MOVED FROM ST. PETER'S

Translation of Leo XIII's Body to the Lateran Basilica.

Leo XIII is about to be moved from his temporary resting place in St. Peter's to the majestic tomb which he built for himself long before his death in the ancient and famous Basilica of St. John Lateran, so called because it stands on the site of the mansion of Senator Plautius Lateranus, who was put to death by Emperor Nero because of his conversion to Christianity. Emperor Constantine presented the site to the Bishop of Rome and founded the present Basilica, the oldest portions of which therefore date from the fourth century. Consequently, it has every right to its title and dignity as the mother of all Christian churches.

Pope Leo's tomb consists of a beautiful marble sarcophagus placed over the great door leading into the sacristy to the left of the choir, and is in keeping with that of Pope Innocent III, which is over the corresponding door on the opposite side of the choir. The sarcophagus of Leo XIII is surmounted by his recumbent figure, and is ornamented with delicate tracery in gold. Leo XIII will be the seventeenth of the Popes to be entombed in the Lateran, Innocent III having been the contemporary of the Crusader King, Richard Cœur de Lion of England. In the baptistery is a font of green basalt, in which Emperor Constantine, who labored with his own hand to build the cathedral, was baptized, and in which Rienzi, "The Last of the Tribunes," bathed the night before his fall. Within the main altar are said to be preserved the skulls of St. Peter and St. Paul and a wooden table upon which St. Peter and the early Christians in Rome were in the habit of celebrating communion at the house of Senator Pudens. In fact, the church is filled with relics most sacred in the eyes of all good Catholics.

It may be remembered that when the remains of Pius IX were moved from their temporary resting place in St. Peter's to his tomb in the Basilica of San Lorenzo, outside the walls of Rome, the customary three years having elapsed after his death, the ceremony was made the occasion of a hostile demonstration against the Papacy, and, above all, against the dead Pontiff, the remains being pelted by the mob with mud and stones, and narrowly escaping being thrown into the Tiber. The most intense indignation was aroused by this outrage against the Roman authorities for having neglected to adopt the necessary precautions for the control of the mob, and the affair has always been cited since to illustrate the alleged powerlessness or unwillingness of the government to afford proper protection to the Holy Father were he to leave the Vatican.

The regime now in control of the affairs of Italy is very different from that of 1881, and may be relied upon to maintain the most perfect kind of order.

When, a fortnight ago, the Vatican authorities intimated to the Italian government that the translation of Leo XIII's remains from St. Peter's to the Lateran was about to take place, and suggested that in order to avoid possible trouble or disturbance the removal should be made under the cover of night, King Victor Emmanuel caused Pius X to be informed that all the arrangements would be made by his government, not only for the protection of the hearse and of the procession, but likewise for granting sovereign honors to the remains, if they were conveyed by day from one basilica to the other. Owing to the amicable relations which now prevail between the Papacy and the Italian crown, this offer has been accepted, and a few days hence, perhaps ere this letter appears in print, Leo XIII will leave St. Peter's, for the first time since he entered the Vatican as a "Papabile" Cardinal twenty-eight years ago, and will be borne in stately procession through the streets of Rome, lined with troops rendering sovereign honors, to his final resting place in that mother of churches, St. John Lateran.

KAISER'S EQUINE PERQUISITES.

Emperor William is probably the most magnificently horsed monarch in Christendom. This is due to the fact that as King of Prussia he has a right to select free of cost each year as his royal perquisite thirty of the finest horses—that is to say, the pick of the flock—from the state stud at Trakehnen. The latter is a national institution of world wide fame, upon which the government ever since the days of Frederick the Great has lavished enormous sums. Every year some of the finest horses on the English, the French and the American turf are purchased, well nigh regardless of cost, and are carried off to this huge breeding farm of the German cavalry. The stallions selected have always been those in whom speed and weight carrying capacity are united in the highest possible degree, the result being that, after nearly two hundred years, the Trakehner has become one of the finest breeds in the world. Every year in the month of May the four-year-olds are distributed among the auxiliary or secondary stud farms of Prussia, not, however, before the Emperor's Master of the Horse has had his pick of the finest thirty.

It is this constant addition to his stables, without cost to himself, that renders it necessary for the Kaiser to sell each spring the surplus stock of his own stables in order to make room for the newcomers. It is as well to explain this, since these clearance sales of the royal stables at Berlin have excited a good deal of criticism, some people blaming the Emperor for thus ridding himself of faithful equine servants entitled to a restful old age, while others have assumed that these sales indicated that the Kaiser was too hard on his horses and quickly wore them out. Neither of these insinuations is therefore just. The Kaiser has not room for more than a certain number of horses in his stables, is obliged to make room for the new batch of thirty that arrive from Trakehnen each May, and naturally gets rid of the inferior material, retaining only the very best. In fact, there is a perpetual process of selection and elimination going on.

HOW HIS HORSES ARE TRAINED.

