

KING EDWARD ILL WITH BRONCHITIS

His Physicians, in a Bulletin, Say His Condition Causes Some Anxiety.

DOCTORS STAY AT PALACE

Recovery Not Despaired of, but It Is Said His Breathing Is Rapid and His Heart Action Weak.

(By Cable to The Tribune.)

London, May 5.—Bullelins, abruptly issued, at 7 o'clock this evening respecting the King's illness caused universal alarm.

I learn, from a fairly authoritative source, that he was more seriously indisposed at Biarritz than his physicians were prepared to admit, and that there has been a serious relapse since his return to London.

It was not until the Queen's arrival to-day that the truth was blurted out that he had been confined to his room, and that his physicians were deeply concerned with the unfavorable symptoms.

The King has not been willing to abandon public business and he has insisted on continuing his correspondence, through secretaries, and on making engagements for the near future.

King Edward's condition is unmistakably causing grave anxiety at court, and the morning bulletin from his physicians is awaited with intense interest.

From what I am told from those in touch with the court, the King's breathing is rapid and labored, and his heart action exceedingly weak, yet it is stated positively that there are no complications and that his recovery is not despaired of.

Three physicians, Sir Richard Douglas Powell, Sir Francis Laking and Sir James Reid, are in constant attendance upon the King.

(By The Associated Press.)

London, May 5.—The kingdom was thrown into consternation to-night by the sudden and totally unexpected announcement that King Edward was suffering from bronchitis in a form which caused some anxiety to his physicians, two of whom are sleeping in Buckingham Palace to-night in order to be on hand in case of need.

The first intimation that anything was amiss was the failure of the King to meet the Queen, who returned from the Continent this evening.

The Queen hurried to the palace, and soon afterward the public learned, by an official announcement, that the King had been ill for two days. The fact that his illness had been thus concealed from public knowledge increased the alarm when once it became generally known.

The King had a busy day on Thursday. He gave an audience to Field Marshal Lord Kitchener and the Premier, Mr. Asquith, and visited the Royal Academy. On Friday he also gave several audiences, and entertained Viscount Herbert J. Gladstone and his wife at a farewell luncheon on their departure for South Africa, and visited the theatre in the evening.

Changeable Weather Harmful.

This social activity tended to reassure the public mind, but it was noticed that while his majesty was viewing the pictures at the Royal Academy he looked pale and fatigued and lacked his customary zest and spiritfulness, and the members of his entourage feared that this might trouble a return of the throat and chest trouble.

The King spent the week end at Sandringham, with the object of combating the threatened attack, and returned apparently better, but the sudden changes in the weather this week were very trying to his majesty and finally compelled him to keep indoors. He still attended to state business, however, and granted audiences, including among others on Tuesday an audience to Whitelaw Reid, the American Ambassador, and Lord Roberts. On Wednesday he entertained Grand Duke Michael at luncheon.

In fact, it was only to-day that his physicians were able to induce the King with great reluctance to skip to his bedroom and take a complete rest. The bulletin issued at 7:30 o'clock this evening showed that the eminent specialist Sir Richard Douglas Powell had been called in. He, with the King's physicians, Sir Francis Laking and Sir James Reid, signed the bulletin, which read:

The King is suffering from an attack of bronchitis and has been confined to his rooms for two days. His majesty's condition causes some anxiety.

King in Good Spirits.

The King is in good spirits despite his illness, and in addition to long visits from members of the royal family he received in audience this morning Lord Basington, the newly appointed commander in chief of New Zealand, and other Colonial officials.

Both Sir Francis Laking and Sir James Reid will remain in Buckingham Palace throughout the night. It is stated, however, that this is merely a precautionary measure, as the King's illness is not grave. A consultation was held late to-night, but no bulletin was issued, it being merely reported that the King was resting comfortably.

A court circular, which was sent out about 8 o'clock, states that his majesty was unable to meet the Queen because he was suffering from a severe cold. The

MRS. BELMONT WAXES TIMID Hurries from Outdoor Suffrage Meeting at Hint of Publicity.

