YEAR OF PAYNE TARIFF

Value of Imports for Twelve Months Was $1,562,621,181.

NEARLY HALF CAME IN FREE

Average Monthly Receipts, $27,322,806—Lowest Ad Valorem Duty for Many Years.

[From The Tribune Bureau.]

Washington, Aug. 17.—A special statement of the record of the first full year under the Payne tariff law was made public to-day by the Bureau of Statistics. Numerous requests for information on this subject have been received in the last few weeks as the tariff question is a live political issue in many states. The figures cover the twelve months from August 1, 1909, to July 31, 1910, and thus include five days under the Dingley tariff, as the Payne law went into effect at midnight August 5. Several weeks ago the figures for the first eleven months of the Payne law were contained in these dispatches. The statement of the Bureau of Statistics is as follows:

"The total imports during the twelve months were of the value of $1,562,621,181, of which $768,047,231, or 49.15 per cent, entered free of duty. The importations during the year were larger than in any corresponding period in the history of the import trade, and the value of those entering free of duty the largest ever shown in any corresponding year, while the percentage which free merchandise formed of the total imports was larger than in any corresponding year except 1897, the closing year of the Wilson tariff, when large quantities of merchandise then on the free list were being imported in anticipation of a change in the tariff law; the years 1892, '93 and 1894, under the McKinley tariff, when sugar was admitted free of duty, and the year ended December 30, 1841.

"The customs receipts during the twelve months, August 1, 1909, to July 31, 1910, were $327,832,672, a larger total than in any corresponding year except 1907, when the total was $335,889,830. A comparison of the imports and customs receipts during the period in question shows an average ad valorem rate of duty on all imports of 20.98 per cent, and on dutiable imports only of 42.7 per cent. The average ad valorem rate on all imports is lower than in any corresponding period during the last twenty years, except the second year of the Wilson tariff, when the average was 20.77 per cent, and the closing year of the McKinley tariff, when the average was 19.11 per cent. The average ad valorem rate on dutiable imports is lower than in any corresponding period of the last twenty years, except 1896, when the average was 39.48 per cent, and 1895, when the average was 41.18 per cent, both these years being under the Wilson law.

"A comparison of the record of the Payne law during the entire period of its operation for which figures are available, with that of the McKinley, Dingley and Wilson laws, respectively, shows the percentage of the total imports free of duty as follows: Under the Payne law, 49.15; under the Dingley law, 44.31; under the Wilson law, 48.82, and under the McKinley law, 53.04.

"The monthly average of customs receipts under the respective tariffs were: Payne law, $27,322,806; Dingley law, $21,676,085; Wilson law, $23,857,938, and McKinley law, $14,-[illegible]. The average ad valorem rate of duty in total imports was: Under the Payne law, 20.98 per cent; Dingley law, 25.48 per cent; Wilson law, 21.92 per cent, and McKinley law, 22.12 per cent. Average ad valorem rate on dutiable imports: Under the Payne law, 41.26 per cent; Dingley law, [illegible] per cent; Wilson law, 42.82 per cent, and under the McKinley law, 47.10 per cent."

BIG RAIL ORDER FOR MEXICO

National Railways Buys 10,000 Tons from Lackawanna Company.

The National Railways of Mexico has placed an order for ten thousand tons of seventy-five-pound steel rails with the Lackawanna Steel Company. The Lackawanna company had active competitors for the order in the Belgian manufacturers, but it was officially stated that no reduction was made from the full export price, which is understood to be $24 50 a ton for standard steel rails, such as the order called for.

The rails are to be delivered during October, November and December of this year. The order is one of the largest that has been announced in several weeks, and general gratification was expressed in steel and banking circles that it had not been allowed to go abroad.

The National Railways of Mexico was originally in the market for fifteen thousand tons of steel rails, but as work on one of the lines on which the rails were to be used was not proceeding as rapidly as had been expected the management decided to cut the present order to ten thousand tons and to place another order later.

A COPPER MERGER DENIED

Mr. Untermeyer Says That He Has Not Met Mr. Ryan in London.

London, Aug. 17.—The reports of conferences among Thomas F. Ryan, J. D. Ryan, Samuel Untermyer and other Americans now in London, which, according to reports, were for the purpose of arranging a big copper merger, are said here to be entirely without foundation. Samuel Untermyer, when seen to-day, emphatically denied that there was any truth in the story, or that there had been to his knowledge any such conference. Mr. Untermyer stated that he had not seen Thomas F. Ryan for months and that his presence in London was due to business of an entirely different nature, which he was endeavoring to arrange in London. It is generally believed that the reports of the conferences emanate from operators on the Stock market.

