FAVOR 11TH AVENUE ROAD

Business Men Don't Want City to Enjoin New York Central.

Declaring that numerous other streets in the city were more dangerous than Seventh avenue with its surface railroad tracks, William H. Gibson, vice-president of the Board of Trade and Transportation and a member of the Chamber of Commerce, yesterday presented to Acting Mayor Mitchel a petition asking the city authorities not to enjoin the New York Central from operating its trains there. The document, signed by representatives of six hundred business concerns, said that interference with the operation of the West Side tracks would mean tremendous loss and hardship to the city's business interests.

"Two actions now are pending," said Mr. Gibson, "and it hardly seems necessary to have injunction proceedings also. Take any ten miles of streets in Manhattan or Brooklyn, with similar conditions, and you will find more people killed there than on Death avenue. The danger there lies largely in a practice of boys at play, who jump on and off the trains. This proposition affects workmen as well as business firms, because if any number of firms in the neighborhood had to shut down workmen naturally would be thrown out of employment."

The petition was directed to Mayor Gaynor, as head of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment. It recited that the operation of freight trains between the 30th street yards and St. John's Park was feasible only by dummy steam engines. The facilities for handling perishable freight are said to be "unique," and great hardship and inconvenience would result to business concerns near St. John's Park—especially the big grocery, produce, fruit and dairy concerns—if the freight service were interfered with.

The petition voiced also a "protest against the proposed drastic action on the part of the Corporation Counsel in seeking to obtain a preliminary injunction which would prevent the operation of the said railroad south of the 30th street yards, until such adequate facilities can be provided for the handling of traffic taken care of by said railroad, and petition that the Corporation Counsel be instructed not to make said application for a preliminary injunction."

Mr. Mitchel received his visitor cordially, but did not indicate what action he would take, if any, in the premises.

IOWA CALLS RATES UNFAIR

Complains to Interstate Commission of Discrimination in Freights.

Washington, Aug. 19.—Through routes and joint freight rates between points east of the Indiana state line and interior towns and cities of Iowa are requested in a complaint filed to-day by the State of Iowa through its Attorney General, H. W. Byers, with the Interstate Commerce Commission.

The complaint is directed against the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and many other lines operating in classification territory. It is alleged that the present basis of rates is unfair and unjust to the people of interior Iowa, as they are not afforded the advantages of through routes and joint rates from eastern points of origin to points of destination.

Freight rates on fresh and cured meats from Cedar Rapids, Iowa, to points in the east, especially seaboard points, are attacked in a complaint filed to-day with the Interstate Commerce Commission by T. M. Sinclair & Co., of Cedar Rapids, against the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway and many other carriers operating east of Chicago. The Cedar Rapids firm alleges that it is discriminated against by the rates in favor of Chicago meat packers.

Advances in the freight rates on cement, ranging from 2½ to 5 cents a hundred pounds, from points of origin in Oklahoma and Kansas to points in Colorado, California and other states, have been suspended voluntarily by the railroads until November 1. The advanced tariffs were to have become effective on September 1. The Interstate Commerce Commission meantime will institute a careful inquiry into the proposed advance.

LITTLE LEFT FOR MEMBERS

Fifth Report on American Legion of Honor Presented to Court.

Boston, Aug. 19.—The fifth report of Henry A. Wyman, receiver of the American Legion of Honor, presented to Judge Bigelow of the Supreme Judicial Court, today, shows that the 3,500 members remaining in good standing are entitled to a pro rata share in assets amounting to about $125,000, although their total claims reach nearly $2,000,000. Many of these certificate holders live in California, New Orleans, Texas, Pennsylvania and New York, and they have until May 31, 1911, to prove claims.

The order of the court will apply to all members who paid assessment No. 114, which reduced the amount of the certificate and increased the assessments. Payments of nearly $400,000 obtained in the courts of Texas against the Legion of Honor have not been recognized by the Massachusetts Supreme Court, as these judgments were not obtained until after a receiver had been appointed here.

CURTAILMENT PLANNED

Millions of Spindles To Be Idle in New England and the South.

Boston, Aug. 19.—Millions of spindles in the cotton mills of the country will be idle for periods varying from one week to six weeks days during the latter part of this month and the first half of September. Mills in New England employing 50,000 operatives have already posted notices announcing a further curtailment, and it is understood that similar action will be taken by many other concerns.

In the Southern States more than 2,000,000 spindles will be idle one week in September. In New England a number of mills shut down to-night until September 6. Among those are the Pacific mills, Dover, N. H.; the Everett mills, Lawrence, and other plants in the latter city.

