

SENATORS TALK TARIFF

Beveridge Makes an Argument for a Commission.

HALE DEFENDS PAYNE LAW

Insurgents Expected to Vote for Board—Heyburn's Mild Filibuster.

(From The Tribune Bureau.)

Washington, June 10.—Senator Beveridge addressed the Senate at length to-day in favor of the creation of a tariff commission. He reviewed the history of the movement for a non-partisan board to investigate the cost of production here and abroad, and declared that there could be no automatic adjustment of tariff schedules until such a board or commission was organized and given plenary power to dig deep for the facts. Mr. Beveridge said he was far from satisfied with the provision of the sundry civil appropriation bill authorizing the tariff board to expend \$50,000 on the tariff question, but it was a step in the right direction. He complained that the power of the board was limited and that it was not required to report to Congress, but to the President.

Senators Gallinger and Hale took issue with Mr. Beveridge as to the worth of a tariff commission. Mr. Hale declared that no tariff commission in American history had been so successful as to many assaults, "to such barking and howling," as the Payne law. He said these assaults had come from men who professed a belief in the doctrine of protection. He declared that Senator Beveridge and others who voted against the Payne act had raised the cry for a tariff commission and were engaged in a determined effort to discredit and destroy the Payne law and to prevent its provisions from receiving their full effect.

The Democrats of the Senate are practically united in their opposition to the tariff board appropriation, and are also against the establishment of a tariff commission. Senator Clay will speak to-morrow in support of the bill, and will charge that the sole purpose of this appropriation is to bolster up the political cause of the Republican Senators who voted for the Payne law. Senator Dilliver is slated for a general tariff speech in criticism of the Payne act. The leaders hope that a final vote on the sundry civil bill will be taken to-morrow, as no provisions are now in dispute except the tariff board appropriation. Probably most of the insurgents will feel compelled to vote for the tariff board provision.

When the sundry civil bill was taken up to-day Senator Heyburn started a mild filibuster, which offered an amendment authorizing the expenditure of \$100,000 for the survey of public lands in Idaho, and was greatly provoked when Senator Hale, in charge of the bill, made a point of order against his amendment. A little later Mr. Heyburn interposed points of order to the land survey appropriations for Nevada, Oregon, Utah and Alaska. Western Senators appeared to him to withdraw his objections, but he refused to do so, until finally Senator Hale withdrew his point of order against the Idaho appropriation. Then Mr. Heyburn yielded and permitted the Oregon, Nevada, Utah and Alaska appropriations to remain in the bill. Senator Bailey remarked that a Senator who persisted in making a fight against anything wanted in an appropriation bill.

Senator Dewey made an ineffectual attempt to have the sundry civil bill amended so as to provide \$250,000 for beginning fortifications for the Panama Canal. He said that unless begun now there was danger that the fortifications would not be finished until after the completion of the canal.

NEW FORM OF MONEY ORDER

Postmaster General Expects It to Save \$500,000 a Year.

Washington, June 10.—By a change in the form of the money order and the elimination of the mail address to postmasters, Postmaster General Hitchcock expects to save the government approximately \$500,000 a year. The order making the changes was issued to-day.

CANNON TO TAKE THE STUMP

Will Make Several Speeches in Congress Campaign.

Washington, June 10.—Speaker Cannon will enter the political campaign this fall to defy his Congress enemies from the stump in various parts of the country. The speaker said to-day that he had not yet decided upon his itinerary, but he would make some speeches in different parts of the country.

GRIFF KOHLER DENIES CHARGE

Accused of "Golden Rule" Police Chief, on Trial for Alleged Immoral and Immoral Charges, Entered Denial to-day of all the Charges against Him.

"I have never been in my life," said Kohler on the stand. He said he had visited resorts to better his condition, but that he had never drunk so much as a glass of water or eaten so much as a cracker in any of them in ten years. He said the specific charges by the prosecution's witnesses had never occurred. The case will be resumed on Monday afternoon.

Was the Breakfast on Time This Morning?

Good servants are advertising in the "Want Ads." this morning. If you can't find the one you want, put in a want ad.

THE TRIBUNE

154 Nassau St. Uptown, 1364 Broadway.

THE DAY IN WASHINGTON

(From The Tribune Bureau.)

HAMMERSTEIN AND RUSSIA.—It appears that the Department of State was back of Oscar Hammerstein in his effort to invade Russia to secure dancers to appear in this country. The Russian Consul General refused to visit Hammerstein's passport, but he was advised to take the matter up with the American Consul General at St. Petersburg, and that official was instructed to do all in his power to secure the approval of the Russian government. He was not successful, however, and as the Russian Foreign Office was able to show that the discrimination was not against American Hebrews, but against all of all nationalities, the United States is powerless to effect anything more. Of course, diplomatic efforts to secure for American Hebrews the same treatment by Russia as is accorded to other American citizens will continue, but the prospects are not bright for their success. Secretaries Hay and Root strove without success to secure such treatment from Russia, like the Secretary Knox will do everything possible to promote the same end.

