

MODISTES NABBED

MILLION A YEAR LOST IN CUSTOMS.

Arrests Made Here and in Chicago Expected to End "Sleeper Trunk" Game.

Simultaneous arrests in New York and Chicago by United States marshals on indictments found by the federal grand jury of this district marked the practical beginning of the government's crusade to stop the leak in the Custom House here, by which for the last five years, it is estimated, Uncle Sam has lost about \$1,000,000 a year on the "sleeper trunk" method of smuggling.

Eleven men and women, modistes and dressmakers of New York, and two in Chicago, were taken into custody late yesterday, charged with conspiracy to defraud the government of customs duties, and the names of six others, previously indicted, were formally connected with the eleven arrested yesterday on the same indictment of conspiracy.

PLANNED BY CUSTOMS MEN.

The general scheme of the "sleeper trunk" method of smuggling, as it appears from the present conspiracy indictment, was planned and executed for the first few years by a dismissed customs service employe of New York, who took up his abode in Paris. He died there several months ago, but not before he had perfected and established what is believed to be the most gigantic smuggling system ever discovered at this port.

With this man as the brains of the system in Paris and experienced men handling the trunks on this side of the Atlantic, they were shipped in the name of a passenger who had sailed on a previous steamer. These names were readily obtained from the passenger lists, and the trunks came over without trouble as "left-over baggage."

On this side they were taken in charge by men detailed for that work by the head of the system, and swung over on the night of the vessel's arrival by derrick or rope trolley to an adjoining pier, from which, as no customs officials would be on the adjoining pier, they could be expressed openly to the dealer who was to handle each particular shipment.

Some idea of the size of the operation may be gained from the records in the case by which from the report of an underlying the rope trolley method last March the scheme was disclosed to the authorities.

In the five trunks found there \$22,000 worth of Parisian finery was discovered, which the seizure sale department of the Custom House had no difficulty in selling at auction for approximately \$35,000. The amount of charges due on the goods in these trunks approximated \$19,500.

The government investigators estimated that in the five years the "underground express" was working upward of two hundred trunks a year were brought into the country, causing a loss to the government of an average of \$1,000,000 in duties each year.

It is understood that the modistes and dressmakers who profited by the scheme paid tribute to the men who originated the idea to the extent of something like a half of the amount of duty saved.

LEADS ALL OVER COUNTRY.

Since March 6 last, when the first clues fell into the hands of the local Custom House government investigators have searched every hotel register in Paris, and the leads on this side of the Atlantic, it is said, have carried them to a dozen of the larger cities from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin. THE PERENNIAL LURE OF THE SEASHORE.

The great seashore resorts of the New Jersey coast have their attractions in winter no less than in summer.

The great boardwalks which parallel the strand call the visitor into the open air. The strong walk; the weak are pushed in snug chairs; all are benefited. The pure air is stimulating. It is seldom raw because the winds from the land are tempered by filtration through the genial atmosphere of the Jersey pines, and the sea breezes are modified by the mild temperature rising from the Gulf Stream.

On account of the peculiar sandy formation of the soil, on which snow seldom falls, it is never wet for any length of time, and golf clubs are open all the year.

Between the piers, the theatres, the shops, and the hotel functions, there is no lack of entertainment indoors.

Asbury Park and Long Branch on the north; Cape May, Wildwood, and Ocean City on the south, with Atlantic City between, form a galaxy of nearby resorts that are attracting each year a larger number of people, who prefer to take, nearer home, the same advantages as are offered by the more remote resorts. With equal hotel facilities, a more bracing climate, and the additional advantage of propinquity, these nearby resorts are getting a stronger hold on the favor of the people year by year.

By the comprehensive train service of the Pennsylvania Railroad these resorts are closely connected with all parts of the country. It is only three hours from New York to Atlantic City and about one hour and three-quarters to Asbury Park by through express trains. The service from Philadelphia to other seashore resorts from both Broad Street Station and Market Street Wharf is so adjusted as to connect promptly with trains from all cities of the Pennsylvania System.

C. Studds, D. P. A., 263 Fifth Avenue, New York, or Ticket Agents will furnish all information and even select the most convenient train if asked to do so.