Other concerns will close as follows: Boston, Lancaster gingham mills, September 5 to September 12; Biddeford, Me., Pepperell and Laconia mills, September 3 to September 12; Saco, Me., York mills, September 3 to September 12; Greenville, N. H., Jaffrey mills, August 29 to August 29; Manchester, N. H., Amoskeag Manufacturing Company, August 26 to September 12. The Tremont and Suffolk mills and other Lowell corporations will also suspend. The Chace mills in Burlington, Vt., have closed for an indefinite period, and the Queen City mills, Burlington, are running part time.

A short time policy among numerous other cotton plants in New England will be continued during September, according to the present outlook.

INCREASE IN LAKE TRAFFIC.

Washington, Aug. 19.—Commercial movement on the Great Lakes during June last was large during the six months ended with June, as measured by the volume of shipping between domestic lake ports, show large gains over similar figures for corresponding periods in previous years, including 1907, which was a most favorable year in the history of lake commerce.

According to figures prepared by the Bureau of Statistics, the total June shipments amounted to 13,693,536 gross tons, exceeding those of June, 1907, by 16 per cent and those of June last year by 33 per cent.

The six months' shipments showed a similar gain. The large gain is attributed to the heavier traffic in iron ore from the Lake Superior producing region, the monthly total for the first time having passed the 7,000,000-ton mark.

MUST AMEND COMPLAINT

Court So Directs New York Bank Note Company.

Judge Hough decided yesterday that he would grant the motion of the New York Bank Note Company in its suit for $5,000,000 damages against the American Bank Note Company. Ransom H. Thomas, as president of the New York Stock Exchange, and the 1,100 members of the exchange for permission to amend the complaint if the plaintiff amended the complaint and the summons by dropping therefrom all of the defendants except Mr. Thomas and the American Bank Note Company. It was said last evening that this would probably be done.

There were three motions before Judge Hough in this case in the United States Circuit Court—by the plaintiff to amend its complaint; by certain defendants as not being consistent with the suit against Mr. Thomas and by Mr. Thomas to strike out certain parts of the complaint as irrelevant, redundant and scandalous.

The first motion was granted contingent upon the dropping of the 1,100 members of the exchange; the second was granted without any provisional difficulty. Regarding the third motion, Judge Hough referred to his action on the first and said:

"This disposition of the motion to amend renders it unnecessary to strike out certain parts of the complaint as irrelevant, etc., for if all of the defendants are dropped except Mr. Thomas, as president, and the American Bank Note Company, the whole framework of the complaint must be changed. For example, all reference to 'the individual defendants' becomes meaningless. The motion to strike out, therefore, is denied without prejudice."

WANTS HIS PATENT BACK

Inventor Summons Daniel J. Sully and John Hays Hammond to Court.

Washington, Aug. 19.—Daniel J. Sully, of New York, the "cotton king"; John Hays Hammond, of New York and Washington, and his son, Harris Hammond, were cited to-day by Justice Gould, of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, to show cause next Friday why they should not return to Lemuel A. Greene, of Greeneville, S. C., certain letters patent issued to him for improvements in cotton grading.

Greene had assigned his patent to John J. Welch, of New York, as trustee, pending the formation of a cotton grading company, in consideration, he alleges, of the payment to him of $50,000 in cash on the organization of the company and a block of stock worth $50,000. He declares Sully and the Hammonds had the trustee transfer the patents to the company and issued him the $50,000 in stock, but declined the cash payment.

In his suit Mr. Greene says he called his patent to the attention of Sully, who in turn interested the Hammonds, and a company was formed. He charges that Sully refused the cash payment to him and then organized, he alleges, another company, to which was assigned the patent rights in consideration of $1 royalty on each grader sold. He declares the entire stock of the new company was issued to the Hammonds and Sully "for the sole purpose of defrauding him."

He tenders the return of the stock in the grader company, and asks the court to compel the financiers to reassign to him his patent rights.

FREIGHT BUSINESS FALLS OFF

Decrease in Massachusetts Said To Be from 10 to 15 Per Cent.

Boston, Aug. 19.—Railroad freight business throughout Massachusetts has suffered a perceptible decrease in volume. Some railroad officials in Boston affirm that the decrease has amounted to from 10 to 15 per cent, although others say that they do not care to estimate the percentage. So far the bad showing has had no effect on the service, although it is likely to have if the slump continues. Now the railroads are standing for the loss of earnings, for there is no way in which to reduce expenses unless it be to curtail the service.

The New York, New Haven & Hartford, Boston & Albany and Boston & Maine railroads all have felt the present difficulty and are at a loss to give any one definite reason for the trouble, except that it is due to a state of conditions which are generally bad.

AUSTRIA TO MINE POTASH

Expects to Rival Germany in Production of Fertilizing Salts.

