

SUFFRAGETTES IN RIOT IN THEIR LONDON JAIL

Refuse to Wear Prison Garb and Tear Clothing from the Wardresses.

AMERICAN GIRL IN THE VAN

Fetters Used to Compel Obedience to Rules—Solitary Confinement Punishment for Rebellion.

London, March 8.—Although the authorities have done their utmost to suppress all news from Holloway jail, where the militant suffragettes convicted of window smashing are serving their hard labor sentences, it became known today that violent incidents have taken place between the female warders and the prisoners, owing to the refusal of the latter to don the prison dress.

The female attendants of Holloway prison chosen for their muscular ability rather than for good looks, and they started to compel the prisoners to obey the prison rules, but two of the wardresses, one of whom was Miss Alice Wright, of Albany, N. Y., who is undergoing a two months' imprisonment.

Afterward, when the suffragette leaders were ordered into the workroom to sew bags in accordance with the prison rules and the terms of their sentences, another row followed. The prisoners had learned of the intention of the authorities to prosecute all the leaders of the street rioting under the conspiracy act and were exceedingly angry. At a given signal all of the suffragettes jumped up; those who were working at machines tore them apart as well as they could without tools, and for a time the entire workroom was in an uproar.

Finally the wardresses regained control of the situation. The suffragettes were returned to their cells and shortly after the prison governor ordered all of the ring-leaders in the disturbance placed in solitary confinement, where it is understood they still are.

Solitary confinement is extremely severe under the rules of Holloway prison. The solitary cells are underground and are dismal places. It is said that they are very cold.

While friends of Miss Wright fear she is undergoing the "solitary," it is impossible to ascertain the facts. Press representatives made formal application to the prison commissioners for an order to see the young American girl. The application was curtly refused.

Under no circumstances will any one be permitted to see the woman who is declared the secretary. "She is a hard labor prisoner and under our rules prisoners whose efforts are such as to attract attention to their case are entitled to no privileges and cannot be seen by any one until they have completed their term."

WOMEN RIOT IN PORTLAND

Suffragists Halt Socialist Parade Against Boy Scouts.

Portland, Ore., March 8.—Hundreds of women, all suffragists, and their male sympathizers, protesting against the boy scouts' parade in the business section today and halted a Socialist parade headed by the Boy Scout movement and protesting against the city's greeting to General Baden Powell.

The women were jostled about and their banners, "Votes for Women," were torn. An important meeting of the campaign committee of the Woman's Equal Suffrage League was being held in the Rothchild building and when members of the committee saw in the procession a banner favoring their cause they rushed to their "Votes for Women" pennants and there was a stampede to the street.

'FULL CREW' BILL REPORTED

Committee Cuts Appropriation for Exposition to \$700,000.

Albany, March 8.—The "full crew" train bill was reported favorably by the Senate Railroads Committee today. It provides for an extra man on all freight trains of more than twenty-five cars.

When the Assembly Insurance Committee today reported favorably the Culliver resolution asking the Attorney General to furnish an opinion to the Legislature as to the operations of the New York Fire Insurance Exchange Mr. Culliver sought to have it adopted forthwith.

Members were present, and their main grievance was not would go already, and the measure was not passed until Tuesday.

The Senate Finance Committee today reported the bill making an appropriation for New York's representation at the Panama-Pacific Exposition in San Francisco in 1915. The amount is reduced from \$600,000 to \$500,000, of which \$250,000 is made available this year.

GIRL MAIMED BY DYNAMITE

Miss Wells, Student at Millbrook, N. Y., Loses Her Hand.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., March 8.—Miss Theodora Wells, eighteen years old, of Pittsburgh, a student at the Bennett School for girls at Millbrook, Dutchess County, had three fingers blown from her left hand and the hand badly lacerated today by the explosion of a dynamite cartridge. The rest of the hand was amputated at the wrist.

Miss Wells, in company with other girls, had formed a hiking party, and in the woods discovered a box of cartridges under a stump. They took the box and on the way back to school Miss Wells, thinking the cartridges were blanks, held one and flicked at it with her lapin. The dynamite exploded, maiming her hand.

To-night Miss Wells was being cared for in the school infirmary and will recover.

SUFFRAGETTES IN PRISON IN LONDON.



MISS ALICE WRIGHT, OF ALBANY.

RAPS FROM 'UNCLE IKE'

New York Spiritualists Hold Their State Convention.

FAMOUS MEDIUMS ATTEND

Audience Learns Date and Hears "Yankee Doodle" Played by "Departed."

For the first evening session of their convention the New York State spiritualists had last night such drawing cards on the programme as Mrs. May Pepper Vanderbilt, the Brooklyn medium of litigious memory, who spoke burning words of exhortation; Frank Montoko, the German medium; Miss Floy Cottrell, of Holland, N. Y., whose "control" telegraphs his messages by rappings emanating from her person, and Miss Olga Neidinger, of Albany, a very youthful little thing in a pink dress, who throws flowers to those for whom she has spirit messages. A great many people received messages there in the brightly lighted Temple of Modern Spiritualism, at No. 138 East Lexington avenue, which used to be the Welsh Baptist Church, and which didn't seem in the least surprised to get them, either.