Those arrested yesterday and arraigned before Judge Holt, in the United States Circuit Court, with the amount of their bail, follow:

Caroline Windmuller, No. 426 Fifth avenue, \$5,000; Augusta Wickstrom, No. 205 West 45th street, \$2,500; Alfred J. O'Donovan, No. 381 Fifth avenue, \$1,500; John McMorrough, No. 71 West 35th street, \$1,500; Alice McEvoy, No. 41 West 45th street, \$1,500; Ellen McNamara and Margaret M. Smith, doing business as "Ellen O'Donovan," No. 37 West 36th street, \$1,500 each, and Anna E. Conlin, No. 55 West 38th street, \$1,500.

Margaret Donaldson and Mary Kenny, No. 15 East 46th street, and Theresa Mahoney, No. 69 West 48th street, were arrested, and will be allowed until today to present themselves for arraignment and to furnish bail.

In addition to those named, six others, named in previous indictments, were indicted on the same conspiracy indictment found against those arrested yesterday, and, together with all those named above, were cited to appear on January 3, when the Circuit Court will set dates for their trials. These six had continued the same ball which they furnished at the time of their arrests. They were:

Terese F. Hannon and Thomas F. J. Hannon, No. 26 West 47th street, \$5,000 each; Philip A. Phillips, \$5,000; Robert Schwarz, \$5,000, and the two Boston modistes, Mary S. Moore and Isabel Holland.

ARRESTS IN CHICAGO.

Two Dressmakers Charged in Smuggling Conspiracy.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—Mary L. Weber, also known as Madame Whitney, proprietor of a fashionable dressmaking establishment here, and Kathryn Schwarz were arrested by federal officers to-day charged with complicity in a conspiracy to smuggle expensive gowns and dry-goods into this country.

The arrests were made on warrants sworn out by Assistant District Attorney A. I. Smith, of New York, who petitioned for their removal to that city. The dressmakers are alleged to be partners in a well organized conspiracy to smuggle gowns and dressmakers' goods into the United States from France, Great Britain and Belgium.

The women were held by United States Commissioner Buell for a hearing on January 4. They succeeded in raising \$9,000 in cash, which was paid to Commissioner Buell, and they were released to appear to-morrow morning to furnish bail, which was placed at \$10,000.

MORSE STAY AGAIN.

Charges Against Jury Bring About Further Delay.

Charles W. Morse, the convicted banker, now in the Tombs pending final action on his appeal from his sentence to fifteen years' imprisonment at Atlanta, got another reprieve yesterday when Judge Hough, in the United States Circuit Court, granted a stay of execution of the sentence he had himself imposed one month more than a year ago. The stay operates until such time as Judge Hough shall pass upon the motion, on which he reserved decision after hearing the arguments yesterday.

Martin W. Littleton, counsel for Morse, moved yesterday for a new trial for his client, on the ground that the jury which arrived at the verdict of guilty on the indictment charging misappropriation of the funds of the National Bank of North America, had been incompetent and had misadvised itself in the way of indulgence in liquor. The affidavits he presented were to the effect that one of the jurors had since been found to be mentally incompetent, but Henry L. Stimson, special attorney for the government in the Morse case, offered in answer affidavits showing that the juror named had left his wife by death during the year since the trial, and had been under a severe strain since that time, which would explain the basis for the physician's affidavits offered by Mr. Littleton.

The opinion of Dr. Carlos F. MacDonald on juror Edward J. Dewey Mr. Stimson characterized as "the rashest kind of a professional expert opinion," and in refutation of that opinion he read from the minutes of the trial the examination of Dewey before he was accepted as a juror.

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FAVORS BOSTON PLAN

PLEA BY SETH LOW.

At McAneny Dinner He Urges Elections After Petition

Expressing his conviction that direct primaries would not prove successful, Mayor Seth Low, at the City Club last night proposed a plan which he believed would give the electors a greater and more active participation in the selection of city officials.

The occasion was a dinner given in honor of George McAneny on his retirement from the presidency of the City Club to become President of the Borough of Manhattan.

Ex-Mayor Low would have candidates nominated by petition, as is being done in Boston, with the provision that there should be no election except by a majority vote. If no candidates should receive a majority on the first election, there would be a second election, the candidates to be the two standing at the top at first.

The speaker expressed the hope that the City Club would seriously consider the idea. Charles J. Bonaparte, former Attorney General of the United States, started in by referring in a light vein to his activities in that office. "I was at one time a malefactor," he said, "not of great wealth, but of more or less notorious activity. But those evil days have gone, and I have become again a more or less respectable member of society."