A feature about these Trakehnen horses of the Kaiser is their extraordinary docility. That spirit of subordination to authority which dominates all things living in Germany operates on the colt from its birth. You can enter a field at Trakehnen in which a hundred three-year-old stallions are running free, watched by a couple of mounted herders, and, although a stranger, you may walk in the midst of them, pat them on the nose or flank and they will show themselves as gentle as sheep, and nothing like as shy, in spite of their being animals of good blood and of unquestionable spirit and pluck. To achieve such a result prizes are offered to those herds whose horses show the most confiding disposition on the approach of man. In order to promote this quality, it is made a rule that each day the colts are to be stroked by the hand, their feet raised and in other ways so treated as to make them thoroughly familiar with their future masters.

Trakehnen is situated in the easternmost portion of Prussia, and the property is about ten miles in one direction and stretches seven miles in the other. It was the father of Frederick the Great who first pitched upon the place, and who converted the swamp, over which the moose roamed wild, into the finest pasture land in Germany. Of course, the least favorable feature about Trakehnen is its geographical position with regard to Russia; and, as a matter of fact, it has three times been exposed to capture by invasion from across the eastern frontier, but on each occasion the officials in charge of the Trakehnen stud farm have been able to escape with all the animals in their charge.

Within a drive from Trakehnen is Rominten, the favorite hunting retreat of the Kaiser, with forests well stocked with wild deer and boar, and where, it may be remembered, he received Count Witte on the latter's return from America, on the conclusion of the Peace of Portsmouth.

LORD GERARD TO WED.

Nothing less than a dispensation issued by the Pope will suffice to remove the obstacles in the way of the marriage of young Lord Gerard to Miss May Gosselin, whose father was for so many years British Minister at Lisbon, and who died last year, for the young people are first cousins, the widowed Lady Gosselin being a sister of the late Lord Gerard. Although Lord Gerard's peerage is of quite modern creation, having been conferred upon his grandfather, he holds a baronetcy which is the third oldest in existence, dating from 1611. The baronetcy has this to distinguish it from others of the same era: it cost no money. It may be remembered that King James I founded the Order of Baronet for the purpose of replenishing his exchequer, exacting a sum equivalent to $5,000 from each new baronet created, in payment of the patent. Thomas Gerard, however, got his baronetcy for his devoted services to Mary Queen of Scots, the mother of King James I, who declined to accept any money from him.

Lord Gerard's country place is Eastwell Park, a beautiful place in Kent, surrounded by an immense park, wherein seven superb avenues lined by trees hundreds of years old converge upon the house; and within the borders of which stand two parish churches. The present mansion is only about one hundred and fifty years old, but the park dates back to the times prior to the Norman conquest, and there are several mentions made of Eastwell Park in Doomsday Book.

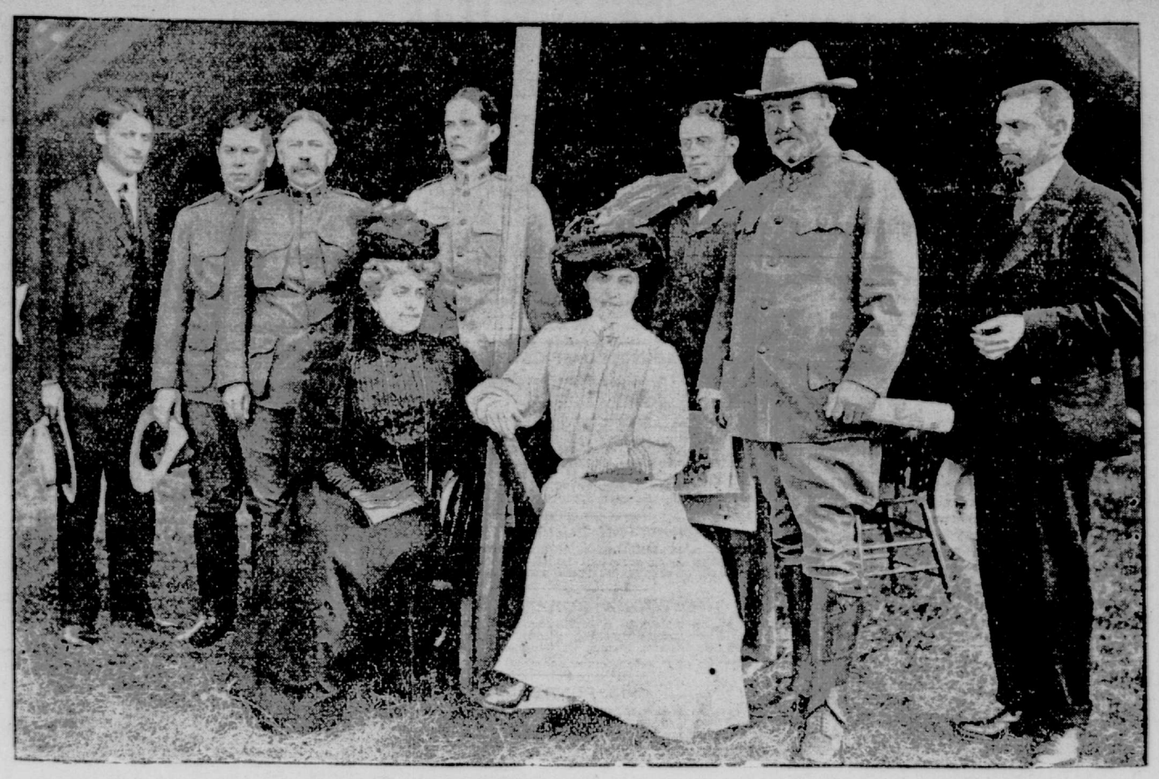
There are all sorts of legends and stories in connection with the place, which was rented by Kink Edward's sailor brother, the late Prince Alfred, Duke of Edinburgh and of Coburg, who entertained there both the Czar Alexander II and the late Czarina. One of the most curious relics of the park is a cottage, or rather the ruin of one, which was occupied during the greater part of his life by a natural son of King Richard III. He was known as Richard Plantagenet, and from the time of the death of his hunchback father at the battle of Bosworth until his own demise was head gardener at Eastwell.

