DINNER FOR PROF. KOCH

PHYSICIANS PAY TRIBUTE.

Visitor Tells Them Consumption Soon Will Lose Its Terrors.

Four hundred physicians, among them some of the most eminent members of the profession in this country, joined last night in paying a warm tribute to Professor Robert Koch, the German bacteriologist, at a dinner given in his honor by the German Medical Society at the Waldorf.

The speakers, who expressed for the others present the appreciation of the profession and of the world at large of Professor Koch's distinguished scientific contributions to the welfare of mankind, were Andrew Carnegie, Dr. Abraham Jacobi, Professor W. H. Welch, of Johns Hopkins University, and Dr. Carl Beck, who presided.

Professor Koch, who was the last speaker, was clearly moved by the heartiness of the greeting that his colleagues of the United States had extended to him.

The professor said, in discussing the treatment of tuberculosis, with which he is particularly identified in the public mind, that the signs point to the coming of a time when the scourge of consumption will be ended. "We will see it sooner or later," he said.

Professor Koch spoke of the need of more hospitals for the treatment of the disease and modestly acknowledged the tributes showered on him by saying that he had done what his hearers were doing daily—his duty. He paid a glowing compliment to Andrew Carnegie, who has contributed 500,000 marks to the Koch Foundation, for which the professor predicted a great success. Professor Koch spoke in German, saying:

I have had so many proofs of your warm friendship in the few days that I have been here and so much attention has been shown to me that it is not easy to express adequately my thanks.

I have received many invitations from medical societies and colleagues which I regret it is impossible for me to accept because of my brief stay in this city.

The reception that has been extended to me in this fine city is more magnificent than I could possibly have expected and I want to thank you heartily for these tributes. But taking together all these praises showered upon me to-night the question presents itself before me whether I deserve it all. I have never done more in my life than you do daily—just my duty. However, as you know all the gold of science doesn't glitter like other gold.

I am not here only as a practical bacteriologist, but also as the agency of the expression of mutual good will between the profession of the old world and the younger.

It is also an honor and a pleasure to me to have Mr. Carnegie present to-night. His donation to the foundation bearing my name has justly made a deep impression, and I want personally to express my warm thanks to him

The Koch foundation I am sure will have a great success. Since the discovery that consumption is a curable disease and with the increased knowledge of the profession in its treatment with regard to infection the mortality rate from it in all civilized countries has greatly decreased.

The signs are that sooner or later there will be an end to the scourge. So it is time to look about for the means to stamp it out. We need more hospitals for the treatment of consumptives in the furtherance of this war on the disease. The purpose of the Koch Foundation is not for any country or section of the world, but for all mankind. I want to again express my thanks to Mr. Carnegie, whom I regard as the embodiment of all that is best in Americans.

The professor then proposed a "hoch" to Mr. Carnegie.

Earlier in the evening the German-American favor of the occasion was evident in the singing by all present of "Die Wacht Am Rhine" and the "Star Spangled Banner."

Dr. Beck read, among other communications, a letter from Baron Speck von Sternburg, the German Ambassador, to Andrew Carnegie, expressing the gratification of his Emperor over Mr. Carnegie's gift to the Koch Foundation. The letter was as follows:

It gives me special pleasure to inform you that the Minister of Education and Educational Affairs has laid before the German Emperor a report regarding your generous gift of 500,000 marks to the Koch Stifftung. Permit me now to say that the Emperor has expressed his sincerest gratification with regard to your magnanimous donation in honor of the great savant, acting also as a stimulant in promoting German science.

I am now charged to express to you, the donor, the warmest thanks of his majesty. Nothing would have given me greater pleasure than to fulfil this honorable duty.

Mr. Carnegie said in prefacing his speech that he would give millions to be a proficient scholar in the German language. He spoke enthusiastically of the work of the medical profession for the good of mankind, and referred to Professor Koch as "one of the heroes of civilization." He said:

We meet to-night to do honor to one of the great names of the world—one of our own race, for German, Britain and American are all Teutonic, and I trust are always to be found co-operating in every good cause that makes for the peace of the world and improvement of man. Among those causes who shall venture to rate one higher than that of medicine or any profession higher than that which has for its sole aim the prevention and alleviation of human suffering, the profession that beyond any other gives of its time gratuitously.

In viewing the progress of the world in its various phases no profession has made, and is making, greater progress to-day than the art of healing. Diseases which were once plagues are already almost forgotten. The average life of man is lengthened. The percentage of infantile deaths is lessened; not a few diseases prevented; all of this owing to the labors of men who, casting aside the allurements of easygoing life, devote themselves night and day to the study and investigation of human ailments, the most exacting labor of all.

In the list of the heroes of civilization our honored guest occupies high position. The world has ever been devoted to hero worship; alas! ever prone to worship physical force as displayed in its heroes. These have been chiefly warriors from the days of Homer down to our own, men who have become celebrated for the number of their fellow men whom they have butchered. We recall the monument of the old savage king reckoning as his title deeds to glory the number of men he had killed, the number of towns he had sacked and the number of men, women and children he had burned.

