

BACK FROM DEAD MAN RETURNS AFTER HIS FUNERAL.

Wife Had Identified Body as His, and Was Alone in Grief When He Appeared.

To few men come the privilege of returning to the loved ones at home after several days' absence to find that they had come to regard him as dead and to see what great pains had been taken to express sorrow. Such a privilege has been granted to John Smith, a stationary fireman, of No. 426 East 17th street.

Smith disappeared on the night of December 27, and his wife, two daughters and son-in-law hunted in almost every hospital, police station and morgue in the city for him. Michael Trauer, of No. 427 East 17th street, visited the Bellevue morgue and saw the body of a man which had been found on the night of January 5.

On January 7 Mrs. Smith, Trauer and his wife, visited the morgue again and decided that the body was that of Smith, despite the difference in clothing. The family told an undertaker to take charge of the body and turned over to him a life insurance policy for \$200.

Many friends attended the funeral and the burial in Calvary cemetery. Through loans from friends and relatives Mrs. Smith was able to appear dressed in proper mourning, because the sudden call for funeral expenses found her financially embarrassed.

MISS LEAVITT WED.

Flushing Girl Did Marry Chauffeur—With Him Now.

Miss Margaret Leavitt, daughter of G. Howard Leavitt, a wealthy resident of Flushing, was secretly married in Jersey City on Sunday to her chauffeur, James out last night by a statement given out last night by Cord Meyer, Jr., a son-in-law of Mr. Leavitt.

JUDGE CUTS FEES.

Decision Criticizes Cost of Condemning Ashokan Land.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Jan. 10.—The third consecutive decision handed down by criticism of the state Supreme Court in criticism of the excessive cost of condemning lands by commission was today rendered by Justice Morschauser, at Goshen, today. The other opinions were rendered respectively at Troy, in the matter of the Ashokan dam, and at New York, in the matter of the widening of Riverside Drive.

Justice Morschauser's decision to-day reduces from \$4,150 to \$2,650 each the allowances of three commissioners appointed by him to condemn property in Orange County for the aqueduct which is to carry water from the Catskills to New York City. The justice demands an itemized account of the commissioners' expenses, of their awards to claimants and of the disbursements and witness fees, and arraigns property owners who try to collect excessive amounts.

WALDO AT A FIRE.

Chief Croker Gives Commissioner Dashing Run.

Rhineland Waldo, the new Fire Commissioner, had his baptism of fire last night, when he sat beside Chief Croker in the latter's official automobile and was whisked from Great Jones street to West 25th street in record breaking time.

Commissioner Waldo was on a tour of inspection with his secretary, Winfield Sheehan, in the lower section of the city, and about 9 o'clock they arrived at Chief Croker's headquarters, in Great Jones street. After viewing the building, Commissioner Waldo was chatting with the chief when an alarm came in from No. 45 West 25th street.

BURGLARY, NEW WAY.

Posed as Moving Picture Men While Police Looked On.

Philadelphia, Jan. 10.—Two enterprising burglars with a camera posed as moving picture men and got away while two open-mouthed policemen stood admiringly by. The men told the policemen who saw them breaking into the home of William Israel, No. 187 North 8th street, that they were "pulling off the job" for a well known moving picture concern of this city.

REFORM IN THE BRONX.

Borough President Miller Won't Allow Smoking in the Municipal Building.

There is mourning in the Bronx to-day and there is a gnashing of teeth, and the reason thereof lies in the posting of many notices yesterday in The Bronx Municipal Building, at Tremont and Third avenues, to the effect that there is to be no smoking in the building. The order is signed by Cyrus C. Miller, the new President of the Borough.

MAYOR FAVORS MOTOR COACHES

Orders Resumption of Stage Traffic on Riverside Drive.

In a laconic message to his new park commissioner, Charles B. Stover, Mayor Gaynor yesterday directed proceedings looking toward the direct reversal of former Park Commissioner Smith's ruling that the Fifth avenue motor stages injure the foliage of Riverside Drive.

CALL EARLY LEPER

COMMITTEE'S REPORT AGAINST HIM.

Washington's Treatment of Ex-Soldier Said to Have Been Justified.

