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propriations. The bills which I have approved cover appropriations for the state hospitals for the insane, for charitable institutions, for prisons and for education, including our existing agricultural schools, and the appropriations for those purposes which I have disapproved could not, in my judgment, be properly allowed at this time.

The items and bills disapproved by me are as follows:

Supply bill	$1,283,949 11	
General appropriation bill	77,600 00	
		$1,361,549 11
Fish hatchery, Remus Point		10,000 00
Drafting legislative bills, etc.		3,500 00
Refund to town of Rye		6,949 76
Albany Armory		150,000 00
Newburg Armory		150,000 00
Geneva Armory, land		4,600 00
Mount Vernon Armory		87,000 00
Malone Armory		80,000 00
Forty-seventh Regiment Armory		100,000 00
Olean Armory		87,000 00
Fire Island Park		15,000 00
Herkimer land purchase		15,000 00
Fredonia Normal School		30,000 00
Potsdam Normal School		80,000 00
Albany Normal College		40,000 00
Agricultural experiment station		30,000 00
Reimbursing Frederick Skene		5,478 80
West Canada Creek, dredging		75,000 00
Tonawanda Creek improvement		5,000 00
Keuka Lake outlet, dredging		20,000 00
Powell Creek, dredging		20,000 00
Mill and Long Creek, dredging		5,000 00
Black River improvement		100,000 00
Delaware River dykes, Highland		10,000 00
Delaware River dykes, Port Jervis		25,000 00
Mohawk River dyke		7,500 00
Cornell University School of Sanitary Science		10,000 00
Syracuse University College of Forestry		55,000 00
Canal survey		5,000 00
Wood Creek improvement		3,000 00
New agricultural school at Bainbridge, Chenango County		50,000 00
New agricultural school at Cobleskill, Schoharie County		50,000 00
New agricultural school, Long Island		50,000 00
New agricultural school at Delhi, Delaware County		50,000 00
New agricultural school at Middletown, Orange County		50,000 00
New agricultural experiment station, Niagara County		15,000 00
Special bill for state prisons (total, $123,361), items deducted		38,050 00
Special bill for charitable institutions (total, $913,060), items deducted		617,800 00
Special bill for hospitals for the insane (total, $1,456,540), items deducted		629,670 00
Letchworth Village (total, $101,000), items deducted		93,750 00
Agricultural school at St. Lawrence University (total, $53,000), item deducted		26,000 00
Long Island State Hospital		100,000 00
Starch Factory Creek improvement		9,000 00
Enforcing pure food law		13,400 00
Additional bill for Training School for Boys		304,500 00
Milk production demonstration		10,000 00
Total items disapproved		$4,713,747 67

The increase in the appropriations of this year, as approved over those of the year 1909, is due to the increased cost of maintenance in the state hospitals for the insane, in the charitable institutions and in prisons; to the increase in salaries of the Supreme Court justices under the recent constitutional amendment; to the increased amount required for the support of common schools and normal schools; to the increased appropriation for highway construction and maintenance, apart from the amount payable out of proceeds of bonds; to the allowance for the abolition of grade crossings; to the additional amount needed for land, construction of buildings and equipment, and to the amounts appropriated for the Secretary of State (to enable him to carry out the new motor vehicle law), and for the Health Officer of the Port of New York, who now for the first time has direct appropriations, his receipts being covered into the treasury.

The appropriations for a period of years have been insufficient to provide for maintenance in the hospitals for the insane, and there has been an accumulating deficiency, now amounting to $1,231,139 28, which has been covered by a special bill this year.

There is also an increase in the amount for advances to county treasurers.

These items aggregate about $5,500,000, and these alone are sufficient to account for the increase in this year's appropriations over those of last year.

