DOESN'T FEAR PLAGUE.

DISCUSSION BY DR. DOTY.

Too Sanitary Here for Great Ravages, Says Health Officer.

Dr. A. H. Doty, health officer of this port, in a special article, entitled "Plague," in the current issue of "The Medical Record," declares that bubonic plague, typhus fever and other epidemics that have caused persons to die by the tens of thousands in plague ridden districts could not exist for such long periods or be attended with such extensive mortality to-day in this country. Dr. Doty contends that, while much of the knowledge of plague transmission is theoretical, enough facts are known of the disease and its agents to combat it by modern sanitary regulations. He says the people of this country are intelligent, and not only observe but aid in the enforcement of these regulations.

He says the unfavorable reports from India and other sections of the East of the presence of the plague have caused much uneasiness in this country. This was especially so when the disease appeared recently in San Francisco. While he has no doubt that the reports from the Orient are accurate, Dr. Doty maintains that the people of India are greatly handicapped in combating the disease through ignorance and a peculiar religious creed, which cause the native population deliberately and seriously to obstruct health officials in the performance of their duty.

Dr. Doty takes up the history of the plague from the time of the Christian era to the outbreak in Western Europe in 1896. Prior to the revival of the disease in India and China, and particularly in Hong Kong, in 1894, the writer says, there was practically no scientific knowledge of the cause of the disease or its transmission. It was then that Kitasato and Yersin, working independently of each other, discovered the specific organism of the plague.

"Subsequent investigation," says Dr. Doty, "has presented numerous theories as to the means by which this disease is transmitted, the most prominent one being that it is the rat through the medium of fleas."

The Health Officer then cites a case that came under his own observation in November, 1899, when he detained the crew of the steamer James W. Y. Taylor, which had come from Rio de Janeiro, where a plague epidemic existed. One man died on the passage and was buried at sea. The captain said the entire crew were in good health, and they appeared to be from visual examination.

Dr. Doty took the crew to Swinburne Island, where one man whom he believed had the disease developed it in a mild form. The ship was disinfected with sulphur dioxide and all dead rats were put into metallic receptacles, but examination in the laboratory showed no evidence of plague among them.

Dealing with the history of outbreaks, Dr. Doty says in part:

While every sane and practical means should be taken to protect against the presence of presumably infected rats, either on shipboard or on land, we are not justified in carrying out regulations which are unreasonable and which unnecessarily cripple commerce or the public; besides we must not forget that plague may be transmitted in other ways than by the rat.

The history of outbreaks of plague and other infectious disease furnishes conclusive evidence that the results which follow their appearance depend principally on the means which are taken to prevent their extension. Even simple measures of protection are sometimes followed by the most satisfactory results. A notable and well authenticated instance of this occurred in 1656, during the outbreak of plague in Italy, particularly in Naples and Rome, both populous cities.

In the latter place the measures which were carried out for the protection of the city were under the personal supervision of Cardinal Gastaldi, who was exceedingly energetic in his efforts to enforce cleanliness, prevent overcrowding, etc. The result of his work was very significant. While plague caused 300,000 deaths in Naples, it caused but 14,000 deaths in Rome. There can be no reasonable doubt that the measures taken by Cardinal Gastaldi were largely responsible for this result, as the mortality at Naples corresponded to the mortality which occurred during outbreaks of this disease at this period in other sections of Europe.

The present outbreak of plague in San Francisco appeared in August of this year. Thus far there have been only 112 cases. The treatment of this outbreak has been under the supervision of the United States Public Health and Marine Hospital Service, and the results are very creditable to those in charge and show what modern sanitary methods can accomplish even in a community which has not yet recovered from a recent serious disorganization.

In referring to this subject, it is not my intention to belittle in any way the danger that outbreaks of infectious disease may involve, but to emphasize the fact that the results which follow their appearance depend principally on the means which are taken to prevent their extension, and that so far as plague is concerned, the very unfavorable reports which come to us from India and other sections of the East must not be accepted as an indication of what would follow an outbreak of this disease in the United States, or in any other part of the world where modern sanitary regulations are enforced.

WHITMORE IN NEW JAIL.

Sent to Jersey City After Hearing on Wife Murder Charge.

Upon the testimony of the witnesses examined yesterday before Justice Branegan in the Town Hall at Harrison, N. J., Theodore S. Whitmore was sent to the Hudson County jail at Jersey City without bail to await the action of the grand jury. Whitmore is charged with the murder of his wife, whose body was found in a swamp the day after Christmas.

William Bartlett, who testified that he had known Whitmore for twenty years and Mrs. Whitmore for fifteen years, was employed, he said, by Whitmore to watch his wife, and that he once saw blood on Whitmore's knuckles after he had found his wife in a certain house in Brooklyn.