Mr. Bonaparte praised the work of Mr. McAneny in Civil Service reform and expressed the belief that the office would show himself a logical and practical advocate of the principles to the defence of which he had devoted the best years of his life.

Charles S. Whitman, District Attorney-elect, raised a laugh at the expense of the guest of the evening by saying that Mr. McAneny had explained to him how he could get around some of the apparently insurmountable obstacles in the Civil Service law.

"Why, that is the easiest thing in the world," he quoted Mr. McAneny as saying to him after both Democratic and Republican politicians had told him it was impossible to make certain changes be desired. He said he did not believe the law was meant to protect inefficient and lazy men in office, and if Mr. McAneny were able to do in his office what he proposed to do, he would be conferring a lasting service on the community.

"If I carry out Mr. McAneny's suggestions," said Mr. Whitman, jokingly, "I may have to indict myself, and if he carries out what he proposes to do in his office I may have to indict him."

Mr. Whitman said he would allow no boss and no newspaper editor to dictate what should be done in his office, but would do his duty according to the dictates of his own conscience.

Edward M. Shepard said the first request he had to make of Mr. McAneny was that if he (Mr. Shepard) sent any letters to him he hoped he would not only tear them up, but would destroy the alternate paraphrases.

Eight years ago, said Mr. Shepard, when he was running for Mayor, during the brief time when he had a vision of himself as chief executive of the city, he could not get Mr. McAneny out of the picture of his official family, and Mr. McAneny was opposing him in the campaign.

The one thing he would say to Mr. McAneny, declared Mr. Shepard, was that he should not allow his friends to tie him down to the details of his office. As Borough President he should devote himself to working out some grand scheme, a member of the Board of Estimate, deals which no successor could find it possible to ignore.

Mr. McAneny spoke of the problems of the office that he is about to assume, and declared that he would leave nothing undone to plan it so that it would be as efficient both as to detail and from the larger point of view of constructive work.

Eugene H. Outerbridge, chairman of the Committee of One Hundred, also spoke. Charles S. Strong, who succeeds Mr. McAneny as head of the City Club, presided.

RACETRACK CASE UP.

Council for Defence to Examine Grand Jury Minutes.

In the racetrack case before Justice Aspinwall in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, yesterday, Judge Aspinwall permitted the Council for Defence to examine the grand jury minutes in reference to the indictment of the Coney Island and Brooklyn jockey clubs and John G. Cavanaugh. Besides these there were eighteen bookmakers and five Pinkerton detectives indicted, charged with violating the gambling laws. Joseph Auerbach, of Davies, Stone & Auerbach, had associated with him in the defence Mr. Stanchfield and William Willis.

Mr. Stanchfield reviewed the constitutional phases of the question and the various laws which had been passed in this state regarding racing. It was decided that both sides should hand up briefs by January 20.

Mr. Auerbach attacked the validity of the Agnew-Hart law, declaring that the apportionment law passed at an extraordinary session of the Legislature in 1867 was unconstitutional and that the election of Senator Wallace under it in the special election of the summer of 1908 also was invalid. Consequently, as the passage of the law was effected by his vote, the law was illegally passed, he argued.

For the people, District Attorney Clarke said that legislators elected under the invalid apportionment, were legislators de facto, if not de jure, and had the power to pass laws. Rejecting the Agnew-Hart law, he maintained, would mean the rejection of all legislation of years in which members elected under illegal apportionment laws had been sent to Albany.

DARING ROBBERY IN NEWARK.

Two Men Hold Up Superintendent in His Office and Get \$600.

Two robbers at the muzzle of a revolver held up Samuel B. Newman, superintendent of the Hooker Coking and Chemical Company's plant, in the office of the concern in Newark last night, and got away with about \$600. The money represented the wages of about one hundred employes. The two men, one of whom Newman is said to have recognized as a former employe, waited until Newman had placed a pasteboard box.

In reply to a question as to what they desired one of the robbers drew a gun and cautioned Newman to keep quiet. The other man made his way through a gate behind the desk and held Newman by the neck of his coat, stuffing him into his overcoat pocket. The pair then backed out of the office and thence in the direction of Orange. A few minutes later a workman entered the office and found Newman almost paralyzed with fear. The police were notified, and detectives started a hunt for the robbers.

CHRISTMAS SAILINGS ADVANCED.