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont attended last night what was said to be her first open air meeting for the suffrage cause, at 24th street and Park avenue. The spellbinders were speaking from the eminence of a soap box, on the corner opposite the 71st Regiment armory, and Mrs. Belmont drove up in her automobile and listened to the speakers, although she did not do any talking herself.

When she learned that newspaper men were present, Mrs. Belmont hid her face in her furs, and soon went away. The meeting was under the auspices of the college branch of the New York State Woman's Suffrage Association, and many young women made stump speeches. The audience at first consisted of fourteen men, one small boy and a girl in pigtails. But it grew.

EAT BREAD 25 YEARS OLD Workmen Find it Buried in Sand at Lynn, Mass.

(By Telegraph to The Tribune.) Lynn, Mass., May 5.—Robert Leach and several fellow workmen who are engaged in excavating for a house on the old Hovey estate here made their dinner to-day on a loaf of bread and several biscuits which they found buried in the sand, where they had been for the last twenty-five years.

The men found the bread in an excellent state of preservation and as fresh and sweet as though made only yesterday. A house formerly stood on the site where the men are working, and it is supposed that the bread was accidentally buried in some way by the occupants and was preserved in the vacuum made for more relics.

PRISONER TIRED OF BEEF Boarder at Sing Sing Years for Tombs and Vegetables.

An elderly man, with gray hair and beard and wearing a silk hat, called on District Attorney Whitman yesterday in the interest of Charles Barry, who is serving five years in Sing Sing for grand larceny. The caller said his name was Alfred Ennis and that he desired Mr. Whitman to take some action to have Barry removed to the Tombs prison in this city in order that he might send out for his meals.

"At Sing Sing," Mr. Ennis stated, "Barry is prevented by the rules from supplying himself with a strict vegetarian diet." He desires to do this, as he is a vegetarian, and hence the request for removal. The iron bars, hard work, prison cot, regular hours, confinement and other regulations are irksome, but the thought of becoming a "beef eater" is gradually undermining Barry's health.

GETS NEW TEETH AT 83 Lynn, Mass., Veteran, Expects to Live To Be 100 Years Old.

(By Telegraph to The Tribune.) Lynn, Mass., May 5.—At the age of eighty-three years, Watson Baker, a Grand Army veteran and spy as an ace, is growing his third set of teeth. Baker is as pleased with his new teeth as a girl with a new frock.

"Why," he says, "I haven't had anything of a tooth for nigh on to thirty years. My gums are pretty good, though. I chew tobacco. I can eat corn on the cob. Fact, better than some people with 'em. But I never looked for this. You never can tell, can you? Talk about Dr. Osler. I've got that Osler theory fad. I'm going to live to be a hundred, and I'm going to have a full grown, man's size set of teeth by that time, too."

FARMERS AND LABOR UNIONS Vote for Gompers Plan of Affiliation with Federation.

St. Louis, May 5.—Organized laborers and organized farmers will work together hereafter in "preserving the rights and liberties of both classes of workers," under the provisions of a resolution unanimously adopted today by the executive committee of the Farmers' Educational and Co-operative Union.

TWO NEW BATTLESHIPS Senate Naval Committee Decides to Accept House Provision.

Washington, May 5.—The desire of the administration for two new battleships will be granted, the Senate Committee on Naval Affairs practically deciding to-day to accept the provision of the House bill on this subject.

GIRL GIVES SKIN FOR SISTER Grafting of Six Square Inches Expected to Heal Child's Wounds.

A skin grafting operation, performed yesterday in the Williamsburg Hospital, saved the life of a nine-year-old girl, according to a house staff. Three months ago Winifred Smith, of No. 24 Broadway, Brooklyn, was hurt in a street car accident and wounded in both hips. The wounds refused to heal and gangrene set in. Yesterday her sister, Anna, twenty-two years old, gave twelve pieces of skin, each an inch long and half an inch wide. Dr. H. W. Dangler, of No. 455 Classon avenue, Brooklyn, and Dr. W. E. Lippold, of No. 197 St. Nicholas avenue, Brooklyn, performed the operation. The two girls are expected to be out in a short time.