"I hit her because she was so bad. I could kill her," Bartlett swore Whitmore said.

Daniel O'Neill, a boarder at the Whitmore house, No. 236 Adams street, Brooklyn, told of quarrels he had witnessed between Whitmore and his wife. Lillian Heidel testified that Mrs. Whitmore came to her house two days before Christmas and on Christmas Eve, carrying a hatbox the last time and some curtains.

"This is all I have left. I am afraid to stay at home, for fear he will beat me," she said, according to Mrs. Heidel.

Alexander Simpson, Whitmore's counsel, moved that the complaint be dismissed, on the ground that there was not sufficient evidence upon which to hold the prisoner. Justice Branegan refused to do this, and Whitmore was taken to the county jail.

The body of Mrs. Whitmore was taken to the home of her brother, William Salter, in Schenectady, N. Y., yesterday, where the funeral service will be held this afternoon. The Rev. Frederick Winslow Adams, pastor of the First Methodist Church there, will read the burial service.

Mrs. "Georgie" Dickinson left Boston for New York yesterday afternoon in charge of Detective Charlock, of Harrison. She signed papers waiving her extradition rights, but the Boston police refused to say what disclosures she made regarding the Whitmore murder.

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF.

The American Society of Mechanical Engineers will hold its monthly meeting on Tuesday evening in Assembly Room No. 1 of the Engineering Societies Building, at No. 29 West 39th street, New York. The subject will be "Car Lighting."

A non-technical lecture on "Foods: Their Chemical Character and Vital Significance," will be delivered at Teachers College, West 120th street, between Broadway and Amsterdam avenue, to-morrow, at 4 p. m., by Dr. William J. Gies, of the College of Physicians and Surgeons.

Leslie M. Shaw, ex-Secretary of the Treasury, will speak at the Sphinx Club dinner on Tuesday evening at the Waldorf-Astoria, his subject being "The Virtues of Our Currency and the Defects of Our System." Alexander D. Noyes will speak on "What to Expect After the Panic."

Mails from Hong Kong (December 14), Shanghai (December 14), Yokohama (December 24) and Honolulu (January 3) are due in this city on Tuesday afternoon.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES — FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

Relieve inflammation of the throat caused by cold or catarrh. Contain no opiates.

BINGHAM SEES JEROME.

Commissioner Submits Affidavits Concerning Officers Under Charges.

Police Commissioner Bingham was a visitor at the District Attorney's office yesterday and was closeted a half hour with Mr. Jerome. General Bingham was asked whether he had discussed the case of Sergeant Joseph H. Wasserman, who, with Detective Reardon, Detective Butler and Patrolman Mara, is involved in charges of maltreatment and false prosecution filed by Charles S. Meyerson, a retired merchant, but he refused to discuss the subject, as did Mr. Jerome. Another move was made by Commissioner Bingham last night in the crusade which he has been carrying on against the "vice squad" when he transferred Wasserman to the East 88th street station, Butler to the detective bureau and Mara to the old West 20th street station, and preferred charges against Wasserman and Mara.

In the three charges which are brought against Wasserman it was alleged that Wasserman, when ordered to report at the Commissioner's office, said that he would not be there, and that when he reported sick on January 10 the department physicians who went to his home were not able to gain admittance and failed to ascertain his condition, as required by the rules of the department. It was also alleged that Wasserman violated the rules of the department in the manner in which he reported sick, and that he absented himself without leave.

It was charged against Mara that he testified in the Essex Market court, before Magistrate Wahle, that he had arrested Charles S. Meyerson two years ago, when the man that arrested Meyerson was Detective Reardon, of District Attorney Jerome's office. It is said that this charge will lead to a second—that of conduct unbecoming an officer and injurious to the public peace. The two men will be placed on trial at Police Headquarters on Thursday.

It was learned last night that Commissioner Bingham turned over to Mr. Jerome a number of affidavits made by citizens and concerning the actions of the police officers involved in the charges filed by Meyerson.

MAY CHANGE THAW JURY.

Member of Panel Said to Have Expressed a Decided Opinion.

It may be that the H. K. Thaw jury will be changed again, for it is said that it has been found that the opinion admitted by one of the jurors is so strong that it might influence his consideration of the evidence. According to the story, this juror is said to have remarked to a friend some time before being called as a talesman that Thaw was justified in killing Stanford White, and that should he ever serve on a jury in such a case he never would convict the defendant. If this is true, District Attorney Jerome's only recourse will be to make a formal complaint and substantiate the charge in open court.

Speculation as to just what form of insanity will be advanced by the defence is still rife. One of the experts connected with the case said yesterday that "stuporous melancholia" would constitute a legal defence. This is a form of emotional insanity which is sometimes expressed in a temporary but violent emotional outbreak, accompanied by homicidal frenzy. It is considered curable. Another alienist said that there was one other form of insanity which was curable that might be advanced as a legal defence. This is a form of epilepsy, which would scarcely be applicable in Thaw's case, as it would have to be shown that there was an epileptic taint in Thaw's immediate family. It is a foregone conclusion that District Attorney Jerome will oppose all suggestions of emotional insanity as a defence.