These increases are as follows:

Increase in salaries of justices of the Supreme Court under the recent constitutional amendment: Supply bill from January 1, 1910, to October 1, 1910 $228,600; Appropriation bill, October 1, 1910, to October 1, 1911 $312,000		$540,600 00
Increased appropriations for support of common schools and normal schools		325,000 00
Special bill for accumulated deficiency in maintenance of hospitals for the insane		1,231,139 28
Increase in appropriation for maintenance of hospitals for the insane for the ensuing year		699,754 00
Increase in appropriation for maintenance of charitable institutions for ensuing year		137,167 76
Increase in appropriation for maintenance of prisons and convicts in penitentiaries for ensuing year, together with compensation of sheriffs		105,500 00
Increase in appropriation for advances to county treasurers on account of taxes		45,000 00
Increase in appropriations for highway construction and maintenance (apart from proceeds of bonds)		526,210 46
Amount allowed for grade crossings (no appropriation last year)		600,000 00
Increase in appropriation for Secretary of State to enforce new motor vehicle law: Appropriation bill $190,000; Supply bill 60,000		250,000 00
Increase to provide for appropriation for health officer, Port of New York (no appropriation last year)		175,320 00
Increase in construction items, land, buildings and equipment. (Included in the appropriations this year is $1,500,000 for the new state education building and power plant)		856,738 62
These items of increase amount to		$5,494,430 12

The Governor has no authority to reduce specific items of appropriation, but must either allow or reject them. In the exercise of this power I have preserved the items required to discharge the obligations of the state and to secure a proper conduct of its enterprises, while rejecting those which seemed to me unnecessary or unwise.

CHARLES E. HUGHES.

In the general appropriation bill Governor Hughes disapproved the following items: For expenses of the judges of the Court of Claims, $8,400; for compensation of accountants to examine books and accounts of receivers, under the Attorney General, $10,000; for expenses of the chief protector, $1,000; for reforesting burned or denuded lands in the forest preserve, for preparing and distributing pamphlets on forestry subjects, for establishing additional nurseries for the propagation of forest trees to be furnished to the citizens of the state at cost, $20,000; for salaries and expenses in the Bureau of Industries and Immigration of the Labor Department as follows: Counsel, $2,400; superintendent of branch office, $1,800; eighth grade, one employe, $1,800; seventh grade, three employes, $4,500; fifth grade, three employes, $2,700; travelling expenses, $6,000; office expenses, $4,500; printing, $1,200; for the establishment and maintenance of schools in connection with labor camps for instruction of aliens, $6,000.

Of these items the Governor says: "In view of the present demands upon the state I cannot approve the establishment at this time of a bureau as extensive as that provided for in these items."

The Governor failed to approve bills to establish state schools of agriculture on Long Island and at Cobleskill, Schoharie County; state schools of agriculture and domestic science and kindred subjects at Delhi, Delaware County; Bainbridge, Chenango County; Middletown, Orange County; a state school of sanitary science and public health at Cornell University; a state college of forestry at Syracuse University, and an agricultural experiment station in Niagara County. The reason for this action is given as follows:

"We have not the money to undertake the establishment of these schools. The wise policy, it seems to me, is to provide for the suitable development and completion of the schools that we have before we establish new and separate foundations."

Waterway Measures Dead.

Waterway improvement bills not approved provided for dredging West Canada Creek, Herkimer, Herkimer County; Powell Creek, in the county of Nassau, and Mill Creek and the Narrows to Long Creek in certain portions of the town of Freeport, Nassau County; the construction of a dike or dikes for the protection of property adjacent to the Delaware River in the city of Port Jervis, by the completion of the work begun under a chapter of the Laws of 1904, and the acquisition of lands necessary for such purpose; the completion of a dike or dikes for the protection of property adjacent to the Delaware River in the town of Highland, Sullivan County; widening and deepening the channel in the outlet of Keuka Lake from the lake to the steamboat docks in the village of Penn Yan, and deepening and widening Tonawanda Creek in the towns of Batavia and Alexander, Genesee County.

The Governor says in explanation of his action:

These bills provide for various local improvements which it is desired should be made at the expense of the state.