John R. Early was pronounced successively "a probable leper" and outright "a leper" in the report which was offered to the Society of Medical Jurisprudence by a committee of three physicians and two lawyers at its meeting last night. The debate, warm and bordering on the personal, lasted for an hour and a half. The society finally decided, by a divided vote, to refer the report back to the committee, with the request to hear such further evidence and make such further investigations as Dr. L. Duncan Bulkley, who has championed Early's cause, may recommend.

The turn was an unexpected one for Early's friends, who have been fighting for more than a year to free him from the stigma which was attached to him by the Washington report that he had the disease. For ten months he was kept in quarantine in Washington, and has since been free in New York. His present whereabouts are not known.

The members of the committee are Theodore Suro, A. Delos Kneeland, Dr. Eberhard V. Dietrich, Dr. Eberhard D. Fisher and Dr. Reynold Webb Wilcox. Their report was accompanied by a mass of documents labeled from "Exhibit A" to "Exhibit L," including correspondence on the case, the reports of specialists and other data. They summarize as follows:

The medical members of this committee found John R. Early to be a probable leper on clinical examination because of areas of pigmentation and anesthesia, and thickening of both ulnar nerves which he presented.

They find him a leper because of the demonstration by Dr. Krenner of the bacilli of leprosy in preparations made from his skin and which have been identified and confirmed by Drs. Dietrich, Fordyce, Whitehouse and Morrow.

The legal members of the committee, in view of the foregoing findings of the medical members, and of the record and exhibits herewith presented, find that the action taken with reference to John R. Early by the authorities at Washington was within the provision of the interstate quarantine regulations of the United States, making leprosy a quarantinable disease.

The discussion began with a rush. As soon as Mr. Suro had finished reading, Dr. Henry Russell sprang to his feet and said: "I should like to ask if all the experts who were consulted saw Mr. Early. Did Dr. Morrow see him personally?"

Dr. Dietrich replied that Dr. Morrow had examined a specimen of Early's skin, but had not seen him personally. "It is with the greatest reluctance," said Dr. Bulkley, "that I must dissent from the findings of the committee. After a study of the patient for nine months, I must still declare that there is no evidence that he has leprosy. In the Hawaiian Islands a suspected leper is allowed to have his private physician with him during his examination, which must take place before a board of five physicians. If the physician objects to a finding of leprosy he may demand a second investigation. At this rehearing two reputable bacteriologists must pass independently upon different specimens of skin, and each must find evidence of leprosy."

"I must beg of you that you accord to a white citizen who has served his country for nine years in the army as full a hearing as is given to any native of our island territory."

NO SYMPTOMS OF LEPROSY. "At the first examination, when Early was stripped, Dr. Fisher found no traces of anesthesia, and there were no external symptoms of leprosy."

Dr. Fisher corrected Dr. Bulkley's statement as to his findings, saying that he had found evidence of slight anesthesia, but that as a member of the committee he was ready to reconsider the report. A. Delos Kneeland, one of the legal members, dissented emphatically.

"It seems to me," he said, "that we have heard more or less criticism of the committee. Referring back to a committee seems to mean that the body has not confidence in the committee. We came to this conclusion unanimously, with great regret and sympathy for Mr. Early."

COMMUNITY HOUSE AT SMITH.

Poorer, Girls to Conduct Co-operative Housekeeping at College.

Boston, Jan. 10.—In order to assist the poorer girls who attend Smith college to get through the institution with the least possible expense, a new hall will be built, called Tenney Hall, where the poorer students will be housed and fed under the principles of a socialistic community.

ECONOMY FOR YALE PROM.

New Haven, Jan. 10.—After many attempts of previous committees the promenade committee of the present junior class at Yale has adopted a plan by which the great expense of flowers at the bare cost of running the establishment. Under this system of co-operative housekeeping each girl or group of girls in turn will be called on to do the housework or the cooking, thus avoiding the cost of servants.

PAULHAN FLIES

PERFECT CONTROL AT LOS ANGELES.

Crowd Cheers Madly at His Antics in 3 Flights—Slight Accidents on First Day.

Los Angeles, Jan. 10.—Making a sudden and dramatic appearance while the twenty thousand spectators at the International aviation meet, which opened here to-day, were watching the slow flight of two dirigible balloons at Aviation Park, Louis Paulhan threw the great throng into a frenzy of enthusiasm by a spectacular flight of eight minutes thirty seconds in a Farman biplane. He added to the feat two other flights, one of twenty-nine minutes two seconds, and one of ten minutes two seconds.