There being no court yesterday, most of the jurymen slept late at the Hotel Knickerbocker. In the afternoon, in detachments of twos and threes, accompanied by the court officers, the jurymen took a long walk through the more unfrequented side streets, most of them also taking a walk through Central Park. One of them, George W. Cary, has a slight cold. The remainder of the day was spent in reading newspapers from which all reference to the trial had been cut and playing cards.

To show Thaw's alleged mental irresponsibility at the time of the shooting, Martin W. Littleton will show that four months before his birth his mother found one of her children, an infant, dead in bed, which resulted in Harry being born in convulsions. These convulsions, it will be shown, continued through Thaw's boyhood, and a marked eccentricity later developed. Mr. Littleton said that he would not touch on Thaw's present mental condition at the trial, but would show only that he was irresponsible when he shot and killed Mr. White.

PROPOSED DEFENCE ALARMS MOTHER.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

Pittsburg, Jan. 11.—Mrs. Mary Thaw, mother of Harry Thaw, is worried over the report from New York that attorneys for her son have decided on the form of insanity known as "stuporous melancholia" for a defence. She fears that it will have the same effect on the jury as did Delmas's "dementia Americana," and that the present trial may prove a farce. This afternoon she summoned Roger O'Mara, the detective, and he expects to depart immediately for New York, bearing an important message to the attorneys from Mrs. Thaw. Frank Semple, the agent for the Thaw estate, said to-day:

"Mrs. Thaw's friends are not now alarmed regarding her condition. Still, it is impossible to say when she will be able to leave her room—probably not for a month. It is, therefore, unlikely that she will be able to go to New York to attend the trial."

CONSUMERS' LEAGUE ANNUAL MEETING.

The seventeenth annual meeting of the Consumers' League of the City of New York will be held at the new Stuyvesant Theatre on Tuesday, January 28, at 3 p. m. Miss Ida M. Tarbell, among others, will give a brief address. Previous announcements of the meeting stated that it was to be held at the Hudson Theatre, but, owing to a misunderstanding concerning the date, that theatre was not available.

AN APPEAL FOR CHARITY.

The Brooklyn Bureau of Charities states that it needs at this time material for carpet rags in order to give employment to poor women requiring assistance. The number of applications for aid this winter is much greater than for several years, it was said. The more self-respecting applicants prefer to work in return for help afforded rather than accept gratuitous relief. The bureau furnishes employment in its laundries to widows having children dependent upon them, and old and feeble women, unable to do hard work, are employed in sewing rags for weaving into carpets. Any persons having pieces of cloth suitable for cutting into carpet rags are requested to send them to one of the buildings of the Bureau of Charities, or, if this is not practicable, to inform the bureau to send for them. Garments of all kinds, and especially underclothing and shoes, will be acceptable for distribution in the families of men and women working in the industrial departments of the bureau. All donations will be acknowledged promptly. The bureau receives these gifts at its central building, No. 69 Schermerhorn street (near Court), telephone 961 Main; Bedford District Building, No. 1360 Fulton street (opposite Lewis), telephone Bedford 428, and Northern District Building, No. 191 Marcy avenue (near Division avenue), telephone 520 Williamsburg.

SUNDAY LAW ENFORCEMENT.

From The St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

The revival of Sunday laws in various cities is distinctly a religious movement. The laws in the first place reflected the religious creeds and predilections of their authors. . . .

If the laws are to be enforced in obedience to a religious demand and for religious purposes they should be carefully revised by the law-making powers, for it is probable that the best religious sentiment to-day is not reflected in these fantastic enactments.

It may be doubted if a convention of any church would re-enact the old Sunday code in its entirety. When we consider that most people are attached to no church and that many churches are liberal in the matter of Sunday diversions it will be seen that any revision of these laws would probably result in expunging nine-tenths of them from the statute books. . . .

It is maintained in some quarters, and with reason, that repeated invasions of popular rights during the last thirty or forty years have resulted in a serious curtailment of liberty. If reasonable and harmless diversion on Sunday may now be prohibited by a small religious element, backed by a notoriously false pretence in the courts, it must be that there also has been a most emphatic loss of independence on the part of the people.

Evans' Ale

WE Americans are rapidly learning the benefit to be derived from drinking ale—and Evans' is the popular educator. It is food and drink.

Clubs, Hotels, Restaurants and Dealers.

ARMY AND NAVY NEWS.

Retired Naval Officers Relieved from Duty on Schoolships.

[From The Tribune Bureau.]