Lord Gerard, like his bride, belongs to one of the old Roman Catholic families—those families which possessed so great an attraction for Lord Beaconsfield, who was never tired in his novels of intimating that, titled and untitled, they constituted the most blue-blooded aristocracy of England. Lord Gerard's sister, a very beautiful woman, is married to young Baron de Forest, one of the adopted sons and heirs of the late Baron Hirsch, and his mother is a member of that Milner family which is so famous in the annals of English sport.

Last year Lord Gerard became involved, indirectly, in a scrape at Sandown Park which resulted in the mobbing of young De Wend Fenton, and in his being warned off the turf. Lord Gerard, although fully cleared by the Jockey Club of all blame in relation to the scandal, was so embittered by the criticisms to which he had been subjected that he insisted upon selling his entire racing stable and in withdrawing from the turf. De Wend Fenton, after an interval, instituted legal proceedings against the stewards of the Jockey Club for having publicly charged him with the unfair running of his horse in a match between himself and Lord Gerard, and he also began an action for libel against the publishers of "The Racing Calendar" for printing the decree against him. It is understood that the Jockey Club has withdrawn its "warning," and that in consequence thereof Fenton has stopped the suit which he had begun against the club.

MARQUISE DE FONTENOY.

AT GENERAL GRANT'S HEADQUARTERS, CAMP ROOSEVELT, MOUNT GRETNA, PENN.



From left to right: Captain A. J. Bowley, Captain W. T. Johnstone, R. K. Evans, chief of staff; Mrs. Grant, U. S. Grant 3d, Princess Cantacuzene, Potter Palmer, jr., General Grant, Prince Cantacuzene.

NO WEDDING IN HOSPITAL.

Marriage of Miss Grace Frisbee and Lewis R. Conklin Will Await His Recovery.

Much annoyance was caused yesterday to those concerned by the report that Lewis R. Conklin, a lawyer, of this city, was to be married on what was described as his "death bed" at the Post-Graduate Hospital. His wedding to Miss Grace Frisbee, of New Haven, was to have taken place yesterday in that city, but Mr. Conklin was injured painfully about two weeks ago when his automobile was struck by a train while he was going to Newburg to inspect a house which he intended to occupy after his marriage. At first it was thought that he was seriously hurt, but later it was found that his injuries were simply severe contusions.

Miss Frisbee is now in this city, awaiting the recovery of Mr. Conklin. "The story that we were to be married in the hospital to-day is entirely false," she said last night. "We will not be married until Mr. Conklin leaves the hospital, which will probably be in a few days, and the ceremony will take place in Christ Church, New Haven, as planned originally."

Miss Frisbee and Mr. Conklin became engaged while he was in Yale. The engagement was not made known until after he had left college. Three years ago the announcement was made that the wedding would take place this month.

UNCLE OF HELEN M. GOULD DEAD.

John Bailey Miller, uncle of Miss Helen Miller Gould and brother-in-law of the late Jay Gould, died on Wednesday at the home of his brother, Daniel S. Miller, No. 150 West 59th street. The funeral will be held at the home this morning at 10 o'clock, burial being private.

Mr. Miller leaves a wife, who at the time of his death was suing him for divorce. Mrs. Miller owns the estate of Joseph Jefferson, the actor, at Hohokus, N. J., and a mortgage of $15,000 on the property was about to be foreclosed. Mr. Miller was paying his wife $60 a week pending the outcome of the divorce suit. Mrs. Miller had also brought suit for $100,000 against certain of her husband's relatives for the alienation of his affections.

CHANNING POLLOCK MARRIED.

Toronto, Ont., Aug. 9.—Channing Pollock, of New York, the playwright, and Anna Marble, of New York, a newspaper writer, were married here today. Mr. Pollock is general press agent for the Shuberts, and Miss Marble occupied the same position for Oscar Hammerstein. Mr. and Mrs. Pollock went on a wedding trip down the St. Lawrence River.

DIVORCE GRANTED MRS. SHELDON.

Justice Giegerich, in the Supreme Court yesterday, signed the final decree in the suit for absolute divorce brought by Emily J. Sheldon against James Sheldon. The case was tried before Referee Alexander V. Campbell, and on his report an interlocutory decree was entered. Mrs. Sheldon alleged that her husband was living in London with another woman.