CALUMET AND HECLA CHANGES.

Boston, Aug. 17.—Colonel Thomas L. Livermore, first vice-president of the Calumet and Hecla Mining Company, severed his official connection of twenty-one years with the company at its annual meeting in this city to-day. The old directorate was re-elected. The vacancy caused by Colonel Livermore's retirement was filled by the advancement of Rodolphe L. Agassiz, the second vice-president of the company. Mr. Agassiz's place was not filled at to-day's meeting.

NEW P. R. R. WAGE SCALE.

Cleveland, Aug. 17.—W. G. Lee, president of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, announced to-day the terms of the Pennsylvania Railroad wage scale adjustment. The daily and mileage rates have been raised to the New York Central and Baltimore & Ohio schedule wherever lower than the rate obtainable on those lines, and maintained wherever higher.

"The agreement gives the Pennsylvania the highest schedule of any railroad," said Mr. Lee. "It increases the road's operating expenses a great deal, too, as it applies east and west."

NEW LINE OF THE GRAND TRUNK.

Montreal, Aug. 17.—The Grand Trunk Pacific Railway announced to-day that its new transcontinental line will be in readiness to move this year's grain crop early in September. The government section between Winnipeg and Superior Junction, 280 miles, will be opened on September 1. This will allow the road to be operated from Fort William through to Edmonton, about seven hundred miles.

MONEY TO MOVE CROPS

Treasury Looks for No Heavy Drain on Eastern Banks.

Washington, Aug. 17.—Reports from the West and Middle West seem to indicate that the probabilities of a heavy drain on the Eastern banks to pay for the crop movement, which will begin within the next few weeks, are reasonably remote. From the view point of the Treasury, conditions which have arisen since the possibilities of a stringency were first recognized early in the year have contributed largely to the present situation.

Some time ag it was predicted that the Western banks, because of heavy loans, would have to draw more heavily than usual on their Eastern connections. Fears were expressed that because of the large amounts of money which had been diverted to the development projects and investments in unimproved lands in the West the movement of money from East to West would be greater than usual.

Those who have been watching the situation and comparing their own observations with reports from the financial centers of the Middle West now think the crop movement situation is entirely normal. The preparations which have been made to meet the movement, supplemented by the events of the last few weeks, are said to preclude any unusual situation.

OPPOSE TRIPLE HOLIDAYS

Stock Exchange Governors to Grant Petition, However.

In connection with the petition for a triple holiday, from Friday afternoon to the Tuesday following Labor Day, which is being circulated on the New York Stock Exchange, it was reported yesterday that although the present petition would probably be granted there was a growing tendency among the members of the governing committee of the exchange to discountenance any further action of the sort.

So far no meeting of the governors has been called to pass upon the matter, as it is desired to have about six hundred signatures to the petition before it is presented for action. It is expected to take a couple of days to obtain this number of signatures, and the understanding is that a special meeting of the governing committee will then be held to consider the request. If six hundred members sign, it will mean that nearly all the active members who are now in the city are in favor of the three-day holiday and, as already stated, their request will probably be granted.

Several years ago the governing committee announced that no more three-day holidays would be granted, but the rule was never enforced.

LONG ISLAND TUNNEL RATE

Single Trip to New Terminal Will Cost Five Cents More.

The Long Island Railroad Company has filed with the Public Service Commission a schedule of passenger fares to be charged to the new Pennsylvania terminal, to which trains will be run on and after September 8.

The rates to the terminal on single tickets will be five cents more than the present rates to Long Island City. This will be two cents more than to the Manhattan end of the 34th street ferry, as an extra three cents is now charged for the ferry trip.

The increase in commutation tickets to the terminal is a trifle more than one and one-half cents a trip.

YIELD OF PEARLS SMALLER

Western Fisheries Fall Off on Account of Low Water.

Western pearl dealers, who each year visit the American pearl fisheries along the Mississippi, Illinois, Wabash and other rivers, were in Maiden Lane yesterday, and reported that because of the low water in the Western rivers the pearl fishers are meeting with poor success this season. The pearl bearing mussels are buried deep in the mud of the river bottom and are not being found in any quantities in the shallow water along the shores. It is estimated that the yield of American pearls will be only about 40 per cent that of previous years.