Washington, January 11.

DETACHED FROM SCHOOLSHIPS.—To-day's naval orders include the detachment of three commanders on the retired list from command of state nautical schoolships. They are G. C. Hanus, from the New York schoolship St. Mary's; W. F. Low, from the Massachusetts schoolship Enterprise, and C. N. Atwater, from the Pennsylvania nautical school and from the command of the schoolship Saratoga. These detachments are in accordance with the policy of the Navy Department not to keep officers on the retired list on active duty on full pay any more than is absolutely necessary. No objection will be interposed to their obtaining leave of absence while on the retired list and again taking similar duties with the states. They are paid for their work in connection with the nautical schools by the respective states.

NAVAL RECRUITING CHANGES.—A central navy recruiting station is to be opened at New Orleans. That at Memphis and the recruiting office at Little Rock, Ark., are to be closed. The results of the operations of the stations at Memphis were not as satisfactory as had been expected. The office at Nashville, Tenn., is to be placed under the recruiting station at Chattanooga. The naval recruiting officers reported satisfactory results at various places notwithstanding the restriction which is imposed by law requiring certificates of birth or something else equally authentic concerning the age of the applicants. This has been a serious handicap in naval recruiting.

ANOTHER TRIAL FOR NEW CRUISER.—Members of the naval board which conducted the trial of the North Carolina on the run from Rockland, Me., to Newport News, Va., arrived in Washington to-day, and generally expressed confidence in the ability of the contractors to develop the necessary twenty-two-knot speed on another trial. The fact that the big cruiser fell short of the contract requirement by only one-tenth of a knot under conditions far from favorable is the basis for this belief. Another trial of the North Carolina will be made next Saturday. Poor coal and inexperienced firemen, and, above all things, the naval requirement for the first time that during the trial run each fireroom should be completely sealed from the others and from the open air, are the reasons assigned by the builders for the failure of the ship on the first trial, so the Navy Department has been asked to suspend the rule as to the closed fireroom, which prevented proper supervision of the stokers by the engineers in charge.

ORDERS ISSUED.—The following orders have been issued:

ARMY.

Colonel MEDOREM CRAWFORD, coast artillery corps, to Washington.
First Lieutenant HERMAN HERING, Philippine Scouts, resignation accepted, to take effect February 11.
Second Lieutenant RICHARD PARK, corps of engineers, from Boston, to Company B, 1st Battalion of Engineers, Fort Flagler.
Lieutenant Colonel WALTER L. FISK, corps of engineers, detailed as engineer of 10th lighthouse district, vice Colonel HENRY M. ADAMS, corps of engineers.
Captain FERDINAND W. KOBBE, 22d Infantry, from army school of the line, Fort Leavenworth, to his regiment.

NAVY.

Commander G. C. HANUS, retired, detached from the New York nautical schoolship St. Mary's.
Commander W. F. LOW, retired, detached from the Massachusetts nautical schoolship Enterprise.
Commander C. N. ATWATER, retired, detached from the Pennsylvania nautical school and schoolship Saratoga.
Lieutenant E. H. DODD, to command the Fortune.
Ensign K. B. CRITTENDEN, to navy yard, Mare Island.
Surgeon R. T. ORVIS, to recruiting at St. Louis.
Passed Assistant Surgeon W. W. VERNER, detached from recruiting at St. Louis to naval training station at San Francisco.
Assistant Surgeon D. C. CATHER, detached from naval training station at San Francisco, to the Lancaster.
Passed Assistant Paymaster N. B. FARWELL, detached from navy yard, New York, to the Tacoma.
Passed Assistant Paymaster N. W. GRANT, to the Des Moines.
Assistant Paymaster P. T. M. LATHROP, detached from the Des Moines, to go home and wait orders.
Assistant Paymaster R. H. JOHNSON, detached from the Tacoma, to go home and wait orders.

MOVEMENTS OF WARSHIPS.—The following movements of war vessels have been reported to the Navy Department:

ARRIVED.

Jan. 9—The Saturn, at Magdalena Bay.
Jan. 10—The Hopkins, the Hull, the Stewart, the Whipple, the Lawrence and the Truxtun, at Pernambuco; the Hartford and the Standish, at Norfolk.

SAILED.

Jan. 10—The Tingey, from Norfolk for Annapolis; the Rocket, from Washington for Norfolk.

The Leonidas and the Marcellus were ordered out of service at the navy yard at Portsmouth.

AUTOMOBILES NEARLY PART COUPLE.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

Providence, Jan. 11.—Declaring that her husband, William W. Brownell, of Attleboro, Mass., had neglected her ever since their marriage last May because of his infatuation for automobiles Mrs. Alva L. Brownell brought suit for separate maintenance. Judge Fuller gave the pair some good advice and they promised to make up and resume housekeeping.

