations in the Borough of Queens, hoping to sail under the banner of William E. Hearst, are squabbling over the 'scales of justice,' the regular emblem of the Independence League of this state. Recently the Municipal Ownership League of Queens was incorporated by John H. Sutphin, of Jamaica, formerly County Clerk; Lucien Knapp, of Long Island City; Street Cleaning Superintendent; Winfield Scott Overton, of Brooklyn, and others. They adopted the scales of justice as their emblem and now the members of the Independence League of Richmond Hill protest and say that the other association is guilty of a theft and that they will prevent the Sutphin organization from using the emblem."

THOUSANDS COMING TO MEET BRYAN.

Many Special Trains from Western and Southern States Expected.

William Hoge, the head of the Commercial Travelers' Anti-Trust League, which has charge of the reception to be given for William Jennings Bryan on his arrival here August 25, said yesterday that hundreds of letters were coming in every day, hundreds of assurances from Thomas C. Hennings, of St. Louis, that there will be ten special trains run here from Missouri, said Mr. Hoge. "Indiana has already taken action, and promises to do as well as Missouri, and Illinois, ex-Mayor Harrison of Chicago says, will not be behind."

"Ohio already has arrangements under way to send a large delegation, with Tom Johnson at its head. At least twenty, if not more, will have a boat from the bay to meet the Princes Irene, with Mr. Bryan on board. Lewis Nixon is in charge of these arrangements."

"Trey Woodson, of Kentucky, secretary of the Democratic National Committee, writes that Colonel Henry Watterson will be on hand with a company of Kentuckians."

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[By Telegram to The Tribune.] Boston, June 17.—George Fred Williams, lieutenant for Hearst in his campaign for a Presidential nomination and leader of the radical forces, declared in an interview to-day that the party could not unite on Bryan. The men who are now in control of the Democratic organization in the nation and in Massachusetts could never travel with Mr. Bryan in his course, he said.

A. H. GREEN HOUSE TO BE HOSPITAL.

[By Telegram to The Tribune.] Worcester, Mass., June 17.—"Green Hill Hospital for Infants" was the title chosen to-day at a meeting of the promoters of the plan for transforming the mansion of the late Andrew H. Green, "father of Greater New York," into a hospital for children. The necessary changes in the house will be completed by July 1. The city of Worcester paid \$100,000 for the estate, and the Green heirs gave \$50,000 toward making a park of it.

INDIAN PRINCE INSURES HIS LIFE.

[By Telegram to The Tribune.] Colorado Springs, Col., June 17.—Hearing much of the dangers of ascending Pike's Peak on the cog road and of crossing the range on the scenic railroads, the Maharajah of Baroda, India, who arrived here yesterday, at once took out a \$10,000 policy in a Colorado life insurance company. He was pronounced a good risk by the medical examiner.

NICARAGUAN MINISTER KILLED.

Mexico City, June 17.—Nicaragua is excited over the case of Dr. Julian Irias, who killed Dr. Altamirano, a Cabinet minister. Irias had occasion to visit Costa Rica, and left his wife in the care of Altamirano, who was his intimate friend. In Dr. Irias's absence Altamirano is alleged to have wronged Señora Irias, and when Irias demanded an explanation Altamirano stabbed him in the arm. Irias then shot and killed Altamirano. Irias will be tried.

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JUST ARRIVED.

Forty styles of worsted serges, Grays and Blues in plain, stripes and self overplaids, just taken out of Bond. They are the very latest styles. Special sale of coat and trousers to measure, \$17. Samples with our illustrated booklet, "Elegance At Moderate Cost," mailed to any address.

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CANNON AT WHITE HOUSE

Legislative Situation Convassed and Satisfactory Understanding Reached.

[From The Tribune Bureau.] Washington, June 17.—President Roosevelt had a conference with Speaker Cannon this evening, which lasted from 9:15 until 10:30 o'clock. The legislative situation was very thoroughly convassed, and a satisfactory understanding was reached on a number of important subjects.

"I never felt better in my life," exclaimed the Speaker when he emerged from the White House. "I did not go to church, but I read a chapter in the Bible and said my prayers."

"Did you pray for early adjournment?" the Speaker was asked.

"Well, boys, I do hope and pray that we will be able to get away from here by the first of the month. Of course, I do not know just what the co-ordinate branch of the government will do, but I do not see any reason why things cannot be wound up by the first or very shortly afterward."

"I do not think that we are going to have any trouble about meat—by meat I mean the agricultural bill. We will undoubtedly pass a satisfactory bill, and I hope that we will pass it this week. It is my hope that we will be able to get through it without a rule, but even if we have to have one I do not think adjournment will be retarded, unless some fellow starts in to filibuster, and I do not think anything of that sort will be tried."

"I do not know just what to-morrow's programme will be, on account of Representative Lester's death. If we can get three hours to-morrow, though, we can accomplish a whole lot of work. A day at this time means more than three weeks would have done earlier in the session."

The Speaker talked very frankly about the Pure Food bill and the meat measure. The impression he left in the minds of his hearers was that the President and the majority of the House are much closer together on the latter question than most people believe.

There are really no irreconcilable differences whatever, when the subject is analyzed, and whether the name of the bill finally passed is that of the Senator from Indiana or the House Agricultural Committee's chairman makes very little difference. The main thing is the passage of an effective bill that will be fair to all parties concerned and at the same time will restore the confidence of the world in the great industry that is at present resting under a cloud of suspicion. The Pure Food bill, the Speaker thought, would be taken up and disposed of, and unless some at present unforeseen delay takes place most of the members of Congress will be able to deliver Fourth of July orations at their homes.