The river mussels yield both shells and pearls, but this season the price of shells has dropped to about $10 a ton, whereas as high as $20 had previously been paid. This fact, together with the difficulty experienced in reaching the mussels, has discouraged the fishermen and many of them are now idle.

Of the fine pearls found in the Western rivers a large percentage is brought to Maiden Lane for sale, but the prices have ranged so much higher this year than formerly that there has not been a ready market for them.

FILES VOLUNTARY PETITION

Real Estate Man Owes $69,198, with $1,500 in Assets.

Joseph Gerald de Polo, a real estate man, with offices at No. 16 Exchange Place, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy yesterday, stating liabilities of $69,198 52, unsecured, with assets of $1,500, consisting of an interest in land at Ocana, Department of Santande, Colombia, South America.

He owes the Western National Bank, now the National Bank of Commerce, $20,961 53 on a judgment obtained March 11, 1891; the American Exchange Bank, No. 128 Broadway, $47,137 72 on a judgment obtained December 21, 1909, for money loaned on two notes, and the International Silver Company, No. 49 West 39th street, $399 47 on a judgment obtained July 3, 1909, for goods sold and delivered.

TWO "COPPED" WITH COPPER

Sashmaker Says Prisoners Stole the Work from His Store.

Joseph Elias, a coppersmith, of No. 541 West 22d street, last evening caused the arrest of a man on the charge of grand larceny. Elias was riding on a 23d street crosstown car when he saw a man on the sidewalk carrying a section of copper window sash. He jumped off the car and calling Patrolman Dwyer, of the new West 20th street station, accused the suspect of stealing the section of window sash from his store.

Patrolman Dwyer remembered that he had seen another man with a similar section of sash a few minutes before. After taking the first prisoner to the station house the patrolman went out and arrested another man.

The first prisoner said he was John Healey, of No. 330 East 24th street; the second one said he was Bernard McBride, of No. 460 Pearl street. A charge of grand larceny was also made against McBride.

PARTNERS IN BANKRUPTCY HELD.

On a writ issued by Judge Hough in the United States District Court yesterday on the application of Harry Osterman, receiver for the Bon Ton Skirt Company, Deputy Marshal Beatty arrested William Steinberg and Charles Cohan, who were the company, and they were put under $10,000 bond. The skirt company, which did business at No. 65 East 12th street, went into bankruptcy on August 9, with liabilities of $15,000 and no assets. Osterman, when asking that Cohan and Steinberg be arrested, said that he feared they were about to leave the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court, in whihc they would be very material witnesses.

WIDER SENTENCE PUT O.. AGAIN.

The sentence of Erwin J. Wider, the defaulting cashier of the Russo-Chinese Bank, who has pleaded guilty to grand larceny, was postponed again yesterday in General Sessions. Wider will be arraigned again for sentence on August 24. In the meantime other indictments may be filed against him.

ARMY AND NAVY NOTES

New Construction for Officers' Quarters at Military Posts.

[From The Tribune Bureau.]

Washington, August 17.

NEW TYPE OF ARMY POSTS.—The army post at Fort Hamilton, New York, will have a new type of military construction, Quartermaster General Aleshire having approved the plans for a row or block of officers' quarters providing accommodations for six families in a continuous structure, instead of the separate houses which have hitherto distinguished such edifices at army posts. This is the beginning of an important system of concentration, of which a number of schemes have been devised in the quartermaster general's office and are awaiting his examination.

General Aleshire is now on an inspection trip to the army remount depots at Fort Keogh, Montana, and Fort Reno, Oklahoma. He appreciates that there is a great waste of ground at nearly every army post because of the widely separated buildings, requiring much expense in the construction and maintenance of roads and walks, sewers and water supply systems. The item of taking care of lawns alone at all of the army posts represents a heavy drain upon the appropriation for preservation of military reservations.

Instead of having officers' quarters in buildings with each family by itself, there will be apartment houses of six or seven rooms each, four families to a building. These will be for the bachelor officers and the small families, while for senior officers there will be houses in blocks. By this means much space will be saved. The barracks, store buildings, stables and other structures on the military reservation will be similarly treated in their architecture and relative positions.

The first post to be constructed after this fashion will be the new regimental cavalry station in the Hawaiian Islands. Of course, it is out of the question to remodel old posts, but any new work to be done in the way of barrack building or construction of officers' quarters will follow this general scheme. It has not been possible for the quartermaster general to make an estimate of the saving in expense which will be effected by the new construction, but it is believed it will be considerable.