It does not appear, however, that there is any special state obligation in these cases. And in any event we have not the money at this time to expend in these improvements.

Apart from this, improvements of this sort should be made pursuant to a general system, so that all communities may be dealt with impartially and according to the same rule. Under the river improvement act provision is made, in cases within its purview, for an ascertainment of the necessity for the improvement and for the just apportionment of its cost, so that the share which may properly be borne by the localities benefited and by the state, respectively, may be determined.

So far as the improvements contemplated in these bills are within that statute, proceedings should be taken thereunder, and if there are other classes of cases which should be reached, there should be a suitable amendment of the general law.

No New Armories This Year.

Other measures not signed provided for new state armories at Malone and Mount Vernon, repairs, improvements and betterments to the state armory in Brooklyn occupied by the 47th Regiment; the erection of a state armory and stable in Albany, the erection of a new armory building in Newburg, the rebuilding, alteration and improvement of the state armory in Olean and the purchase of additional lands for the armory of the 34th Separate Company of the National Guard at Geneva.

"The funds in the treasury and our estimated income will not permit these expenditures," the Governor adds.

The bill to amend the state charities law in relation to the regulation of state charitable institutions is another one "not approved." "The purpose of this act is most commendable, and were it not for the demands upon our resources at this time I should be disposed to approve it," says Mr. Hughes. "Among other things, it provides for the appointment by the fiscal supervisor of a purchasing agent, who is to be secretary of the purchasing committee; a supervisor of farms and a supervisor of foods.

"If we could have a suitable co-ordination of the work of all our institutions, such as hospitals for the insane, charitable institutions and prisons, through a representative board, which should exercise supervision over matters of common interest and through which arrangement could be made for common inspection and supervision of farms, foods, supplies, etc., it would result, I believe, in great benefit to the state."

Education Bill Not Approved.

Another bill which fails to go on the statute books is one to amend the education law relative to establishing a law library in the 2d Judicial District. Of this Governor Hughes says:

"It may be very desirable that there should be a library established in the 2d Judicial District, and there is no disposition to criticise the intent of those who are desirous to bring this about, but it is clear that the disbursement of public moneys should not be made mandatory upon the requisition of trustees who are not suitably accountable to public authority."

A measure to provide for the rebuilding of a bridge across South Bay, in the county of Washington, was not approved. This bill authorized the State Highway Commission to rebuild the bridge and appropriated for this purpose $75,000 out of the proceeds of moneys realized from the sale of highway improvement bonds.

"If it is to be the policy of the state," says Mr. Hughes, "to construct bridges at state expense in connection with and out of funds provided for highway improvement, this policy should be defined by suitable amendment of the law so that it may be impartially applicable to all cases of the same class. This bill if signed would probably have a numerous progeny of special acts involving inequality and injustice."

THE TEST OF A BANK

The test of a Bank's strength is the proportion of its resources to its deposit obligations. This Company, including stockholders' liability, has behind its deposits more than $19,000,000 of its own, besides the securities and loans in which it has invested the deposits.

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CHANGE IN RATES POSTPONED

Trunk Lines Suspend Action in State Until August 1.

Albany, June 19.—The various trunk line railroad companies operating in this state have informed the Public Service Commission of the suspension of increased rates which they proposed to put in effect July 5 to August 1. This action on intrastate rates follows the suspension of a general increase in interstate rates throughout the country by the trunk lines.

PREDICTS CANNON'S RETURN

Sperry, Dean of House, Says Republicans Will Control Next Congress.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

New Haven, June 19.—"Uncle Joe Cannon will be re-elected to Congress if he will consent to run," said Nehemiah D. Sperry, Representative from the 2d Connecticut District, to-night. Mr. Sperry is eighty-two years old, and is the dean of the House. He is the man who raised money to build the Monitor in the Civil War. He said:

"Cannon is an honest man, and his Illinois district will stand by him. Whether he will be re-elected Speaker or not will depend on the majority the Republicans get in the fall elections. I think that the Republicans will control the next House without a doubt."