Washington, Aug. 19.—Austria expects soon to rival Germany in the production of fertilizing salts, and the United States then will have two places from which to buy and thus obtain a measure of relief from the German potash monopoly. Consul General Charles Denby of Vienna has reported to the Department of Commerce and Labor that an Austrian syndicate recently has been organized for the development of the salt deposits near Kalusz, in Galicia.

The Galicia mines have been worked only to a limited extent, and are known to be rich in fertilizing and other salts. Mr. Denby says:

"Austria imports annually about five thousand tons of potassic salt, valued at about $1,200,000, from Germany, where the business is a monopoly. It is stated that this industry in Germany yields handsome profits, and that the mines are being pushed to the limit of productiveness, which gives substantial reason to believe that the local industry working in a fallow field will prove an equal success. The enterprise is worthy of note in the United States and in all other countries buying mineral fertilizer and other salts in Europe."

TO TRAIN HOTEL WORKERS

Innovation Indorsed by Mr. Carnegie at Pittsburg Technical Schools.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

Pittsburg, Aug. 19.—The Carnegie Technical Schools, at the request of the Hotel Men's Association, is to install departments for the education of hotel employes. There will be departments for bellboys, porters, laundry workers, cooks, chefs and practically every kind of hotel employes.

Mr. Bonneville, of the Hotel Henry here, is responsible for the innovation. The Hotel Men's Association was to have appropriated $150,000 as an endowment fund for an industrial school, but Mr. Bonneville took up the matter with President Hammerschlag of the technical schools, who placed the suggestion before Mr. Carnegie, who indorsed it.

AN IOWA MAYOR OUSTED

Former Candidate for Governor Found Neglectful and Drunken.

Des Moines, Iowa, Aug. 19.—Judge K. E. Willcocksen at Sigourney to-day handed down an opinion ousting Thomas J. Phillips as Mayor of Ottumwa, Iowa. At the trial of the case recently at Ottumwa it was charged by Attorney General Cosson that Mayor Phillips was guilty of wilful neglect of duty in permitting resorts and gambling houses to run, and also that the Mayor was intoxicated on April 20. On both of these charges the court finds the Mayor guilty. A third charge that the Mayor was dishonest was dismissed by the court. Mayor Phillips is a leading Democrat and was a candidate for Governor on the Democratic ticket some years ago.

THE MARKETS

TOTAL DOMESTIC RECEIPTS.

New York, August 19, 1910.

Beans, bags	210	Oranges (Cal), cs	1,950
Flour, bbls	8,217	Grapes (Cal), cts	9,875
Flour, sacks	26,659	Plums (Cal), cts	3,615
Cornmeal, bbls	200	Pears (Cal), cts	4,965
Cornmeal, bags	6,660	Peaches (Cal), cts	3,850
Oatmeal, bbls	800	Raisins (Cal), pkgs	3,325
Wheat, bush	49,600	Apples, bbls	3,660
Oats, bush	190,625	Potatoes, bbls	14,825
Rye, bush	3,450	Onions, bbls	2,200
Peas, bush	800	Dried fruit, pkgs	4,250
Malt, bush	13,500	Rosin, bbls	1,090
Rice, pkts	595	Spirits turp, bbls	107
Hay, tons	840	Crude turp, bbls	45
Straw, tons	40	Oilcake, pkgs	340
Millfeed, tons	150	Oilmeal, bags	500
Hops, bales	519	Oil, lub, bbls	613
Beef, tcs	75	Peanuts, bags	695
Beef (canned), cs	2,301	Tobacco, hhds	275
Hams, pkgs	50	Tobacco, tcs	70
Cut meats, pkgs	2,220	Tobacco, pkgs	915
Lard, tcs	638	Whiskey, bbls	286
Lard, kegs	4,905	Wool, bales	60
Tallow, pkgs	136	Wool, sacks	813
Grease, pkgs	90	Cotton, bales	2,033
Butter, pkgs	5,312	Cot'sed oil, bbls	160
Cheese, pkgs	2,816	Copper, pcs	3,765
Eggs, cases	9,254	Skins, bales	50
Dr poultry, pkgs	1,944	Wine (Cal), bbls	60
Live poultry, cts	1,180		

EXPORTS.

Wheat, bush	2,040	Beef, bbls	148
Corn, bush	5,642	Beef, tierces	162
Oats, bush	1,600	Bacon, lb	345,450
Peas, bush	608	Hams, lb	44,200
Beans, bush	588	Lard, lb	1,733,700
Flour, bbls	2,986	Tallow, lb	16,800
Flour, sacks	15,622	Grease, lb	306,000
Cornmeal, bbls	1,473	Butter, lb	22,700
Feed, lb	15,846	Cheese, lb	6,530
Grass seed, bags	1,331	Lard oil, gals	250
Alcohol, gals	91,575	C'tonseed oil, gals	39,540
Oilcake, lb	198,000	Lub'ting oil, gals	246,180
Pork, bbls	202		

CASH QUOTATIONS.

