

thirteen to go to New York. No decision will be made until next week about the admission of other witnesses.

MORTGAGE TAX CHANGES.

Proposed in Bill Introduced for Senate Taxation Committee.

[By Telegram to the Tribune.] Albany, March 22.—For the Senate Committee on Taxation and Retrenchment Senator Aldis today introduced a bill amending the existing Mortgage Tax law in many ways. The measure is the result of conferences between the Tax Commission and members of the taxation committee...

PARSONS TO AID THE GOVERNOR.

Will Go to Albany to Urge Passage of Recount and Public Utilities Bill.

Herbert Parsons, president of the Republican County Committee, will go to Albany on Monday or Tuesday for a conference with Governor Hughes and the leaders of the Legislature. It is understood that Mr. Parsons is making the trip for the purpose of helping along the friends of Governor Hughes in advancing measures recommended by the Governor.

UPSTATE RAILWAY AUTHORIZED.

Board of Railroad Commissioners Extends Time for Long Island Crossing.

Albany, March 22.—The State Board of Railroad Commissioners to-day authorized the construction by the Rochester, Corning & Elmira Traction Company of an electric road which the company will operate from Rochester to Elmira, 150 miles, through Monroe, Livingston, Steuben and Chemung counties.

KEEP NAMES CONFIDENTIAL EXAMINER.

Albany, March 22.—Superintendent Keep of the State Banking Department to-day appointed William J. Hayes, of Buffalo, confidential examiner, in place of Nicholas T. Killip, resigned.

CLAIMS AGAINST THE STATE FILED.

Albany, March 22.—Claims against the state aggregating over \$34,000 were filed with the State Court of Claims to-day. The claims are for lands taken for the large canal. They include the following: George A. Strong, Northumberland, Saratoga county, \$5,056; Mrs. Mary Wheeler, Whitehall, \$1,829; Thomas Kennedy, Watford, \$5,550; Thomas F. Evers, Watford, \$1,000; Charles A. Sulzner, et al., Watford, \$16,000.

APPOINTMENTS BY GLYNN.

Albany, March 22.—Controller Glynn to-day appointed Milton E. Gibbs, of Rochester, transfer tax attorney for the county of Monroe, and Eugene Strauss, of Rochester, transfer tax appraiser for the same county.

TO TAKE RANDOLPH CASE TESTIMONY.

Albany, March 22.—Randolph J. Le Bouef, an Albany attorney, was appointed to-day by Governor Hughes a commissioner to take testimony and report on charges recently made to the Governor about William J. Randolph, treasurer of Rockland county, for alleged misuse of county funds.

ARMY COURT REBUKED.

GENERAL WOOD UPHHELD.

President Roosevelt Disapproves Acquittal of Captain Koehler.

Washington, March 22.—President Roosevelt to-night announced his disapproval of the findings of acquittal in the case of Captain Lewis M. Koehler, 4th Cavalry, U. S. A., cavalry commander at Jolo, Philippine Islands. Captain Koehler was charged with using disrespectful language in an appeal from the action of General Wood, division commander, who reprimanded him for making charges against Major Scott, commanding officer at the Jolo military post and Civil Governor at Jolo, and was charged with conduct unbecoming an officer and gentleman in making unfounded and malicious statements regarding his commanding officer, and with insubordination. The first court martial sentenced him to be reprimanded, and the second court, on which to-day's action was based, acquitted him. The President's order follows:

The White House, Washington, March 22, 1907. The proceedings, findings and acquittal in the case of Captain Lewis M. Koehler, 4th Cavalry, U. S. A., are disapproved. I entirely concur in all that the Secretary of War says of Captain Koehler and of General Wood, and of the proceeding made by the court which last passed on the case. THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Secretary Taft in his letter says: Captain Koehler is an officer with an excellent record for courageous service in the field and for attention to duty generally. He distinguished himself at the battle of Mount Dajo. Captain Koehler made himself very annoying to Major Scott by captious insinuations and to Major Scott should be in his office at certain times and should discharge his duties as military post commander with the same degree of promptness that he would have done had he not the additional duties of civil governor. The friction between the two officers became so great that Captain Koehler filed charges against Major Scott.

THE CHARGES AGAINST KOEHLER.

Major Scott later filed charges against Captain Koehler. A court martial found Captain Koehler guilty of preferring captious and unnecessary charges against his commanding officer, and in reprimanding him, under the sentence of the court martial, General Wood declared that the court martial, General Wood of the standards of conduct and uprightness as they exist in the army "were distorted to a degree not found in the just and fair minded," and that he should cultivate those habits of true soldierly subordination which the evidence in the case showed him the law does not specifically provide for such a remedy.

