



ST. LOUIS GIVES WARM WELCOME TO MR. TAFT

AUDIENCE OF TWENTY THOUSAND CHEERS HIM.

Closes Western Trip with Three Effective Speeches—Bryan Worried About Missouri.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

St. Louis, Oct. 6.—Missouri has "done herself proud" in the unanimity and cordiality of her welcome to William H. Taft, but it remained for St. Louis, where the candidate closed his Western trip to-night, to outdo all the other cities visited by Mr. Taft in his entire trip in the extent and the enthusiasm of the welcome extended to him.

The first stop was at the Planters' Hotel, where Mr. Taft had a brief rest and then received informally the extensive reception committee, the various Republican organizations of the city and a few other invited guests.

When he arose to speak after having been introduced by National Committeeman Nagel, he was greeted with repeated outbursts of cheers.

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He began with an enumeration of recent accomplishments of the Republican party, citing first the crushing of the free silver heresy and, last, the elimination of various corporate evils under Theodore Roosevelt, which he said had constituted the chief victory of the present administration.

Despite his apology, however, Mr. Taft's voice was in excellent condition and seemed to carry to the furthest corner of the great auditorium.

DISCUSSES EVILS OF TRUSTS.

Reference to the abolition of rebates, the prosecutions of trusts, etc., led Mr. Taft naturally on to a discussion of trust evils. He defined with great clearness that which constituted the evil of a so-called trust.

He also declared that, if elected, he would do all that in him lay to clinch the Roosevelt policies by suggesting to Congress such legislation as would be needed to carry on the work so auspiciously begun, outlining, as he has done before, his belief that it was necessary to enforce the strictest observation and inspection by the Department of Commerce and Labor of all corporations doing interstate business.

PUNCTURES SOME BRYAN BUBBLES.

Mr. Taft analyzed the remedies proposed by Mr. Bryan, showing that to place all trust made articles on the free list would work grave injury to all the employes of the trusts.

A man in the audience shouted: "How about your attitude toward labor unions?" "I am going into East St. Louis, right into the heart of the labor union section, to talk about labor," said Mr. Taft, and then he added: "If the labor union knew their own good they would recognize that I have done more for labor than Samuel Gompers or any other labor leader."

WHITE HOUSE COUNCIL.

President Gets Good Reports from This State and Nation.

Washington, Oct. 6.—The political situation at large, and especially the prospects for the state and national tickets in New York, were carefully gone over at a prolonged conference at the White House to-night.

Those who talked with the President were William L. Ward, the New York member of the Republican National Committee; Secretary Root, Secretary Cortelyou, Postmaster General Meyer, Secretary Loeb and Assistant Secretary of State Bacon.

Secretary Loeb later told the newspaper men there would be no statement given out relative to the conference. One of those who took part said, however, that a review of conditions showed that the general situation was very encouraging to the Republicans, and that especially good reports were coming in as to the chances of the New York State ticket to win.

PRESIDENT NOT TO STUMP.

Bishop Cranston Says Mr. Roosevelt Asserts This in Letter.

Rochester, Oct. 6.—President Roosevelt will not take the stump in the campaign this fall, Bishop Earl Cranston, of Washington, presiding Bishop of the Genesee Methodist Conference, said to a number of the clergymen at the close of the conference here to-night.

"If any one tells you that he will, say to him that he is mistaken," said the Bishop.

When asked how he was able to speak positively, Bishop Cranston took out a letter and said that in it President Roosevelt had assured him that he would not go on the stump.

A PLACE FOR BRYAN.

Offered \$12,000 a Year to Edit Denver Newspaper.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

Fort Worth, Tex., Oct. 6.—Fred H. Bonfils, proprietor of "The Denver Post" and of the Sells Floto Circus, while here to-day said that just before the last nomination of William J. Bryan for the Presidency he offered him \$12,000 a year to edit his paper.

LICENSE CASE ARRESTS.

Patrolman Reid Accused of Perjury, Sergeant Bird of Graft.