Our true hero to-day is he who can count the number of men, women and children he has saved. The past had its heroes, and, being barbaric, its heroes were barbaric. The hero of civilization of our day is not he who kills, but he who serves or saves his fellows. Jenner, Lister, Simpson, Pasteur, not let us not forget to add three Americans, Reid, Dwyer and Sims, a not unworthy contribution to the list from a new country.

Nor can we omit the names of Lazear and Carroll, who voluntarily submitted themselves to mosquito inoculation, one recovering, the other dying a hero's death, in stamping out yellow fever. No list of these heroes of civilization would be complete minus the name of our guest to-night, Dr. Koch, whose place in the abode of fame is already secured.

An age is known by its ideals, and these servers and saviors of men are our ideals to-day, believing as we do that the highest worship of God is service to man. It is not out of place here to mention the name of the last member of the medical fraternity who gives promise for the future, our fellow citizen, Dr. Simon Flexner, of whom an authority has said that a less modest man might even now claim to have made a great discovery. His entrance to the abode of heroes seems assured.

The welcome which you, Dr. Koch, have received to-night can leave no doubt in your mind that you are with your brothers, men and women who feel that you are of the same race and not among strangers. We welcome you with outstretched hands, and will follow your career, sharing with your own countrymen the pride and pleasure which they have in possessing such a man, such a hero, such a member of our Teutonic race.

Dr. Jacobi said that the nineteenth century made four important contributions to medical science, Bichet, Virchow, Pasteur and Koch. He said that if the Panama Canal is completed, it will not be because of the $300,000,000 that the government will spend, but because of medical science and its application by Gorgas and other disciples of Koch.

Professor Welch spoke of Professor Koch's genius of discovery in the subjects of malaria and typhoid and referred to his recent study of the sleeping sickness in Africa as his latest triumph. He said that the guest of honor was "one of the greatest benefactors of mankind."

Some of those present last night were Dr. F. Bierhoff, Carl Buenz, German Consul General; Dr. Darlington, Health Commissioner; Dr. E. H. Porter, State Health Commissioner; Dr. E. G. Janeway, Dr. Francis Delafield, Dr. W. Wyman, Surgeon General, U. S. A. (retired), and Theodore Sutro.

ANNIVERSARY AT FREE SYNAGOGUE.

At the Free Synagogue, in 81st street, between Columbus and Amsterdam avenues, the first annual meeting will be held this morning. This will be followed by the anniversary celebration, which will begin at 11 a. m. Among those who will address the meeting will be the Rev. Dr. Stephen S. Wise, Adolph Lewisohn, the Rev. Sidney L. Goldstein, director of the synagogue's social service, and Eugene H. Lehman, principal of its religious school.

MR. MOSELY TO AMERICAN TEACHERS.

Alfred Mosely, the English agitator, who came to New York last year with five hundred English teachers, to inspect American methods of teaching, arrived from England yesterday on the White Star liner Baltic to confer with the New York City Board of Education and the Civic Federation with a view of arranging a similar expedition of American teachers to England. Mr. Mosely will meet with the Civic Federation on Tuesday.

OBITUARY.

JOHN VANDERCOOK.

John Vandercook, president and general manager of the United Press Association, who died in Chicago yesterday, was born at Orange, N. J., on October 21, 1873, and was reared at Delhi, N. Y. He began his newspaper work as a reporter for "The Cleveland Press" in 1891.

For eight years he was manager of the Publishers' Press, and was called to the editorship of "The Cincinnati Post," where he served for several years. In 1906, when the Scripps-McRae League and the Publishers' Press were consolidated under the name of the United Press Association, Mr. Vandercook was chosen general manager, with headquarters in New York. A year ago he was elected president. In 1901 he married Margaret, the daughter of J. M. Womack, of Louisville. He leaves a wife and son, John, six years old.

SAMUEL L. CARLETON.

Portland, Me., April 11.—Samuel L. Carleton, at one time head of the world organization of the Sons of Temperance, died here to-day, aged eighty-six years.

BENJAMIN F. STEVENS.

Boston, April 11.—Benjamin F. Stevens, for more than fifty years president of the New England Mutual Life Insurance Company, died at his home in Pinckney street, to-day, aged eighty-four years.

Benjamin Franklin Stevens was a native of Boston, where he was born in 1824. He was educated at the English High School and in 1838 began a business career. He became clerk to Commander Percival of the frigate Constitution in 1843, and in 1847 was made secretary of the New England Mutual Life Insurance Company. In 1864 he became its vice-president and four years later president. He served three terms as a Republican member of the Boston Common Council.

SAMUEL SCHOLLE.