POSTAL SAVINGS LEGISLATION.—The Senate leaders are strongly disposed to accept the postal savings bill, and are also in favor of sending it to conference, and believe they have votes enough to accomplish that end. It is expected that Senator Dilliver, and possibly other insurgents, will oppose this course, precisely as the La Follette disciples in the House opposed the adoption of the rule which would pass the bill. It is possible, however, that the opposition of the insurgents will prove sufficient to prevent the adoption of the House measure, and it is quite possible that when they perceive they are in the minority they will make a virtue of necessity and vote for the acceptance of the House bill.

THE LIGHTHOUSE BOARD.—The Senate agreed to-day to the conference report on the bill providing for the reorganization of the Lighthouse Board, or, rather, its conversion into a bureau of the Department of Commerce and Labor, with a civilian chief, assistant chief, etc. The question in dispute between the House and

WORK ON RAILROAD BILL

Conferees Make Good Progress Toward Agreement.

WICKERSHAM AIDS THEM

Some Points Already Decided—President to Win on One of His Suggestions.

Washington, June 10.—Conferees on the railroad bill had the aid of Attorney General Wickersham at both of today's sessions, and it was announced to-night that there is a possibility of a final agreement being reached on Monday, or within a day or two following. This prediction was made by Senators Elkins and Aldrich, and Representative Mann said that substantial progress had been made. No member of the conference committee would discuss the details of today's accomplishments.

It was learned, however, that a tentative agreement was reached as to the long and short haul provision, which will consist of two parts. The first part, which is the subject of the bill, is to be eliminated because of the assertion by the Senate conferees that they could not obtain the adoption of a report containing any provision for federal regulation of securities on account of the opposition of Democrats. Physical valuation of the railroads, it is asserted, will not be provided for in the conference bill. Senator Aldrich told Mr. Mann that the Senate had voted four times to reject that feature, and that it was folly to consume time in discussing it. Mr. Mann submitted a substitute for the House amendment on this subject, but the Senate conferees characterized it as a "make-believe" which means nothing, and which, if adopted, would subject the conference committee to general condemnation by supporters of legislation looking to an investigation of the value of railroad property.

Mr. Mann has not entirely abandoned hope of obtaining the acceptance of some provision on this subject. Several times he has urged the adoption of the amendment adopted by the physical valuation amendment by a vote of nearly two to one. To Take Effect at Once. President Taft, according to present indications, will win on one of the suggestions which he made to the conferees. He wanted the retention of the House amendments concerning stocks and bonds, the reduction from ten to six months of the time allowed by the Senate bill to the Interstate Commerce Commission for the investigation of increases in railroad rates, and the increase in the rate of increase effective at once, instead of after sixty days, as provided by both bills. All the members of the conference committee agreed to the wisdom of the latter suggestion because of its application to notices given by railroads recently of many proposed advances.

SOLDIERS ROUT INDIANS

Drive Mayas from Valladolid to the Mountains.

YUCATAN REVOLT QUELLED

Men of Influence, Who Desired to Free Immured Friends, Blamed for Uprising.

Mexico City, June 10.—Valladolid, the stronghold of the Maya Indian insurgents in Yucatan, was captured by federal troops to-day, according to telegrams received to-night from Merida. The rebels were driven from the town to the mountains, hotly pursued. Many dead and wounded were abandoned in the flight and many prisoners were taken by the government forces, among them Nicolas Soza, ringleader of the insurgents, who was wounded.

HOUSE REFUSES AUTOS

Votes Not to Give Them to Cannon and Sherman.

Washington, June 10.—Without debate the House voted to-day to insist further on its disagreement to the Senate amendments to the legislative, executive and judicial bill making appropriations for the expenses of automobiles for the Vice-President and the Speaker of the House. All other portions of the conference report were agreed to, and the conferees will again endeavor to come to some understanding on the provision for automobiles.

APPROVES LINE TO QUEENS

Third Avenue Railway Company Will Operate System.

The Board of Estimate yesterday approved a franchise for the Third Avenue Railroad Company to operate a line from Third Avenue through 95th street and across the Queensboro bridge and return to the city at East 95th street. Free transfers will be given to all lines of the Third Avenue system.

TAPT'S TRAVELLING EXPENSES

House Democrats Will Not Object to Senate Provision.

Washington, June 10.—Democratic members of the House who on May 26 prevented the \$25,000 appropriation for President Taft's travelling expenses for the fiscal year of 1911 being made available for use for the coming months of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1911, will not oppose the appropriation as arranged by the Senate in the sundry civil appropriation bill. The Democrats prevented the appropriation in the form proposed in the House, basing their opposition on the ground that the appropriation was limited by law to \$25,000 annually, and that if made available in that form an extra \$25,000 might be appropriated for 1911.

MAY SUE UNION STOCK YARDS

Government Contemplates Testing Application of Hepburn Law.

