

adverse to the farmer. I am a Republican, and the Republican party has always advocated and pursued a policy of protection to American products and manufactures.

"The principle of protection that is taken away the justification for any tariff whatever by way of protection on articles imported from a country where the conditions as to labor and other circumstances are the same as in ours and thus make the cost of production substantially the same."

"Canada is our neighbor on the north for three thousand miles. Her population is English, Scotch and French. Her soil is like ours. Her traditions are the same as ours. Her language is ours. Her climate is temperate, like ours, except that her growing seasons are shorter and she cannot raise corn in any great quantities."

"How is the farmer to be hurt?" he asked. He then took up the effect it would have on corn and wheat prices, on the value of farm lands in this country and on the milling industry in this country.

"It is a mere truism," said the President, "to say that the farmers of a country constitute the greatest wealth producing class of the country and it is of the greatest importance to conserve their welfare."

Reciprocity and Grain Prices. Taking up first the effect of the agreement on corn, he said:

"If the argument as to the disastrous effect of admitting the crops of the Canadian States into the market of this country is correct, the value of our farm lands in Nebraska and Kansas will be reduced by the loss of the market for their surplus."

COLQUITT SIGNS "DRY" BILL. Then Texas Governor Throws Pen Away.

Austin, Tex., Feb. 10.—No frame will ever surround the pen with which Governor Colquitt, anti-Prohibitionist, today signed the joint resolution calling for submission of the statewide prohibition question to the people.

INDICTMENTS AT DANVILLE. City Attorney Among Those Accused in Vote Scandal.

Danville, Ill., Feb. 10.—The grand jury returned 23 true bills to-day and adjourned until Monday afternoon. A large number of subpoenas were issued this evening, returnable next week, when, it is believed, the real work of sifting the charges of vote fraud will be commenced.

SOME NOT CONVINCED. Three Hundred Ohio Corn Growers Oppose Reciprocity.

Columbus, Ohio, Feb. 10.—Following President Taft's speech at the National Corn Show to-day favoring reciprocity with Canada, about 300 members of the Ohio Corn Improvement Association, in session at the exposition, adopted a resolution, condemning the proposed reduction in the tariff on farm products. The resolution reads:

"We doubt the wisdom of throwing open our markets to the products of the country which are willing to take him for his \$3.00 bank account. Mr. North, who lives in an \$25 DuKakb avenue, casually mentioning a wife, casually mentioning the bank account. He has received hundreds of letters from women of all ages and of all sorts and conditions in life. He has begged the Brooklyn postmaster not to deliver any more mail to him. More than two hundred letters were received by him yesterday."

HUNDREDS WANT TO MARRY. Brooklyn Man Sorry He Advertised for a Wife.

Edgar W. North, weary of hearing from women who charge him with being a bank account, Mr. North, who lives in an \$25 DuKakb avenue, casually mentioning a wife, casually mentioning the bank account.

DIES GRIEVING FOR HIS SON. Rounds Sergeant John Hogan, of the Jersey City police, died suddenly early yesterday, and his death is attributed to a heart attack.

NEW ORLEANS MARDI GRAS. Personally-Conducted Tour to witness the Greatest American Carnival in the World. February 24, 1911. Round \$70 Trip. FROM NEW YORK. Rates cover necessary expenses for seven days.

SENATE FIGHT SHIFTS HERE; LEADERS IN TOWN

Governor Dix, Guest of Senator Roosevelt, May Confer with Mayor at St. James.

MURPHY FIRM FOR SHEEHAN. Rumors of Big Conference Won't Down, Despite Denials—Sheehan to Go to Buffalo—Gaynor Is Criticized.

Assembly Majority Leader Says He'll Stop Practice.

NO MORE ALBANY PAIRS. Tammanyization of Government.

Prisoner Who Was Under Knife Not Believed Cured.

Ex-Corporation Counsel to Succeed Whitney on Supreme Bench.

DIX APPOINTS PENDLETON. NO PAROLE FOR GRIMMEL.

Light on Elosser Case. Criticizes Dix's Course.

Civil Service Reform Association Objects to Burton's Record.

SEES HOPKINS DID NOT VOTE.

SEES NO END TO DEADLOCK. Barnes Says No One Can Afford to Change His Position.

NEW BILLS AT ALBANY. Loomis Measures to Safeguard Rural Elections.

SON SAYS DOWIE WAS IN STATE. Battle Creek, Mich., Feb. 10.—Gladsstone Dowie, son of John Alexander Dowie, founder of Zion City, declared here yesterday that his father was mentally incompetent for a period of nine years preceding his death.