Referring to the reprimand by the reviewing authority, he said that "the severity, even to harshness, of the reprimand administered shows prejudice, bias, unfairness and a preconceived conviction that I was guilty as originally charged." In commenting on the trial, he further said: "I was harassed and handicapped by the feeling that I was helpless and at the mercy of a superior who would make use of every unfair advantage to harm me and to protect his own personal friend, Major Scott."

SECRETARY TAFT'S COMMENT.

General Wood called the attention of the War Department to the appeal and submitted the question of disciplinary proceedings. A court martial was then appointed, which acquitted Captain Koehler. Continuing, Secretary Taft's letter says: I have no hesitation in saying, after a full consideration of the matter, that the finding of the first court martial that Captain Koehler was guilty of filing captious and unnecessary charges against his commanding officer was fully sustained. His statement in his appeal that he was practically denied counsel cannot be supported. He might have had counsel had he been willing to take any but two persons who were otherwise engaged on public business. The charge that the department commander was the accuser or prosecutor in the first trial was unfounded and based solely on the ground that he directed a court martial on the charges of Major Scott after an inspector had reported that the charges of Captain Koehler against Major Scott were unfounded.

THERE IS NO DOUBT THAT where Eno's 'Fruit Salt' has been taken in the earliest stages of a disease it has in innumerable instances prevented a serious illness. The effect of ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' upon any disordered, sleepless, or feverish condition is simply marvellous and unsurpassed. In fact it IS NATURE'S OWN REMEDY. Wholesale of Messrs. E. F. ROGERS & Co., 26, 28, and 30, North William Street, New York.

RADICALS VOTED DOWN.

Premier and the Centre Party Unite on Famine Commission.

St. Petersburg, March 22.—The government and the Constitutional Democrats to-day won a decisive victory over the radicals in the lower house. The matter under discussion was the formation of a famine relief commission, the Centre supporting the appointment of a body under government control against the Socialist demand for an executive committee. The former measure was proposed by M. Rodicheff, Constitutional Democrat. Premier Stolypin announced that the government fully approved the motion made by M. Rodicheff, and would give its full assistance to the work of the commission. M. Stolypin's speech was delivered in a conciliatory manner. He admitted the government had made many mistakes in the famine relief work.

The votes on various proposals resulted in decisive victories for the Constitutional Democrats and M. Stolypin. M. Rodicheff's resolution to appoint the commission was carried unanimously, after a Socialist amendment empowering it to visit the provinces and investigate the relief work had been defeated by 257 to 168 votes. The house then adjourned.

The Premier's announcement to-day of the government's agreement with the Constitutional Democrats was the first approval by the government of the policy of that party.

THREE OFFICIALS MURDERED.

Astrakhan, March 22.—A prison warden named Prizyblovsky was shot dead in the bazaar here at noon to-day. A captain of police hurried to the scene to investigate the murder and was also shot dead. No arrests have been made.

Kutais, March 22.—A police captain named Kipandize was shot dead in the street here to-night.

DISEASE IN FAMINE DISTRICTS.

St. Petersburg, March 22.—Scurvy is spreading in the famine districts, especially in Ufa Province. Four hundred and thirty-eight new cases of scurvy are reported there in the first week of March, compared with 114 cases in the preceding fortnight. The conditions are expected to grow steadily worse. The authorities are still able to keep typhus under control.

SWEDEN MAY BUY MINES.

Stockholm, Sweden, March 22.—The Crown to-day presented to parliament a proposal that the state acquire an interest, with mining rights, in three of the largest iron ore deposits in Lapland, controlled by a private company. If the plan is adopted the state will hold a half interest in the two mines for twenty-five years, with an option to acquire another third after thirty years without payment if it so desires.

COMPANIES WILLING TO ACCEPT PARTIAL GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP.

Stockholm, Sweden, March 22.—The Crown to-day presented to parliament a proposal that the state acquire an interest, with mining rights, in three of the largest iron ore deposits in Lapland, controlled by a private company. If the plan is adopted the state will hold a half interest in the two mines for twenty-five years, with an option to acquire another third after thirty years without payment if it so desires.

PHARMACISTS' LICENSE BILL SIGNED.

Albany, March 22.—Bills signed to-day include that of Mr. Hastings, increasing the license fee to be charged by the State Board of Pharmacy to persons holding a certificate of registration as pharmacists, and that of Mr. Hastings, increasing the license fee to be charged by the State Board of Pharmacy to persons holding a certificate of registration as pharmacists, and that of Mr. Hastings, increasing the license fee to be charged by the State Board of Pharmacy to persons holding a certificate of registration as pharmacists.

SANTO DOMINGO AT THE HAGUE.

A Plea That All Powers Be Asked to Respect the Republic's Neutrality.