THOMAS M. MULRY ILL Banker in St. Vincent Hospital with Typhoid Fever, but Is Improving.

Thomas M. Mulry, president of the Equi-grant Industrial Savings Bank, is ill with typhoid fever in St. Vincent's Hospital. His son, Vincent Mulry, said last night that about three weeks ago his father was attacked by vertigo and fell, striking his head against a door. A week later the fever developed and he was taken from his home, at No. 19 Perry street, to the hospital. Last night it was said that Mr. Mulry was slowly improving. His temperature was variable, but the conditions were characterized as hopeful. The sick man is attended by his family physician, Dr. Charles H. Lewis, of No. 41 West 85th street.

EUROPE IS KEEN FOR AMERICAN R. R. BONDS

Issues That Run Into Scores of Millions Placed with French and German Bankers.

B. & O. NOTES FOR \$40,000,000

Negotiations Dominate Stock Market, Which Rallies on Confirmation of Big Transactions.

The directors of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company yesterday authorized an issue of \$40,000,000 three-year collateral trust notes, a large part of which—probably a majority, it is understood—will be placed with foreign investors.

Semi-official confirmation was obtained of the reports that negotiations were in progress for placing in Paris a large issue of debenture bonds of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, although the exact amount under negotiation was not disclosed. William Rockefeller was quoted as saying that negotiations for the sale of the entire issue of \$50,000,000 were completed, and that only the formal signing of the papers remained to finish the transaction.

In other quarters it was reported that the conferences with the French bankers covered only \$30,000,000 of the proposed issue and that it was still uncertain whether or not the remaining \$20,000,000 would be brought out at once.

Official confirmation was given the report that negotiations were proceeding for the sale of Missouri, Kansas & Texas bonds abroad, the amount, however, being now stated as about \$10,000,000, as against the estimates on Wednesday of \$25,000,000 to \$30,000,000. The bonds, which are to be issued under a new mortgage, it is understood will be placed in the German market, the Deutsche Bank being associated with bankers of this city in bringing them out.

The report of pending negotiations for the sale of about \$10,000,000 debenture bonds of the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis road in Paris also was confirmed. The rumors that the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific each were about to sell \$15,000,000 of refunding bonds, a large part of each block to be disposed of in Europe, were said yesterday on excellent authority to be unfounded. Neither of these companies, it was added, was contemplating any new financing at present.

The Southern Railway Company general and development 4 per cent bonds which, as announced yesterday, are to be introduced in the Berlin market by the Nationalbank für Deutschland and the Dresdner Bank, will amount to \$5,000,000 and perhaps more. They are not new bonds, but form part of the amount distributed to participants in the syndicate upon its dissolution a few weeks ago.

Mexicans Listed on Bourse. The conclusion of the negotiations for the admission to the Paris Bourse of the \$125,000,000 second preferred stock of the National Railways of Mexico, announced on Wednesday, brings on the official list of that bourse for the first time a stock deal in on the New York Stock Exchange.

Several American securities are listed in the "cotations" or outside department, of the Paris Bourse, where the transactions are in trust, certificates representing the shares themselves; but in the case of the National Railways of Mexico the actual stock itself is listed, and trading in it will begin on Monday, in the "Parquet." Admission to the "Parquet," or official list, was sought for the common stock of the United States Steel Corporation a year or so ago.

The decision of the Baltimore & Ohio directors to issue notes at this time is in line with the policy of the late E. H. Harriman, who was a leading figure in that company, and who always advocated the issuance of short term obligations in the case of a railway of ample credit and resources when financing was to be done at a time deemed not entirely propitious for the placing of long term obligations. His view was that such a road could take this course with safety, as it could at the worst meet the notes at maturity, in the event that a favorable opportunity for taking them up and replacing them with bonds should not occur within the life of the notes.

The major part of the proceeds of the note issue will be devoted to the acquisition of equipment for the Baltimore & Ohio system, the new president of which, Daniel Willard, is understood to have formed comprehensive plans for the up-building of the system; and large sums also will be used in double tracking and other improvements.