Iron, Nor, No 1 foundry	$16 37½	Flour, Mpls unts	$6 10
Iron, So, No 1	16 00	Cotton, middling	15.65
Steel rails	28 60	Coffee, No 7 Rio	9½
Stand cop, spot	12 40	Sugar, granulated	5.25
Tin	33 75	Molasses, OK pme	40
Exchange lead	4 45	Beef, family	19 50
Spelter	5 37½	Beef hams	23 00
Wheat, No 2 red	1 06½	Tallow, prime	7½
*Corn, No 2	71	Pork mess	24 75
†Oats	40½	Hogs, drsd 100 lb	13
		Lard, Mdle West	12 15

GENERAL MARKET REPORT.

New York, August 19, 1910.

GRAIN—WHEAT—Quiet and easier, closing at a net decline of 1@1¼c. Cables were disappointing, with reports of less active Continental demand for cargoes, and that offerings from the Danube were more liberal. Exporters were less active buyers, but there were sales of 100,000 bush from Chicago and 160,000 from Baltimore, as well as 152,000 to arrive, chiefly to New York, believed to be speculative buying by Eastern exporters. The principal bearish factor in the market was weakness in the cash position and the pressure of large supplies of wheat on the market. Nov No 2 red winter, $1 06½ in elevator and $1 07¾ f o b; new No 1 Northern, $1 21¼ f o b, to arrive. CORN—Quiet and easier, closing at a net decline of ⅞@1⅛c. Southwestern cash markets were easier, declining 1@2½c. No 2 Western here, in the elevator, domestic basis, to arrive, c i f. OATS—Easier. Final prices were ¼@½c lower. RYE—Dull. No 2 Western, 85c old, f o b New York. BARLEY—Quiet, nominal, 68@77c, c i f New York. Wheat, including flour, exports for the week, according to Bradstreet's, aggregate 1,497,514 bush, against 1,226,214 last week and 2,379,618 last year; since July 1, 9,047,471, against 11,083,662 for the same time last season. Corn exports for the week, 48,537 bush, against 190,671 last week and 108,385 last year; since July 1, 1,956,833, against 695,939 last year.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Yesterday.
Wheat: September	$1 07⅞	$1 07⅞	$1 07	$1 07	1 08½
December	1 11⅛	1 11⅛	1 10½	1 10½	1 11¾
Corn: September	—	—	—	69½	70¾

INTERIOR RECEIPTS.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.
To-day	1,181,000	367,000	1,548,000
Last week	1,421,000	441,000	1,516,000
Last year	698,000	665,000	855,000

SEABOARD CLEARANCES.

	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.
To-day	19,000	82,000	6,000
Last week	10,000	56,000	10,000
Last year	9,000	323,000	———

COTTON—Nervous and irregular, but ruled steadier after an early decline, with the close steady net unchanged to 8 points higher, while after the official close business was done privately in October contracts at an advance of 3@4 points from the closing quotation. The market opened 3 points lower to 3 points higher, sold 2@6 points lower, then rallied to a net advance of 7@13 points and later eased off again, with August closing at 13.94c, or 7 points net higher, while October closed at 13.49c, or net unchanged. Southern spot markets generally unchanged. Weekly movement figures: Port receipts, 40,796 bales, against 14,398 last year; overland to mill and Canada, 7,239, against 2,397 last year; Southern mill takings, estimated, 10,000, against 16,000 last year; loss of stocks at interior towns, 9,309, against 3,498 last year; brought into sight for the week, 48,746 bales, against 28,297 last year. Total crop movement: Port receipts, 7,351,252 bales, against 9,971,406 last year; overland to mills and Canada, 886,077, against 1,286,210 last year; Southern mill takings, 2,160,000, against 2,365,000 last year; stock at interior towns since September 1 decreased 37,121, against 26,995 last year; brought into sight thus far for season, 10,331,108 bales, against 13,674,621 last season. Local contract prices:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Yesterday.
August	15.85	15.95	15.85	15.94@15.98	15.87
September	14.13	14.30	14.10	14.20@14.23	14.15
October	13.46	13.59	13.44	13.49@13.51	13.49
November	13.39	13.48	13.39	13.40@13.42	13.39
December	13.36	13.50	13.36	13.40@13.41	13.39
January	13.37	13.47	13.34	13.38@13.39	13.37
February	13.39	13.41	13.39	13.39@13.41	13.38
March	13.44	13.52	13.42	13.44@13.45	13.42
April	—	—	—	—	13.42
May	13.44	13.55	13.44	13.48@13.49	13.47
June	—	—	—	13.47@13.49	13.47
July	13.53	13.55	13.53	13.45@13.47	13.45

Spot quiet and 5 points higher at 15.95c for middling upland and 16.20c for middling gulf. Sales, 630 bales; delivered on contract, 1,000 bales.