Thirteen steamers are going to sail from this port on Friday, because Christmas comes on Saturday. This is an unusually large number for this time of the year, and it is believed that the weather will be so good on this day of the week. The passengers on these boats will all have to eat their Christmas dinners on board, except those sailing on the Old Dominion line. Monroe, which is scheduled to arrive in Norfolk, Va., in time to give them that pleasure on shore.

ANOTHER MARRIAGE RUMOR.

Paris, Dec. 22.—A dispatch to the "Temps" from Brussels says that a religious marriage of King Leopold and Baroness Vaughan was solemnized at Laeken Palace, prior to the operation on his master.

CHANGE IN CABINET.

John Burns May Take Place of Herbert Gladstone.

London, Dec. 21.—The appointment of Herbert Gladstone, the Home Secretary, as Governor General of South Africa, which was confirmed to-day, leaves a vacancy in the Cabinet, which probably will not be filled unless the Liberals are victorious at the elections. In case of victory it is expected that John Burns, president of the Local Government Board, will succeed Mr. Gladstone as Home Secretary. Winston Spencer Churchill, president of the Board of Trade, will succeed Mr. Burns and Lewis H. Harcourt, First Commissioner of Works, will replace Mr. Churchill.

Oldest Lager Beer Brewery in the United States. The F. & M. Schaefer Brewing Co. Holiday Brew Bottled at the Brewery. On Draught at All Customers. For Hotels, Restaurants and Family Trade—Supplied by Leading Dealers & Grocers. Brewery and Bottling Works, PARK AVE., 50TH TO 51ST ST., N. Y.

BRUSSELS THROGGED. PANAMA LIBEL SUIT.

Great Crowds for Royal Funeral—Louise in Coffin. Brussels, Dec. 21.—Thronging of people are arriving here from all parts of Belgium and from outside cities to attend the funeral of the late King Leopold and the accession of Albert, which are expected to be imposing spectacles. The demand for cards for admission to the church and Parliament exceeds the supply by many thousands, while a small army of foreign newspaper representatives are vainly clamoring for journalistic privileges.

The foreign princes, missions and delegations have reached there. Prince Albert personally met the Duke of Connaught, Prince Henry of Prussia and Prince Ferdinand of Rumania.

An extraordinary feature at the palace is the wealth of floral offerings from all parts of the world. The grand staircase and halls have been transformed into flower gardens. Princess Louise, carrying a bunch of orchids, prayed for a long time to-day beside the coffin of her father.

There is a rumor to-wit that the stock company to which the King turned over most of his private property is about to dissolve, on the ground that its organization was illegal. It is authoritatively reported, however, that this rumor is unfounded and that the company will continue to exist and will contest to the end the suit brought by Princess Louise and Princess Stephanie.

Stuart McNamara, special Assistant Attorney General, deputized to assist United States Attorney Wise in the prosecution of the case, has been in this city for several weeks preparing for the trial. Mr. Van Hamm was last heard from in Cuba. His counsel said he would be here in time for the hearing. It was said that he would not be with "The World" after January 1.

Mr. Wise said yesterday there was no present intention of bringing removal proceedings against Joseph Pulitzer, proprietor of "The World"; Robert H. Lyman, of the editorial staff, and Mr. Van Hamm, who were jointly indicted on the same charges in Washington on February 17.

Delevan Smith and Charles R. Williams, proprietors of "The Indianapolis News," who were indicted at the same time, successfully resisted an attempt to remove them to Washington for trial. The court's finding in their case, it was reported, was regarded as final by the government.

TO QUIT PITTSBURG?

F. N. Hoffstot Buyer of Lower Broadway Properties.

[By Telegram to the Tribune.] Pittsburgh, Dec. 21.—F. N. Hoffstot, head of the Pressed Steel Car Company, of this city, is announced as the purchaser of buildings at Broadway and Leonard street and Broadway and Franklin street, New York, for about \$3,000,000.

It is said that Mr. Hoffstot plans to concentrate all his realty holdings in and about New York City, and that he will make his permanent home there. Close friends of Mr. Hoffstot assert that the bitter criticism to which he was recently subjected in Pittsburgh during the Pressed Steel strike has much to do with his reported decision to retire from Pittsburgh.

Part payment for the New York property Mr. Hoffstot is said to have turned over the property at the northwest corner of 9th street and Duquesne way, Pittsburgh, valued at \$500,000, and about three acres of vacant land at Wightman and Beacon streets, Squirrel Hill, valued at \$50,000. These properties are said to be free of incumbrances, while the New York properties are said to be mortgaged to the extent of \$1,825,000.