SIR ARTHUR CONAN DOYLE. The author of a prize story, entitled "The Contagion," which will appear in tomorrow's Tribune. Don't miss it.

Democratic Senators and Assemblymen, it was stated that the sentiment in some districts in Erie County was opposed to the selection of an anti-Prohibition Senator. We do not believe that to be the sentiment of the people of Erie, and it is our desire that there should be a test of what the public opinion of a section is.

With that end in view a public meeting fully called to attend a public meeting in the evening, for the purpose of discussing the evening, for the purpose of discussing the evening, for the purpose of discussing the evening.

Mr. Sheehan replied: I accept with pleasure the kind invitation extended to me by you and other prominent citizens of Buffalo to address a public meeting in that city on the subject of discussing the senatorial situation.

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COLLIN A "DIX" MYSTERY

Continued from first page.

heard of. The only thing governors are supposed to have to do with legislation, under the constitution, is to recommend it, and when the Legislature has passed measures to sign them or veto them. Governor Dix early announced that he was going to be "constitutionally Governor," and would refuse to interfere with the legislative branch of the state government.

Later he denied meaning what several newspaper men understood him to say—that he intended to have bills drawn under his supervision to carry out his recommendations to the Legislature. Yet if this "legislative branch of the executive department" means anything, it means just that, and constitutes an utterly unheard of piece of executive interference with legislative privileges and procedure.

Tammanyization of Government. In its practical working out, politicians familiar with conditions and the facts in the case say it means a great deal more than that. It means, they declare, the Tammanyization of the important agencies of the state government, particularly those having to do with the spending of money and the giving of contracts.

The Canal Terminal Commission, a body of four Republicans, present and former officials, is about to present a report after long and careful investigation, recommending a plan for building big terminal basins and piers along the enlarged harbor canal. The bill urged by Mr. Collin seeks to add five Democrats to the commission—the State Engineer, the Superintendent of Public Works, the Lieutenant Governor, the Attorney General and the Speaker of the Assembly—all new in office, and all unfamiliar with the work of the commission. This bill is understood to have the executive sanction. Mr. Collin also advocates, and is supposed to have drafted, the bill abolishing the Canal Board of Advisory Engineers, commanded by the Governor. As a substitute, the bill permits the State Engineer—the State Engineer is a part of every scheme, he it noted—to hire advisers from time to time as he deems it necessary.

The Murtagh-Collin highway bill is commonly reported to have been drafted by Mr. Collin. Assemblyman Collin, one of its sponsors, is his brother. That bill abolishes the present Highway Commission. It substitutes a board made up of the State Engineer—the State Engineer, who just now is a Tammany man—the Superintendent of Public Works, an appointee of the Governor's, and a superintendent of highways, to be appointed by the Governor.

This same general scheme is to be utilized in creating the new department of conservation which Governor Dix has in mind to replace the present Forest, Fish and Game Department and the Water Supply Commission. Mr. Collin is now at work preparing the bill to accomplish this, and is said also to be drafting a special message to accompany it, which Governor Dix is to send to the Legislature.

Right here it should be stated before Thomas Mott Osborne consented to accept the appointment as Forest, Fish and Game Commissioner at the Governor's hands, he obtained a promise that he was to have the bill to make these changes drawn under his directions, or, at least, that the executive was to accept no bill which did not meet his complete approval. Mr. Osborne is almost a socialist on the question of state ownership and control of its natural resources, of which water power probably is the chief. Governor Dix's attitude is not so certain.

Details of Proposed Bill. The bill Mr. Collin is preparing, it is understood, provides in general for a board or council to head this department, made up of the State Engineer—the State Engineer, the Superintendent of Public Works and the Forest, Fish and Game Commissioner, or Conservation Commissioner, as the title might be. Then there would be a Superintendent of Construction, appointed by the Governor, who would have charge of the vast water storage reservoirs contemplated. Mr. Osborne would be one-fourth or one-fifth part of the commission.

Osborn and Osborne apparently are to become mere window dressing for the less presentable portion of the Dix-Tammany Hall administration if these schemes are carried through. Already they have been embarrassed aside from places of some importance as adviser to the Governor, and their places taken by Boss Murphy of Tammany and others of his ilk. It is known that both of them, and many other Democrats of their type, were grieved and angry because the Governor shelved John N. Carlisle to give State Chairman Huppuch, his business partner, a \$15,000 job as member of the upstate Public Service Commission. That was Murphy's doing, largely. It is no secret here that both have considered seriously the advisability of showing publicly their disapproval of the Governor's course by resigning, but have held on so far in the hope of being able through advice and suggestion to prevent him from complete and abject surrender to Boss Murphy and Tammany. Whether they will continue in office after the Governor's most recent ventures with Collin is a question of much interest here.