JUSTICE BREWER ON SUPREME COURT.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

Hot Springs, Va., Aug. 9.—The annual address before the Virginia State Bar Association was delivered to-day by Justice Brewer. His theme was "The United States Supreme Court." He was frequently interrupted by applause. After his address John Goode moved the thanks of the association to the speaker. Toasts were responded to by Justice Brewer, Professor S. C. Mitchell, W. R. Abbott, Dr. George Ben Johnston and Judge O. F. Moore.

SENATOR WHYTE 82 YEARS OLD.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

Baltimore, Aug. 9.—Senator William Pinkney Whyte celebrated his eighty-second birthday anniversary by remaining at his country home at Ruxton, where there was a family gathering to celebrate the occasion. There were bushels of telegrams of congratulations, while all the neighbors called. This is the first day off the ex-Governor has taken since Congress adjourned. He says debilitated old men need vacations, but that he is too busy with accumulated work to think of one.

KAISER HONORS FRAU KRUPP.

Essen, Aug. 9.—Emperor William has conferred the Order of William upon Frau Krupp, the widow of the gunmaker.

MR. COUDERT EXPLAINS.

Lawyer Gives Views of Oyster Bay Pier Controversy.

The controversy at Oyster Bay between Mrs. Elizabeth Coudert, one of the summer residents and mother of Frederic R. Coudert, the lawyer, and the Highway Commissioners of that town over the riparian rights in connection with a small pier built by the Couderts was explained at length yesterday by Frederic R. Coudert.

"I don't usually like to try my cases in the newspapers," Mr. Coudert said, "and this case has received much more prominence than it really deserves, but the action of the Highway Commissioners seems so manifestly unfair that I cannot refrain from explaining the true situation."

Mr. Coudert said that there had probably been riparian rights at Oyster Bay for one hundred years. He had lived there for eight years, he said, and had never had trouble with the commissioners before. On Saturdays, he explained, it was the custom of some of the farmers to drive along the beach, under the pier which he had erected, and dig clams. He had never opposed their going on his property and paid no attention to them, he said.

"Three years ago," he continued, "the Highway Commissioners came to me and told me that, under some laws dating as far back as 1680, I think, the riparian rights made it unlawful for me to have the pier, and that they were going to knock it down. I strongly objected to such a strenuous measure, and the commissioners were very gentlemanly at that time and suggested that I bring a test suit. I thought that reasonable, but expensive, and a lawyer never wants to litigate for himself. But I begun the suit in the lower courts, and it was decided in favor of the town under the old Andress grant. But, while there had been somewhat similar opinions in the lower courts before, the cases had never gone to the Court of Appeals, and this case was therefore appealed and is now before the Court of Appeals."

Mr. Coudert expressed his indignation that the commissioners should have attempted to destroy the pier while litigation was pending. He said it was the usual understanding that nothing be done in any case where a decision in a higher court was pending.

"Considering the fact," he continued, "that the town let me have the pier for nine years you can imagine my astonishment upon my return to Oyster Bay the other day to find that a gang of men had wrecked the whole pier, tearing away part of it, and incidentally crushing a new boat of mine, which they did not take the trouble to get out of the way. Where they did wrong was not to notify me of some intended action. I believe it was a gross breach of good faith on their part to take any action while the case was before the Court of Appeals. It shows conclusively to my mind that the commissioners are not acting for the public good. I had the pier rebuilt at considerable expense, and I found last night that part of it had again been wrecked. How the rest was saved the newspapers have already told."

Mr. Coudert acknowledged that on his mother's initiative he had brought personal suit for damages against each of the commissioners. He has not brought action against the town, as he believes the Court of Appeals case will be sufficient in that respect. Mr. Coudert refused to say whether he would have the pier rebuilt or not. He said he did not desire to have the commissioners know what his future plans would be.

It is understood that the present activity of the Highway Commissioners has a political significance. An approaching primary election at Oyster Bay is said to be the cause of the commisioners' suddenly becoming so active in waging war on summer residents.

PIER OWNERS' POSITION.

Townsend Scudder States It, but Advises Modus Vivendi.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

Oyster Bay, Aug. 9.—The episode at the Coudert pier continues to monopolize the local horizon. The only open move made to-day by anyone connected with the case was the publication in "The Guardian" of a letter written by Townsend Scudder, who signs himself "Counsel for the upland owners on Cove Neck." Mr. Scudder's letter, which is dated August 7, or a day before the last attack upon the Coudert pier, is, in part, as follows:

The controversy over Cove Neck shore front has assumed an aspect discreditable to the town. The questions involved are questions of law, which should be decided in an orderly way by the courts and not by mob force. I respectfully submit that it will be more creditable and lead to less notoriety if the town board and the upland owners agree upon a modus vivendi pending the court's final action.

The town board can't expect the upland owners, in the absence of a final court determination, to acknowledge the existence of a highway around Cove Neck four rods wide and lying below high water mark. If the supervisor is correctly reported in the press, he is mistaken in his statement that the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court has held there was such a highway. I beg to submit that the Court of Appeals of this state held recently that riparian owners had the right to reach the navigable portion of the stream by maintaining a dock.