FATHER FOR TWENTY-SEVENTH TIME.

Amityville, Long Island, Jan. 11.—Oscar L. Darling, a civil engineer and inventor, has just become the father of his twenty-seventh child. Twenty of his children are living. He is sixty-four years old. His first wife bore him fifteen children and died in 1884. Ten of these children are living. Twelve children have been born since his second marriage, in 1886. Two of these children have died. The latest arrival is a boy.

Greenhut and Company

Dry Goods.

The Store of Superior Qualities and Moderate Prices

Sale of Housekeeping Linens

Throughout the coming week the Sale of Housekeeping Linens will be continued. Included are Centrepieces, Doylies, Scarfs, Reception and Tea Cloths, Embroidered Linen Sheets, Pillow Cases and Bed Spreads at heavy reductions from regular prices:

Damask Table Cloths:
2x2 yds., 2.00, 2.75 — 2 x3 yds., 3.00, 4.20
2x2½ yds., 2.50, 3.50 — 2½x2½ yds., 3.50, 4.65
Napkins (to match), Breakfast size . . . . . 2.00, 2.75 doz.
Dinner size . . . . . 3.00, 3.75 doz.
Damask Lunch and Dinner Sets, hemstitched,
2x2 yds., 6.50 — 2x2½ yds., 7.25 — 2x3 yds., 8.00
Linen Sheets, hemstitched . . . . . 3.75, 4.50, 5.25 pair
Linen Pillow Cases, hemstitched . . . . . 90c, 1.25, 1.50 pair
Huck Towels, hemmed . . . . . 2.00, 2.25, 2.50 doz.
Huck Towels, hemstitched . . . . . 2.75, 4.20, 5.40 doz.
Damask Tea Cloths, hemstitched . . . . . 45c, 85c each
Japanese Drawn Work Squares, 30x30 in. 1.15, 1.50
Cluny Lace Trimmed Scarfs, 20x54 in. 2.75, 4.50
Hand Embroidered Centres, 30x30 in. 1.50, 2.50
Hand Embroidered Scarfs, 18x54 in. 1.15, 1.35

French Seamless Savonnerie Rugs

We announce the arrival of our Spring importation of French Seamless Savonnerie Rugs in correct period designs, Oriental effects and solid colors. Sold exclusively in New York at this store. A complete range of sizes from 4.6x6.6 to 13.6x16.6. Prices from . . . . . 15.00 to 135.00

Orders taken for Hand-tufted Rugs in any size, design or color effect---at moderate prices.

Sixth Avenue, Eighteenth to Nineteenth Street, New York

(Formerly occupied by B. Altman & Co.)

NATIONAL GUARD NEWS.

It has been erroneously stated that the 13th Regiment of Artillery and the 22d Regiment of Engineers would lose their regimental organization when the national guard is reorganized under the Dick bill. The official order from the War Department explaining the organization necessary to comply with the bill says that the commands referred to above may maintain their regimental status as national guard organizations. When mustered into the United States service, however, they would lose their regimental organization and be simply the same as the artillery and engineers in the army, dropping some of the field and staff officers.

Members of Company B of the 7th Regiment will hold a mess dinner at the armory on the night of January 27, when the cooks of the company will demonstrate what they know about preparing rations. Women guests of the company will be present. Following the dinner there will be a dance and an entertainment. Company F has arranged a theatre party for Monday night, January 27, and will visit the Majestic Theatre. After the play the party will proceed to the Palm Garden at the Waldorf-Astoria, where refreshments not permissible in the armory will be enjoyed.

Great interest is manifested in the announcement that the 2d Battalion of Naval Militia will open its new armory on the night of February 11 with interesting ceremonies.

Lieutenant E. E. Bosca, of Company G, 9th Regiment, who was recently elected and commissioned, entertained the entire company at dinner a few nights ago, and among the special guests were Colonel Morris, Majors Byrne and Ward, Captain Thompson, Lieutenant Shirley, Lieutenant Cooper and Drum Major Hill. The games to be held in the armory on Saturday night, February 1, are already exciting interest among prominent athletes. The open events will be as follows: Sixty-yard dash, 300-yard run and one-mile run, all handicaps; 600-yard novice race, and one-mile inter-settlement relay race, scratch. Then there is a 1,000-yard run and a one-mile run, scratch, open to members of the Military Athletic League. In the open events solid gold medals will be given to first, second and third men. In the relay race each man of the winning team will receive a gold medal, the second team will receive silver medals and the third bronze medals.

An event of importance to the national guard is the convention of the National Guard Association of the United States, which begins to-morrow in Boston and will last three days. The adjutant general of every state in the Union will be present but two. Senator Dick, of Ohio, father of the new militia law, will preside, and Assistant Secretary of War Oliver and General J. Franklin Bell, U. S. A., will also be among those present. Among the officers of the New York National Guard who will be present are Adjutant General Nelson Henry, General George Moore Smith, First Brigade; Major C. E. Lydecker, Captains W. J. Underwood, L. W. Stotesbury and B. B. McAlpin, of the 7th Regiment.