Mr. Collin, a quiet, suave, entirely competent individual, is certain to stick on the job just so long as the mysterious persons whom he doesn't know want him around. He has had an interesting record. He served as legal adviser to Governor Hill and in the same capacity for Governor Flower. He was a law professor at Cornell. Going to New York he entered into partnership with "Blue-eyed Billy" Sheehan. He was counsel for the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Railway. Last year he was around the Capitol a great deal and displayed a great interest in water power legislation. He appeared before the Governor on certain measures of that character, but always said he appeared just as a citizen. He said the same thing of appearances before the State Water Supply Commission.

SON SAYS DOWIE WAS IN STATE. Battle Creek, Mich., Feb. 10.—Gladsstone Dowie, son of John Alexander Dowie, founder of Zion City, declared here yesterday that his father was mentally incompetent for a period of nine years preceding his death. The son believes his father was insane during his entire career at Zion City.

SIR ARTHUR CONAN DOYLE. The author of a prize story, entitled "The Contagion," which will appear in tomorrow's Tribune. Don't miss it.

UNITED CIGAR STORES. Largest retail dealers in tobacco in the world, because we serve the people best.

Prisoner Who Was Under Knife Not Believed Cured. Albany, Feb. 10.—Unconvicted Edward E. Grimmel, a third-term convict in Clinton prison, has been cured of his criminal tendencies by surgery, the State Parole Board has refused to parole him, although Governor White before retiring from office gave the board the authority by committing his sentence.

Grimmel's skull was fractured when a boy of fourteen during a quarrel with a playmate, and the assertion was made that the injury was a potent factor in developing his criminal career. In March, 1906, Dr. De Witt G. Wilcox, of Buffalo, a former president of the Homoeopathic Medical Society of New York State, with an assistant went to the prison and performed an operation with a view to restoring Grimmel to his normal state of mind.

At a meeting of the State Parole Board at Clinton prison last night Grimmel's case came up. After Superintendent C. A. Collins of the State Prison Department had questioned the convict for an hour and a half the board decided not to parole him. No evidence was produced that the man had been surgically cured, and the board had no precedent by which to be guided. Superintendent Collins said to-night:

"The board took the ground that before releasing the man we should have some report of a qualified physician as to his condition. It seemed to us that Dr. Wilcox should have followed up the case and insisted on the man for the purpose of proving in his opinion there had been a change in the man's tendencies. But we have received no such report. Dr. Wilcox has examined the man since the operation. Having no precedent by which to be guided, the board refused to parole Grimmel at this time. His brother was at the meeting last night and upheld our action."

Grimmel was sentenced from Buffalo in 1903 for forgery for a term of nine years and six months. He is thirty-four years old. The case has been watched with much interest by officials.

LIGHT ON ELOSSER CASE. Occupant of the House Contradicts Mother's Testimony. (By Telegram to the Tribune.)

Cumberland, Md., Feb. 10.—Detectives have been quietly working on the mysterious wedding eve poisoning of Charles A. Elosser and his fiancée, Grace Elosser, for some time, and today, in the presence of Judge Thomas M. Koon, Commissioner of Police, Mrs. Jane Crummett, who occupied the room directly over that in which the bodies were found, declared that immediately after the tragedy she heard Mr. Elosser, mother of the dead girl, exclaim: "Oh, this is terrible; nobody must be told!"

Mrs. Crummett also said that she had passed by the partly open door of the room on her way to get some water. Within a few minutes she saw a man lying on the right side of the sofa, with his head leading to the right. At that time everything was absolutely quiet. This is a contradiction of the statements made by the Elossers at the inquest. They insisted there was the utmost consternation and screaming from the moment of the discovery of the bodies.

Mrs. Crummett said she was certain that she did not hear Mr. Elosser pass down the stairs, as the girl said she did. Grace Elosser's room, in which May testified she was taking a bath at the time of the tragedy, is only separated from Mrs. Crummett's apartment by a thin board door.

REMSSEN RETIREMENT FUND BILL FOR NEW YORK CITY EMPLOYEES. A half-baked pension scheme, financially unsound. Voted by the Mayor.

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