PASSED EXAMINATIONS.—The names of the enlisted men in the army who passed the recent examinations for appointment as second lieutenant were given out by the War Department to-day. They are James A. Stevens, corporal, Company E, 11th Infantry, of Hammond, Ind.; Emmert W. Savage, sergeant, 17th Recruit Company, of Columbus, Ohio; Sim L. Peist, corporal, Company D, 13th Infantry, of Far Rockaway, N. Y.; John R. Lynch, corporal, Troop D, 6th Cavalry, of Los Angeles; Tolbert F. Hardin, corporal, Company C, 1st Battalion Engineers, of Sedalia, Mo.; Claud K. Rhinehardt, corporal, Troop B, 6th Cavalry, of Sylva, N. C., and Frederick R. Garcin, sergeant, 16th Company, C. A. C., of New York.

HEROISM RECOGNIZED.—For courage displayed at the time of the explosion of a big gun at recent target practice at Fort Monroe, Virginia, resulting in the death of eleven men, certificates of merit were awarded to five soldiers by the War Department to-day. They are: Private Charles C. Parks, Cook Wilmer H. Hawk, Private Fred Faulkner, Corporal William Bryan and Private D. C. Wigley, all of the 69th Company, coast artillery.

Faulkner's certificate was awarded for "picking up and carrying away a smouldering sack of powder." The others "entered a close place to remove sacks of powder that were in close proximity to burning powder and smouldering debris."

ARMY.

ORDERS ISSUED.—The following orders have been issued:

Colonel ALBERT TOD, coast artillery, from Walter Reed General Hospital, District of Columbia, to proper station.

Captain HENRY J. NICHOLS, medical corps, from New York City to Peoria, Ill., tostudy pellagra in connection with commission organized by the Surgeon General.

Resignation of First Lieutenant ROBERT N. CAMPBELL, coast artillery, accepted; to take effect December 31.

Second Lieutenant LEWIS H. WATKINS, corps of engineers, to San Francisco for examination for promotion; thence to proper station. Before proceeding to San Francisco he will report to commanding o..cer, Schofield Barracks, Hawaii Territory, for prescribed test in horsemanship.

Leaves of absence: Major JAMES R. CHURCH, medical corps, one month upon relief from duty at Fort Robinson; First Lieutenant CHARLES W. CULLEN, medical reserve corps, two months; Colonel LOUIS BRECHEMIN, medical corps, four months upon relief from duty in Philippines; First Lieutenant CHARLES H. PATTERSON, coast artillery, and Captain LOUIS BRECHEMIN, Jr., medical corps, one month.

NAVY.

Rear Admiral A. P. REES, placed upon retired list from September 1.

Commander W. M. CROSE, detached the Delaware; duty as commandant naval station Tutuila, and duty in command of the Annapolis, vice Captain J. F. PARKER, retired to home.

Lieutenant V. BAKER, detached the Montana; to the Prairie and additional duty at naval station, Tutuila, Samoa.

Lieutenant D. T. GHENT, detached Annapolis and naval station, Tutuila; home, await orders.

Midshipman B. R. PEYTON, detached the Montana; resignation accepted to take effect August 29.

Machinist W. B. COTHRAN, to navy yard, Charleston.

Machinist O. P. ORAKER, to navy yard, Puget Sound.

MOVEMENTS OF WARSHIPS.—The following movements of vessels have been reported to the Navy Department:

ARRIVED.

August 15—The Prairie, at navy yard, New York; the Mars, at Newport.

August 16—The Tennessee, the Montana and the North Carolina, at Bar Harbor; the Culgoa, the Apache and the Dolphin, at Newport; the Tacoma, at Cape Gracia-a-dios; the Bainbridge, the Barry, the Chauncey and the Dale, at Nagasaki.

SAILED.

August 15—The Prairie, from New York City for navy yard, New York; the Abarenda, from Port Said for Singapore.

August 16—The Rocket, from Norfolk for Indian Head and Washington; the Reid, from New London for a cruise.

SCORES AT CAMP PERRY

Corporal Schofield, of Massachusetts, Wins Marine Corps Match.

Camp Perry, Ohio, Aug. 17.—The marine corps match shot by the National Rifle Association, at 600 and 1,000 yards, was won by Corporal O. A. Schofield, of Massachusetts, who scored 192. The match was first won last year at 187 by Captain D. C. McDougal, of the marine corps.