War Department and state officers will make an inspection of the Eighth Battalion next Friday night in the armory.

Squadron A will hold a meeting at the armory next Friday night. The following members of the squadron have received badges for long and faithful service: For fifteen years, to Captain Herbert Barry; for ten years, to Lieutenant Robert C. Lawrence, Lieutenant George E. Fahys, First Sergeant George O. Redington, Sergeant Edward M. Carey, Sergeant W. H. L. Edwards and Sergeant Alfred W. Booraem.

Non-commissioned officers of the 22d Regiment have practically perfected all the plans for their full dress reception to be held in the armory on February 11, and the event will be among the most prominent social military affairs of the season. Company F will send a number of athletes to Paterson to compete in the games of the 5th Regiment. The non-coms. of Company D have presented to Lieutenant Van Zandt a handsome sword. In the same company the following promotions have been made: Corporal M. N. Litson to first sergeant, Corporal John T. Perry to quartermaster sergeant, Corporal C. B. King to sergeant, Corporal W. T. St. George to sergeant, Privates A. R. T. Young and J. B. Hedherton to corporals. The rifle contest for the Bell medal has been won by First Sergeant Litson.

Now that Colonel Dyer of the 12th Regiment has been fully exonerated by the court of inquiry several resignations among the officers are looked for. Company C will hold a dance and games at the armory on February 21 and Company L will hold a dance at the armory on the night of March 7.

General Eddy of the Second Brigade has appointed a judge advocate for his staff, A. R. Latson, a lawyer. The general will review the 23d Regiment on Saturday night.

Lieutenant Chauncey Matlock, of the 3d Battery, who was recently elected captain, has received his commission from Albany. Captain Matlock was elected by a vote of 46, as against the 24 votes received by his opponent, Captain Charles Wulff, of the 14th Regiment. The battery will resume the "flying platoon" drill with the light Colt guns and drill as a horse battery for exhibition purposes.

HOUSE ACTS ON NAVAL CONTROVERSY.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The House adopted to-day the Gill resolution calling on the Secretary of the Navy for copies of all correspondence, orders and reports in the Navy Department in connection with the appointment of Surgeon Charles F. Stokes to command the hospital ship Relief. The resolution also calls for other papers in the department in connection with the resignation of Rear Admiral Brownson as chief of the bureau of navigation.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

Sun rises 7:23 | Sun sets 4:54 | Moon sets 1:55 | Moon's age 9

HIGH WATER.

A.M.—Sandy Hook 2:45 | Gov. Island 3:29 | Hell Gate 5:22
P.M.—Sandy Hook 3:14 | Gov. Island 4:00 | Hell Gate 5:53

WIRELESS REPORTS.

The Caronia, which reported to Sable Island as 650 miles east of Sandy Hook at 3:30 p m yesterday, is expected to dock about 9 a m. Monday.

The Ryndam, which reported to Cape Race as 95 miles southeast of that station at 8:20 a m yesterday, is expected to dock about 9 a m Tuesday.

The St Paul, which was reported as passing Nantucket Lightship at 11:50 a m yesterday, is expected to dock about 9 a m to-day.

INCOMING STEAMERS.

TO-DAY.

Vessel.	From.	Line.
*St. Paul	Southampton, January 4	American
*Colon	Colon, January 6	Panama
*Seneca	Porto Rico, January 7	N Y & P R
*Gunther	Barbados, January 3	Sloman
*P Willem II	Hayti, January 6	D W I
Vincenzo Bonnanno	Gibraltar, December 31	Italian
Hersilia	Seville, December 31	

MONDAY, JANUARY 13.

*Carmania	Liverpool, January 4	Cunard
*Astoria	Glasgow, January 4	Anchor
*Philadelphia	San Juan, January 8	Red D
*Cearense	Para, January 1	Booth
El Sud	Galveston, January 7	So Pacific
City of Memphis	Savannah, January 10	Savannah

TUESDAY, JANUARY 14.

*K'np'zessin Cecilie	Bremen, January 7	N G Lloyd
*Ryndam	Rotterdam, January 4	Holland-Am
Armenian	Liverpool, January 4	White Star
Samland	Antwerp, January 4	Red Star
Julia Luckenbach	San Juan, January 9	
Creole	New Orleans, January 8	So Pacific

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 15.

Republic	Naples, January 4	White Star
Cestrian	London, January 3	Atlantic Trans
El Rio	Galveston, January 9	So Pacific

*Brings mail.

OUTGOING STEAMERS.

MONDAY, JANUARY 13.