The first day of the meet was devoted to preliminary trials and flights to give aeronauts and aviators a chance to shake down their machines. Curtiss gave an exhibition in a new and untried machine, in which Clifford B. Harmon later made some short flights. Charles E. Willard, in the Curtiss No. 1, also made a successful flight, and several times Roy Knabenshue and Lincoln Beachey ascended in two small dirigibles and maneuvered their craft, but nothing to thrill the crowd occurred until Paulhan's flight.

Beachey and Knabenshue were piloting their dirigibles around the course when the Frenchman appeared suddenly out of a gully hidden from the grandstand, circled the course three times, went out across country, came back over the grandstand and alighted in the center of the field.

PAULHAN CHEERED MADLY.

Paulhan was cheered madly. Men shouted themselves hoarse, while women applauded and waved handkerchiefs. Paulhan danced gaily into his tent.

At 1 o'clock Glenn H. Curtiss opened the international meet with the first flight in a new monoplane. Leaving the ground in front of the grandstand, the craft rose gently to the west, made a short flight up the course, returned and alighted at the starting point. The distance, estimated by the judges at five furlongs, was covered in 28.03 seconds, the greatest height reached being fifty feet. The machine was under perfect control, and the American was loudly cheered.

Next Charles F. Willard appeared in his Curtiss aeroplane No. 1, and after a short preliminary flight attempted to circle the official course, which is a trifle more than a mile and a half long. Rising to a height of seventy feet he maintained this altitude until half the distance had been traveled, when his motor gave out and he descended. He was in the air 1 minute 23 seconds. After a readjustment of the motor, Willard arose again and completed the course.

Curtiss, using the machine with which he had made the previous flight, circled the field, an estimated distance of one and one-eighth miles, in 1.51. His maximum altitude was two hundred feet.

Lincoln Beachey and Roy Knabenshue appeared with their dirigible balloons, sailing directly over the grandstand at a height of two hundred feet against a stiff breeze, and returning at high speed with the wind at their backs. The frail cigar-shaped balloons were under the control of the pilots, who descended to earth without a jar.

Before this time the crowd had begun to inquire for Paulhan. "We cannot do anything with that Frenchman," said Richard Ferris, master of ceremonies. "He pays no attention to rules and regulations or to the course laid out for the flights. I would not be surprised to see him appear suddenly on his machine through the top of his tent."

That was almost what Paulhan did. While the spectators were watching the flight of the dirigibles a Farman biplane was taken quietly from the Paulhan tent down into a gully hidden from view. Just when Knabenshue and Beachey were passing over the grandstand on their return and when every neck was craned backward, there was a sudden shout and out of the gully shot Paulhan, the motor of his Farman humming at a tremendous rate.

PAULHAN'S ANTICS.

He swung around the course and came down before the grandstand at high speed. He gesticulated first with the right hand and then the left, and at times he let go the steering wheel and waved both arms and shouted to the multitude.

Circling the full course once, Paulhan began a second round, but stopped at the half-way pole to cut across the field straight for the grandstand. Suddenly, however, he described another circle, finally disappearing from view to the north behind the grandstand. He soared this way and that in the adjacent country, again heading directly for the stand, which he cleared from behind, passing only a few feet above the top seats. He shouted greetings to the dodging crowd beneath. Passing out on the field, the machine descended in front of Paulhan's quarters.

Paulhan had remained in the air eight and one-half minutes and sailed three and three-quarters miles. His highest altitude was a hundred and fifty feet. While the dirigibles were preparing for their second flight, the irrepressible Frenchman started on another journey. Covering the full course in 2:07 2-5, he started around again and neared the starting point just as Knabenshue's balloon had caught the wind at the head of the stretch and was coming along at high speed.

Paulhan's aeroplane shot upward, and soon was directly over the dirigible. The two craft raced with the wind at their backs, the Frenchman soon distancing Knabenshue.

Continuing his flight at high speed, Paulhan gave a thrilling exhibition of control. He darted this way and that, ascended suddenly and shot downward until it seemed that he must wreck his aeroplane against the earth. Where groups of men had gathered on the field, he scattered them with dips of the ma-

FIND MISSING PAIR

MISS DEJANON AND COHEN IN CHICAGO.