COFFEE—Irregular at the opening, with September showing an advance of 5 points, while other positions were unchanged to 2 points lower, and during the first part of the day a heavy feeling developed, but in the afternoon the market turned strong, and at the close was firm at a net advance of 5@14 points, with sales of 64,750 bags. Havre closed ¼@½ franc higher. Hamburg was unchanged to ½ pfennig advance. Rio unchanged and Santos 100@150 reis higher. Cost and freight offers above a parity with local cash prices. Spot firm on the basis of 9⅛@9¼c for Rio No 7. Local contract prices:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Yesterday.
August	—	—	—	7.30@7.35	7.20
September	7.25	7.30	7.25	7.30@7.35	7.20
October	7.35	7.35	7.35	7.35@7.40	7.30
November	—	—	—	7.45@7.50	7.40
December	7.50	7.55	7.45	7.55@7.60	7.45
January	—	—	—	7.60@7.62	7.52
February	—	—	—	7.64@7.65	7.55
March	7.60	7.70	7.57	7.69@7.70	7.59
April	—	—	—	7.72@7.73	7.61
May	7.62	7.63	7.60	7.75@7.76	7.64
June	7.61	7.61	7.61	7.76@7.77	7.65
July	7.63	7.63	7.65	7.77@7.78	7.67

FLOUR AND MEAL—Flour quiet and easier. Spring patents, $5 70@$6 60; winter straights, $4 75@$4 90; winter patents, $4 90@$5 25; spring clears, $4 75@$5; extra No 1 winter, $3 85@$4; extra No 2 winter, $3 40@$3 75; Kansas straights, $5 25@$5 50. WHEAT FLOUR—Firm; fair to good, $3 10@$4 50; choice to fancy, $4 35@$4 45. CORNMEAL—Steady; kiln dried, $2 50. BAG MEAL—Fine white and yellow, $1 55@$1 60; coarse, $1 50@$1 55. FEED—Western spring, $29 50@$24 10; standard middling, $25 75@$26 10; flour do, $28 60@$29 60; red dog, $29 60; city bran, $23 bulk, $24 85 sacks; middling, $24 50@$29 00; red dog, $29 85; hominy chop, $24 50 bulk, $25 70 sacks; olmeal, $57.

PROVISIONS—Hog products heavier early, but late in the day rallied, and the close was firm at a substantial advance. PORK—Barely steady. Mess, $24 50@$25; family, $24 50@$25; short clear, $22 50@$24 50. BEEF—Steady. Mess, $15@$16; family, $19@$20; packet, $16@$16 50; extra India mess, $29 50@$30. BEEF HAMS—Quiet, $22@$24. DRESSED HOGS—Easy; bacons, 12¾c; 180 lb, 12¾c; 160 lb, 13c; 140 lb, 13c; pigs, 13¾c. LARD—Prime steam, 11c; 10 lb, 11c; 12 lb, 15¾c; 14 lb, 15¼c. PICKLED HAMS—15@15½c. TALLOW—Firm; city, 7½c; country, 7@7¼c. LARD—Middle West, 12.10@12.20c; city, 11⅞@12c; refined, South America, 12.25c; Continent, 12.55c; Brazil kegs, 14.25c; compound, 10½@11c. STEARINE—Olea, 12c; city lard, 13⅞@14c.

SUGAR—Refined business good, with full prices generally quoted. Raw firm and higher; centrifugal, 96 test, 4.45c; muscovado, 89 test, 3.95c; molasses sugar, 89 test, 3.67c. There was a sale of 25,000 bags Cuba centrifugal, August shipment, at 3.5-32c, basis 96 test, cost and freight, equal to 4.45c here. Later it developed that some 25,000 bags more were sold, including Cubas as above, and Santo Domingo, same price. The London market for beet sugar was quiet and unchanged to ¼d higher; August at 14s 10½d; September, 13s 10½d; October to December, at 11s 9d.

RICE—Good general demand at full but unchanged prices.