The \$1,000,000 Broadway deal was reported last week. It was the property of L. J. Phillips & Co. for Louis M. and Thomas W. Jones of the twelve story mercantile building at the northeast corner of Franklin street and Broadway and of the ten story business structure at the northeast corner of Leonard street and Broadway. Opposite the Leonard street site is the New York Life Building.

The aggregate annual rental of the two buildings is about \$200,000. The contract of sale, filed some days ago in the Register's office, was signed by Edwin C. Saulner, of Newark. It showed that Pittsburgh property was given in part payment.

Colonel Laphathotis' action was the outcome of a session in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday, when the War Minister, in submitting the army reorganization bill, attacked the administration of ex-Premier Theotokis. The supporters of the ex-Premier protested and left the chamber in a body. Mr. Theotokis afterward made a demand of the Premier Marcomboulis for the War Minister's resignation, saying that a majority of the Chamber would abstain from taking part in the sittings unless his demand was complied with.

GIRL RAFFLES TEN DOCTORS.

Asks Damages in Court for Injury Physicians Sought Fatal.

After baffling ten physicians, who said that she could not recover from the effects of a fractured skull, Ethel McGuire, 25 years old, testified in the Supreme Court yesterday in a damage suit brought by her father, John McGuire, a member of the Metropolitan Opera House orchestra, against Justus Pfeiffenschneider, owner of the house at No. 47 West 151st street, where the child was injured.

The father asserted that his child's injuries were due to a torn mat in the hall of the house over which she tripped, falling over the balustrade. Ethel was unconscious for nine days as a result of the accident. The physicians who were called in refused to operate because they regarded the case as hopeless. The defence was that the girl, tripped to slide down the balustrade. After a deliberation of several hours the jury failed to agree.

MEXICO PLEASED.

Madriz's Choice Approved—Attitude Toward Zelaya.

Mexico City, Dec. 21.—The election of Dr. José Madriz as President of Nicaragua is looked on favorably by Mexican government officials. Ignacio Mariscal, Minister of Foreign Relations, said: "While Mexico has no candidate for President of Nicaragua Dr. Madriz was regarded as a good selection. Dr. Madriz has visited Mexico City, and we believe him to be a man of prudence and honesty. In addition, he is well educated and enjoys the confidence of those who know him, as is evidenced by the fact that he is judge of the Central American Court of Justice at Cartago."

Speaking of the possible confederation of Central American republics, Señor Mariscal said: "We have always believed that a confederation of states in Central America would be the best thing for those countries, but this is the worst possible time to make such an attempt. It would be a difficult matter under the most favorable circumstances to find a man acceptable to all five republics, and it

FIRE KILLS FAMILY OF FIVE.

In a fire which started early yesterday morning in the five story frame building at the corner of Clover and Wakefield avenues, near the Mount Vernon city line, Thomas Fredericks, forty-one years old, and his wife, with their three small children, were burned to death. They lived on the second floor and were asleep at the time. Incendiary origin of the fire is suspected, and an investigation will be made.

The fire began in a baker's shop on the first floor, and was discovered by the proprietor, Andrew Wilkins, who saw smoke and flames pouring from one of the windows. Wilkins ran to a fire alarm box across the street and sent in an alarm; then rushed back to the building in an attempt to warn the tenants of the house. In this he was aided by other men who were passing on their way to work. All the families except the Frederickses were awakened and managed to escape by way of the rear fire escapes. Although the rescuers tried to arouse Fredericks and his wife and children, they were unable to do so, and as the flames spread with great rapidity they were compelled to descend to the street.

Before the arrival of the fire engines the whole house was a furnace, and after the fire had been extinguished Chief Maloney and Fireman John Riley went through the second floor and found the bodies of Fredericks and his family. The damage to the building was about \$25,000.

A BLOW TO LABOR PARTY.

Lords Decide Assessments for Political Purposes Illegal.

London, Dec. 21.—The House of Lords, the final court of appeal in this country, decided to-day that a trade union may not make compulsory levies on its members to provide pay for its Parliamentary representatives. In declaring that such levies would be illegal the second chamber of the House of Lords, the appeal Court handed down a year ago. The issue had been regarded as so important that the Parliamentary Society of Railway Servants decided to carry the case to the highest court.

The Labor party had announced already that if the verdict of the Lords was against it a bill to legalize compulsory levies would be introduced.

EIGHT DEAD IN LONDON FIRE.

