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Table with 4 columns: Advertisements, Page, Col., and Rate. Lists various services like Automobiles, Real Estate, and Employment Agencies.

MR. TAFT IN THE SOUTH.

Mr. Taft's speaking trip through Kentucky, Tennessee, Virginia and North Carolina has been criticised as an impracticable venture...

CHANLER AND BRYAN.

Mr. Chanler's policy of keeping the public in the dark as to his intentions and policies will hardly attract the sympathy of Mr. Bryan...

and who rents the Gomerian effort to "deliver" the vote of organized labor to Mr. Bryan.

"There is," he declares, "no individual or set of individuals who have any right to tie up the votes of labor unions." And we shouldn't greatly wonder if there's thousands of his mind.

AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

Washington, Oct. 17.—President Roosevelt's Saturday list of visitors was as large as usual, but the day half an hour to spare to attend another performance at the White House grounds by the Ben Grant players for the benefit of the Washington Playgrounds Association.

THE CABINET.

Washington, Oct. 17.—The Attorney General left Washington at noon today for his country place, Belk Vista, where he will remain over Sunday.

THE DIPLOMATIC CORPS.

Washington, Oct. 17.—Baron Staal de Holstein, Russian second secretary, and Colonel Baron de Bode, military attaché, have returned from New York.

THE TALK OF THE DAY.

A letter from Japan published in a German paper says: "When one sees how popular the game of shogi is here, it is easy to understand the superiority of the Japanese as strategic officers."

NOT HIS FAULT.

Mr. Bryan fell far below his customary level of discretion and courtesy when he said somewhere in Nebraska the other day that, however it might be with other candidates, there was one which his election would create—a "pante" in the Taft family, for Mr. Taft's federal salary will be withdrawn from the first time that "more than twenty years" the sting in that remark is the covert suggestion that there is something reprehensible in having drawn a salary from the federal government for more than twenty years.

AUSTRALIAN CONSCRIPTION.

The militant and military spirit which was observed in the Australian Commonwealth in the great official and popular welcome to the American fleet and in the immediately consequent demand for the construction of an Australian navy is strikingly displayed in the pending proposals for army legislation.

THE BALKAN PROPOSAL.

It was not to be supposed that the proposal concerning a congress of the powers for the readjustment of affairs in the Balkans, which seems to have been tentatively agreed upon by Great Britain, France and Russia, would please everybody.

TAFT AND HUGHES.

From The Rochester Post-Express. In all probability the next President of the United States will appoint four members of the Supreme Court.

JUDGESHIP APPOINTMENTS.

From The Rochester Post-Express. In all probability the next President of the United States will appoint four members of the Supreme Court.

REWARD OR PUNISHMENT?

From The Rochester Herald (Dem.). The re-election or the defeat of Governor Hughes hangs upon this simple question: Do the people of New York State care enough for honest, efficient government to continue to elect a man who is willing to have a Governor whose administration has given them that kind of service punished for his very integrity, courage and independence?

THE DOCTRINE OF JUSTICE.

From The Ohio State Journal. There seems to be an organized effort to put a false construction upon the subject of the level, and toward that level our evolution proceeds.

A GREAT PRINCIPLE AT STAKE.

From The Buffalo Express. It is not Charles E. Hughes, the man, whose fortune is at stake in this election. It is a great principle of government.

"NOT A QUITTER."

From The Washington Star. Even Judge Taft's opponents will probably concede that he appears to advantage in the correspondence of the subject of the offer of a place on the Supreme bench made him by the President.

New-York Daily Tribune.

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THE NEWS THIS MORNING.

FOREIGN.—News that Turkey had mobilized her troops in Asia Minor caused alarm among diplomats in Paris, but Bulgaria's conciliatory attitude leads to the belief that a peaceful solution is possible.

CITY.—Stocks closed heavy. Governor Hughes spoke in six places in this city. The Central Park North & East River Railroad Company refused to obey the Public Service Commission's order to establish transfers with the Third Avenue lines or to accept the offer of Frederick W. Whitridge to make a transfer agreement.

DOMESTIC.—Mr. Taft finished his campaign trip in the South, speaking in North Carolina and Virginia and closing the day with a big meeting at Richmond. He will visit President Roosevelt in Washington on Monday.

THE WEATHER.—Fair to-day, fair and cooler to-morrow, south winds. Temperature yesterday: Highest, 84 degrees; lowest, 52.

THE COST OF THE GUARANTEE.

It has often been remarked that Governor Hughes has a keen grasp of business and an analytical insight into figures. This capacity was illustrated anew in his examination into the workings of Mr. Bryan's bank deposit guarantee—quite the best demonstration of the costly futility of that plan we have yet seen.