METALS—COPPER—Standard quiet; spot, August, September, October and November, 12.50@12.55c. London quiet; spot, £56 ⅝s; futures, £56 18s 9d. Lake copper firm at 12.87½@13c; electrolytic, 12.62½@12.75c; casting, 12.25@12.50c. TIN—Firm; spot, 33.70@33.77½c; August, 33.70@33.80c; September, 33.75@33.80c; October, 33.55@33.75c; November and December, 33.50@33.75c. Sales, 5 tons September at 33.75c. London dull; spot, £154 7s 6d; futures, £154 10s. LEAD—Steady, 4.40@4.50c. New York, 4.27½@4.30c. East St Louis, London, spot, £12 8s 9d. SPELTER—Firm, 5.35@5.40c. New York, 5.15@5.20c. East St Louis. Sales, 100,000 lb, August delivery. East St Louis at 5.17½c. London, spot, £22 15s. IRON—Cleveland warrants, 49s 10½d in London. Local market quiet; No 1 foundry Northern, $16 25@$16 50; No 2, $15 50@$16; No 1 Southern and No 1 Southern soft, $15 75@$16 25. Pig iron certificates nominal.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—Steady to firm and unchanged.

NAVAL STORES—Steady but quiet for rosin and tar, with spirits turpentine easy and nominal.

OILS—Linseed firm, but no change in prices. Refined petroleum steady at 7.65c for standard white, in bbls, at New York.

COTTONSEED OIL—Less active and easier, closing at 7@13 points net lower; August and September positions were unchanged to 5 points advance. Sales, 9,600 bbls. Local contract prices:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Yesterday.
Spot	—	—	—	9.80@12.00	9.50
August	—	—	—	9.75@10.30	9.70
September	—	—	—	9.70@ 9.75	9.70
October	8.73	8.74	8.70	8.65@ 8.70	8.77
November	7.60	7.60	7.54	7.54@ 7.55	7.64
December	7.30	7.39	7.29	7.29@ 7.30	7.40
January	7.30	7.31	7.30	7.28@ 7.30	7.33
February	—	—	—	7.25@ 7.34	7.28
March	—	—	—	7.29@ 7.35	7.40

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

New York, August 19, 1910.

BEANS AND PEAS—Receipts, 840 bags peas. Beans firm, though trade moderate. BEANS, marrow, choice, bushel, $3 10; fair to good, $2 95@$3 05; medium, choice, $2 55; pea, $2 55; fair to good, $2 35@$2 50; imported medium, $2 20@$2 30; pea, $2 25@$2 35; white kidney, $3 15@$3 25; red kidney, choice, $4 60@$4 65; fair to good, $4@$4 50; yellow eye, $3 30@$3 35; black turtle soup, $2 75@$2 85; lima, California, $3 15; PEAS, Scotch, bags, bushel, $2 35.

BUTTER—Receipts, 5,312 pkgs. Creamery butter quieter and without further upward tendency, though scarcity of strictly fancy goods sustains the position. Secondary and lower grades very irregular; movement moderate at about former prices. Process firm. Ladles quiet. Packing stock firm. Creamery specials, lb, 31c; extras, 30c; firsts, 27@29c; seconds, 25@26½c; thirds, 24@24½c; state dairy tubs, finest, 28@28½c; good to prime, 25½@27½c; common to fair, 22½@24½c; process specials, 28½c; extras, 29c; firsts, 24@25c; seconds, 22½@23c; Western imitation creamery firsts, 24@25c; factory, June make, firsts, 23½c; current make, firsts, 22½@23c; seconds, 22c; thirds, 21@21½c; packing stock, June make, No 1, 22½c; No 2, 21½@22c; No 3, 20@21c.

CHEESE—Receipts, 2,318 boxes. Market steady, but with supplies cleaned up and little stock available it was not thought best to change quotations this week, though an advance will undoubtedly occur next week. Skims fairly plenty and only moderately active. State, whole milk, specials, 15½@17c; average fancy, large or small, colored or white, 15c; average prime, 14½@14¾c; fair to good, 13¾@14½c; common, 10¼@12¼c; skims, specials, 12¾c; average fine, 11½@11¾c; fair to good, 8¼@10¼c; common, 5¾@7¼c; full skims, 2½@4c.

EGGS—Receipts, 9,254 cases. Fresh receipts taken about as fast as unloaded. Top grades scarce and sales of best candled and graded generally at 24c, though a good many can still be had ½@1c lower. Current receipts go generally at 19@22c, a few higher, and very poor lower. Dirties and checks of fine quality firmer. State, Pennsylvania and nearby, hennery whites, 27@32c, gathered, 25@28c; hennery browns, fancy, 26@28c; gathered, 23@26c; poor to fair, 18@22c; Western, gathered whites, 20@26c; fresh gathered, selected, extras, 24 @27c; extra firsts, 22@24c; firsts, 21@22c; seconds, 19@20c; thirds, 17@18c; dirties, No 1, candled, 15½@16c; No 2, 13½@14½c; poor, 10@12½c; checks, current receipts, case, $2 10@$4 35.