Samuel Scholle, a retired clothing merchant, who died at his home, No. 9 East 76th street, on Friday following an operation, will be buried in Cypress Hill Cemetery to-day. Mr. Scholle was born in this city on February 17, 1854, and after receiving a public school education finished his studies at the Mount Pleasant Military Academy, from which he was graduated in 1876. He then entered the tobacco business, but later became a clothing merchant. In 1884 Mr. Scholle married Miss Estelle Content. There are two sons and one daughter. Mr. Scholle was a member of the Harmony and Liederkranz clubs.

OBITUARY NOTES.

JOHN BRYSON, a naval constructor and assistant to the chief architect of the navy, died in Washington on Friday. In the early '70s Mr. Bryson was chief naval constructor for the Austrian government. Afterward he was constructor for the Cramp Shipbuilding Company of Philadelphia. He was a native of Scotland and was sixty-five years old.

MRS. WILLIAMENE TOWNSEND, wife of Charles DeKay Townsend, former Surrogate of Queens County, died at Atlantic City yesterday after a brief illness. Mrs. Townsend was the daughter of Peter Poillon and for many years lived at Oyster Bay. The funeral services will be held on Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock at Grace Church Chantry.

GEORGE A. SAMMIS, of Huntington, Long Island, died there yesterday from acute Bright's disease, at the age of sixty-five years. He was the oldest son of the late Frederick G. Sammis and Maria Platt Conklin. His wife, who was Miss Juliette Sammis, and a daughter, Miss Anna Maria Sammis, survive him.

ROBERT W. BELL, Jr., died at the age of twenty-seven years, at Saranac Lake, on Friday, after an illness of five months. He was a member of the firm of George A. Bell & Son. Before entering business Mr. Bell, jr., attended the Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute and Amherst College. He was also a member of the Alpha Delta Phi fraternity.

GIRL PUZZLES SCIENTISTS.

Convert to Spiritualism Talks in Seven Foreign Languages.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

Portland, Me., April 11.—Winifred Knight, fourteen years old, has suddenly become the subject of study by New England scientists after talking in several foreign languages. She was converted at a session of spiritualists at Newburg, Me., and since that time has spoken religious sentences in Italian, French, Sanscrit, Greek, Latin, Swedish and Hebrew. Dr. James, of Harvard, says it is the most wonderful case on record. He asserts that it is a case of auto-hypnotism. Experts on languages declare that perfect translations are available from the girl's sayings.

NEW DAILY PAPER AT YALE.

Rival of "The News" Will Be "The Herald" —New Yorkers Raise Funds.

New Haven, April 11 (Special).—Funds have been subscribed for a new daily newspaper at Yale, to be started next fall as a rival to "The Yale Daily News," which has enjoyed a monopoly of the university daily field for thirty years.

The paper will be "The Yale Daily Herald." New York alumni have furnished funds. The business manager will be Charles H. Duell, of New York City, of the class of '10. The assistant manager will be Russell K. Dougherty, of New York, a member of the law school. The editor will be J. Frederick Baker, '09, who is secretary of the Connecticut Taft Club. The news editor will be A. F. Marsh, '10, of Chicago.

One impulse toward the publication was the recent lectures at Yale by Colonel George B. Harvey.

"EVENING BULLETIN'S" NEW HOME.

Philadelphia, April 11.—"The Evening Bulletin" to-day entered its new home, a nine story structure at the northeast corner of City Hall Square. The building is directly opposite City Hall and close to the city's busiest centres. The building has been so equipped and the various departments so placed as to minimize all possible delay in the getting out of the various editions of the paper.

PRESS AGENT SEEKING MISS DRESSLER.

Percy G. Williams would be grateful to any person who would give him information concerning the whereabouts of Miss Marie Dressler. Miss Dressler recently returned from a long trip abroad, and she has an engagement to play in Mr. Williams's houses in this city, beginning April 20.

"There is much to be settled yet," Mr. Williams's feminine press agent makes known, "and we must find Miss Dressler."

Somebody suggested that it might be a wise investment to hire two or three automobiles, search for the performer and charge it to the automobile carnival. But the press agent thinks otherwise, knowing that newspaper advertising, especially when it is free, is the more profitable.

ANTIQUE ART OBJECTS AT AUCTION.

A Louis XIV suite of five pieces—a sofa and four armchairs—covered in Aubusson tapestry, brought the highest price yesterday at the sixth day's sale of antique art objects at the Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms, No. 341 Fourth avenue. The price was $1,500. The total of the sale for the day was $10,547 25, and for the six days $57,360.

An unusual pair of large iron antique gates, from an old palace at Marengo said to have been occupied by Napoleon I during the year 1809, was sold for $147 50; $1,050 was paid for a replica of what was said to be a Louis XV Circassian walnut suite of five pieces, and six antique yellow and red Verona marble columns in their original condition brought $570.

The buyers included Theodore G. Andrews, Wilson Burnett, T. F. M. Murray, Mrs. Watrous, Perry White, Frank Bowles, Addison Tomlinson, Di Salvo Brothers and Edward Plate. The final sale will be held to-morrow.