I submit that agreements be entered into between the town and the several owners of uplands on Cove Neck who are maintaining docks; that these docks shall remain until a final determination in the Court of Appeals of the town's rights; pending such decision, however, that the docks be altered or constructed for convenient passage along the shore in vehicles or otherwise by those desiring to do so. Such an agreement will withdraw this controversy from the public press, and its moral effect in the way of promoting orderly procedure and decency will be great.

At the same time, I advise you that in so far as the law allows every official or individual who has interfered or who hereafter interferes with private property on this shore will be held strictly accountable. The upland owners are lawabiding citizens, willing to recognize every right that the town possesses, but while alleged rights are awaiting determination in the courts they protest against violence and wanton destruction.

MEDAL FOR PRESIDENT FALLIERES.

Paris, Aug. 9.—President Fallieres, at the Elysee Palace, this afternoon received a deputation of the committee of the St. Louis Exposition, consisting of President David R. Francis, Hugh Henry Breckenridge, Charles H. Jones, Lewis D. Dozier, S. M. Felton and Festus J. Wade. Secretary Vignaud introduced the deputation, which came to give the President a gold medal commemorative of the exposition.

The deputation went through the formalities of presenting the President with the medal.

Owing to an unforeseen delay in the arrival of the medal here, it will be handed to the French President privately at a subsequent date.

NEW COMIC OPERA IN LONDON.

London, Aug. 9.—One of the best comic operas produced in London since the day of Gilbert & Sullivan, was given at the New Theatre to-night. The name of the opera is "Amasis." The libretto is by Frederick Fenn and the music by P. M. Faraday. Despite the fact that the music is somewhat reminiscent and amateurish, though tuneful, the work achieved considerable success, owing to the witty lines, a considerable plot, charming lyrics and attractive setting. The scene is land in Egypt. The principal characters are in the hands of Ruth Vincent, Rutland Barrington, Norman Salmond and Whitworth Mitton.

OBITUARY.

HIRAM WARREN MEAD.

Hiram Warren Mead, for more than forty years a resident of Brooklyn, died at his home, No. 1,419 51st street, on Tuesday, aged eighty-two years.

Mr. Mead, who spent his boyhood in Pittsfield, Mass., went to Boston when twenty years old. Four years later he went to Calcutta, India, the trade between the East Indies and the United States then being centred in Boston. Returning to this country in 1849, Mr. Mead came to New York and entered the counting room of John Gilson & Co., dealers in linens, in Pine street. Upon the failure of this house, in 1857, he formed a copartnership under the firm name of Burgess & Mead, dealers in Scotch and Irish linens. In 1865 he went into Wall Street and soon after joined the Stock Exchange. He sold his seat twenty-one years later and went abroad for his health. He had travelled extensively since. In politics, although originally a Democrat, Mr. Mead was independent for many years, working for Seth Low as first Mayor of Greater New York. Mr. Mead was connected with the Lafayette Avenue Presbyterian Church.

He leaves a wife, one daughter and two grandchildren. The funeral took place at his home last evening. Burial will be in the family plot at Pittsfield.

MRS. CHARLES EMORY SMITH.

Philadelphia, Aug. 9.—Word was received here to-night of the death at Block Island, R. I., to-day of Mrs. Ella Smith, wife of ex-Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith. Mrs. Smith had been ill only a short time.

Block Island, R. I., Aug. 9.—Mrs. Smith had been a guest at a hotel here for the last six weeks. Two weeks ago she was taken ill, and on account of the seriousness of her condition Mr. Smith came to Block Island about a week ago, and has since remained here.

JARED HOWES MUNSON.

Jared Howes Munson, a former Wall Street broker, and for nearly fifty years a resident of Brooklyn, died on Monday at his home, No. 263 Sackett street, from heart disease. Mr. Munson was born in Otsego County, N. Y., in 1836. He engaged in the banking and brokerage business and was one of the charter members of the Consolidated Exchange. He was a veteran of the Civil War. Of late years he had been conducting a general stock brokerage business. He leaves a wife, one son and two daughters.

MRS. AUGUST GRUPE.

Mrs. August Grupe, wife of a wealthy sugar planter, died on Wednesday from Bright's disease at the Belvidere Hotel, Fourth avenue and 18th street. She had been a guest of the hotel for ten weeks. She was ill when she arrived, having been a sufferer from the ailment for five years. Mr. and Mrs. Grupe came here from Germany more than thirty years ago, and later went to Cuba. At the time of the visit to Cuba of Mrs. Nicholas Longworth, she was entertained by Mrs. Grupe in Havana.

EDWARD THEODORE BELL, JR.

Edward Theodore Bell, jr., son of Edward T. and Anna D. Bell, of Paterson, N. J., died yesterday from Bright's disease at the Hahnemann Hospital. Mr. Bell was thirty-one years old and was graduated from Yale with the class of '96. He was a member of the Lotos, the Union League and Yale clubs and of the North Jersey Country Club and Hamilton Club of Paterson.

Mr. Bell was a lieutenant on the staff of Colonel Hine, of the 5th Regiment, N. G. N. J., and served in the Spanish-American War.

The funeral will be held to-morrow at 2 o'clock at the home of his father, at Paterson, N. J.