Vessel.	For.	Line.	Mail closes.	Vessel sails.
Jefferson	Norfolk, Old Dominion		—	3:00 p m
Huron	Jacksonville, Clyde		—	3:00 p m

TUESDAY, JANUARY 14.

Finance	Colon, Panama		11:30 a m	3:00 p m
City of Atlanta	Savannah, Savannah		—	3:00 p m
Jamestown	Norfolk, Old Dominion		—	3:00 p m

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 15.

Oceanic	Southampton, White Star		12:30 p m	4:00 p m
Royal Prince	Argentina, Prince		6:00 a m	8:30 a m
Queen Eleanor	Argentina, Am & R Pl		9:00 a m	11:30 a m
Maraval	Grenada, Trinidad		10:00 a m	12:00 m

Books and Publications.

IF YOU WISH TO SEE the most famous artists of the Metropolitan and Manhattan Opera Houses, as are sketched weekly by the great tenor, Enrico Caruso, exclusively for "La Follia di New York," the only Italian humorous paper in America, established 1898, just write for sample copies, mailed free, by addressing "LA FOLLIA," 190 Grand st., New York.

P Siegmund, Argentina, Hamb-Am	11:00 a m	2:00 p m
Admiral Sampson, Jamaica, Un F Co.	6:30 a m	8:30 a m
Vaderland, Antwerp, Red Star	—	10:00 a m
Iroquois, Jacksonville, Clyde	—	3:00 p m
Comal, Galveston, Mallory	—	12:00 m
Comus, New Orleans, So Pacific	—	12:00 m
Hamilton, Norfolk, Old Dom	—	3:00 p m

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

Destination and steamer.	Closes in New York.
New Zealand, Australia (except West), Samoan Islands and New Caledonia (via San Francisco)—Foreric	To-day, 6:00 p m
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Alameda	Jan 13, 6:00 p m
Japan, Corea, China and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver and Victoria, B C)—Empress of China	Jan 15, 6:00 p m
Hawaii, Japan, Corea, China and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Asia	Jan 16, 6:00 p m
Japan, Corea, China and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Aki Maru	Jan 16, 6:00 p m
Japan, Corea, China and Philippine Islands (via Tacoma)—Cyclops	Jan 17, 6:00 p m
Hawaii, Japan, Corea, China and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Mongolia	Jan 25, 6:00 p m
Australia (except West), New Zealand, Samoan Islands, Fiji Islands and New Caledonia (via Vancouver and Victoria, B C)—Miowera	Jan 26, 6:00 p m
Tahiti and Marquesas Islands (via San Francisco)—Mariposa	Jan 29, 6:00 p m
Hawaii, Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U S Transport	Jan 31, 6:00 p m

SHIPPING NEWS.

Port of New York, Saturday, Jan. 11, 1908.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Mexico, Knight, Vera Cruz January 2, Progreso 4 and Havana 7, to the New York and Cuba Mail Ss Co, with 53 passengers, mails and mdse. Arrived at the Bar at 1 a m.

Steamer Montserrat (Span), Zaragoza, Barcelona December 26, Malaga 28 and Cadiz 30, to the Compania Trasatlantica, with 21 cabin and 75 steerage passengers and mdse. Arrived at the Bar at 5:30 a m.

Steamer Vaidivia (Ger), Krause, Port-au-Prince December 26, Petit Goave and Miragoane 27, Jeremie 28 and Santa Marta January 2, to the Hamburg-American Line, with mdse. Arrived at the Bar at 10 p m, 10th.

Steamer La Lorraine (Fr), Tournier, Havre January 4, to the Compagnie Generale Transatlantique, with 130 cabin and 212 steerage passengers, mails and mdse. Arrived at the Bar at 7:25 a m.

Steamer Gunther (Ger), Suxdorf, Santos December 19, Rio de Janeiro 21 and Barbados January 4, to Funch, Edye & Co, with 16 passengers, mails and mdse. Arrived at the Bar at 6:30 p m.

Steamer St Paul, Passow, Southampton and Cherbourg January 4, to the American Line, with passengers, mails and mdse. South-southeast of Fire Island at 8:30 p m.

Steamer Lampasas, Johnstone, Galveston January 4, to the Mallory Steamship Co, with passengers and mdse. Passed in Quarantine at 6:50 a m.

Steamer Jefferson, Dole, Newport News and Norfolk, to the Old Dominion Ss Co, with passengers and mdse. Passed in Quarantine at 2:48 p m.

Steamer Windber, Dow, Port Tampa January 4, with phosphate rock, to the American Agricultural Chemical Co; vessel to A H Bull & Co. Passed in Sandy Hook at 2:56 p m.

Steamer Arcola, from Huelva. Left Quarantine at 7:50 a m.