The five leaders follow: Corporal Schofield, Massachusetts, 192; Corporal J. E. Peterson, marine corps, 192; Captain J. A. Blythe, Louisiana, 191; Private E. J. Blade, marine corps, 191; Captain J. H. Emerson, Ohio, 190.

Sergeant W. A. Fragner, United States Marine Corps, with 24h, has an eight-point lead in the President's match over Midshipman H. T. Smith. The five leaders are: Sergeant W. A. Fragner, marine corps, 241; Midshipman H. T. Smith, navy, 237; D. A. Dixon, army infantry, 236; First Sergeant H. E. Stadie, United States infantry, 236; Ensign D. V. Woodward, United States navy, 233.

The 4th Company of the Naval Academy cadets took the championship company team match. The eight teams finished as follows: Fourth Company, Naval Academy, 444; 1st Colorado, Company L, 441; Company L, 1st West Virginia, 436; Louisiana signal corps, 430; Company A, 1st Hawaii, 430; Company C, 1st Arizona, 426; 2d Squadron, Georgia cavalry, 415; Company D, 2d Indiana, 415.

In the Evans service skirmish match, to be continued to-morrow, the United States infantry's two teams "shot" all the members of the United States cavalry and Alabama teams before reaching the 800-yard line, having begun firing at 1,200 yards; the United States Marine Corps "killed" illinois; Oklahoma, the District of Columbia and the Tennessee first team slaughtered the second team.

Nine two-range possibles have been scored in the Leech Cup match. At 900 yards to-day twenty-three got possibles.

STRIKE LOSS $150,000,000

Cloak Employers Estimate the Result of Walkout Here.

A new move was set on foot yesterday by which members of the Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association expect to rush their work through in spite of the strike. The executive committee of the association, after a meeting at the Hoffman House, reported that over twenty of the manufacturers had opened factories in towns not far from New York, in New Jersey and Connecticut. They had no difficulty in securing operators, it was said, while in New York many who might be willing to go to work stayed away for fear of being attacked. The employers' statement added:

"The effect of the six weeks which they have been without work is beginning now to make itself felt among the strikers. The seventy thousand men employed in the trade earned, before the strike, a weekly wage of about $1,500,000. Their loss now amounts to $9,000,000 in wages, while the loss to the community through the inaction of the cloak factories amounts approximately to $150,000,000. The manufacturers are able to stand their share of the loss, for practically they are losing only their operating expenses. Many of the smaller men, even those who signed agreements with the unions, are letting their men go again in preference to accepting the dictation of the delegates whom the union has placed in their shops."

The police were kept busy yesterday arresting strikers for attacks on strike-breakers and scattering crowds which gathered in the vicinity of factories and smashed windows. Twenty-seven strikers who were charged with participating in demolishing the store of Jacob Schlechter, of No. 29 East Broadway on Wednesday, were arraigned in Essex Market court and held in $100 bail each for the grand jury.

HEIR MUST PAY BACK RENT

Mrs. Louise Bernard Loses Suit Over Di Zerega House.

Adam Weiner, as referee in an action brought by Mrs. Louise Bernard, trustee of the will of her father, Augustus di Zerega, to determine her rights to the use of the Zerega home at No. 26 East 25th street, filed his report yesterday in which he recommended that Mrs. Bernard be required to pay to the estate $27,800 as back rent for her occupancy of the property.

Augustus di Zerega died in 1888, leaving a wife and nine children. His estate was valued at $1,500,000, the income from which he left to his wife for life. At her death it was to go to the nine children and two grandchildren, providing they were solvent at the time, and if not to be held until they were solvent. Mrs. di Zerega died in 1909 at the age of ninety-nine years.

Mrs. Bernard had lived in the 25th street house since 1896 without paying rent, the expenses of the house being defrayed out of the estate. John F. di Zerega and Bertha Virginia di Zerega, grandchildren, filed their objections and asked an accounting of Mrs. Bernard's use of the house.

The referee said in his report that Mrs. di Zerega was always generous with her children and divided among them all her income that she had no need for. She also refused to permit her children to pay rent for the use of her property. The referee said that Mrs. Bernard was innocent of bad faith in her relations with her mother. The latter, he said, was old but of sound mind. But he found that as Mrs. di Zerega was not the life tenant of the house in dispute she had no right to dispose of it. Also as one of the trustees she could not use it to her own advantage. Mr. Weiner then recommends that Mrs. Bernard be required to pay the back rent.