BALLOON CAMPAIGN FOR BECKER.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

Milwaukee, April 11.—Mayor Becker launched his campaign for Governor of Wisconsin this morning by closing a deal for the purchase of the balloon United States from Leo Stevens, of New York.

PRINCE IN HER WAKE

Wooer Follows Mme. Gould Over Sea—Their Statements Conflict.

Mme. Anna Gould and her three children sailed for Italy yesterday on the steamship Friedrich der Grosse. Mme. Gould appeared on the passenger list as "Miss Annette M. Chapin." A few hours later Prince Hélie de Sagan, the avowed suitor for the hand of Mme. Gould, under the name of "E. D. Hodges" sailed on the steamship St. Paul, for Cherbourg, and will return to Pais. Previous to their departures the same conflicting statements were made that have marked the stay of the prince in this city, the former declaring that Mme. Gould is to be married to him in France, while her attorney was equally positive that his client was not engaged.

The sailing of Mme. Gould and Prince Sagan was hurried and unexpected, and there were circumstances connected with their departure which indicated that neither had decided on it until Friday evening. On that afternoon it was announced that Mme. Gould had accepted an invitation to dine with members of her family to-morrow, while later on the same night the management of the Waldorf, where the prince stayed, had no intimation that he contemplated an early departure. He denied as late as yesterday morning that he would leave before the end of this week.

Mme. Gould's preparations for sailing were made just a little while before she left the Hotel St. Regis. There was an hour or two of activity on the part of the hotel porters and her personal servants, and when all was in readiness, about 9:30 o'clock, plans were made for a quick and secret trip to the steamship. Tyler Morse, a friend of the Gould family, and his brother Isidor had charge of these arrangements. Automobiles were ordered, and the party, consisting of Mme. Gould, her children, Boniface, Georges and Jay; Prince de Sagan, Mr. and Mrs. Tyler Morse and Mme. Gould's servants, were driven to Hoboken. There were two automobiles filled with baggage. The report got abroad that the prince also would sail on the Friedrich der Grosse, which gave rise to the rumor that he and Mme. Gould had been secretly married in New Jersey late on Friday night. However, neither of these conjectures was correct.

Mr. and Mrs. Morse and Prince de Sagan returned to New York from the steamship early in the morning. Mme. Gould, her children and entourage remaining on board overnight. Mme. Gould occupied the captain's suite on board the Friedrich der Grosse. All approaches to the suite were carefully guarded until the vessel sailed. She received no callers on board, having said her farewells the night before. She remained in her stateroom until the ship left the pier. E. A. Jones, counsel for Mme. Gould, made public her side of the situation in this statement:

"Of course Mme. Gould is not married; she is not even engaged. I know of no plans which contemplate marriage. There is nothing to indicate that she is to marry the prince."

Mr. Jones indicated that Mme. Gould felt grieved over the treatment of the prince by some members of her family. Prince Sagan, accompanied by his friend, Vicomte de Barris, boarded the steamship St. Paul at about 9 o'clock yesterday morning. His packing had not been completed until almost the minute he left the Waldorf. He was in good humor and apparently satisfied with the result of his trip to this country. He vehemently denied the report that Mme. Gould and he were already married.

"Mme. Gould and I," he said, "had an understanding before we left the other side. My visit has not changed that understanding. We shall marry in France."

SEOUL HONORS MEMORY OF STEVENS.

Officials Representing Many Nations Attend —Services Planned in Tokio.

Tokio, April 11.—A dispatch from Seoul under date of April 9 was received to-day, its transmission having been delayed by a severe snowstorm. It says that impressive memorial services for Durham W. Stevens, the American diplomat, who was assassinated last month in San Francisco by a Corean zealot, took place in the Episcopal church there on Thursday, Bishop Turner officiating. There were four hundred persons present, including Corean officials, General Sone Gazegawa, acting Japanese resident general; the American, British, German, Italian, Chinese and Belgian consuls and representatives of foreign firms at Chemulpo and Seoul. The Corean Emperor and Marquis Ito, the Japanese resident general, sent wreaths.

The memorial services at Tokio will take place next week. The arrangements were delayed pending the arrival of Mr. Dennison, who reached Tokio to-day to resume his duties as foreign adviser of the government.

CONSPIRATORS TAKEN; BISHOP KILLED.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

Boston, April 11.—A Greek newspaper published here has received a private cable dispatch telling of the arrest of a band of Albanian conspirators from Boston and the assassination of Bishop Pothias.

CAMPAIGN BADGES PART OF UNIFORM.

Washington, April 11.—The War Department has officially declared that campaign badges are a part of the uniform of an officer and that it is necessary for officers to wear them, as is required in the case of insignia of rank.

The department has adopted a design for the Civil War badges, with the head of Lincoln on the obverse side, together with the motto, "With malice toward none, with charity to all." The reverse side contains the legend, "The Civil War, 1861 to 1865," surrounded by a wreath.