Patrolman Patrick J. Reid, forty-two years old, of No. 76 Prometcha avenue, Corona, Long Island, attached to the 14th Inspection District, and Sergeant Peter J. Bird, attached to the Bureau of Licenses, were arrested last night at the direction of District Attorney Jerome Reid.

Sergeant Bird was arrested at his home, No. 1088 Lind avenue, The Bronx, by Detectives Fitzsimmons and Rayens, of the District Attorney's office, charged with demanding \$200 from Dorothea Mason, of No. 41 East 149th street, and receiving \$200 "under color of the right of his office."

DR. DENSLAW REPLIES.

Tells Critics He Can Show Them Locomotor Ataxia Cures.

Dr. Le Grand Norton Denslow, whose paper on locomotor ataxia, read last Thursday night before the Academy of Medicine, caused several neurologists to write letters of protest to Dr. John A. Wyeth, president of the academy, as told in The Tribune exclusively yesterday.

"I have been given many of them a return of balance. In several cases the so-called Ataxia-Robinson pupil has again reacted to light. I have never cured the knee reflex. In none of my thirty cases reported has there been any return of the disagreeable symptoms, although treatment has been discontinued in different ones from six months to four years."

HOMES TOTTER ON CHASM'S BRINK.

Remarkable Escapes of Families When Street Suddenly Drops Forty Feet.

Galena, Kan., Oct. 6.—Shortly after 1 o'clock this morning the ground under the homes of Mrs. Abner Hubbard and William Pollock, in Galena street, caved in and left the houses hanging on the brink of a chasm.

A man in the audience shouted: "How about your attitude toward labor unions?" "I am going into East St. Louis, right into the heart of the labor union section, to talk about labor," said Mr. Taft, and then he added: "If the labor union knew their own good they would recognize that I have done more for labor than Samuel Gompers or any other labor leader."

J. CLAYTON ERB SHOT

KILLED BY SISTER-IN-LAW

Murder of Philadelphia Politician Follows Family Scandal.

Philadelphia, Oct. 6.—J. Clayton Erb, captain and regimental quartermaster of the 3d Regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania, was shot and killed at his summer home, near Village Green, Delaware County, to-night. His sister-in-law, Mrs. Catherine Beisel, is under arrest in the Media jail, charged with the murder.

The woman admits that she did the shooting in a family quarrel.

Captain Erb, who was private secretary to Israel W. Durham, political leader of this city, was one of the best known men in political circles in Philadelphia.

About two years ago he was married and moved to Delaware County. For a time everything went along smoothly, but recently there were family quarrels.

On August 24 Mrs. Erb, who was Mrs. W. G. Rothermel, a divorced woman, caused the arrest of Eugene Poulson, Mr. Erb's negro coachman, on a charge of threatening her life.

At the hearing in the case she said that she had been informed that Poulson was acting as a spy for Captain Erb, who stood by the coachman at the hearing. He subsequently explained that he did so because he expected to institute proceedings against Mrs. Erb, and expected Poulson to be an important witness in the case, in which Mrs. Catherine Beisel, Mrs. Erb's sister, was to be involved.

Captain Erb declared at the hearing that he had been duped when he married Mrs. Rothermel, and that her conduct during his absence at Pine Plains last summer had been improper.

Several weeks later Mrs. Erb caused the arrest of her husband on a charge of assault and battery, and he was held for trial.

The charges were to have been heard before Judge Broome at Media on September 30, but the case was postponed and it was decided that the matter should come up in December.

Captain Erb was for fifteen years identified with Republican politics in this city and the state. When Israel W. Durham became state insurance commissioner he appointed Captain Erb an actuary.

BUGHER'S MAN SHOT.

Went to Sleep in Doorway While on "Plant."

Michael J. McGrath, of Deputy Police Commissioner Bugher's staff, of No. 510 West 49th street, was shot in the right arm and struck in the right side of the head with a club last night about 11:20 o'clock by Patrolman Max Greenbaum, of the East 51st street station.