OUTING FOR CHURCH SOCIETIES.

A general "family reunion" or "getting together" will be the aim of the young women and men in the United Societies of the Church of the Immaculate Conception, in East 14th street, at the festival, outing, games, lawn fête, etc., on August 21, at Harlem River Park. At the athletic games in the afternoon there will be a series of "comedy contests." The chairman of this committee, James Kiernan, has arranged for a number of athletes to appear, and, in addition, to have some of the Giants or Yankees distribute prizes in the boys' contests. The dancing will be supplemented by a vaudeville entertainment.

TRUST AND SURETY COMPANIES.

(Reported by Clinton Gilbert, No. 2 Wall street.)

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alliance Ry.	120	125	Law T I & T	250	260
Am Surety..	205	215	Lincoln	140	145
Astor	340	355	L Isl L & T.	305	315
Bankers' ...	640	650	Manhattan ..	375	400
B & M G..	240	250	Mercantile ..	700	740
Broadway ..	145	150	Metropolitan.	—	535
Brooklyn ...	400	425	Mtge Bond..	110	116
Carnegie ...	110	120	Mutual	130	—
Cas Co of A	125	140	Mut Alliance	—	132½
Central	990	1100	Nassau Trust	175	185
City Investg	69	72	Nat Surety..	250	260
do pref...	105	115	N Y L I & T.	1100	1120
Citizens' ...	140	145	N Y M & S.	195	205
Columbia ..	270	280	N Y Trust..	640	655
Com'wealth.	150	—	Peoples	300	—
Commercial.	115	120	Qu Co Mtge.	110	—
Empire Tr..	200	210	Queens Co..	115	—
Equitable ..	455	465	Realty Asso..	110	115
Fidelity T..	1675	1725	Savoy	95	105
Flatbush ...	200	210	Standard Tr.	400	410
Franklin ...	220	230	Title G & T.	490	500
Fulton	200	—	T I of N Y..	140	150
Fidelity ...	200	210	Tr Co of Am	310	325
Guaranty ..	800	815	Union	1300	1350
Guardian ..	—	175	Un States..	1200	1225
Hamilton ..	270	280	U S Cas....	215	—
Home Trust	—	115	U S M & T.	460	470
Hud Realty	110	—	U S T G & I	110	120
Hudson	170	180	Van Norden.	—	230
Int Bkg Cor	110	—	Washington..	375	—
Kings Co...	505	—	Westchester..	150	—
Knickerbock	290	300	W & B T & M	160	170
Law Mtg...	235	240	Windsor ...	120	130

CHICAGO STOCKS.

(Furnished by Curtis & Sanger, No. 49 Wall street.)

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
75	Am Can.....	¾	¾	¾	¾
150	do pref.....	68⅞	69½	68⅞	69½
6	Am Radiator com	24	24	24	24
25	Am Tel & Tel....	136	136	136	136
110	Booth Fish pref..	64¾	64¾	64¾	64¾
10	Com Edison.....	111½	111½	111½	111½
30	Corn Prod.....	14½	14½	14½	14½
435	Chicago Subways..	6	6	5⅞	6
75	Pneumatic Tool..	38	38½	38	38½
15	Cbt Rys 2d.....	16½	16½	16½	16½
8	Diamond Match..	90½	90½	90½	90½
50	McCrum-Howell..	53	53	53	53
100	do pref.....	95	95	95	95
340	Nat Biscuit com..	108⅞	110	108⅞	110
35	Nat Carbon pref.	118	118	118	118
86	People's Gas.....	105⅞	106½	105⅞	106½
213	Swift & Co.....	102⅞	103	102⅞	103
5	Sth Side El com..	59	59	59	59
85	Sears com.....	156	157	156	157
50	Sears pref.....	117	117	117	117
200	United Foxboard.	7	7⅛	7	7
75	U S Steel com...	72½	72½	72½	72½

FIRE INSURANCE STOCKS.

(Furnished by E. S. Bailey, No. 66 Broadway.)