Santo Domingo, March 22.—A motion was presented to Congress to-day, by Espallat Mota, authorizing the government of Santo Domingo to accept the invitation of the Russian government to send a delegate to the coming peace conference at The Hague, and proposing that he be instructed to request the peace conference to render obligatory on the powers the maintenance of the neutrality of Santo Domingo. Señor Mota explained that if the Hague conference took the step suggested, Samana and Manzanillo bays, which have been mentioned as well adapted for United States coaling stations, would be the strategic importance, and the independence of the republic being guaranteed, no nation would have any interest in desiring the annexation of Santo Domingo.

BRUTALITY IN FRENCH ARMY.

General Picquart Promises to Punish Abuses in Disciplinary Battalions.

Paris, March 22.—The entire session to-day of the Chamber of Deputies was devoted to a discussion of alleged atrocities and tortures which, it is said, have caused permanent mutilation and in some cases even death to a number of soldiers serving in the disciplinary battalions in Africa. Pascal Ceccaldi, Radical Socialist, and other members demanded a commission of inquiry in order to allay public anxiety on this subject.

COMMUTATION FOR LIFE PRISONER.

Granted to Brooklynite by Governor—Mrs. Booth Interested in Case.

Albany, March 22.—The sentence of James Flaherty, who has served twenty-four years in Auburn Prison for killing his wife in Brooklyn, in 1882, was commuted to-day by Governor Hughes, permitting his release on Monday next. Flaherty has been an exemplary prisoner, and the Governor received a petition urging executive clemency in his behalf from Mrs. Maud Ballington Booth, of the Volunteers of America. Mrs. Booth contemplates putting Flaherty in charge of a cottage in her Hope Hall colony, on Long Island.

TO HELP RUMANIAN JEWS.

Representatives of all the Rumanian congregations, lodges and societies held a meeting yesterday at the synagogue of the First Rumanian-American Congregation, at No. 89 Rivington street, to protest against the atrocities committed on the Jews in Rumania. A relief committee was organized, which is to call mass meetings all over the United States and raise funds for the relief of the sufferers in Rumania. The headquarters of the committee are at No. 47 Forsyth street. Mass meetings will be held on Saturday and Sunday evenings at Nos. 58 and 60 Rivington street.

NO METRIC SYSTEM IN BRITAIN.

London, March 22.—The House of Commons to-day by 150 to 118 votes rejected the bill to introduce the metric system into Great Britain. David Lloyd-George, president of the Board of Trade, in behalf of the government said that the adoption of the system would be a dangerous and costly experiment by which Great Britain would lose the advantage which she now possesses in foreign markets over her metric system competitors.

B. Altman & Co. Stationery Department. ARTICLES FOR DESK AND LIBRARY TABLE, IN COPPER, ENGRAVED AND ETCHED BRASS; INCLUDING INK STANDS, LETTER RACKS AND CALENDARS, MOUNTED PADS, PAPER CUTTERS AND LIBRARY SHEARS; REVOLVING DESK BOOKRACKS OF CIRASSIAN WALNUT; LEATHER STATIONERY ARTICLES. COMPLETE ASSORTMENTS OF FINE WRITING PAPERS. WEDDING ANNOUNCEMENTS, INVITATIONS AND CARDS ENGRAVED TO ORDER. HERALDIC WORK; COLLEGE AND CLUB INSIGNIAS. Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York

PARIS MAY LACK FOOD.

Employes Decide on General Strike to Enforce Rest Law.

Paris, March 22.—The federated union of employees of dealers in all kinds of foodstuffs, including meat and vegetables, to-day decided to call a general strike for the purpose of enforcing the weekly rest day law. The strike is to be called at the earliest opportune moment.

THE NUNCIATURE'S DOCUMENTS.

Hint of Contents of the Seized Papers Given by the "Figaro."

Paris, March 22.—The "Figaro," a paper with Catholic sympathies, says that the documents seized at the Papal Nunciature here after the expulsion of its secretary, Monsignor Montagnini, include a dispatch from Cardinal Merry del Val, the Papal Secretary of State, advising Monsignor Montagnini to give the Catholics free rein to oppose the taking of church inventories under the Separation law, a report from Monsignor Gaspari, secretary of the ecclesiastical affairs at the Vatican, embodying information for use in the French electoral campaign and instructions relative to that campaign.

JAPANESE TO BE EXCLUDED.

Pretoria, Transvaal, March 22.—The Upper House of Parliament to-day passed the "Asiatic Ordinance," providing for the exclusion of the Japanese and other Asiatics who are immigrating to South Africa in increasing numbers.

TRANSVAAL UPPER HOUSE PASSES THE ORDINANCE AGAINST ASIATICS.

CAPTAIN AND SEAMEN INJURED.

Marseilles, March 22.—The French steamer Neustria, Captain Thumin, from New York, arrived here to-day. She sustained serious damage from a gale which lasted three days, in which the captain and several members of the crew were severely hurt.

GLYNN OBJECTS TO MEASURE.