PROMINENT ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS

BRESLIN—Harold Rockefeller, Kingston, N. Y. GOTHAM—James D. Houseman, Denver. GRAND—C. I. Hunter, Proctor, Vt. HOLLAND—Le Baron C. Colt, Providence. IMPERIAL—Wharton Mitchell, Atlanta. MAJESTIC—C. R. Seaward, Boston. VICTORIA—Milton Davis, Los Angeles.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Official Record and Forecast.—Washington, April 11.—The disturbance that has been moving over the northern portion of the country during the last few days has increased steadily in intensity, and is central to-night over extreme Northwest Canada in the form of a severe storm, with high west to northwest winds over the lower lake region, the middle Atlantic states and New England. There have been moderate rains from the western Gulf states northeastward into New England, followed by clearing weather and rapidly falling temperature, the falling temperature extending into the upper mississippi valley and upper lake region. In the West the weather was generally fair, with much higher temperatures in the Northwest.

Owing to the prevailing high pressure over the interior of the country the weather will be generally fair for the next two days east of the Rocky Mountains, with comparatively low temperature Sunday in the lower lake region and the Atlantic states. It will be warmer Sunday in the central valleys and the upper lake region and warmer Monday in the East and South. It will be cooler Monday in the Northwest. West of the Rocky Mountains the weather will be generally fair, except on the north coast, where there will be showers.

Special Forecast.—Storm warnings are displayed on the Atlantic coast from Delaware Breakwater to New York and Baltimore.

Flood warnings have been issued for the Red and Lower Arkansas rivers and for the White River of Arkansas, and warnings for flood stage in the Ohio River at Cairo, Ill.

The winds along the New England coast will be high west, diminishing by Sunday night; on the middle Atlantic coast diminishing northwest, becoming variable by Monday; on the south Atlantic coast fresh to brisk northwest to north, becoming northeast Monday; on the east Gulf coast light to fresh north to northeast; on the

FORECAST FOR SPECIAL LOCALITIES.

For the District of Columbia, Maryland and Eastern Pennsylvania, fair to-day; Monday fair, warmer; diminishing northwest winds, becoming variable.

For Virginia, fair to-day; cooler in the southeast portion; Monday fair; warmer in the interior; fresh to brisk northwest winds, becoming variable.

For Delaware, New Jersey and Eastern New York, fair to-day, with diminishing northwest to north winds; Monday fair; warmer in the interior.

For New England, fair to-day; high west winds; Monday fair; warmer in weste and interior of south portion.

For West Virginia, Western Pennsylvania, fair to-day; Monday fair, warmer.

For Western New York, fair to-day; Monday fair, warmer; diminishing northwest winds.

west Gulf coast fresh northeast to east, and on Lake Michigan variable, becoming south and fresh to brisk.

Local Official Record.—The following official record from the Weather Bureau shows the changes in the temperature for the last twenty-four hours, in comparison with the corresponding date of last year:

	1907.	1908.		1907.	1908.
3 a. m.	34	48	6 p. m.	52	49
6 a. m.	35	49	9 p. m.	47	44
9 a. m.	41	51	11 p. m.	46	—
12 m.	47	62	12 p. m.	45	—
4 p. m.	53	55			

Highest temperature yesterday, 62 degrees; lowest, 44; average, 53; average for corresponding date of last year, 44; average for corresponding date of last thirty-three years, 46.

Local forecast: Fair to-day, with diminishing northwest to north winds; fair Monday.

EVANS IS WEAKER.

Physicians in Consultation Oppose His Leaving Paso Robles.

Paso Robles Hot Springs, Cal., April 11.—After a thorough examination of Admiral Evans and a consultation in which Surgeon McDonald participated the three physicians who came from Los Angeles gave out a statement to-night as follows:

After a consultation we are of the opinion that Admiral Evans should remain at Paso Robles until he has undergone a thorough trial of the course of treatment he is now undergoing and until his regular physician says that it is advisable to move him. We approve of the treatment he is now receiving.

The statement is from Drs. E. A. Bryant, George W. Lasher and W. A. Edwards, of Los Angeles.

Admiral Evans is weaker to-night than he has been before and is suffering some pain from his knee.

DESTROYERS' FINE RUN.

San Diego Awaits Fleet—Physicians to Consult Over Evans.

Magdalena Bay, Mexico, April 8, via San Diego, Cal., April 11.—The torpedo boat flotilla of six destroyers, under Lieutenant Commander Hutch. I. Cone, followed the example of the battleship fleet and arrived at Magdalena Bay from Acapulco one day ahead of schedule time. It required three days to make the run from Acapulco at an average speed of 15 knots.

Commander Cone went aboard the flagship Minnesota at once to make his report to Admiral Thomas. He is tall and thin and bronzed with the heat of the tropical suns. Admiral Thomas greeted him in his cabin and congratulated him upon his recent promotion to the rank of lieutenant commander. Commander Cone then recounted some of the features of his voyage.