CONFERENCE ON MEAT BILL.

Proposition to Give Secretary of Agriculture Final Control.

Washington, June 17.—Members of the House Committee on Agriculture, including Representatives Adams, of Wisconsin, assisted by several officials of the Department of Agriculture, devoted some time to-day to a discussion of various features of the amendment proposed by the House committee, to which the President has pointed out his objections. There is to be a meeting of the full committee to-morrow, and an effort is being made to agree on some ground of modification of the objectionable features so as to facilitate action on the measure.

Mr. Adams, who was at the White House on Friday, and was made acquainted with the President's views, explained them in detail to his colleagues on the committee to-day. A suggested amendment, which, Mr. Adams says, emanated from the Department of Agriculture officials, and which, if it is adopted, is favorably considered by the President, has been brought forward to eliminate the objections set out by the President to the court review proposed by the amendment. This new proposition is designed to give the Secretary of Agriculture the final control of the situation so far as the question of the fitness of the slaughtered animals for human food is concerned, by the insertion of the following clause in the paragraph of the amendment relating to the inspection and condemnation at the post-mortem examination of such animals.

"Which, in the judgment of the Secretary of Agriculture, are unsound, unwholesome, unwholesome and unfit for human food." This clause is suggested to take the place of the words "found to be unsound, unwholesome," etc.

The proposed amendment is expected to meet with opposition from the packing interests, who object to delegating such final authority to the department officials.

Mr. Adams expressed the opinion that the Committee on Agriculture would recede from its position, waiting the appointment of inspectors under the Civil Service Commission. This matter was inserted in the amendment because, he says, the committee was under the impression that the department had not a sufficient list of persons available for that office. He has since been informed that there will be a sufficient number ready for work whenever the legislation becomes effective.

Chairman Wadsworth of the committee is expected to return to the city to-morrow.

AUTO ABLAZE IN BROADWAY.

An automobile owned and driven by C. L. Spencer, of Jacksonville, Fla., who is now staying in this city, was damaged to the extent of \$500 by flames at 12th street and Broadway last night. Broadway cars were held up a quarter of an hour until all danger from an explosion was over. The car was turning into Broadway, when the machinery refused to work. Mr. Spencer alighted and accepted the assistance of a bystander, who, it is said, lighted a cigarette while assisting Mr. Spencer and thoughtlessly threw the match he had used into a pool of gasoline that had formed under the machine. The gasoline blazed up and immediately the automobile was in flames.

QUARANTINE SURPRISES CUBANS.

New York's Action Causes Comment at Havana—Fever in Island Denied.

Havana, June 17.—New York's quarantine regulations against Cuba were a surprise to Cubans. There have been two cases of yellow fever in the island since January, one in May in Matanzas Province and the other in June in Havana. At present there are no cases of fever and no suspected cases.

It is believed the action of the New York authorities was due to the pessimistic attitude of Dr. von Ender, the United States Marine Hospital representative at Havana, who long has predicted yellow fever epidemics in Cuba, and contended that Southern State quarantines would be ineffective as long as there was a possibility of infected passengers from Cuba reaching the South by way of New York within five days.

Health Officer Doty has announced that, beginning next Saturday, passengers on steamers from Havana without immune certificates will be held five days on Hoffman Island. He intends to keep a strict watch for yellow fever during the quarantine season.

A TABLET TO MAXIMO GOMEZ.

Havana, June 17.—The anniversary of the death of Maximo Gomez was celebrated to-day by placing a tablet on the house in which he died. The ceremony was held under the auspices of the Liberal-Nationalists, and addresses were made by the leaders of all parties. Many houses were draped with crepe, and flags were half-masted.

BODY OF MISS HOOPES FOUND.

The body of Miss Elizabeth C. Hoopes, who was drowned Monday morning, June 4, while she was trying to land from the yacht Dione, at early tide on the North River, was recovered early yesterday at that street. Miss Hoopes was twenty-six years old and lived at No. 82 Washington place. Her father being a retired merchant. She had been in a party of twenty young people who went to the Hudson on the Dione. The yacht's tender was upset and all but Miss Hoopes were saved.

In Hot Weather ZOOLAK

is the best refreshing and nourishing drink. Prevents Sunstroke and Summer Complaint. EXCELLENT FOR SEASICKNESS. It is a FERMENTED MILK FOOD, made by a special procedure under the supervision of Dr. M. G. Dadiarian and introduced in 1885 through the New York Academy of Medicine. POSITIVELY REFUSE IMITATIONS. Under other names. At Soda Fountains, Druggists and Cafes.

This Seems a

Clean Food Era

We are inclined to believe that some magazine writers in their anxiety to attract attention to themselves have overstated the case against the meat packers. We do not sell meat but believe in fair play, and also in complete knowledge, by the people of exactly what they are eating. We have always printed on each and every pkg. of

Grape-Nuts

Food

exactly what it is made of and the scores of visitors who pass through our works every day find the Pure Food Factories as clean and sweet as a maiden's fresh white apron. The food is thoroughly cooked in these factories from the choicest white wheat and barley, the sweet offering of the fields.

No food on earth gives the same sustaining power from meal to meal as Grape-Nuts.

BECAUSE—

The starchy parts of the wheat and barley are changed by moisture and heat to a form of sugar required by the human system and almost immediately absorbed without stress to the digestive machinery. And again, the certain elements in these grains are incorporated to insure rebuilding of the soft gray matter in the brain and nerve centres to fit one for the wearing work of the day. A dish of Grape-Nuts and cream at each meal supplies the GO and you can feel it in a way that leaves no question. It is not stimulation but simply scientific feeding.

"There's a Reason."