DR. W. J. CLASS.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

Chicago, Aug. 9.—Dr. W. J. Class, of the Chicago Board of Health, discoverer of the scarlet fever germ, and one of the best known bacteriologists in the country, died to-day at Benton Harbor, Mich., where he had gone on account of poor health. While medical inspector for the city Health Department Dr. Class, who did a great deal of research work in scarlet fever and cerebro-spinal meningitis, three years ago announced his discovery of the scarlet fever germ, his theory being accepted by scientists generally. He was graduated from Rush Medical College, and later studied in Vienna and Dresden.

PAPAL PROTEST IGNORED.

Spanish Cabinet Stands Firm on Civil Marriages Question.

Madrid, Aug. 9.—The Cabinet to-day discussed the protest of the Papal Nuncio against the government's action in denying the right of the clergy to refuse burial in consecrated ground to those married civilly. It was decided by the ministers to maintain absolutely the rights of the civil authority.

During the discussion the Minister of Justice, Count Romanones, announced his resignation, so as to give the government a freer hand.

The Nuncio later informed the Minister of Justice that he had applied to Rome for authorization to negotiate with the Spanish government with the view of arriving at a compromise.

FRANCIS JOSEPH A GRANDSIRE AGAIN.

Ischl, Austria, Aug. 9.—The Archduchess Maria Valeria, youngest daughter of Emperor Francis Joseph and wife of Archduke Franz Salvator of Austria-Tuscany, gave birth to a daughter to-day. Both mother and child are doing well.

C. L. RICKERSON SAID TO BE DYING.

Catskill, N. Y., Aug. 9.—Charles L. Rickerson, of Brooklyn, is said to be dying at the home of his niece, Mrs. Frederick Palmatier, in this village. Mr. Rickerson, who is sixty-two years old, was formerly president of the Catskill and New York Steamboat Company, and was born in Greene County. He arrived here last Saturday and on Sunday suffered a stroke of paralysis.

Mr. Rickerson is a member of the firm of Charles Rickerson & Sons, at No. 212 West street. He belongs to the Riding and Driving and Montauk clubs and the Chamber of Commerce of Brooklyn. He lives at No. 51 Eighth avenue, Brooklyn, and is president and director of the Catskill and Tannersville Railway, director of the Catskill Mountain Railway and president of the Otis Railway.

OFF FOR THE COUNTRY

Fresh Air Children Highly Pleased at Ashford Hill Circus.

"Oh, what a pretty river!" Such was the exclamation of a boy sent out by the Tribune Fresh Air Fund, as he was passing through City Hall Park, on the way to the train. The view which called forth this exclamation was the fountain in the park; not much of a river, most people will admit, but undoubtedly the most attractive one the boy had ever seen.

There were altogether three hundred and thirty-four children made happy by the Fresh Air Fund yesterday. The first party to leave town consisted of fifty who went to St. Helen's Home, at Interlaken, Mass., to be the guests of John E. Parsons.

The next company gathered in the West 42d street station of the West Shore Railroad, bound for Kromm farm, Shokan, N. Y., a delightful place in the Catskills.

The third party went to Ardsley, N. Y., last night. One hundred and eighty-four were in the company which is to be entertained at Ashford Hill.

Returning from that place yesterday was another party of nearly two hundred, full of tales of the many pleasures that they enjoyed. The thing that had pleased them most was the circus. Every year the children at Ashford Hill take part in one more or less startling production, and this week's performance took place last Tuesday. When the children arrived at Ardsley bills were posted announcing the "most awe-inspiring performance the world has ever seen.' For a whole week the participants were busy practising their "stunts."

By Tuesday noon everybody was ready. The "dodger" took his position behind the white canvas and became the target for scores of green apples hurled at his head. Others began to ring the canes and to invest in pink lemonade, which was there in abundance. "Clancy the cop" and all his assistants were on hand and kept a diligent eye out for signs of a "lifted lid." Only one arrest was made, however. A medicine faker began his talk by announcing a startling wire-walking performance. A little later, however, he failed to "produce the goods." The crowd became wildly excited, and, to prevent a riot, the faker and all of his assistants were taken in hand by the police.

The circus proper began with a big parade, in which all the performers took part. Clancy headed it with two lines of uniformed policemen. He was followed by a corps of boy cadets, the elephant, the giraffe, Uncle Sam, Miss Columbia, the girl cadets, color bearers, a particularly fierce looking lion, and a whole cage full of monkeys. Next came numberless clowns, fakers and acrobats, and, last of all, Uncle Eli Haystubble, contentedly chewing on a straw.

At the main ring the parade ended. The girl acrobats nimbly stepped to the front and gracefully kissing their hands to the crowd begun the performance. The strong man appeared and then gave place to the trained monkeys, who in turn fled in confusion, when the Kennedy brothers, human contortionists, appeared on the scene. There was a giraffe that counted and answered questions, and a performing elephant that could shave himself almost as good as the real Barnum & Bailey article. The day ended with a chariot race, in which the excited teams went so fast that, as one of the spectators expressed it, "youse couldn't see de spokes in de wheels."

A description of the circus would not be complete without a word for the sideshows. They were all there, from the bearded lady to the fearless snake charmer. They included also a mermaid, a midget city and an up-side-down man. A band of thirty pieces from the New York Juvenile Asylum rendered a musical programme. In the pavilion a vaudeville show, given by purely local talent, was the attraction.