The shooting occurred in front of the pawnshop conducted by H. Rinn, at No. 655 Third avenue. Greenbaum says he found a man sleeping in the doorway of the pawnshop.

Greenbaum aroused the man, he says, and told him to move on. The man, however, drew a blackjack, Greenbaum says, and tried to strike him.

"I pulled my own revolver and shot twice," said Greenbaum. "I shot straight."

Greenbaum said the man tried to raise his revolver, and that he then struck him on the head with his nightstick.

McGrath later said he was on a "plant" in the neighborhood, and had fallen asleep in the doorway. He said that Greenbaum, without awakening him, shot him in the right arm, and then shot him again as he struggled to his feet.

Patrolman Arthur H. Wheeler, who said he was within a short distance of McGrath and Greenbaum at the time of the shooting, corroborated the story told by Greenbaum. A revolver and blackjack were found in McGrath's possession.

WILL CASE SETTLED.

Three Greenough Widows to Divide Estate, It Is Believed.

Boston, Oct. 6.—A settlement of the Greenough will case, in which three women who say they had married Joseph F. Greenough struggled to obtain their share of the estate of \$1,400,000, has been accomplished.

The hearing on the appeal in the case was indefinitely postponed when it came up in the Supreme Court to-day.

When Greenough died three alleged widows appeared to claim the estate—Margaret D. Greenough, of New York; Emma P. Greenough, of Philadelphia, and Mary M. Greenough, of Philadelphia, and in the Probate Court, at which each woman testified that she had married Greenough in good faith, Judge Grant decided that Margaret D. Greenough was the only legal widow.

C. P. STRIKERS RETURN TO WORK.

Montreal, Oct. 6.—The strikers from the Angus shops met to-day and voted to accept the terms arranged by their leaders for ending the Canadian Pacific Railway strike.

WRIGHT WINS \$106,000.

Breaks Another Record and Closes the Weiller Contract.

Le Mans, Oct. 6.—Wilbur Wright, who on Saturday last established a world's record for an aeroplane flight carrying one passenger, made a new record this afternoon, when, under similar conditions, he remained in the air 1 hour 4 minutes and 26 seconds.

Mr. Wright thus fulfils the conditions of the contract signed by him and Lazare Weiller, representing a syndicate, whereby Mr. Wright was required to make two flights, of fifty kilometres each, within a week, with a passenger or an equivalent weight.

The contract calls for the payment to Mr. Wright of \$100,000 by the syndicate, in return for which the syndicate obtains the patent rights of the machine in France and the colonies.

MACK SUFFERS COLLAPSE.

Democratic Chairman Stricken in Chicago—Condition Not Serious.

Chicago, Oct. 6.—Norman E. Mack, of Buffalo, chairman of the Democratic national committee, suffered a slight physical collapse here to-night. His condition is not serious.

Mr. Mack is under the care of a physician and a trained nurse. The illness of Mr. Mack came suddenly, and alarmed fellow members of the Democratic committee. Dr. Hammond, of the Auditorium Hotel, was summoned, and he said that Mr. Mack was suffering from overwork and nervous exhaustion.

SCIENTIST SOUGHT BODY.

Doctor Wanted Rabies Victim's Brain—Husband Threatens Bullet.

Elizabeth N. J., Oct. 6 (Special).—Despite a warrant signed by the County Physician, a certificate from his own family doctor and threats of arrest, Harvey M. Day, of No. 13 Cherry street, this city, to-night successfully defied Dr. W. Byron Coakley, a New York scientist, to enter his home and remove his dead wife's brain for investigation.

Mrs. Day had lived nine days with hydrophobia, and Dr. Coakley had come here from New York early in the day determined to take the brain back to that city with him.

Dr. Coakley said a person with genuine hydrophobia had never before been known to live in an unconscious state for nine days after being bitten. Pasteur Institute specialists have opposed the practice of administering opiates to patients, and Dr. Coakley said he thought Mrs. Day had been heavily drugged to have lived as long as she did and wanted to study her brain and organs.