Asked what the insurgents would do he said that nobody on earth could tell.

WORKING FOR COBB BILL

Leaders Fear Assembly Again Will Thwart Its Passage.

SPECIAL SESSION TO-NIGHT

Legislators Here for Roosevelt Welcome Discuss Direct Primary Plans.

Republican leaders and members of the Legislature who were in the city to attend the welcome to Theodore Roosevelt found time to talk among themselves and with their city colleagues regarding the special session of the Legislature, which convenes to-night. There were widely differing opinions, however, as to what the session would accomplish in the way of enacting some direct primary measure.

In a general way it was the opinion of most of those seen that unless some extraordinary pressure is brought to bear on the Cobb bill is made a party measure by caucus in the Assembly, the latter body will thwart any attempt to pass it.

A movement is under way to bring some sort of special pressure on the leaders, but how far it will succeed is problematical. The views of Mr. Roosevelt will be sought, and the result is eagerly awaited.

It is understood that the opinion has been expressed by some of the leaders in Washington that the Republican party in this state cannot afford to show the disregard for the Cobb direct primary measure with which it was treated by the Assembly at the regular session.

Working for a Caucus.

As for the efforts of Assemblyman Murray, of the 19th District, in this county, to have the Republican members of the Assembly caucus on the Cobb bill, they have not so far met with the success he had hoped. Speaking of the letters sent by him to his Republican colleagues, asking them if they would be willing to sign a call for such a caucus, Assemblyman Murray said yesterday:

"I have received only seventeen or eighteen replies, and most of them are noncommittal. Only five or six wrote that they would be willing to sign a caucus call. The others beat around the bush, and say they want to wait until they get to Albany and see what the situation is there.

"Some of them want to know how President Griscom stands, but I have not talked to him. When I get up to Albany to-morrow night I shall open a campaign and see if I can't get the required signatures for a caucus. I think that there is a good chance of having the Cobb bill made a party measure if we vote on it in caucus. If it is made a party measure there seems to be every chance that we can pass it.

"The Governor has approved the Cobb bill and the Senate has passed it once, and will undoubtedly do so again. So it would seem to be entirely up to the Assembly. If we only get some men with backbone, I think we shall be able to have a caucus.

Would Accept Cobb Bill.

"Of course, I am still in favor of the Hinman-Green bill, but there seems to be little chance of passing that. But the Cobb bill is a long step in the right direction. If we get that on the statute books once, and elect a good Legislature under it, it ought to be comparatively easy to broaden its provisions at succeeding sessions."

Senator Hendrick S. Holden, of Syracuse, who took Lieutenant Governor White's place in the Senate, has been in the city as a member of the legislative committee to welcome Mr. Roosevelt. He does not think there is any chance of passing a direct primary measure. He was one of the Senators who voted against the Cobb bill, and has not changed his mind.

"As a matter of fact," he said, "I think what sentiment for direct primaries there was in Onondaga County has died out. It is as dead as a smelt.

"Of course, the Senate will probably pass the Cobb bill again. It could not stultify itself by turning it down after having passed it once. But I don't think it has any chance in the Assembly. So far as I have been able to learn, the members of the Legislature will take the same individual stand on the bill as they did before."

Senator Holden seemed extremely optimistic about conditions upstate.

"We are all united in Onondaga," he said, "and will give the Republican ticket the usual plurality this fall. We gave Governor Hughes one of the biggest pluralities in the state and would do so again. We shall do the same for any candidate who may be named."

The Appropriation Bill.

One of the most important things that will be submitted to the special session by the Governor, according to Senator Holden, will be a reconsideration of the appropriation and supply bill.

"We appropriated more money than the income of the state will cover by about $6,000,000," he said. "That, of course, is something that must be rectified."

So far as could be learned, there have been no formal conferences in regard to the extra session in this city in the last few days, although the subject has been an important topic of conversation whenever one or two leaders have been together.