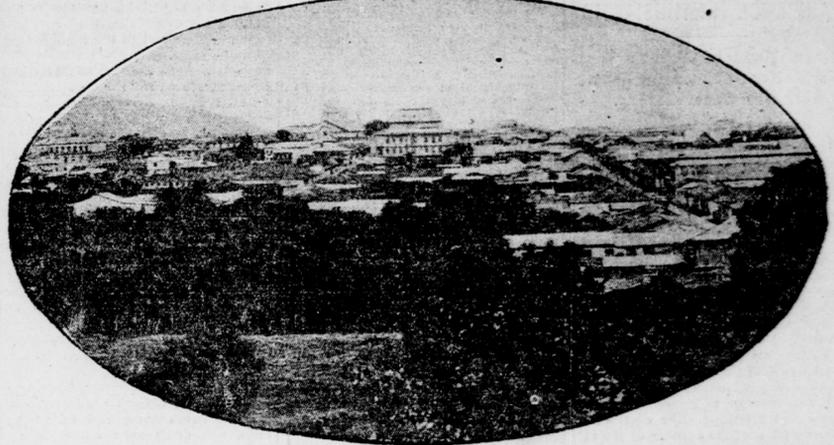
Market Rallies After Weakness. The foreign exchange market was weak in the early trading yesterday, demand sterling declining to 4.8665 on offerings of bills against the large purchases of stock for foreign account and on further heavy speculative sales on the reports of the negotiations for the placing abroad of American bonds to the amount of scores of millions of dollars.

There were, however, no offerings of bills against the bonds, as far as could be ascertained. In the later trading the market steadied partly on covering of speculative sales, and at the close the demand sterling rate was 4.8685@4.8690. The stock market was dominated by the reports concerning the bond negotiations, prices yielding in the early trading, when no official confirmation of the several transactions was yet forthcoming, and rallying in the afternoon, when it became apparent that some of the negotiations were likely to have a successful outcome.

Closing prices showed substantial gains throughout the list, among them 1 3/4 points in United States Steel common, 2 1/2 in Union Pacific, 2 1/2 in Southern Pacific, 2 in Chesapeake & Ohio and 1 1/2 in St. Paul.

P. R. T. MAY BORROW \$2,500,000. Philadelphia, May 5.—The Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company's ordinance, which provides that a \$2,500,000 loan be negotiated by that company, was approved by both branches of councils.

PANORAMA OF SAN JOSE, CAPITAL OF COSTA RICA, WHICH WAS SHAKEN BY THE EARTHQUAKE THAT DESTROYED CARTAGO.



180 MEN BURIED IN MINE Entombed by Terrific Explosion in Alabama Shaft.

ALL THOUGHT TO BE DEAD Mail Carrier Killed 35 Feet from Mouth of Pit—Mulga Disaster Recalled.

(Arranged by dates.) Killed. Lund Hill, England, Feb. 19, 1857... 189 Pochontas, Va., 1884... 207 Namaimo, Vancouver, May 4, 1887... 170 Duer, Belgium, Nov. 13, 1888... 121 Andrievles, Belgium, March 11, 1892... 200 Johnston, Penn., July 11, 1902... 112 Hannah, Wyo., June 30, 1903... 200 Harvick, Penn., Jan. 28, 1904... 189 Pas-de-Calais, France, March 10, 1906... 1,000 Fairmont, W. Va., March 23, 1906... 100 Cananea, Mexico, June 1, 1906... 100 Barr mine, Pittsburg, Dec. 28, 1907... 200 Jacobs Creek, Penn., Dec. 21, 1907... 200 Reden, Prussia, Jan. 28, 1908... 150 Stuart, Fayetteville, W. Va., June 29, 1909... 60 Chihuahua, Mexico, Feb. 18, 1908... 100 Girgenti, Sicily, July 21, 1908... 400 Tokio, Japan, July 27, 1908... 430 Fang-Tse, Peking, China, Aug. 20, 1908... 112 Monongah, W. Va., Dec. 6, 1908... 410 Yolande, Alon, Dec. 16, 1908... 60 Jacob's Creek, Penn., Dec. 19, 1908... 234 Bluefield, W. Va., Jan. 13, 1909... 100 Letter, Ill., Jan. 11, 1909... 285 Birmingham, Ala., Feb. 3, 1909... 17 Cherry, Ill., Nov. 13, 1909... 285 Indiana, Penn., Feb. 1, 1910... 35 Las Esperanzas, Mexico, Feb. 2, 1910... 68 Mulga mine, Birmingham, Ala., April 20, 1910... 41 Youngbush mine, Amsterdam, Ohio, April 21, 1910... 11

SOME FATAL MINE DISASTERS.