Travelled Thousands of Miles—Letter from Waiter Protested Against Elopement.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—Living as father and daughter, Roberta Lavin Dejanon, seventeen years old, a Philadelphia heiress, and Frederic Cohen, a former waiter at the Bellevue-Stratford Hotel, who eloped from Philadelphia on December 20, were found and arrested late today.

They were discovered by detectives in a rooming house at No. 68 West Superior street, on the north side of the city. When policemen entered the house Miss Dejanon was playing with the pet dog which she took with her when she disappeared with Cohen, who is forty-three years old and married. Cohen was reading in an adjoining room.

The couple were taken to the Chicago avenue police station. Cohen at first protested against arrest. He soon admitted his identity, however, and Miss Dejanon, sobbing bitterly, pleaded with the police to restore her to her parents.

Cohen and Miss Dejanon reached Chicago on Thursday and rented a room in a boarding house conducted by Mrs. Frank Perrin. Cohen introduced the girl as his daughter Alice. He identified himself as Robert King, and said he was a barber just arrived from Montreal in search of work.

COHEN PAWNED JEWELRY.

The girl when questioned by the officers at the police station after she had admitted her identity, said that she and Cohen had reached Chicago with only \$10, and that she gave Cohen a bracelet and a necklace, which he pawned to procure money to live on. Their arrest followed a report to the police in the afternoon by Mrs. Perrin, who had seen pictures of the eloping pair in the newspapers, and suspected that her new boarders were the missing Philadelphia elopers.

Cohen is locked up to-night at the Chicago avenue station, where he stated he would have extradition papers. The Philadelphia police were advised to come to Chicago for the prisoner. Miss Dejanon and her dog were taken to the women's department of the Harrison street police station.

Cohen vehemently denied that any harm had come to Miss Dejanon since she fled with him from her home. He outlined the route taken to evade capture. They went from Philadelphia to New York City on December 20, remaining there only a few hours. They went by train to Montreal, where they took a train for St. John, N. B. There they boarded a steamer for England. At Halifax they abandoned the sea voyage and went to Boston by rail. From Boston they came to Chicago, convinced that no one had any idea of their whereabouts.

GIRL PERSUADED COHEN.

In the possession of Miss Dejanon the police found several letters, some addressed to her parents and one written to her by Cohen, dated December 14. In this the waiter begged the girl to think twice before eloping with him. This letter was as follows:

My Dear Roberta: After thinking the matter over thoroughly I came to the conclusion that, having nothing but your welfare and future happiness in mind, to show you really the first time since I have known you how honest my love for you is, by advising you not to make the step which you will later regret, and which will disgrace you and make you unhappy in the future.

You know that I love you as I never loved a woman before—furthermore, you know in your own heart that toward you I am strictly on the level and I am willing to sacrifice my future happiness only in order to do the right and square thing by you.

Think of the matters over and weigh everything conservatively, and you will find out that my motives toward you are as pure and honorable as only a man can be toward the girl he really and devotedly loves. To take you away from here just to gratify a whim, regardless of the disastrous consequences to yourself, would show me up only as a coward and unworthy of having the love of such an angel as yourself.

Think this over. I know you will respect and trust me that much more for I am not sacrificing. By going away now with you—in my position—would ruin your whole future—our future. I would rather die like a dog than harm you or be the cause of any harm or shadow to fall on you. If you can see my noble motives in the right light you will appreciate me that much more and only can respect me the more. I can never learn to love me. I will talk this matter over fully with you yet, and will try to convince you that the only reason I won't consent to take you away is because I would not treat you as though I were a human being.

The letter, unsigned, was written on stationery of the Bellevue-Stratford Hotel and was mailed to Miss Dejanon at her grandfather's address in Philadelphia.

A letter written by Miss Dejanon to her father, Ferdinand Dejanon, a broker, of No. 21 East 21st street, New York, and which she had not yet mailed, was also found.

THREAT OF SUICIDE.

In this it was revealed that the girl might be contemplating suicide, and she asks that Cohen's wife forgive her for coaxing her husband to go away with her so that she would not have to attend a private school at Bryn Mawr, where she was to have been sent on January 3. Her unmailed letter to her father, dated January 9, reads:

ROYAL FORTUNES.

Daughters of Leopold to Receive \$4,000,000.

Brussels, Jan. 10.—The inheritance of the Princesses Louise, Stephanie and Clementine of the daughters of the late King Leopold, is now estimated at about \$4,000,000. It is announced that Princess Louise has paid off her creditors in part.