Senator Grady, the Democratic leader, who did his best to kill direct primaries in the Senate, spent considerable time at the Murray Hill Hotel, where many members of the Legislature were on Saturday. There were suspicions that his activity boded no good for such a measure when the special session convenes.

Assemblyman Bennett, who is one of the most ardent advocates of direct primaries, is out in Montana, and will not be in Albany before the 27th. He believes, however, that nothing important will come to a vote before that time.

SESSION MAY BE BRIEF

Conjectures Vary from Ten Days to Month—Speaker on Hand.

Albany, June 19.—The extraordinary session of the Legislature, called by Governor Hughes to take up again the vexed question of primary reform, will convene at 8:30 o'clock to-morrow night. After a three weeks' respite the legislators are coming back to wrestle with a problem which the Governor thinks should be settled this year—that of enacting a satisfactory direct nominations bill.

Governor Hughes still believes that the Hinman-Green bill should become the law of the state, but in view of the difference of opinion as to the advisability of applying the plan to state officers, he has announced his willingness to accept the Cobb bill, which provides for the direct nomination of Congressmen, Senators, members of Assembly and county officers. The Cobb bill passed the Senate by a vote of 34 to 13 and was killed in the Assembly on the eve of adjournment.

Monday night's session promises to be brief, just long enough to listen to the Governor's message. The programme thereafter has yet to be arranged. Predictions as to the outcome are at variance, but a lively fight is certain. The three weeks' intermission has given the legislators time to sound the sentiment in their home districts, but whether there will be a shift of the thirty votes necessary to pass a direct primary measure is one of the uncertainties of the situation.

There have been all sorts of guesses as to what will happen. Reports credit President Taft with having expressed the wish that a direct primary measure be enacted, and the possibility of Theodore Roosevelt taking a hand in the situation has excited lively speculation. Assemblyman Murray, of New York, has been sounding his Republican colleagues as to the wisdom of holding a caucus with a view to making the Cobb bill a party measure, as was done in the Senate at the regular session.

Conjectures as to the length of the session vary from ten days to a month. Legislating on hot summer days in the stuffy Senate and Assembly chambers is not conducive to personal comfort, and requests from legislators for excuses from attendance until such time as their votes are needed are likely to be numerous.

Whether the Governor will recommend legislation other than that having to do with primary reform is problematical. Various suggestions have been made, but the Governor has given no intimation as to what his message will contain. Only such legislation as is recommended by the Governor can be considered by the Legislature at an extraordinary session.

Speaker Wadsworth arrived to-day and to-night conferred with several of the Assembly leaders relative to the direct nominations situation.

URGES DIRECT SENATORS

Frisbie Asks Governor to Suggest Action in Message To-day.

Albany, June 19.—In a letter to Governor Hughes, Daniel D. Frisbie, minority leader of the Assembly, requests that he include in his message to the Legislature at its extraordinary session, which convenes to-morrow night, a recommendation looking to action by New York favorable to the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people.

"I am encouraged in making this request," the letter reads, "by the fact that in your last campaign for the governorship you declared yourself in favor of the direct election of United States Senators by the people."

The procedure suggested by Mr. Frisbie is the adoption of a joint legislative resolution petitioning Congress for the calling of a constitutional convention for the consideration of this matter. The letter points out that already twenty-nine states have adopted such resolutions, and that only one more in addition to New York would be necessary to accomplish this purpose. Such a resolution was introduced by Mr. Frisbie at the regular session, but failed.

"The direct election of United States Senators," the letter recites, "is of as great, if not greater, importance to the people in their control of the election of their representatives as is the direct nomination of candidates. The one logically supplements the other."

FLOODS STOP A RAILROAD

Cumberland Mining Section in Maryland Crippled.

Cumberland, Md., June 19.—Following recent flooding rains, the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad is crippled between Cumberland and Connellsville, on the Pittsburg division.