Washington, June 10.—It was reported to-day that the government contemplates filing a suit in the United States court at Chicago to test the question whether the Hepburn law is applicable to the Union Stock Yards. Presumably some discriminations have been alleged.

ILLINOIS GRAFT INFORMERS

Legislator and Bank Cashier Offer Testimony as to Bribery.

Springfield, Ill., June 10.—Volunteers are now offering themselves to State Attorney Burke in the legislative inquiry. He replied to a confidential communication from a state Senator, who offered to testify if his name be suppressed, that \$2,500 was offered him to vote for William Lorimer for United States Senator. The letter also gave names of others who would give testimony.

BANDIT LOOTS TRAIN

Railroad Company Repays Small Losses of Passengers.

El Paso, Tex., June 10.—Shortly before midnight last night eastbound passenger train No. 12 of the El Paso & Southwestern Railroad was held up by a lone bandit, who herded the occupants of the tourist sleeper into a private car attached to the rear of the train, compelled them to deposit their money and valuables in a heap and made his escape with the plunder across the desert toward the mountains.

HARVARD CLUBS' MEETING

President Lowell Opens Discussion in Cleveland.

Cleveland, June 10.—The delegates to the fourth annual meeting of the Associated Harvard Clubs, now in session here, engaged to-day in an animated discussion of recent changes in the college curriculum. President A. Lawrence Lowell opened the discussion, and many of the alumni expressed themselves as opposed to the restriction of elective courses.

DALZELL BLOCKS BLACK

Temporarily Restrains Recount of Primary Ballots.

Pittsburg, June 10.—Representative John Dalzell obtained an injunction this afternoon restraining the county commissioners from opening the ballot boxes and recounting the votes in sixty-five precincts of the Sixth Congress District, contested by Dr. Robert C. Spitzer, and the county primary last Saturday. The injunction was granted by Judge Cohen within an hour after Dr. Black had won his contention before the county commissioners, and they had granted a recount.

COCKS ON DIRECT PRIMARIES

Roosevelt's Representative Will Address Brooklyn Young Republicans.

Nobody has dared to indicate what the position of Colonel Roosevelt will be on the issue of direct primaries, which is troubling the political situation in this state. But there are those who consider it extremely significant that Congressman William W. Cocks, who represents the Oyster Bay district, not only has come out in favor of direct primaries, but is scheduled to speak at a direct primary dinner on Wednesday.

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More than twenty ballots were taken by the jury, most of them when the case of Bendernagel was under consideration. The long delay was due to the failure to agree as to his guilt or innocence. Everything was in readiness for the charge to the jury at 9:30 o'clock in the morning, but juror No. 8, L. Edward Mueller, was ten minutes late. As soon as he appeared Judge Martin arose with papers in his hands. First he complimented the twelve men in the usual way, but praised them especially for their attentiveness during the long trial. After reciting the law relating to conspiracy to defraud he launched into a definition of reasonable doubt, saying:

"Fraud must be proved by the weight of evidence in a case like this. It rests largely upon circumstantial evidence. I am required by the counsel for the defense to instruct you as to what part of the evidence is to be taken into consideration. But you must bear in mind this principle of the law, that the accused is entitled to have every circumstance construed upon the theory of innocence.

MISSING GIRL RAN AWAY

Esther Mearson Found Employed as Nurse in New Haven.

Esther Mearson, the seventeen-year-old girl for whom the police and her family have been searching since Monday, when she disappeared from her home at No. 197 East 123d street, was found yesterday afternoon in New Haven, where she had been working for several days as a nurse in the family of Mrs. Louis L. Bassett, in Edwards street. She was brought home last night by her brother, Lyon J. E. Mearson, a law student who went to New Haven early yesterday afternoon in answer to a telegram which gave the clue to her whereabouts.

GAVE NAME, "MARIE BURNS"

Hysterical and Nervous When Brought Home—Explains Act as Girlish Whim.

Her home-coming had been foretold in the neighborhood where she lives, and a crowd of several hundred persons gathered in front of the apartment house, and chided the stairs and besieged the Mearson apartment when the brother and sister appeared and hurried into the house. The girl was nervous and hysterical on her return, and the family would not allow her friends to see her last night.

TRUST FUNDS NOT EXEMPT

Appellate Division of Supreme Court Orders Execution in School Case.

Incomes from trust funds established prior to September, 1908, when the legislative amendment to Section 1,261 of the Code of Civil Procedure, permitting the recovery of 10 per cent from wages or income of \$25 or more a week for debts, was enacted, are also liable to the decision of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court yesterday. The decision is given by a majority of the court, Justices Dowling, Clarke and Scott, while the minority—Justices McLaughlin and Ingraham—declared the act to be unconstitutional in applying it to trusts created prior to September, 1908, and sought a judgment for \$27 against Beverly Ward, and sought to recover it in instalments under the new \$2,000 or more from the trust fund created in 1873 by his father. The Appellate Division orders execution issued.

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