ALLDS ASKS PRAYERS.

Greeted by Neighbors on Return Home.

Binghamton, N. Y., Jan. 10.—Twenty-five years ago to-day Jotham P. Allds came to Norwich a poor boy to begin the study of law. When he returned home this morning, the first time since his election last week as temporary president of the state Senate, he was greeted by several hundred Norwich citizens, irrespective of party, who escorted him to his home. Hubert C. Stratton, Democratic county judge, rode in the carriage with Senator Allds. In thanking his friends for their hearty greeting, Senator Allds said:

"Do not congratulate me on having attained the cares and responsibilities of the office. Pray for me, rather, that I may make good."

NEGRO HIS QUARRY.

Wild Chase After Alleged Thief Joined by Crowd.

With the arrest of William Robinson, a negro, of No. 217 West 62d street, Captain Thompson of the West 68th street station believes that he has a prisoner on whom he can hang several of the so-called "dinner burglaries" that have taken place recently in his precinct.

Robinson was brought in by Bicycle Patrolman Donnelly last night on complaint of DeWitt B. Harris, of No. 153 West 73d street, who had pursued him from his room to the Hotel Ansonia.

Harris and his wife went home last night about 6:50 o'clock. Harris noticed that a light was burning on the third floor, where his rooms are. He ran up the stairs and found his door open. There was no one to be seen, but as he opened a closet door a negro rushed at him, brandishing a screw driver. Although unarmed Harris grappled with the intruder, but was thrust aside. The negro then ran down the stairs with Harris in pursuit, knocking down Mrs. Harris down on the way.

Out into the street they went and in front of the Ansonia Harris got near enough to the negro to trip him. The latter went down in a heap, with a hundred pursuers on top of him, and at the station it was found that a cut in his head would require several stitches, and that his right arm was broken. Dr. Hinton, of Flower Hospital, attended him. In his pockets were found a number of articles of jewelry valued at several hundred dollars, according to the police.

DECADE DEATH FIGHT

Aged Man Underwent 500 Skin Grafting Operations.

(By Telegraph to The Tribune.) Boston, Jan. 10.—Levi G. Perry is dead in the Malden Hospital after a fight of ten years in that institution to recover from terrible burns received while superintending the destruction of gypsy nests. During that time he had undergone more than five hundred operations of skin grafting.

Mr. Perry was burned about the hips and legs. From his own arms eighty pieces of skin were taken at various times, and these the physicians attempted to grow on his legs. From his son fifty pieces of skin were taken, from four nephews a total of 125 pieces of skin were taken, and the remainder, to make up the 500, were from patients in the hospital who from time to time volunteered to help the plucky old man who was putting up such a fight for his life.

Mr. Perry died through lack of vitality, which was constantly decreased because of the many attempts to graft new skin upon him.

SHANLEYS LEASE NEW SITE.

To Establish New Restaurant in the Long Acre Building. The Messrs. Shanley, who are proprietors of Shanley's restaurant, Broadway, near 45d street, leased yesterday from the Astor estate nine thousand square feet of a ground floor of the Putnam Building, generally called the Longacre Building, at Broadway, between 42d and 44th streets. The work on the building will begin soon, and \$250,000 will be spent on the new restaurant, which will open about June 1.

The lease held by the Shanley brothers on their present place expires this year. The property will be improved by the erection of a new building.

ANOTHER WOMAN VICTORY.

Husband Must Account to Wife for His Time, Judge Decides.

(By Telegraph to The Tribune.) Pittsburg, Jan. 10.—Judge Josiah Cohen in the divorce court here to-day practically decided that a wife is entitled to know just when a husband spends his time when he is away from home for forty-eight hours, if he refuses to give a legitimate excuse for his absence.

Mrs. Rosini Pasetti had testified that her husband had remained from home two nights. She said he refused to tell her where he had been. "He refused to tell you anything about it," said Judge Cohen; "well, it isn't necessary for you to give any answer to the question as to where he is, if he refuses to give you any answer."

LOYD-GEORGE'S VISIT.

May Come to the United States Next Summer. London, Jan. 10.—Chancellor Lloyd-George is likely to visit the United States next summer as the guest of the Welsh Society, whose invitation, it is understood, he has accepted.

INSURGENTS IN BATTLE ARRAY

DENY OPPOSITION TO PRESIDENT TAFT.