The Cumberland & Pennsylvania Railroad, which runs through the mining region between Cumberland and Piedmont, has abandoned trains to-day, while the Romney branch of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad is completely tied up, and it may be several days before trains can be run over it.

All the wires are down between Salisburg Junction and Garrett. The Berlin branch of the Baltimore & Ohio is completely tied up by a dozen or more slides and washouts. One bridge has been washed out on the branch. On the Somerset and Cambria branch trains were caught between slides and washouts.

GREAT LOSS BY STORM

Damage Placed at Hundreds of Thousands in Pennsylvania.

Washington, Penn., June 19.—Following last night's severe storms that raged over the western part of the state, another broke over this section early to-day that was even more severe, and caused losses that are estimated at hundreds of thousands.

Nearly all of Greene County, except Waynesburg, and the southeastern part of Washington County are cut off from communication, and the only reports obtainable are from farmers who are arriving here hourly.

At Marianna a two story store and dwelling house was washed from its foundation by a swollen stream and a cook stove set fire to it. Two families in the building escaped a few minutes before it floated like a blazing torch downstream. Scores of barns and other dwelling houses were washed away, while several of them burned in a like manner. The Monongahela & Washington Railroad has been blocked by landslides.

In West Bethlehem Township several large bridges have been washed away. The family of James Gallagher was driven from floor to floor by the rising water until forced to cut a hole through the roof and climb into a tree, from which they were rescued by a farmer in a skiff.

Around California and Dalsytown, in Washington County, twelve houses were carried from their foundations and floated off to the Monongahela with their contents. None of them has been found. The Mesta Coal Company estimates its damage to be about $10,000, and states that it will take two months to make repairs.

At Smallwood John Sargosky escaped from his home with his wife, wading in water up to their necks and holding their children above their heads. Their home, too, was carried out to the river.

At Myersdale, in Fayette County, the wind wrecked three large barns and tore the roof from a brewery, trees were torn from their roots and carried hundreds of feet, while lightning added further damage. Crops in all these counties were ruined.

SEARCH IN VAIN FOR FIRE

Smoke in Brooklyn Municipal Building, but That's All.

For an hour yesterday evening a couple of fire companies, the salvage corps and a squad of policemen searched the Municipal Building in Brooklyn for a fire.

At 5:30 o'clock the rooms of the Street Cleaning Department, at the rear of the third floor, were seen to be filled with smoke. An alarm was sent in. The firemen broke in the door, but no flames appeared. Then the firemen smashed their way into the rooms of the Water Department above, but in vain.

"There's the fire—'way back in the cellar!" some one shouted.

The crowd, armed with axes, patent fire extinguishers and hose, rushed below. They came back looking much chagrined. The smoke was only the exhaust of the steam boiler. After more searching all withdrew. The opinion was that the smoke had come up from the engine room through the steam pipes.

ATTACKS WIFE; KILLS HIMSELF.

Atlantic City, June 19.—A. W. Strause, of Pottstown, Penn., killed himself after attempting to murder his wife in the servants' quarters of the Hotel Dennis to-day. The man, who had been separated from his wife, hid in her rooms, and first attempted to slash her with a razor. The woman took the razor from him, but fled when the husband drew a pair of sharp pointed shears and tried to stab her. Strause then swallowed the contents of a vial of carbolic acid, and died a few minutes after being taken to the City Hospital.

STORM'S FATALITIES MOUNT TO SEVENTEEN

Woman Hit by Broken Pole in Circus Tent During Gale Dies from Injury.

THREE DROWN YESTERDAY

Terrific Gale Followed on Sunday by Hottest Weather of Year—Thermometer Touches 87.

The aftermath of Saturday's wind and rain storm, which was one of the most violent New York has known in years, showed that the total number of deaths caused by the cyclone had risen to seventeen, or three more than were reported yesterday.