Birmingham, Ala., May 5.—Forty-five white and 135 negro miners are entombed to-night in No. 3 coal mine at Palos, Ala., as the result of a terrific explosion that occurred to-day. It is believed that all are dead.

The mines are owned by the Palos Coal and Coke Company, of Birmingham. Two bodies were found early to-night, but it is thought that few can be recovered before morning.

The flames from the explosion shot 200 feet into the air, and the shock was felt for miles. Timbers were hurled several hundred feet from the mouth of the mine. Rocks from the roof caved in and made access difficult. The fan machinery was damaged, but air is being pumped into the mine to-night in hopes that some of the men are still alive.

Residents of Palos, which is forty miles west of Birmingham, began at once to do what they could, but relief work was not started in earnest until a special train from Birmingham reached Palos late to-day.

Train Brings Experts. This special train carried State Mine Inspector James Hillhouse, J. J. Rutledge, government expert in charge of the geological station at Knoxville, Tenn., who was in the district investigating the recent explosion at Mulga; eight physicians and surgeons, four undertakers and a number of special helpers. The hospital relief car of the Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad Company was also taken. This car contained helmets and all other necessary paraphernalia for entering gaseous mines.

The first rescuers who went into the mine after the explosion were overcome by fire damp, and had to be carried out. Mr. Rutledge was among the first to enter. After working his way 1,400 feet under the slope, he found the second right entry caved in. The two bodies recovered to-night were in the main slope.

James Gousby, a mail carrier, was caught by the explosion thirty feet from the mouth of the slope and his body was hurled into the Warrior River. He was walking along the railroad track and was directly in front of the mine's mouth when the explosion occurred. It was judged from this that the force of the explosion was such that none of the men in the interior could remain alive.

Great Crowd Gathers. There are a number of mining camps within two or three miles of the Palos mine, and within a short time after the explosion a great crowd had gathered about the ill fated mine. Hundreds of women and children were around the shaft wringing their hands and crying piteously to-night.

The Palos mines have been worked for a number of years and the entries were extensive. The only hope that some of the men have escaped and are still alive is the possibility that they were far enough away from the explosion to have missed its main force.

To-day's disaster, coming so soon after the Mulga explosion of April 21, when forty-one men lost their lives, has plunged the mining settlements in grief. The Red Cross and other relief work for the widows and orphans at Mulga has not yet been completed.

H. A. Drennen, treasurer of the Palos Coal and Coke Company, said to-night that the company was fully insured against losses from explosions. The company was one of the first in this field to employ union miners only.



MAP OF CENTRAL AMERICA, SHOWING CARTAGO AND THE EARTHQUAKE REGION.

LONG CHASE BY AUTO Aids Policeman in Pursuit of Two Alleged Flat Robbers.

Albany, May 5.—Declaring that they had secured their places through fraud, the State Civil Service Commission has brought about the dismissal of Thomas J. McDermott and Thomas J. McDermott, father and son, from the employment of the Public Service Commission, 1st District, as inspectors of masonry at \$5 a day, after serving in that capacity to the commission and the former Rapid Transit Commission for ten years.

Accused of Two Burglaries in Which Bronx Apartments Were Ransacked.

After a long chase, in which a bicycle policeman and a party of autoists in a touring car figured in, The Bronx late yesterday afternoon, two men who gave their names as Morris Cohen, a driver, of No. 273 Monroe street, and Frank Smith, a baker, of No. 150 115th street, were captured and locked up, charged with "jimmying" their way into and robbing the apartments of Morris Frewi, a dyer, at No. 1145 Intervale avenue, and Mrs. Helen Helde, at No. 1132 Intervale avenue. According to the police, they entered the Frewi apartment first.