The circus was a little out of the ordinary by way of entertainment at Ashford Hill, but care is taken to see that every child that visits the place has a pleasant time. Through the kindness of the Misses Earl, former caretakers at Ashford Hill, the first party to visit the place this year enjoyed an entertainment given by a musical club from Jersey City. The second party was treated to ice cream by the firm of Austin & McDonough.

THE TRIBUNE FRESH AIR FUND.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

Eleanor Barr Allan, Milton, N. Y.	$10 00
H. M. H. and J. T. H., jr.	25 00
Mrs. James Forgie, Aberdeen, Scotland	5 00
David Brown	5 00
Mrs. Heath, Washington, Conn.	5 00
Mrs. A. F. McCabe	5 00
Mrs. G. H. Robinson, Northport, Long Island	10 00
"A small card club, in New Rochelle"	10 00
V. E. S.	5 00
Mrs. H. S. Collins, Watch Hill, R. I.	25 00
Carrie C. Wells, Brewster, N. Y.	5 00
Estelle and Annette	10 00
Busy Bee Society, Sharon, Conn., through Mary C. Goodwin	25 00
"M. T. V. R.—In Memoriam"	3 00
"In memory of Marguerite"	25 00
Mrs. N. E. Ten Broeck, Mohawk Lake, N. Y.	5 00
The Rev. and Mrs. William P. Bruce, Yonkers, N. Y.	9 00
Mrs. William H. Barton, Yonkers, N. Y.	2 00
The Pennsylvania Chautauqua Sunday school, Lancaster, Penn., through the Rev. H. A. Gerdsen, D. D.	6 91
	5 00
Elizabeth Mapelson Ramsey	33 00
Collected at a musical held August 8 at Twilight Park	
Part proceeds of a lawn fete for the benefit of Sea Breeze and for fresh air work by Sunshine Society, Red Bank, N. J., Ernestine Scott, treasurer	13 00
Previously acknowledged	16,014 78
Total, August 9, 1906	$16,267 29

Remittances, preferably by check, express order or postoffice money order, should be drawn to the order of and addressed to the Tribune Fresh Air Fund, New York City.

[The Tribune Fresh Air Fund was the first movement of the kind in the country. Every other one, here or elsewhere, has been started in imitation of this pioneer. The Tribune cordially welcomes all co-laborers in the field, but, without wishing to depreciate in the least the work of others, thinks it its duty to remind readers that the Tribune Fresh Air Fund is, so far as known, the only one in which absolutely every dollar contributed by the public goes directly to the work of sending a poor child to the country, keeping it there for two weeks and bringing it back again. No collectors are ever employed, and all collections made for the fund are purely voluntary. All expenses for the organization, agents and general machinery of the charity are privately defrayed by The Tribune itself and by the trustees of the fund. There are no percentages to collectors to come out of the contributions of the public, and no payments to agents, managers, secretary or others. Every dollar goes straight to the benefit of a child.]

SAYS HE DIDN'T CRITICISE ART LEAGUE.

William J. Steinigan, who is reported to have written a letter to his parents at Meriden, Conn., saying that he had been compelled to leave the Art Students' League because of the rough conduct of the students there, said yesterday that he had written no such letter and had not criticised the school.

CLINTON WRAY STARTS FOR PITTSBURG.

Toronto, Ont., Aug. 9.—Clinton Wray, wanted in Pittsburg for the larceny of $125,000 from the Union Trust Company, waived extradition proceedings and left here by the 2 o'clock boat to-day for Buffalo, en route to Pittsburg.

PROMINENT ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS

ALBEMARLE—C. I. Budge, Glasgow, Scotland. NEW GRAND—J. C. Fremont, U. S. N. IMPERIAL—C. M. Thayer, Worcester, Mass. ST. REGIS—M. Mitsutaski, Tokio, Japan.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Official Record and Forecast.—Washington, Aug. 9.—The trough of low pressure that extended Wednesday evening from the Missouri Valley to the middle Atlantic coast now reaches from the western lake region to the North Carolina coast. The rain area attending this depression extends from the upper Mississippi Valley to the middle Atlantic coast. Rainfalls have been especially heavy along the west shore of Lake Michigan, where 2.10 inches were reported at Green Bay, Wis., and 1.06 inches at Escanaba, Mich. The heaviest rainfall reported elsewhere was .94 inch at Washington. Temperatures are moderate east of the Mississippi River. West of the Mississippi there was a general increase in temperature, a maximum of 94 degrees being reported at Miles City, Mont.

The indications are that showers will prevail Friday north of the Ohio River and from the upper lake region eastward, possibly extending southward over the Atlantic States to Virginia. Temperatures will rise in the Ohio and Mississippi valleys.

During Friday the winds along the New England coast will be fresh from easterly; on the middle Atlantic coast, light to fresh and shifting to southwest; on the South Atlantic coast, light southerly; on the Gulf coast, light and variable; on the lower lakes, fresh southerly, shifting to westerly, with thunder squalls; on the upper lakes, fresh to brisk winds will shift to north and northwest.