Company.	Capital.	Aprx. annual div'd.	When payable.	Bid. P. C.	Asked. P. C.
City of N Y....	$500,000	10	Q	—	205
Commonwealth..	500,000	10	J&J	226	—
Continental ...	2,000,000	40	J&J	935	950
Empire City...	200,000	8	J&J	125	—
Fidelity-Phenix.	2,500,000	*	*	265	275
Germ Alliance..	400,000	15	J&J	275	300
Germ-Am	1,500,000	30	J&J	560	570
Germania ($50).	1,000,000	18	J&J	285	295
Glens Falls ($10)	200,000	30	J&J	1525	—
Globe & Rutgers	400,000	40	J&J	475	—
Hanover ($50)..	1,500,000	10	J&J	190	205
Home	3,000,000	30	J&J	680	695
Nassau ($50)....	200,000	10	J&J	165	175
Niagara ($50)....	1,000,000	20	J&J	300	305
No River ($25).	350,000	10	A&O	155	165
Pacific ($25)...	200,000	6	J&J	135	145
Peter Cooper($20)	150,000	6	J&J	90	105
Stuyvesant	400,000	10	J&J	155	160
Un States ($25).	250,000	*	*	60	70
Westchester($10)	400,000	35	F&A	455	—
W'burg City($50)	250,000	20	J&J	380	400

*No information.

PHILADELPHIA STOCKS.

(Furnished by Charles D. Barney & Co., No. 25 Broad street, New York, and No. 122 South 4th street, Philadelphia.)

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am Ry Co..	42	42½	Lehigh Nav..	90	90½
Am Cement..	19½	20	Leh Val R R	82½	82¾
Camb Steel.	43¼	43½	Phila Co.....	44	45
C Tr of N J 71	72	42	do pref.....	42	43
El S Bat Co	49¾	50¼	Penn R R Co	65¼	65¾
El Co of Am	11⅝	11⅞	Pa St Co pf.	102	104
Fairm't Tr..	6½	7	Phila Elec Co	15½	15¾
Gen Asphalt.	28½	28¾	Phila Rap Tr	19½	19¾
do pref....	74	75	Smokeless P..	15	15½
I Co of N A	19	19½	Union Trac..	45	45½
Lake S Corp	22½	27	Un Gas Imp.	82¼	82½
do pref....	56¾	57¼	Welsbach Co.	37	38

BONDS.

Am Ry C 5s	92½	93	Phila Elec 4s	74¾	75
El & Peo 4s	89½	89¾	do 5s.....	101	101½
N J Con 5s..	102½	102¾	Phila Co 5s..	94¾	95
Peo P Ry 4s	94	95			

FERRY COMPANIES.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Bklyn F 5s..	20	25	10th & 23d St.	30	37
H F 1st 5s.	100	105	do bonds...	60	70
NY&HF G 5s	94	97	Union Ferry..	28	31
N Y & E R.	30	35	do 1st 5s..	94	96
do 1st 5s..	55	65			

THE MARKETS

TOTAL DOMESTIC RECEIPTS.

New York, August 17, 1910.

Flour, bbls.....	7,420	Live poultry, crts	2,220
Flour, sacks....	28,218	Oranges (Cal), cs.	3,625
Cornmeal, bags..	3,210	Grapes (Cal), crts	10,100
Oatmeal, bbls...	500	Plums (Cal), crts	3,950
Wheat, bush.....	19,200	Pears (Cal), crts.	4,950
Corn, bush.....	7,875	Peaches (Cal), cts	12,065
Oats, bush.....	141,825	Raisins (Cal), pgs	725
Peas, bush.....	2,175	Apples, bbls.....	125
Malt, bush.....	10,500	Potatoes, bbls...	6,500
Rice, pkts.....	500	Onions, bbls.....	1,825
Hay, tons.....	930	Dried fruit, pkgs.	6,725
Straw, tons.....	50	Rosin, bbls.....	1,540
Milfeed, tons...	145	Spirits turp, bbls.	850
Grass seed, bags	400	Crude turp, bbls.	42
Hops, bales.....	190	Olives, pkgs.....	2,600
Beef, bbls.....	50	Oil, lub, bbls.....	190
Beef, tierces....	144	Oleo stock, pkgs..	442
Beef (canned), cs	157	Peanuts, bags....	325
Pork, bbls.....	50	Tobacco, hhds....	80
Hams, pkgs.....	75	Tobacco, tierces..	35
Bacon, pkgs.....	95	Tobacco, pkgs....	1,115
Cutmeats, pkgs..	1,636	Whiskey, bbls....	106
Lard, tierces....	190	Wool, bales.....	115
Lard, kegs.....	5,215	Wool, sacks.....	645
Lard, cases.....	75	Cotton, bales.....	3,500
Tallow, pkgs.....	223	Cot'seed oil, bbls.	486
Grease, pkgs....	67	Copper, pieces...	8,500
Butter, pkgs.....	9,587	Spelter, slabs.....	1,550
Cheese, pkgs....	4,062	Hides, bales.....	17
Eggs, cases.....	12,087	Wine (Cal), bbls.	57
Poultry, pkgs...	4,290		

CASH QUOTATIONS.