"We steamed for days through the narrow channels, a thousand miles long," said Commander Cone, "the Patagonian passages being barely wide enough to let us through. The waters were cold from the jutting glaciers and filled with broken cakes of ice. The boats took on all the ice we needed for days from over the side. The precipitous cliffs of the snow covered mountains rose beside us to a height of thousands of feet, seeming sometimes almost to close over us. We threaded our way through these islands, the other destroyers following the lead of the Whipple as we came along in single column. We had as a pilot a lieutenant commander of the Chilian navy. He steered us through the narrow defiles and over perilous places without the slightest mishap."

Not an untoward incident marred the long trip of the destroyers from Hampton Roads. Their supply ship, the Arethusa, or "Mother of the destroyers," as she was called, was not able to keep the fast pace set by the black craft, and this held them back.

"I want some coal," was one of the first things Commander Cone said to Admiral Thomas. "We just did get in with what we took from the Arethusa at Acapulco. Three of them, including the Whipple, have less than four tons in their bunkers to-night." Arrangements were immediately concluded by the flagship for providing coal, and the destroyers are preparing to go on the ranges and begin target firing to-day.

The funeral of Raymond Eason, of Easton, Md., hospital apprentice on the Kentucky, who died yesterday as the result of an accidental shot wound received a few days ago, occurred to-day. As the body was lowered over the side into a waiting cutter the colors on every ship in the fleet were lowered to halfmast.

San Diego, Cal., April 11.—The city of San Diego is decorated as never before in her history in honor of the coming of the Atlantic fleet, which sailed from Magdalena Bay to-day.

Crowds of visitors are flocking into the city by every train. The fleet will arrive next Tuesday at 1 p. m. A programme of four days of merry-making has been arranged.

The results of yesterday's regatta at Magdalena Bay were received to-day. The regatta was watched by the crews of all the vessels, filling the decks and rigging. Results:

Pulling race (Battenburg Cup; ten miles)—Won by the Louisiana crew.
Belmont Cup (two miles)—Won by the Louisiana crew.
Jamestown Cup (one mile; for officers)—Won by the Georgia.
Havana Cup (gigs)—Won by the Missouri.
Dunlap Cup (two miles, for marines)—Won by the Alabama.
Dingy race (for the gunners' gang)—Won by the Minnesota.
Brebbel Cup (two miles; for engineers)—Won by the Kentucky.

SAILING RACES.

Colonial Dames Cup (for barges; distance, ten miles)—Won by the Connecticut.
Sailing launches (ten miles)—Won by the Vermont.
Barry Cup (gigs; three miles)—The New Jersey and the Maine tied, and will sail off the race at San Diego next week.
Rudderless cutters (five miles)—Won by the Minnesota.
Whaleboats (five miles)—Won by the Maine.

WORKING TO RESTORE ARMY CANTEEN

The Army Canteen Association, which was incorporated on Friday, has already taken steps to re-establish the canteen in the barracks and camps of the United States army. A bill for that purpose has been introduced into Congress by Representative Bartholdt, of Missouri, and although it is not expected that it will be acted upon this session, it is thought that the bill will be passed at the next session of Congress.

The Army Canteen Association has taken into consideration the report of Major General Grant, in command of the Department of the East, in which the restoration of the canteen is advocated, and will work on this basis as well as upon the reports of many other heads of the army. H. B. Fry, secretary of the new association, said last night that the sale of beers and wines was advocated, but not the sale of any "hard stuffs." Associations will be formed in other cities to help in the cause, and indorsement is expected from many women's societies.

BAGGAGE RECORD FOR MR. PHIPPS.

J. S. Phipps, a son of the Pittsburg steel manufacturer, accompanied by Mrs. Phipps, three children, a maid, a secretary, a man servant, three nurses and one hundred and sixty pieces of baggage, arrived here yesterday on the White Star liner Baltic from Liverpool. Mr. Phipps contended when the customs officials asked for his declaration that he had lived abroad sufficiently long to ask the privileges of a foreign resident in the matter of jewelry, household goods and clothing intended for the use of himself and family. The customs officials decided, however, that Mr. Phipps should pay the full duty, which amounted to $2,800.

POPE TO AMERICAN ARCHBISHOPS.

Rome, April 11.—The Pope has sent autograph letters to Archbishop Farley of New York and Archbishop Ryan of Philadelphia, congratulating them upon the hundredth anniversary of the erection of their sees, both of which were established in April, 1808. The Pope expresses his satisfaction at the progress made in the archdioceses, the zeal of the clergy and the devotion and ability of the archbishops, and imparts the Papal blessing to the prelates.

MRS. EMMA SELIGMAN WASSERMANN.