Steamer Aureole, from Dartmouth. Left Quarantine at 8:30 a m.

Steamer City of Atlanta from Savannah. Passed in Quarantine at 2:15 a m.

Steamer Kelvingrove, from Norfolk. In Quarantine at 7 a m.

Steamer Mexico, from Havana. Left Quarantine at 8:25 a m.

Steamer Valdivia, from Jamaica, etc. Left Quarantine at 7:50 a m.

Steamer La Lorraine, from Havre. Left Quarantine at 8:40 a m.

Steamer Lampasas, from Galveston. Passed in Quarantine at 6:50 a m.

Steamer Montserrat, from Cadiz. In Quarantine at 8:03 a m.

Sandy Hook, Jan 11, 9:30 p m—Wind east-northeast, fresh breeze; cloudy; thick off shore.

SAILED.

Steamers American, for Puerto Mexico, Mexico; Bound Brook (Ger), Banes; Camoens (Belg), Manchester; Cosmo, San Juan, etc; Comanche, Charleston and Jacksonville; Coronda (Br), Montevideo, Buenos Ayres, etc; El Norte, Galveston; El Walle, Galveston; Estonia (Russ), Rotterdam and Libau; Furnessia (Br), Glasgow via Manhattan; Grecian Prince (Br), Bahia, Rio de Janeiro, etc; Kildona (Br), St Croix, St Kitts, etc; Madeirense (Br), Barbados, Para, etc; Minnehaha (Br), London; Patricia (Ger), Hamburg; Premier (Br), Kingston; Princess Anne, Norfolk and Newport News; Prinz Sigismund (Ger), Fortune Island, Port Antonio, etc; San Marcos, Key West and Galveston; Saratoga, Havana; Sibiria (Ger), Fortune Island, Montego Bay, etc; Tagus (Br), Kingston, Colon, etc; Zulia, La Guayra, Curacao, etc; Lusitania (Br), Liverpool via Queenstown; Philadelphia, Southampton via Plymouth and Cherbourg; Prinzess Irene (Ger), Naples and Genoa; Chesapeake, Baltimore; Delaware, Philadelphia; Ogeechee, Brunswick.

STEAMERS AT FOREIGN PORTS.

ARRIVED.

Plymouth, Jan 11, 6:15 p m—St Louis, Jamison, New York for Cherbourg and Southampton.
Dalny, Jan 10—Koranna (Br), Renwick, New York.
Hamburg, Jan 9—Washington (Ger), Wellmer, New York.
Fiume, Jan 10—Ultonia (Br), Smith, New York via Naples.
Liverpool, Jan 11—Campania (Br), Dow, New York via Queenstown.
Shanghai, Jan 9—St Patrick (Br), Fortay, New York via Singapore for Hiogo and Yokohama.

SAILED.

Antwerp, Jan 11—Zeeland (Br), Broomhead, New York.
Southampton, Jan 11—New York, Roberts, New York via Cherbourg (and passed Hurst Castle 1:40 p m).
Pillau, Jan 8—Energie (Ger), Schaffer, New York.
Rio de Janeiro, Jan 8—Sieglinde (Ger), Strecker (from Santos), New York.
Havre, Jan 11, 4 p m—La Bretagne (Fr), Verlynde, New York.

PASSED.

Malin Head, Jan 11—Columbia (Br), Wadsworth, New York for Moville and Glasgow.
Scilly, Jan 11—Floride (Fr), Paoletti, New York for Havre.
Scilly, Jan 11—Trent (Br), Carbine, New York via Kingston, Colon, Port Spain and Barbados for Southampton.
Portland Bill, Jan 11—Totono (Br), Young, New York for Hull.

OFFERINGS OF THE STORES.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONSULT THE ADVERTISEMENTS IN TO-DAY'S TRIBUNE.

R. H. MACY & CO., at Broadway and 34th street, will begin their 1908 spring sewing campaign with an exhibition of notions and dressmakers' supplies which includes everything from a spool of thread to a wicker basket. They also call attention to the sale of silk petticoats which they will hold this week, in which they will sell garments at a price much reduced.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS, of Brooklyn, have a large stock of furs which, in view of the near approach of the end of the season, they will sell at a reduced price.

A. D. MATTHEWS' SONS, of Brooklyn, invite inspection of their sheets, pillow cases and towels. They will hold a remnant sale of pillow casing and muslins this week.

A. JAECKEL & CO., of No. 384 Fifth avenue, still have a large stock of furs of which they are anxious to dispose. They include exclusive designs in garments of mink, Russian pony and seal.

CAMMEYER, at Sixth avenue and 20th street, will hold a special marked down sale of women's high class evening slippers this week.

SIMPSON CRAWFORD COMPANY, at Sixth avenue and 19th street, advertise a sale of quilted Japanese gowns and sacks for women.

BLOOMIN