But Will Carry Fight Against Cannon to Finish—Caucus Will Be Stormy.

(From The Tribune Bureau.) Washington, Jan. 10.—The Republican insurgents in both branches of Congress are now attired in fighting garb, and an early clash between them and the regulars seems inevitable. The leaders in the Senate and the House express themselves as gratified that an issue is to be made early in the session, for they regard it as important that lines shall be drawn before plans for the winter's legislative programme are definitely formulated.

A statement declaring the alleged attempt to read them out of the Republican party "unfair and malicious," and attacking Speaker Cannon's administration in the House of Representatives as "the climax of autocratic control," was issued after a meeting of the insurgent Republican members of the House to-night.

They decline to be put out of the Republican party by the regulars and announce their purpose to carry the fight against the Speaker of the House organization to a finish. The statement follows: "In the effort to belaud the real issue, an unfair and malicious attempt is being made to represent us as opposed to President Taft's administration and policies. There is not even a semblance of truth in this accusation. Without exception, we are firm supporters of Republican doctrine and President Taft's administration."

"We are banded together for a single purpose, and no other. Our sole aim as a body is to restore to the House of Representatives complete power of legislation in accordance with the will of a majority of its members."

"We are striving to destroy the system of autocratic control which has reached its climax under the present Speaker." After days of vacillating and conferring, most of the House insurgents have decided that they will not attend any party caucus which may be called for the purpose of electing members of the Ballinger-Finchot investigating committee.

There was anger at the Capitol to-day when the insurgents read the press notices sent out by the Republican Congressional Committee, in which the attitude of that committee toward men who refuse to be regular was clearly defined. That this anger will result in a stormy session of the Republican caucus on Wednesday night seems certain. This caucus has been called for the purpose of reorganizing the Congressional Committee, and it is expected that all members of the House elected as Republicans will be present. Although the call provides for no other business, it is possible that the caucus may take up the question of selecting the committee to investigate the General Land Office and the Forest Service.

INSURGENT PRESS BUREAU. A significant sidelight was thrown on the methods of the insurgents at to-day's session of the Senate. Senator Dick had read a letter signed by Senators Cummins, La Follette, Bristow and Clapp in endorsing as the Washington press agent of the progressive movement Colonel John J. Hannan, private secretary to Senator La Follette. It appears that Mr. Hannan, who is Mr. La Follette's chief publicity boomer, has arranged to furnish the Western Newspaper Union with a daily and weekly Washington letter. This agency is endeavoring to enlarge its list of newspaper subscribers, and Senators Cummins, La Follette, Bristow and Clapp volunteered to assist in the effort. Mr. Dick said that copies of the letters signed by the four Senators had been sent in great number to editors in his state. He announced that, at a later date, he might have something to say on this subject. The letter, which is written on official Senate paper, reads as follows:

"We are pleased to know that you have arranged with Colonel John J. Hannan to furnish you with a daily and weekly Washington letter from the point of view of a progressive Republican. We take this means to assure you that Colonel Hannan is in touch with the men who are making the contest for Republican policies within the Republican party. You can be assured that the matter which Colonel Hannan sends you is contained in a fair and accurate description of the proceedings of Congress from a progressive Republican point of view."

VIEWERS OF LEADERS. The leaders in Congress regard the Hannan publicity plan as additional evidence that a systematic effort is being made to reach the country press with semi-editorial news letters containing comment designed to embarrass the Republican party, to misrepresent the facts, to discredit the administration of President Taft, and, incidentally, to further Senator La Follette's Presidential ambitions.

Some of the House insurgents, on the other hand, insist that the Republican leaders are trying to place them in a false light before the country. They say they are not opposed to the Taft policies, and that they are regular Republicans on every question except the House rules and what they denominate as "Cannonism."

"Cannonism" is true of a number of the men who are opposing Mr. Cannon and his methods, but there are indications that some of the more radical insurgents have reached a point where it is practically impossible, if not their mature determination, to join the Democrats on Congress. The leaders have reached a point where they believe it is necessary to enforce the strictest code of party discipline, and they have intimated that those representatives who seek inclined

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THE "PENNSYLVANIA SPECIAL" is the 18-hour train to Chicago, that holds the record for regularity. It leaves New York 1:15 to-day and arrives Chicago 9:55 to-morrow morning. Phone 1032 Madison Square.—Adv.