Emma Seligman Wassermann, wife of Edward Wassermann, the banker, died on Friday night at her home, at No. 33 West 56th street, in her forty-fourth year. She was the daughter of the late Jesse Seligman, brother of Joseph Seligman, who was founder of the banking firm of J. & W. Seligman & Co. Blood poisoning caused her death. She was one of the founders of the St. Cecilia Club and was a guarantor of the New York Symphony Orchestra. She aided many Jewish and Christian charity organizations. Her husband and three children survive her. The funeral will be held at Temple Emanu-El this morning at 9 o'clock and the burial will be in the family plot at Cypress Hills Cemetery.

TO PLAY FOR HEBREW CHARITY.

An operatic and dramatic performance for the benefit of the United Hebrew Charities will be given at the Metropolitan Opera House on April 26. Mme. Gadski, Miss Estelle Liebling, Vladimir de Pachman and Miss Maud Powell are among those who will take part in the musical programme.

Scenes from the season's successes will be presented by well known actors and actresses whose names have not been announced. Already many of the boxes and reserved seats have been subscribed for.

ARMY AND NAVY NEWS

Minimum of Sunday Work in Military Service.

[From The Tribune Bureau.]

Washington, April 11.

PREPARING REPLY TO PRESIDENT.—The Secretary of War is receiving reports from bureau chiefs and others in charge of the military branches respecting the amount of work necessarily performed on Sunday. This material will be used in a reply to the President, who has asked for information as to the extent and necessity of such labor on Sunday, it having been asserted by clergymen that compulsory and unnecessary service is exacted of employes and soldiers on that day. The reports so far received are probably an indication of what will come from other officers away from Washington, including the army engineers who are in charge of river and harbor work. The department is informed that a certain amount of absolutely necessary labor is performed by clerks, enlisted men, civilian employes on river and harbor projects and others. This is the sort of work which must be done regardless of the day of the week and is required by the exigencies of the public service. It is invariably reduced to a minimum where public interests would not suffer.

ORDERS ISSUED.—The following orders have been issued:

ARMY.

Lieutenant Colonel WILLIAM H. CORBUSIER, deputy surgeon general, placed on retired list.
Major ANDRE W. BREWSTER, 19th Infantry, from Army War College, September 1.
Captain IRA C. WELBORN, 9th Infantry, from Mississippi Agricultural and Mechanical College to his regiment.
Captain EDWARD P. O'HERN, ordnance department, detailed professor of ordnance and science of gunnery at Military Academy, vice Lieutenant Colonel ORMOND M. LISSAK, ordnance department.
First Lieutenant MELZAR C. RICHARDS, retired, detailed as professor of military science and tactics at St. Joh's School, Manilus, May 16.
Second Lieutenant ARTHUR J. HANLON, from 29th to 28th Infantry.
Captain STANLEY H. FORD, quartermaster, from Havana to Newport News.
Leaves of absence: Lieutenant Colonel FRANK A. EDWARDS, 12th Cavalry, two months on relief as military attaché at Rome; Colonel GEORGE ANDREWS, adjutant general, one month and six days; Brigadier General THOMAS H. BARRY, one month, with permission to visit the United States; Lieutenant Colonel WILLIAM H. C. BOWEN, 13th Infantry, four months.

NAVY.

Lieutenant Commander C. B. M'VAY, detached the Alabama, May 9; to command the Yankton.
Lieutenant W. R. GHERARDI, detached the Yankton; home and await orders.

MOVEMENTS OF WARSHIPS.—The following movements of vessels have been reported to the Navy Department:

ARRIVED.

April 9—The Chicago at Norfolk; the Mayflower at Key West.
April 10—The Des Moines at Guantanamo.

SAILED.

April 9—The South Dakota, from San Francisco for Bremerton; the Chicago, from Hampton Roads for Norfolk.
April 10—The Mayflower, from Key West for Guantanamo; the Reina Mercedes, from Newport for navy yard, New York.
The Hartford, to be commissioned 14th inst., at navy yard, Norfolk, as Naval Academy practice ship; the Goldsborough, commissioned at navy yard, Puget Sound, April 9; the Birmingham, turned over to the government April 10; the Prairie, from Hampton Roads to Colon; the Buffalo, from San Francisco for Colon.

PHILIPPINE FLEET WILL CRUISE.

Che-Foo Rear Admiral Hemphill's Probable Base—Rockhill Visits Governors.

Washington, April 11.—The Philippine fleet, technically known as the third squadron of the Pacific fleet, under command of Rear Admiral Hemphill, will probably leave Manilla to-day for its annual summer cruise in Asiatic waters. Admiral Hemphill is independent of direction from the Navy Department on this cruise, but it is believed here that he will as usual make his base at Che-Foo, in the Yellow Sea. From there it is usual to make practice cruises to various Chinese and Japanese ports, and to carry out a regular system of manœuvres. The cruise generally extends over a period of from three to four months. Che-Foo is a favored port by the navies of the world, and is generally the rendezvous of the French Asiatic fleet, while Wei-Hai-Wei has been the summer base for the British squadron.