GLANTS MUST WIN TWO.

National League Pennant Hanging in the Balance.

On the decision of the board of directors of the National League declaring the protested game between New York and Chicago a tie two games stand between the Glants and the pennant. They must defeat Boston to-day and Chicago on Thursday if the coveted flag is to float over the Polo Grounds.

Loss of the last game with Boston to-day would complicate the situation, as in case of a victory over Chicago three teams, Pittsburgh, Chicago and New York, would be tied for the championship.

SAYS ROADS ARE GUILTY.

Marble Charges Discrimination in Sugar Refiners' Case.

Washington, Oct. 6.—In the opinion of John H. Marble, special attorney of the Interstate Commerce Commission, who investigated the complaints pertaining to allowances in the transfer of sugar at New York, the Trunk Line Association of Railroad refiners, was arrested yesterday at the Federal sugar refinery.

Mr. Marble to-day submitted a brief to the commission, which gives his views of the testimony presented at investigation proceedings held here, in which the New York Central, the Delaware & Lackawanna, the Lehigh Valley, the Pennsylvania, the Philadelphia & Reading, the Central Railroad of New Jersey and the Baltimore & Ohio were defendants.

The decision of the commission will be based on a consideration of this brief, together with those of the railroad companies and the complainants.

ARREST 'HONEST JOHN'S' PARTNER.

Oscar Snyder Fell Behind in His Payments to His Wife.

Oscar Snyder, the partner of "Honest John" Kelly in the Rye Beach Inn bankruptcy proceedings, was arrested yesterday at the Federal Building on the charge of abandonment, preferred by his wife.

Mrs. Snyder told Magistrate Steingart that her husband had been ordered to pay her \$9 a week for four years ago by Magistrate Pool. The payments had continued until a few weeks ago. She lives at No. 38 West 51st street.

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HARAHAN ORDERS \$1,000,000 IN CARS.

New Orleans, Oct. 6.—Announcement that \$1,000,000 worth of freight cars have been ordered by the Illinois Central Railroad for delivery after December 1 next was made here to-day by President J. T. Harahan. Mr. Harahan says that lumber, coal and cotton shipments on his road are now greater than at the corresponding period last year, and that manufactured articles are the only class of shipments under normal.

JAPAN STOPS RACETRACK BETTING.

Tokyo, Oct. 7.—The government has decided to prohibit all gambling on racetracks and to enforce the laws governing racing. The action of the government has created excitement, and it is believed it will eliminate horse racing in Japan.

LAWSON TO SELL STABLE HERE.

Boston, Oct. 6.—Arnold Lawson, son of Thomas W. Lawson, announced to-night that it had been decided to sell the Lawson stable at auction in New York this fall. In all about thirty fine horses will be sold, but Borama, Dare Devil and a few other favorites will be retained.

BULGARIA'S POSITION

DEFINED BY POPRIKOFF.

Minister Explains Causes of the Break from Turkey.

M. Poprikoff, the Bulgarian Minister of Foreign Affairs, has sent a cable dispatch to The Associated Press giving an authoritative explanation of the Bulgarian situation, which is now absorbing the attention of Europe and the world at large.

There then followed a diplomatic conflict between Bulgaria and Turkey. Bulgaria considered that Turkey was not respecting the rights acquired by her, and she desired to defend these rights.

The Oriental Railroad Company operates three hundred kilometers (186 miles) of line in Bulgarian territory. The same company operates also about one thousand kilometers (621 miles) of line in Turkish territory.

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PEACE EXPECTED

IN BALKANS

NEW TERMS SUGGESTED IN BERLIN TREATY.

Austrian Emperor Announces Seizure of the Two Turkish Provinces.

[Special by French Cable to The Tribune.]