It is believed that several more persons, in addition to those of whom a record has been obtained, either were drowned or carried out to sea in the gale. Many small boats have been found all along the beach front, from Sea Gate to the Rockaways, either totally wrecked or so badly damaged that they must have been abandoned by their occupants before they were cast up on the beach.

Brilliant weather yesterday succeeded the violent atmospheric disturbance that was responsible for so much damage both to life and property on Saturday.

Indeed, the temperature, climbing up to 87 degrees, the highest yet of the year, made the day even more remarkable after the storm.

Three Drownings Yesterday.

Many people thus were tempted to go in bathing at the ocean resorts and in the rivers, and, as a result, the water claimed three victims.

One of these deaths occurred in West Orange, one at Coney Island and a third at Clinton street, Brooklyn. Many rescues from drowning were reported from all over the city and suburbs, and the lifesavers had a hard time at the opening of the summer bathing season.

One of the victims of the storm, who was reported badly injured when a pole at the circus, at Manhattan Field, fractured her skull, died yesterday in the J. Hood Wright Hospital, where she was removed immediately after the accident. Her name was Mrs. Florence Pratt, of No. 824 St. Nicholas avenue, and she was at the circus with her husband when she met with the accident.

Fatal Fishing Trip.

It was learned last night that another man was drowned in Jamaica Bay in Saturday's storm. The man, whose body has not yet been recovered, was James H. Barber, an insurance broker, head of the James W. Barber Insurance Company, of No. 1 Liberty street, Manhattan. Mr. Barber lived in a summer cottage at No. 1081 East 17th street, Flatbush, with his mother.

On Saturday afternoon Barber, with Warren Conk, of No. 693 Franklin avenue, Brooklyn; George Seidel, of No. 151 West 101st street, Manhattan; John Ryan, of No. 221 Spencer street, Brooklyn, and Morgan T. Brewster, a negro chauffeur in the employ of Barber, set out from Sheepshead Bay for a fishing excursion. As they were about to start they met Lewis Tangruza, of No. 171 Wallabout street, Brooklyn, who joined the party.

The five men sailed in the direction of Rockaway Point, and when they had reached a point midway between Barren Island and Rockaway Point they dropped their anchor. It was a little after 3 o'clock, according to Tangruza, when they noticed the approach of the storm. The surface of the water took on a yellowish tinge and was frequently rippled by little white capped waves. At the same time they noticed that dense clouds were rolling in from the ocean, obscuring the sun and throwing everything into almost total darkness.

The five men immediately started in to pull up their anchor, hoping to be able to run before the gale. Even as they tugged on the anchor rope with all their strength the gale struck them.

The bay was whipped into a furious sea in a minute, and the boat was in imminent danger of being swamped. The anchor was finally pulled in, and all lay flat on the deck, with one man holding the tiller and trying to guide the frail craft through the blinding rain to a point of safety.

The waves continually leaped over the boat, and suddenly she gave a great lurch downward in the trough of the sea and then turned completely over. Every man on board was thrown into the water, but Brewster, the negro chauffeur, managed to twine his legs about the mast and then grabbed Ryan and Seidel, preventing them from being swept away by the rollers. Barber and Tangruza were swept clear of the boat, and the latter managed to grasp a life preserver which floated on the water and thus saved himself from drowning.

Barber, who was wearing a heavy oilskin suit, was practically helpless and was carried away. He cried for help, and Brewster yelled to him to hold out until he could reach his side. Barber, however, never had a chance, handicapped as he was, and disappeared beneath the surface.

Tangruza was rescued by John Morrison, of Rockaway Point, after he had drifted off Point Breeze. Ryan, Seidel and Brewster still clung to the mast of the capsized boat, and were finally rescued by the Volunteer Life Saving Corps on Plum Island. All the men were exhausted by their experience and were taken to St. Joseph's Hospital, in Far Rockaway.

Drowns in the Bay.

In direct contrast to the storm of Saturday, when the temperature fell 20 degress within as many minutes, yesterday was a sweltering day, the dense humidity and high temperature causing much misery and suffering.