Iron, N, No 1 f.	$16 37½	Cotton, middling.	15.90
Iron, So, No 1..	16 00	Coffee, No 7 Rio.	9¾
Steel rails.....	28 00	Sugar, granulated	5.15
Stand cop, spot	12.37½	Molas, OK, prime	40
Tin	33.57½	Beef, family.....	$19 50
Exchange lead..	4.45	Beef hams.....	23 00
Spelter	5.37½	Tallow, prime...	7½
*Wheat, No 2 red	$1 09	Pork, mess.....	24 75
†Corn, No 2.....	71¾	Hogs, dr, 100 lb.	13¾
Oats, mixed.....	41½	Lard, mid West.	12.05

*F o b. †Elevator, domestic basis.

EXPORTS.

Wheat, bush.....	7,792	Bacons, lbs.....	616,350
Flour, bbls.....	135	Lard, lbs.....	244,250
Flour, sacks.....	1,112	Grease, lbs.....	48,800
Oilcake, lbs.....	742,000	Butter, lbs.....	2,000
Pork, bbls.....	26	Cottonseed oil, gals	3,110
Beef, bbls.....	5	Lub oil, gals.....	105,550
Beef, tierces.....	40		

GENERAL MARKET REPORT.

New York, August 17, 1910.

GRAIN—WHEAT—Prices during the day were lower, closing at a net loss of ⅞@1c. French news was one of the principal factors in the situation, and a decline of 35@40 points in the Paris market over the holidays was discouraging to bulls early, although that market regained most of the loss at the close. Export sales amounted to 508,000 bushels, including 100,000 new crop wheat from the Pacific coast to France, 40,000 bushels of new wheat from Chicago to France, 132,000 bushels from Philadelphia to France, 200,000 bushels Manitoba wheat from Montreal, 28,000 bushels of Manitoba wheat from Boston, and 8,000 bushels of red winter wheat from New York to Bremen. Liverpool was lower early, but rallied, and the decline was due largely to local pressure. A report by a leading Western trade paper placed the carryover from last year at 87,000,000 bushels, which on present crop conditions would indicate a total supply of 751,000,000 bushels, and taking 495,000,000 for home consumption and 64,000,000 for seed requirements, would leave available for exports and carryover next year 193,000,000 bushels. "The Northwestern Miller" reported the flour output at the three Northwestern points at 263,990 barrels, against 310,420 the previous week and 282,640 last year. New No 2 red winter wheat was quoted $1 07¾ in elevator, and $1 09 f o b; new No 1 Northern spring, $1 23½ f o b to arrive. CORN—Moderately active and easier, closing at ⅝@⅞c lower. No 2 Western corn was quoted 71¾c elevator, domestic basis, to arrive, c i f. OATS—Values were lower, closing at ¼@⅜c decline. Cash oats dull; new standard white, 41½c; old No 2, 42@42½c; No 3, 41½@42c, and No 4, 41@41½c. RYE—Dull; No 2 Western, $3 75 f o b, New York, for old. BARLEY—Quiet; feeding, 65@70c, c i f New York.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Yesterday.
Wheat:					
September.	$1 08⅝	$1 08⅞	$1 08¼	$1 08¼	$1 08⅝
December..	1 11⅝	1 12	1 11½	1 11⅝	1 12¼
Corn:					
September..	—	—	—	70⅞	71½

INTERIOR RECEIPTS.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.
To-day.....	1,501,000	284,000	2,127,000
Last week.....	1,881,000	299,000	1,614,000
Last year.....	786,000	565,000	770,000

SEABOARD CLEARANCES.

	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.
To-day.....	7,000	128,000	2,000
Last week.....	16,000	109,000	19,000
Last year.....	8,000	64,000	3,000

COTTON—Bullish crop estimates came as a surprise to local traders and were followed by a sharp advance in prices. Last prices were a little off from the best under realizing, but the final tone of the market was steady at a net gain of 13@19 points. The market opened steady at an advance of 4@6 points on the firm cables and quickly sold 22@27 points net higher on September and August, and from 11 to 13 points net hig