Now, let me call your attention to what we have in the State of New York as an illustration upon this point. The aggregate deposits in the national state and savings banks and trust companies of the State of New York in 1905 amounted to \$4,417,000,000. A 1 per cent bank guarantee would have yielded a fund of \$44,170,000. Now, what is to be done with that? Is that to be locked up in investments, so that you can draw a profit of 4 per cent, or 5 per cent, or 6 per cent, or 7 per cent, or 8 per cent, or 9 per cent, or 10 per cent, or 11 per cent, or 12 per cent, or 13 per cent, or 14 per cent, or 15 per cent, or 16 per cent, or 17 per cent, or 18 per cent, or 19 per cent, or 20 per cent, or 21 per cent, or 22 per cent, or 23 per cent, or 24 per cent, or 25 per cent, or 26 per cent, or 27 per cent, or 28 per cent, or 29 per cent, or 30 per cent, or 31 per cent, or 32 per cent, or 33 per cent, or 34 per cent, or 35 per cent, or 36 per cent, or 37 per cent, or 38 per cent, or 39 per cent, or 40 per cent, or 41 per cent, or 42 per cent, or 43 per cent, or 44 per cent, or 45 per cent, or 46 per cent, or 47 per cent, or 48 per cent, or 49 per cent, or 50 per cent, or 51 per cent, or 52 per cent, or 53 per cent, or 54 per cent, or 55 per cent, or 56 per cent, or 57 per cent, or 58 per cent, or 59 per cent, or 60 per cent, or 61 per cent, or 62 per cent, or 63 per cent, or 64 per cent, or 65 per cent, or 66 per cent, or 67 per cent, or 68 per cent, or 69 per cent, or 70 per cent, or 71 per cent, or 72 per cent, or 73 per cent, or 74 per cent, or 75 per cent, or 76 per cent, or 77 per cent, or 78 per cent, or 79 per cent, or 80 per cent, or 81 per cent, or 82 per cent, or 83 per cent, or 84 per cent, or 85 per cent, or 86 per cent, or 87 per cent, or 88 per cent, or 89 per cent, or 90 per cent, or 91 per cent, or 92 per cent, or 93 per cent, or 94 per cent, or 95 per cent, or 96 per cent, or 97 per cent, or 98 per cent, or 99 per cent, or 100 per cent?

Now, let us see how it works out in New York. The records of the State Banking Department show that from January 1, 1907, to January 1, 1907, there were four failures of banks in New York. Two of them have since paid their depositors in full, and the third one has paid 80 per cent of the claims of depositors, and the fourth one paid 10 per cent. The fourth has already paid 75 per cent of the claims of depositors, and the other 25 per cent is to be satisfied by an assessment levied upon the stockholders. The entire amount of these failures amounts to something over \$14,000.

Then we came last fall to the financial disaster, the brunt of which was borne in the State of New York. Ten banks and trust companies closed their doors last fall. The amount on deposit in those ten banks and trust companies aggregated \$29,000,000. If we had had a guarantee fund of \$290,000,000, we could have paid 10 per cent of the claims of depositors, and the other 90 per cent is to be satisfied by an assessment levied upon the stockholders. The entire amount of these failures amounts to something over \$14,000.

Thus, had the Bryan scheme been in operation in New York from January 1, 1907, to the present time, it would have cost \$7,000,000 to make good \$15,000. Pretty expensive! Yes, and loss could hardly be avoided even if the money were "locked up in investments," as the Governor assumes as the only alternative. These investments would have to be sold at panic prices if the bank failures came in a period of financial trouble.

Mr. Bryan's guarantee fund would have to be...

greater amount of interest than in former years. One of them will be the coach race between the Arrow Head Inn, at 15th street, and Madison Square Garden. Another innovation will be the exhibition of old American carriages and vehicles, dating from the seventeenth, eighteenth and nineteenth centuries, with the appearance of many of which the public to-day is familiar only through antique prints portraying New York in the early days of its Dutch colonization.

Although the suburban season is still at its height, country seats around New York being filled with a constantly changing series of guests, White Tuxedo, Hempstead and Ardsley are very gay, yet people are arriving each day in town to take to their country seats. The first class are going to Keroschan, is due from Newport for the season on Thursday, and before the end of the week many of those now at Hot Springs, Va., will have their way back to New York. Moreover, each time that comes into port arrives heavily freighted with people who have been spending the summer abroad, and among those due here during the course of the next few days are Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, who on leaving will go at once to their country place at Oakdale, Long Island. Among their fellow passengers will be Princess Maria Victoria of the mediatized German house of that name, one of the members of which, Prince Charles, has New Orleans with whom he makes his home in Paris.

To the list of young girls mentioned in this column as destined to make their debut during the forthcoming season the following names may be added: Miss Wilfred Mortimer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Mortimer; Miss Gertrude Beckman, daughter of Mrs. William B. Beckman; Miss Edith Brooks, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Brooks; Miss Evelyn Witherbe, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Spencer Witherbe; Miss Margaret Winslow, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. Dana Winslow; Miss Jean Delano, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Warren Delano, Jr.; Miss Laura Emmet, daughter of Mrs. Henry C. Emmet; Miss Maria Kennedy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. Van Rensselaer Kennedy; Miss Martha Kobbe, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George C. Kobbe; Miss Dorothy Merle Smith, daughter of the Rev. Wilton Merle Smith; Miss Rosalie Smith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Smith, and Miss Edith Mills, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Ellis.