Against Agnew-Young Bill Providing for Stock Stamps' Redemption.

Albany, March 22.—In connection with a protest to Assemblyman Schoeneck against the passage of the Agnew-Young bill providing for the redemption of spoiled or destroyed stock transfer stamps, Controller Glynn recalled to-day the Watkins case, where that clerk was accused of burning some \$2,000,000 worth without counting them. The Controller said: Millions of dollars, face value, of stamps were "destroyed" and "redeemed," according to the entries made in the books of the stock transfer tax bureau by Charles M. Watkins, chief clerk of the bureau, and this, with his statement, is the only proof we have that they were actually destroyed. According to his statement, the destruction of \$2,283,007.40 face value, stamps on December 20, 1906, balanced his books. Later, however, on February 19, 1907, several hundred dollars' face value, of the stamps supposed to have been destroyed, were said to have been found in a desk in the office of the printer used by Mr. Watkins, although this desk had been carefully examined on January 9, 1907, by John Hourigan and William F. Kearney, now chief clerk of the stock transfer tax bureau, and no stamps were then in the desk. The stamps said to have been found in the desk were brought to this office by Oliver A. Quayle on February 19, 1907.

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL TO PHILADELPHIA.

Two Hour Train Every Hour on the Hour.

Stations in New York: Foot of Liberty and West Twenty-third Streets. (Leave W. 23rd Street 10 minutes before the hour.) Dining Cars—Vestibule Coaches—Parlor Cars. For additional trains see time table.

IMPROVED CROUP KETTLE.

Constructed according to directions of an eminent physician. Made and for sale by LEWIS & CONGER, 130 and 132 West 23d Street, and 135 West 41st St., New York.

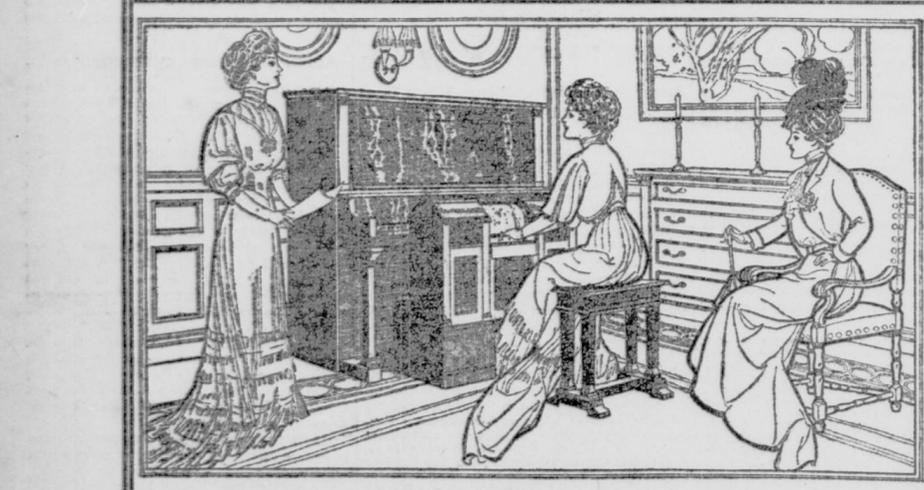
BURTON QUITS JAIL.

Former Senator Says He Does Not Intend to Seek Revenge.

Fronton, Mo., March 22.—Joseph Ralph Burton, who until his conviction in the federal court was a United States Senator from Kansas, was this morning released from the county jail here, having completed his sentence of six months, imposed when he was appearing before a government department by appearing before a government department by appearing before a government department by appearing before a government department.

Always Remember the Full Name Laxative Bromo Quinine.

Always Remember the Full Name Laxative Bromo Quinine. Cures a Cold in One Day, or in 2 Days. E. W. Snow on every box, 25c



You Can Now Own a PIANOLA Without Thinking Twice About the Cost Only \$15 Down and \$7 a Month

It seems a very small price to pay—\$7 a month—when you consider that the Pianola will be paying daily dividends in pleasure—not only to yourself but to your entire family. The ownership of a Pianola is a perpetual admission ticket to the entire realm of music, light and classic, popular and religious. The "Model K" Pianola, on which these unprecedentedly easy terms are quoted, is made by the Aeolian Company, and is a genuine Pianola, recognized throughout the world as the standard Piano-player. It also includes the famous Metrostyle, which was originally obtainable only in our \$300 models. The "Model K" Pianola with its exclusive features is therefore easily the superior of any of the other Piano-players no matter at what price sold.

In Ebony the "Model K" Pianola costs \$215, or in Mahogany, Walnut or Oak, \$225. Immediate possession is given upon a down payment of \$15 with subsequent payments of \$7 a month and simple interest on the unpaid balance.

The Aeolian Company, Aeolian Hall, 252 Fifth Ave., near 34th St., N. Y.