Starting in soon after midnight, when the thermometer registered 65 degrees, the mercury soon reached 79 degrees, at 8 o'clock. From then on the heat and humidity continued to increase, until at 4 o'clock in the afternoon the top point of 87 degrees was registered. At the same time the humidity registered 65 degrees, the combination proving a most disagreeable one for those who were forced to be on the move throughout the day.

A large crowd at Ulmer Park witnessed the drowning of Robert Carlson, a clerk, of No. 123 East 73d street. Carlson and Miss Helen Huppe, of No. 590 Park avenue, went in swimming at the foot of Bay 39th street yesterday afternoon, and had been swimming about in the shallow water near the shore, together with other bathers, when he started out toward deeper water. At a point about 200 feet from shore he was seized with a cramp. He threw up his hands and cried for help. Miss Huppe, although not an expert swimmer, tried to go to his assistance, but the swift current soon carried Carlson out of reach.

Miss Huppe screamed for help and some men put out in a boat. After diving repeatedly they found the body of Carlson. Dr. Lewis, of the Coney Island Reception Hospital, was summoned, but the young man was beyond help.

Frank Sullivan was in swimming at the foot of Clinton street, Brooklyn, late yesterday afternoon, when he was attacked by cramps and sank without a struggle. Friends who were in the water with him tried in vain to rescue him.

While a crowd of boys were swimming in Cable Lake, at the top of the Orange Mountains, yesterday, Joseph S. Halpien, of No. 151 Spruce street, Newark, was drowned before several hundred people who lined the shores of the lake. Halpien had just dived from the top of a stump in the middle of the lake, and after rising to the surface, started to strike out for shore. When he had gone but a few yards he threw up his hands and disappeared from sight. Other boys in the lake dove for his body, and after an hour's search succeeded in bringing it to the surface. The body was taken to the Orange morgue.

The heat that beat down upon the city like a furnace all day sent many thousands into the parks, and every tree that boasted sufficient size to cast a shade was eagerly sought out by the hot and weary. Central Park was the most densely crowded of the public rest places, but many thousands wandered through the mazes of the woods in Bronx Park and the other recreation spots.

The Weather Bureau holds out no great promise of relief for to-day.

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KNABE; Mignon; Ebony. Was $750. Now	$615	Kranich & Bach; Baby Grand; Rose. Was $700	$285
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KNABE; Mahogany. Was $600. Now only	$420	Steinway; Rose. Was $550. Now only	$320
KNABE; Mahogany. Was $575. Now only	$375	Steinway; Ebony. Was $550. Now only	$220
KNABE; Mahogany. Was $550. Now only	$380	Weber; Rose. Was $500. Now only	$180
KNABE; Mahogany. Was $550. Now only	$375	Sohmer; Rose. Was $400. Now only	$175
KNABE; Mahogany. Was $550. Now only	$360	Haines Bros.; Mahogany. Was $350. Now only	$245
KNABE; Ebony; like new. Was $575. Now	$320	Haines Bros.; Mahogany. Was $350. Now only	$250
KNABE; Rose. Was $575. Now only	$355	Ivers & Pond; Mahogany. Was $375. Now only	$165
KNABE; Mahogany. Was $575. Now only	$250	Briggs; Mahogany. Was $300. Now only	$155
KNABE; Rose. Was $600. Now only	$240	Briggs; Mahogany. Was $300. Now only	$150
Chickering; Ebony. Was $500. Now only	$345	Neibly & Evans; Walnut. Was $300. Now only	$125
Chickering; Rose. Was $500. Now only	$320	King; Mahogany. Was $300. Now only	$90
Chickering; Rose. Was $500. Now only	$290	King; Ebony. Was $250. Now only	$70
		Lyon & Healy; Ebony. Was $200. Now only	$45

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KNABE-ANGELUS; Mahogany; 88-note; only shopworn. Was $1,050 Now	$870	Ebersole; Mahogany. Was $800. Now only	$460
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