FRUITS—DRIED—No change in the spot evaporated apple market, with little business doing. Future market dull; last sale of December delivery prime nominal at 7½@7¾c, inside figure bid. Spot peaches, apricots and prunes continue firm. Prunes on the Coast quoted 4¾@5c, ½c premium on 40s and 1c premium on 30s. Coast peaches firmer, due to export inquiries. Apricots also firm on the Coast, standard Royals being quoted at 9¾@10c. APPLES, evaporated, fancy, lb, 10½@11c; choice, 8½@9c; prime, carlots, 8c; jobbing sales, 8@8½c; common to fair, 6¾@7½c; RASPBERRIES, 1909, lb, 21@21½c; CHERRIES, 1910, 13½c; APRICOTS, California, Moorpark, 12½@13½c; Royal, 10@12c; PEACHES, peeled, 12@18c; unpeeled, 6½@8c; prunes, 6¼@9½c.

FRUITS—FRESH—Apples steady. Pears weak. Peaches lower. Plums dull. Grapes more plenty and lower. Berries arriving sparingly. Muskmelons dragging at low figures. Watermelons weak. Pineapples firm. APPLES, bbl, $1@$4 50; half bbl baskets, red varieties, 75c@$1 50; green varieties, 75c@$1 25; PEARS, Bartlett, bbl, $2@$3 50; half bbl basket, 75c@$1 50; Clapp's Favorite, bbl, $3@$3 75; Tyson and Catherine, $3 50@$3; Bell and Scooter, $2 25@$2 75; Sugar, $2@$2 50; Kieffer, Southern, $1@$2; Le Conte, 50c@$2 50; PEACHES, Delaware and Maryland, carrier, 35c@$1 25; basket, 15@60c; Western Maryland and West Virginia, carrier, 75c@$1 25; Western Maryland, basket, 20@60c; West Virginia, basket, 30@50c; Virginia, carrier, 75c@$1; basket, 25@50c; North Carolina, carrier, 50c@$1; Jersey, 75c@$1 25; basket, 25@85c; Pine Island, 25@75c; upriver, 2-basket crate, 60c@$1 25; basket, 25@75c; PLUMS, Western New York, carrier, $1; 8-lb basket, 15@20c; Western Maryland, 30@40c; upriver, carrier, 75c@$1, peck basket, 8@75c; 8-lb basket, 15@22c; quart, 3@6c; GRAPES, Southern, 24-lb carrier, 50@75c; upriver, case, $1 50@$2; 20-lb carrier, 50@60c; BLACKBERRIES, quart, 8@13c; RASPBERRIES, red, pint, 5@6c; HUCKLEBERRIES, quart, 6@16c; MUSKMELONS, Jersey, crate, 50c@$1 75; Maryland and Delaware, 25c@$2; carrier, 50c@$1; Baltimore, crate, 50c@75c; Norfolk, bush crate, 30@60c; 60-quart, 50@85c; North Carolina, crate, 30@60c; Colorado, standard crate, $2 25@$3; WATERMELONS, Southern, car, $100@$225; 100, $10@$25; PINEAPPLES, Florida, crate, 75c@$3 50; Cuba, $2 25@$3 50; Porto Rico, 50c@$3 75.

HOPS—Little change in general situation. All hands waiting the outcome of the crop, and as picking has just begun the early varieties, it will be another three to four weeks before the entire crop is harvested.

HAY AND STRAW—Trade quiet, liberal offerings in sheds, and market slightly easier, though prices held steady on top grades of both old and new timothy. Clover and mixed hay irregular. Rye straw quiet. HAY, new, timothy, prime, large bales, 100 lb, $1 20; No 3 to No 1, $1@$1 20; shipping, 90c; packing, 55@60c; clover and clover mixed, 80c@$1 10; STRAW, long rye, 55@60c; short and tangled rye, 35@45c; oat and wheat, 45@50c; old hay, timothy, as to quality, $1@$1 30.