London, Dec. 21.—Five bodies were recovered this forenoon from the ruins of the drygoods store which was burned yesterday in the Copham quarter. The known dead number eight. The search was continued throughout the day, but was necessarily slow, and it may be a day or two before the casualty list has been determined.

ALL OTHER OCCUPANTS OF MOUNT VERNON FRAME BUILDING SAVED.

In a fire which started early yesterday morning in the five story frame building at the corner of Clover and Wakefield avenues, near the Mount Vernon city line, Thomas Fredericks, forty-one years old, and his wife, with their three small children, were burned to death. They lived on the second floor and were asleep at the time. Incendiary origin of the fire is suspected, and an investigation will be made.

Knabe MIGNONETTE GRAND Length—5 Feet 2 Inches. Made in Mahogany . . . \$700. WHERE others have not been successful in their effort to produce a small Grand Piano meeting present day requirements, the HOUSE OF KNABE, after years of careful research and experiment, has succeeded in producing The World's Best Grand Piano. Small Size, 5 Feet 2 Inches. A Piano That Carries the Endorsement of the Leading Musicians of the day. Convenient Terms of Payment. Wm Knabe & Co. 5th Ave and 39th St.

ZELAYA DEFEATED

He left here this afternoon for Rama on the tug Bianca. The steamer Ustain arrived here this afternoon with four Maxim guns and one thousand rifles.

MADRIZ IN OFFICE.

Demonstration Against Zelaya Follows Inauguration.

Managua, Dec. 21.—José Madriz was inaugurated to-day as President of Nicaragua. The ceremony was held in the palace instead of the parliament building. Ex-President Zelaya was kept waiting fifteen minutes by Dr. Madriz, who entered the hall accompanied by Julian Irias, Minister General.

Zelaya, who wore the Order of the Legion of Honor, made a brief speech, saying: "I entreat the Nicaraguans to rally to the support of President Madriz, who has made a vow for the early termination of the fratricidal war. I wish to pay tribute to the ability and integrity of my successor. I am confident that his administration will be beneficial."

No demonstration attended the ceremony, but the words of Dr. Madriz were greeted with applause. In accepting office he said: "I assume the Presidency unmoved by personal ambition, but by the spirit of a good son going to the rescue of his beloved mother, harassed and imperilled. I shall not be able to restore peace and prosperity unaided, and I ask for the assistance of all true patriots. My aim shall be to make Nicaragua a united family, and my only programme peace with honor, justice and liberty and maintenance of friendly relations with foreign nations, and particularly with Central America."

The oath of office was administered by the President of Congress, after which salutes were fired by the artillery, accompanied by the ringing of church bells. Later groups of men paraded the streets, crying "Death to Zelaya!" "Viva Estrada!" There was no interference by the police.

Returning to his hotel, President Madriz read a decree from the balcony, announcing political amnesty and the release of the inmates of the penitentiary. This was greeted with tremendous cheering.

Minister Irias attempted to speak, but he was cried down, and desisted after futile efforts had been made to quell the hostile demonstration.

Reports are current here that a battle has been fought at Rama.

In the riots at Granada Rudolph Downing, an American citizen, who was born at Granada, was arrested. The American Consul at once filed a protest with the authorities.

Asked what would be Meade's attitude should Zelaya attempt to board the Mexican gunboat Guerrero, now at Corinto, the minister said that would be a problem that would have to be solved if it should arise, at the same time disclaiming any purpose in the visit of the gunboat to Nicaraguan waters to offer a refuge to Zelaya.

AMMUNITION FOR ESTRADA.

Three Hundred Thousand Rounds Openly Shipped from New Orleans. New Orleans, Dec. 21.—Three hundred thousand rounds of ammunition were shipped from this port late to-day on the steamship John Wilson, for the revolutionists in Nicaragua. There was no effort made to conceal it, the shipment being shown in the manifest of the cargo. The Wilson cleared direct for Bluefields.

Counsel General Sussman, representing the Estrada government here, said to-night that the shipment of the ammunition was an evidence of Estrada's good faith.

"It indicates," he said, "that General Estrada is determined to carry on his war against Zelaya, for the succession of Madriz to the Presidency only means that Zelaya, through Madriz, will continue his oppressions."

VICHY (FRENCH REPUBLIC PROPERTY) Natural Alkaline Water. Standard Remedy for Dyspepsia, Stomach Troubles and Gout. Not Genuine without the word CELESTINS.