Paris, Oct. 6.—The result of the declarations and explanations made verbally to-day by M. Stancoff, the Bulgarian Minister here, to M. Pinchon, Minister of Foreign Affairs, and subsequently to M. d'Isvolzky, the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, now in Paris, has been to strengthen greatly the feeling that war in the Balkans will be averted.

The best informed diplomatic opinion to-night is that Russia will take the initiative, supported by France, in urging the powers signatory to the Treaty of Berlin to meet at a conference to be held in Paris to rectify the Berlin Treaty, the principal modifications of which will insure an independence of Bulgaria which shall include Eastern Rumelia, will ratify the annexation by Austria-Hungary of Bosnia, and secure for Russia the free passage of the Bosphorus and Dardanelles, while Turkey is to get back the sandjak of Novi-Bazar.

Besides the allotment of a large pecuniary indemnity, Bulgaria is to pay to Turkey compensation for Rumelia's railway, and is also to be saddled with a certain portion of the Turkish debt. The feeling in financial as well as political circles is far more optimistic than hitherto.

NO ALARM IN BRITAIN.

King's Work for Peace—Germany's Attitude in Doubt.

[Special by French Cable to The Tribune.]

London, Oct. 6.—The stock markets reveal the disturbance caused by rumors of war in the Balkans, but there are no signs of a panic. Alarmist reports are discredited, and there is confidence that Sir Edward Grey, with King Edward behind him, will find means for the maintenance of peace.

Bulgaria and Austria-Hungary are evidently acting together in violating the Treaty of Berlin, and it has been assumed generally that Germany is behind them. This surmise is based upon Bismarck's traditional policy of drawing Austria southward, rather than upon any positive information from the Berlin Foreign Office.

Germany has, however, large financial interests in Asia Minor, and can ill afford to allow England to become the chief defender of the Turkish government. Moreover, England is strongly supported by France and Russia in protesting against the cynical disregard of the treaty shown by Bulgaria and Austria, and in upholding the reformed administration conducted by the Young Turks with the object of putting life and virtue into the Ottoman Empire.

Vienna, Oct. 6.—The proclamation of Emperor Francis Joseph will be issued to-morrow, declaring that the Austro-Hungarian rights of sovereignty and succession have been extended over Bosnia and Herzegovina. The new imperial provinces will be informed in the same proclamation that a constitution and a special diet will be granted to them. The proclamation says:

When a generation ago, our troops crossed the boundaries of your countries, you were assured that they came not as enemies but as friends, with a firm resolution to put a stop to the ills from which your fatherland for so many years so severely suffered. This promise was given in a solemn moment and was righteously kept. It was the steadfast endeavor of our government in peaceful observance of the law and by vigorous efforts to lead the land to a happier future.

To our great pleasure we can say that the seed which was then scattered in the furrow of ploughed soil has come up richly. You yourselves must feel the benefits of a situation whereby order and security have taken the place of force and oppression. Trade and communications are steadily spreading; the civilizing influence of a wider education has made itself felt, and every man may enjoy the fruits of his labor under the protection of a well ordered government.

We consider it our most solemn duty to move forward along this path, and with that goal before our eyes we are of the opinion that the time has come to give the inhabitants of both countries fresh proof of our trust in their political maturity.

The Emperor declares his intention to grant the provinces a constitution, and says:

For the introduction of this constitution it is essential that the legal position of both countries be clearly, not ambiguously, established. On this ground also and in consideration of Bosnia and Herzegovina, and that the results which that administration has already obtained with

After stating the rights which he purposes to confer, the Emperor concludes as follows:

Freedom for the individual, well being of the whole; that will be the guiding star of our government. Prove yourselves worthy both by loyalty and fidelity to our house.

The Emperor has also addressed a rescript to Baron von Aehrenthal, the Austro-Hungarian Minister of Foreign Affairs, in which he says:

Being imbued with the unalterable conviction that the lofty, civilizing and political objects for which the Austro-Hungarian monarchy undertook the occupation and administration of Bosnia and Herzegovina, and that the results which that administration has already obtained with

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