Steamers departing Friday for European ports will have fresh easterly winds and partly cloudy weather to the Grand Banks.

Forecast for Special Localities.—For the District of Columbia, Delaware and Maryland, showers to-day; Saturday, fair; fresh south shifting to southwest winds.

For New England fair in east, showers in western portion to-day; Saturday, showers; fresh east winds.

For Western Pennsylvania, Western New York, showers and probably thunderstorms to-day; Saturday, fair; fresh to brisk southeast, shifting to southwest and west winds.

For Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey, showers to-day; Saturday, fair; fresh east, shifting to south and southwest winds.

Local Official Record.—The following official record from the Weather Bureau shows the changes in the temperature for the last twenty-four hours in comparison with the corresponding date of last year:

	1905.	1906.		1905.	1906.
3 a. m.	73	71	6 p. m.	74	78
6 a. m.	72	70	9 p. m.	73	74
9 a. m.	75	73	11 p. m.	73	73
12 m.	76	78	12 p. m.	73	—
4 p. m.	75	78			

Highest temperature yesterday, 78 degrees; lowest, 70 degrees; average, 75 degrees; average for corresponding date last year, 74 degrees; average for corresponding date last twenty-five years, 74 degrees.

Local Forecast.—To-day showers; Saturday fair; fresh east, shifting to south and southwest, winds.

"Burnett's Vanilla is Pure Food."

Died.

Death notices appearing in THE TRIBUNE will be republished in The Tri-Weekly Tribune without extra charge.

Andemars, Hortense.
Beatty, Hetty B.
Bell, Edward T., jr.
Burrall, Mary L.
Covey, Gertrude F.
Goodman, Samuel.
Hall, Margaret K.
Lee, Roscoe I.
MacMullen, Grace L.
Olcott, Clarence W.
Runyon, Benjamin.

ANDEMARS—On Thursday, August 9, Hortense, widow of Frank L., at her residence, No. 40 Morningside ave. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BEATTY—At her late residence, Knollwood, Westfield, N. J., on August 9, 1906, after a long illness, Hetty Ball, wife of John Cuming Beatty, and daughter of the late William Gedney and Matilda Chatwood Ball. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, Knollwood, Westfield, N. J., on Saturday morning, August 11, at 11 o'clock.

BELL—Suddenly, at Hahnemann Hospital, New York City, on August 9, of acute Bright's disease, Edward Theodore, jr., elder son of Edward T. and Anna D. Bell, in his 31st year. Funeral services at his father's residence, Broadway, Paterson, N. J., on Saturday, August 11, at 2 o'clock.

BURRALL—On August 7, at her late residence, No. 44 West 17th st., Mary Lee, wife of Dr. Frederick A. Burrall. Funeral service will be held at the University Place Presbyterian Church, corner of 10th st., on Friday morning, August 10, at 10 o'clock.

COVEY—In Yonkers, on Thursday, August 9, 1906, at the residence of E. A. Fairbanks, Gertrude Florence, beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Covey, of New York City. Funeral service Friday evening, at 8:30 o'clock, to which friends are respectfully invited.

GOODMAN—Samuel, in Liverpool, England, suddenly, August 7. Notice of funeral hereafter. (Albany, Rochester and Buffalo papers please copy.)

HALL—At Asbury Park, N. J., on Wednesday, August 8, 1906, Margaret Kenyon, wife of William A. Hall. Funeral services will be held at her late home, No. 32 Hill st., Newark, N. J., on Saturday, August 11, at 3 p. m.

LEE—Suddenly, at East Orange, N. J., August 9, 1906, Roscoe Irving, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas A. Lee, aged 19 years. Funeral Friday evening, August 10, from the residence of his parents, No. 33 South Maple ave., at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

MACMULLEN—On Wednesday, August 8, 1906, Grace Lord, daughter of the late John and Alice F. MacMullen, in her 33d year. Funeral service at her late residence, No. 479 West 152d st., on Friday, August 10, at 2 p. m.

OLCOTT—On August 8, 1906, Clarence Worth Olcott, son of the late Theodore Olcott, of Albany, N. Y. Burial at Albany Friday, August 10, on arrival of train leaving Grand Central Station at 8:45 a. m.

RUNYON—At Millington, N. J., on Tuesday, August 7, Benjamin Runyon, in the 81st year of his age. Funeral services from his late residence, Millington, on Friday, August 10, at 2 p. m.

CEMETERIES.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY

is readily accessible by Harlem trains from Grand Central Station, Webster and Jerome Avenue trolleys and by carriage. Lots $125 up. Telephone 4855 Gramercy for Book of Views or representative.
Office, 20 East 23d St., New York City.

UNDERTAKERS.

FRANK E. CAMPBELL CO., 241-3 W. 23d St. World known; old stand. Tel. 1324 Chelsea.

Special Notices.

I desire to have the address of Marshall Bates, who resided in New York City November 18th, 1861, and if dead the name and address of some one of his heirs. J. W. McCLELLAN, Eminence, Mo.

POSTAL INFORMATION, REGARDING INCOMING AND OUTGOING MAILS, WILL BE FOUND WITH THE SHIPPING NEWS ON PAGE 8.

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