Miss Evelyn K. Parsons has set November 12 as the date of her marriage to Amor Hollingsworth of Boston. It will take place in St. Bartholomew's Church, and the ceremony will be followed by a reception at the home of the bride's father, No. 2 West 4th street. The engagement of the couple was announced last June. Mr. Hollingsworth is a son of Zachary Taylor Hollingsworth, of Boston, and was graduated from Harvard six years ago. Miss Parsons is a sister of Mrs. Richard Wharce, and is a cousin of Miss Sylvia Parsons, who is to marry W. Rudolph Wald on November 7. Mr. Parsons and his daughter are still at their country place at Islip, Long Island.

Mr. and Mrs. Duncan Cryder, who spent the summer at Southampton, Long Island, will probably sail for Europe the last of next month, to remain abroad throughout the winter. The marriage of their daughter, Miss Ethel Cryder, to Cecil Higgins will take place toward the end of November.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter S. Gurbee, Jr., have returned to town from Oyster Bay, Long Island.

Mr. and Mrs. William B. Dinmore have arrived in town from Tuxedo and are at the Belmont.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Hoffman have arrived in town from Newport.

Trowbridge Callaway gave his farewell bacchanal dinner last night at Delmonico's. His guests included, among others, Aymar Johnson, Russell Sard, Frederic Pruyn, Frederic De Rham, Samuel Callaway and Lee Kellogg. His marriage to Mrs. Elsie McIntosh Kellogg will take place in All Saints' Church on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Childs, who spent most of the summer at Richfield Springs, have returned to town and opened their house in East 56th street for the winter.

SOCIAL NOTES FROM NEWPORT.

Newport, Oct. 17.—It was a regular summer day in Newport to-day. The weather was so warm that it brought out a large gathering at the Casino and entertainment was also brisk for the day. Mrs. Lewis Cass Lelyard and Mrs. Louis L. Lortie were luncheon entertainers, while dinner was given to-night by Mrs. Roy King, Mrs. James Laurens Van Alen and Mrs. R. Livingston Beckman. The last named entertainment was the largest of the day.

Mrs. Shafter Howard has returned to New York. Mr. and Mrs. H. Mortimer give, and Major Edmund J. Curley closed their seasons to-day and returned to New York.

Colonel C. L. F. Robinson and Augustus Jay returned from New York to-day.

James V. Parker, who has been fast recovering from an attack of pneumonia, was reported to-day as not being so well.

IN THE BERKSHIRES.

Lenox, Oct. 17.—One of the largest fields of ride that ever started in the Berkshire Hunt was gathered at Meadow Farm, in Pittsford, for a seven-mile run over the estates of the late Walter Cutting, Henry W. Bishop, Mrs. E. Pope Sampson and William Pollock. The kill was at Holmesdale, the country place of Mr. and Mrs. David T. Dana.

There were several at the meet who did not follow the hounds. The breakfast was at the Meadows, and the menu included the products of the farm, with little or no use of the products of the city. The last New England edition of the Lenox colony were at the breakfast, and many from Stockbridge. Next Tuesday the hunt will meet in Chatham, N. Y., where a five fox hunt will be hunted. The riders will start in motor cars to the meet at daybreak, and will be joined by Albany riders. The pack will include the best of the Berkshire Hunt kennels and some Albany dogs. It is possible that there will also be a live hunt in the Richmond Valley next week.

The annual dinner of the Lenox Club was held to-night at the clubhouse, the tables being prettily decorated. President John S. Barnes presided. There were thirty guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Shields Clark will close their house here on November 1. They will spend on November 12 for Europe, where they will spend the winter.

The engagement is announced in Pittsford of Miss Susan Tilden Whittelsey, daughter of Mrs. Sylvia Parsons and the late Mr. Samuel J. Tilden, to Cornelius Boardman Tyler, of Pittsford, N. J. Mr. Tyler is a graduate of Amherst class of '88, of the Columbia Law School, '91. Miss Julia Robbins, of Boston, is a guest of Mrs. Francis C. Barlow.

Miss Christine Baker, of New York, is a guest of Mrs. Cornelia Barnes.

Mrs. Newbold Morris entertained at dinner to-night at Brooklawn for her guest, Mrs. Ophelia Codman.

MME. CHAMINADE IN THIS CITY.

Among the arrivals on La Savole yesterday was Mme. Cécile Chaminaide, the French composer and pianist, who comes to give a series of concert recitals. This is Mme. Chaminaide's first visit to the United States. Her opening concert will be given on Saturday night in Carnegie Hall. On Thursday night, October 23, she will be heard at the Academy of Music, in Brooklyn. Her tour will extend to the Far West.

PRESIDENT'S FRIEND DEAD.

Oyster Bay, Oct. 17.—John M. Sammis, one of President Roosevelt's oldest friends and neighbors here, died this morning. He was eighty-eight years old. On election day it was Mr. Sammis's custom to be at the polls to greet the President, and he never cast his own ballot until Mr. Roosevelt had voted.