Frewi says that he was in his apartment when he heard some one forcing his front door, and listened. Then, he says, the two men entered his room. Smith covered him, he charges, with a revolver, while Cohen went through the rooms taking what jewelry he could find. The two left the rooms after a few minutes, threatening to shoot Frewi if he made an outcry, he says.

The two men next visited the Heide apartment, according to the police. Mrs. Heide says she was alone in the apartment, playing a piano. She heard nothing until, she says, she saw the two men in the room with her. Smith covered her with a revolver, while Cohen searched the apartment, the police say, and then both men departed.

In the mean time Frewi had gathered his wits and called the Morrisania police station on the telephone. Word was sent to Patrolman Kissler, a bicycle cop. Kissler met Frewi, who was telling him of the alleged robbery, when the two men saw Cohen and Smith dash out of the front door of the apartment house. The alleged burglars ran south in Intervale avenue, with Kissler, on his wheel, and Frewi, on foot, after them. The two ran to Hoe avenue, thence east to West Farms Road, where Kissler caught Cohen. Smith ran south in West Farms Road.

Just then a large touring car, in which were four passengers, came along. The occupants of the automobile took the officer, his wheel and Cohen into the car and pursued Smith along West Farms Road to Hunt's Point Road, thence west to Lafayette avenue, where Kissler jumped out and caught him.

In the station house when the men were searched Mrs. Helde and Frewi identified jewelry which, the police say, was found on the men. They were locked up after the additional charges of robbing Mrs. Helde's apartment, carrying concealed weapons and attempted felonious assault were lodged against them. A few minutes after the men were locked up Frank Hollow, of No. 1101 Westchester avenue, entered the station house with several articles of jewelry which he had picked up during the chase and which Frewi and Mrs. Heide identified as belonging to them.

THE MAYOR SPAT ON THE FLOOR And He Pays \$5—Heads Anti-Spitting Crusade.

Memphis, May 5.—Mayor Edward H. Crump was arrested to-day, charged with spitting on the tiled floor of the new \$2,000,000 courthouse.

Mayor Crump recently started an anti-spitting crusade and ordered police officers to arrest any one expectorating on the streets and on the floors of streets and public buildings. The Mayor was fined \$5 for his offence, and he paid it.

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER. Its purity has made it famous.—Advt.

FIVE HUNDRED DEAD AT CARTAGO

Earthquake Destroys Part of One Costa Rican City and Shakes San Jose.

DISTURBANCE CONTINUES

Andrew Carnegie's Palace of Justice Among the Score of Buildings Thrown Down in Cartago.

San Juan del Sur, Nicaragua, May 5.—A large part of Cartago, Costa Rica, was destroyed last night by a powerful seismic movement.

Details are very meagre, as the telephone wires have been levelled between San Jose and Cartago. The operators at the latter place were killed. It is known that at least five hundred persons are dead, and many hundreds injured.

Scores of buildings were thrown down, among them the Palace of Justice, erected by Andrew Carnegie.

The wife and child of Dr. Becanegra, the Guatemalan Magistrate to the Central American Arbitration Court, have been killed.

Panic reigns, as the earthquakes continue. San Jose has also been shaken, some of the buildings being damaged, but no deaths are reported in that city. Some were slightly injured.

Earth shocks also were felt at several points in Nicaragua, near the Costa Rican frontier. Reports reaching here state that there is much suffering and destitution at Cartago, consequent upon the disaster.

FATHER AND SON DISMISSED Latter Accused of Impersonating Former in Examination in 1900.

Albany, May 5.—Declaring that they had secured their places through fraud, the State Civil Service Commission has brought about the dismissal of Thomas J. McDermott and Thomas J. McDermott, father and son, from the employment of the Public Service Commission, 1st District, as inspectors of masonry at \$5 a day, after serving in that capacity to the commission and the former Rapid Transit Commission for ten years.

It was charged that Thomas McDermott, the father, was impersonated in the examination held on May 17, 1900, by the son. They denied the charge, asserting that their handwriting was similar.