POULTRY—ALIVE—Receipts heavy, with a fairly active demand; fully 5 cars will have to be carried over, while 9 cars that arrived since Wednesday are still on the tracks. BROILERS, nearby, lb, 18@19c; Western and Southern, 16c; FOWLS, nearby, 16c; Western and Southern, 15½c; ROOSTERS, young and old, 12c; TURKEYS, 10@14c; DUCKS, 14c; GEESE, 12c; GUINEA FOWLS, pair, 60c; PIGEONS, pair, 25c. DRESSED—Market demoralized for both fowls and average chickens, and holders would shade a little to clean up. Roosters in moderate supply and steady. Fresh killed turkeys scarce and firm. Nearby spring ducks in good demand. Western spring ducks rarely desirable. Squabs steady. Frozen poultry quiet, except a little inquiry for turkeys. Fresh killed—TURKEYS, Western, average best, hens or toms, 20@21c; fair to good, 17@19c; BROILERS, Philadelphia, fancy squab, pair, 40@50c; fancy 3 to 4 lb to pair, lb, 29@32c; Pennsylvania, 19@22c; Western, dry picked, selected, 3 to 3½ lb to pair, 17@18c; CHICKENS, spring, Philadelphia, over 4 lb to pair, 21@22c; Pennsylvania, 18@19c; Western, dry picked, 4 lb and over to pair, and mixed, selected fancy, 17c; average run, 16c; Michigan, scalded, choice, 17c; Western, scalded, 15@16½c; Southern, scalded, 14½@15c; FOWLS, Western, boxes, dry, 48 lb and over, dozen, 16c; 34 to 42 lb, 15c; iced, dry picked, 4 to 5 lb, each, 15c; bbls, iced, dry picked, small, 14½c; Michigan, scalded, fancy, 15½c; Western, iced, 15c; Southern and Southwestern, 14½@15c; other Western, iced, scalded, 13@14c. COCKS, old, 12c; DUCKLINGS, spring, Long Island and Eastern, 19c; Pennsylvania, 18½@19c; Western, 8@14c; SQUABS, prime, large, white, dozen, $2 50@$3 75; dark, $1 50@$1 75; culls, 50@75c. Frozen—TURKEYS, young toms, 18@27c; young hens, 18@25c; old toms, 24c; CHICKENS, broilers, corn fed, 16@18c; roasting, milk fed, 20@24c; fryers, 17½@19c; corn fed, 18@21c; fryers, 16@17c.

POTATOES AND VEGETABLES—Potatoes weak. Sweet potatoes higher. Onions steady. Cauliflowers firmer. Cabbages easier. Cucumbers and pickles slow. Eggplants dull. Green corn firm. Lima beans lower. Lettuce steady. Peppers weak. Peas steady. String beans plenty and weak. Tomatoes generally poor. POTATOES, Long Island, bulk, bbl, $2@$2 25; Jersey, long, bag, $1 60@$1 80; round, $1 90@$2 15; Southern, bbl, $1@$1 75; SWEET POTATOES, Southern, bbl, $2@$3 25; BEETS, 100 bunches, $1 50@$2; CARROTS, new, bbl, $1 75@$2 50; 100 bunches, $1; CABBAGES, nearby, 100, $3@$7; bbl, 75c@$1 25; Baltimore, bbl or crate, 75c; CELERY, state and Jersey, dozen, 10@30c; state, crate, $1 50@$2; CAULIFLOWERS, bbl, $2@$5; Long Island, $1@$2; CUCUMBERS, Jersey, basket, 50c@$1; box, 40@75c; bbl, $1 50@$2; Long Island, $1 50@$2 25; Shelter Island, $1 75@$2 25; Maryland, basket, 50@75c; Virginia, bbl, $1@$2; Boston, box, $1@$1 50; CUCUMBER PICKLES, Jersey, bbl, 75c@$1 25; Rockland County, 1,000, $2 50@$3; EGGPLANTS, Jersey, basket, 40@50c; bushel crate, 35@45c; bbl, 75c@$1 25; Norfolk, 60-quart crate, 50@75c; GREEN CORN, Jersey, 100, $1@$2 25; LIMA BEANS, potato, basket, $1@$1 25; flat, 50@75c; Hackensack, bag, $1@$1 25; Long Island, 75c@$1 25; Long Island and Jersey, flat, 50@75c; LETTUCE, Western New York, dry, 3-dozen box, $1 50@$2 25; state, basket, 50c@$1 50; Western New York, small basket, 50@75c; OKRA, Jersey, 100, 10@15c; peach basket, 50@75c; box, 75c@$1; half bbl basket, $1; North Carolina, carrier, 75c@$1; ONIONS, Orange County, white, bag, $1 50@$2; basket, 75c@$1; red, bag, $1@$1 50; yellow, $1 25@$1 50; Connecticut Valley, yellow, 100-lb bag, $1 25@$1 40; white, bbl, $3@$3 50; Shelter Island, yellow, $1 75@$2 25; pickle, basket, $1@$2 75; white, yellow or red, basket, 75c@$1; Baltimore, yellow, peny basket, 60@75c; half bbl