While it is asserted with positiveness that no directions or suggestions have gone to Admiral Hemphill respecting the Chinese boycott of Japanese goods developing as the result of the Tatsu Maru seizure and release, it is evident that officials here will feel a satisfaction in having the American flag substantially afloat in Chinese waters. There is an inclination here to minimize the boycott movement. Reports which have reached the State Department condemning it, however, have been meagre, no mail advices having arrived.

Minister Rockhill, it is reported, has just completed his annual trip up the Yangtse River, where he made official calls on the Viceroys of New-Chwang and Hankow Provinces. Return calls were received by Mr. Rockhill aboard the American cruiser which conveyed him on the fifteen hundred mile river trip.

PHI DELTA THETA ANNUAL DINNER.

Westchester District Attorney Pays Tribute to Members of Society.

"Boys, we're glad to hear your noise to-night!" said Francis A. Winslow, District Attorney of Westchester County, at the close of his talk at the Brevoort Hotel last night to his brother members of the college fraternity of Phi Delta Theta, at their annual dinner. Introduced by the chairman, Lamar Hardy, he had responded to the toast, "Following in the Footsteps." He told those present that it was good to hear the Columbia cheer, and the songs of the Alma Mater. No fraternal organization, he said, stood higher to-day than Phi Delta Theta. "There are members," said he, "in almost every state in the Union holding high positions. They are men of standing in the community, and that means something."

Mr. Hardy told of the organization of the order in 1848 with a membership of six, and now, he said, there were fifteen thousand members. Robert T. Haines, leading man in the "Darling of the Gods" company, told of the "Phis He Had Met" and Frederick A. Goetze, dean of the school of science at Columbia, spoke on "Phi Delta Theta and Columbia." Others present included the Phi Quartet, F. F. Lincoln, R. P. Jackson, Joseph S. Buhler and O. Bullard; James C. McReynolds, ex-Attorney General Mayer and Lee Fairchild.

THE TOPEKA TO BE RECEIVING SHIP.

Washington, April 11.—The United States steamer Topeka has been designated as a receiving ship for prisoners as an auxiliary of the Southery, now serving in that capacity at the Portsmouth (N. H.) Navy Yard.

NINE FILIPINO OUTLAWS KILLED.

Manila, April 11.—A dispatch from Bayombong reports that the detachment sent out against Lingay, the outlaw leader whose band treacherously murdered a policeman, has been attacked. A sharp fight ended in the rout of the outlaws, who left nine dead.

NAVAL MAN ESCAPES RABIES.

William J. Baxter, the naval constructor attached to the Brooklyn Navy Yard, who was bitten by a rabid dog, and who went to the Pasteur Institute for treatment, was reported out of danger yesterday. Dr. W. R. Wheeler said that Mr. Baxter would be given treatment for eighteen days, and added that the treatment given so soon after he was bitten lessened the seriousness of the case.

NAMED TO REPRESENT COLUMBIA.

Professors G. S. Fullerton and C. A. Strong were appointed by President N. M. Butler yesterday the official representatives of Columbia University at the third international Congress of Philosophy, to be held at Heidelberg beginning August 31.

BALTIMORE BANKER ASKS DIVORCE.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

Baltimore, April 11.—William H. Fisher, a well known banker, to-day applied for an absolute divorce from his wife, Edith Ridgely Fisher, on statutory grounds. They have been married about twenty years and have three children. Mrs. Fisher is a member of a well known family.

AT ODDS ON "THE MERRY WIDOW."

Judges Lacombe and Ward, of the United States Circuit Court, appear to have different views regarding the ownership of the opera "The Merry Widow." Judge Ward on Tuesday refused further to enjoin Gertrude Hoffman, who in vaudeville performances imitates the leading characters of the piece, because he had doubts as to Henry W. Savage's title to the opera.

Continuing an injunction which he had granted to Colonel Savage's counsel against the Kalem Company, Incorporated, and Miles Brothers, Incorporated, alleged to be interested in a moving picture exhibition of "The Merry Widow," Judge Lacombe, in addition to the restraining order, directed the defendants yesterday to turn over and surrender all the negatives and films in their possession to the complainant.

Married.

HEWLETT—VEIL—On Wednesday, April 8, 1908, by the Rev. John Huppenbauer, Elsie Caroline Veil, to Charles A. Hewlett, both of Brooklyn, N. Y.

Died.

Death notices appearing in THE TRIBUNE will be republished in the Tri-Weekly Tribune without extra charge.

Anderson, Katharine A.
Bell, Robert W., jr.
Brown, James A.
Jacques, Philip M.
Keep, Gertrude M.
Lambeth, William C.
Mansfield, May.
Montague, Peter J.
Murphey, Charles A.
O'Brien, Florence M.
Pell, John B.
Scholle, Samuel.
Swimm, Martha L.
Townsend, Williemene B.
Van Wyck, Marie.

ANDERSON—At her home in Brooklyn on Saturday, April 11, Mrs.