EARTHQUAKE AND CANAL Washington Officials Express No Anxiety.

(From The Tribune Bureau.) Washington, May 5.—If the reports of the destruction by earthquake of Cartago, Costa Rica, prove not to have been exaggerated, the catastrophe will doubtless cause some anxiety regarding the safety of the Panama Canal, although it will afford some measure of gratification that the Panama route was chosen, rather than one through Nicaragua, as the latter territory is much more subject to earthquakes than is Panama. In fact, Nicaragua is well within the earthquake belt, of which Costa Rica is the southernmost boundary, as far as the records show. It will be recalled that the prevalence of earthquakes in Nicaragua was one of the factors which led to the selection of the Panama route. Cartago is about 350 miles north of the Panama Canal, or a little further than from New York to Richmond, Va.

The advocates of a sea level canal will doubtless see in this earthquake another reason for condemning the adoption of a lock canal plan, entirely oblivious of the fact that it would have required almost as extensive concrete works to have diverted the Chagres River from the course of a sea level canal as are required for the locks, besides the one lock which would have been inevitable because of the difference in tide levels between the Atlantic and the Pacific, a difference of about twenty-one feet. The officials responsible for the Panama Canal express their regret at learning of so serious an earthquake, even 350 miles away from the canal, but decline to admit that they feel any grave anxiety.

KEY HIS ONLY CLEW Paris Detective Chief Arrests Dissector of Poor Girl.

Paris, May 5.—M. Hamard, chief of detectives in Paris, accomplished one of the cleverest pieces of detective work in recent criminal annals, in the arrest to-day of the alleged murderer of a poor girl, Elisa Vandamme, whose atrocious killing had baffled the police for six weeks. The girl's head was found in a sewer, and subsequently her hands, feet and other portions of her body were discovered in different places.

Hamard, with only the vaguest clew, doggedly searched eight hundred houses, and finally found the key to the girl's room in the bureau of an ex-convict named Ferdinand, who had recently escaped from the penal colony in French Guiana.

When confronted with the evidence of his guilt, Ferdinand broke down and confessed to cutting up and disposing of the body, but asserted that the girl had died from natural causes.

TAYLOR MAY HELP POWERS Asserted That He Will Finally Return to Kentucky.

(By Telegraph to The Tribune.) Somerset, Ky., May 5.—It is asserted here to-day that ex-Governor W. S. Taylor, now living in Indianapolis, will come here and take the stump in the interest of Caleb Powers, who is opposing D. C. Edwards, the present incumbent, for the Republican nomination for Congress from this district. If Taylor comes to the aid of Powers it will be the first time he has entered the state since he fled after the assassination of Governor William Goebel, in 1900. Every possible endeavor has been made to get Taylor to come back and defend himself and his party, without avail. He has received promises of immunity from arrest, pardon and other inducements.

This is the bitterest political contest in the history of this part of Kentucky, and the followers of Edwards declare that if Taylor comes to the state to help Powers, they will make public startling disclosures about the Goebel tragedy, and that the inside facts will at last be known.

NOVELIST DECLARED INSANE Margaret Horton Potter Will Be Sent to Sanatorium.

Chicago, May 5.—Mrs. Margaret Potter Black, better known as an author under her maiden name, Margaret Horton Potter, was declared insane at a secret sitting of the County Court to-day and ordered committed to a sanatorium.

Mrs. Black is a daughter of Orin N. Potter, the late millionaire steel manufacturer. She is the author of half a dozen novels. When scarcely more than a school-girl she wrote a novel, which was said to have so thinly veiled the identity of its characters in real life that the entire edition was bought up and suppressed.

Mrs. Black was born in 1881. In 1902 she was married to John Donald Black, a son of General John C. Black, president of the United States Civil Service Commission and past grand commander of the Grand Army of the Republic.

The name of "The Hague of Central America" has been given to Cartago because it was selected for the Central American Court of Justice. This court of arbitration, which grew out of the suggestions of Presidents Roosevelt and Diaz, was settled in Costa Rica on account of the disinterestedness of that republic in the quarrels of her neigh-