"If you think that some day you're a-goin' to a beautiful realm way up there where there can't nobody get at you," explained Hiram R. Savage, president of the New York State Association, "you want to get that right out of your head. Cause we can nail you. And if down here we get your hand in another man's pocket, they know it up there, and if you don't make good to the man that had on them pants, you'll hear from 'em."

This seemed to express adequately the creed of this sect, to judge from the approval that greeted Mr. Savage's remarks. Then, continuing with the subject of material possessions, Mr. Savage said: "I wish I knew some way to touch the brain of a street up here (he comes from East Aurora) called Wall Street, a street I have never been introduced to, to loosen up the ham strings so they would give us some of their money."

Again came an enthusiastic response. Spirits, human and disembodied, communicated with the fifty or more spiritualists who gathered in the "temple" for the afternoon session. Dr. R. E. Schleuser, the pastor, turned on a flood of German-American-English, for one; Mrs. Tillie U. Reynolds invoked in her most ardent manner; H. R. Savage, of East Aurora, N. Y., president of the state association, presided and vibrated, and Dr. George B. Warner, of Chicago, exhorted the spiritualists of the nation to "stand shoulder to shoulder" and show the "practical" legislators that they represented money and votes.

"For," said he, "these legislators of ours are practical fellows. I don't care what they profess to wear—they're all the same. When a measure is introduced at Albany or any other state capital, the first question the legislator asks is 'How much money is there in this for me personally?' and second, 'How will it affect the votes that elect me to office?'"

AID FOR THE SUFFERING

National White Cross Rescue Society Incorporated.

Albany, March 8.—The National White Cross Rescue Society of America, with its principal office at Buffalo, was incorporated today to carry on work for the relief of suffering humanity. It also purposes "to prevent the wanton and indiscriminate arrest and imprisonment of persons whose only offence is the lack of money and inability to find employment; to save juvenile offenders from vicious influences of imprisonment among hardened criminals and to give aid to such as have been convicted and imprisoned by supplying them with salutary reading matter."

The directors are George Hargrave McNeill, Arthur J. Dunlap, Jesse L. Austin, Edward F. Strange, Clarence S. Reid, Martha Griffith Bingham and Estelle Hodskin Morse, of Buffalo.

GERMANY'S NAVY IN DETAIL

Bill Provides for 61 Big Ships and 40 Protected Cruisers.

Cologne, March 8.—The text of the proposed new naval law is published today in the "Volk's Zeitung," which declares that it received the information from members of the Clerical party in the Reichstag. Under its provisions the German navy is to be expanded from 58 to 61 battleships and armored cruisers, and there are also to be 40 protected cruisers instead of 38.

The new law provides that the navy shall be formed as follows: A battle fleet consisting of a flagship and 5 squadrons of 8 battleships each, 10 first class cruisers and 30 protected cruisers. The fleet for service in foreign waters is to be composed of 10 first class cruisers and 10 protected cruisers.

Three active squadrons and one reserve squadron, with a flagship, making in all 33 battleships, are to be kept constantly in commission.

The chief feature of the law aside from the increase in the number of battleships is the stationing of two extra armored cruisers abroad.

ASKS DRUG STORE 'PHONES

Monster Petition Wants Instruments Retained.

Albany, March 8.—The Public Service Commission received today a petition 228 feet long, and containing 4,199 names, asking that the commission use its influence to induce the New York Telephone Company to make reasonable terms for the retention of the public telephones in drug stores. These stores, the petition says, are the most convenient and popular places for telephones.

The telephone company recently put into effect a regulation allowing druggists only 10 per cent of the receipts from telephone coin slot instruments. Formerly the allowance was 30 per cent and upward. Hundreds of druggists, since the regulation went into effect, have refused to keep the pay station telephones in their stores.

ROOSEVELT MEN VOTED DOWN.

Lynchburg, Va., March 8.—In the Republican City Convention here today a motion to instruct the delegates to the state convention for Roosevelt was voted down. The instructed delegation chosen presumably is of Taft men.

MRS. EMMELINE PANKHURST AND HER DAUGHTER IN THE PRISON DRESS WHICH MILITANT SUFFRAGETTES ARE REFUSING TO WEAR.

SAYS MONEY WAS TAKEN

Continued from first page.

statements made by Mrs. Smith. Mrs. Smith could not understand what had become of valuable holdings which she had had. She also stated that a bank account of something more than \$3,000 which she had had in the Metropolitan Trust Company had unaccountably dwindled to eight cents since July. She said that not only did Mrs. Brown seek to avoid Dr. Satterlee, but she also sought to have all other visitors excluded. That, as well as the saving in expense, Mrs. Smith thought, was the reason for the frequent change of residence demanded by Mrs. Brown.

Mrs. Brown, who is forty-five years old, and Newton Davis will be arraigned before Magistrate McQuade today. As Mrs. Smith has to be carried wherever she goes, it is likely that the hearing will take place in Mrs. Smith's room. Both Mrs. Brown and her son, who says he is a student, live at No. 111 West 76th street.

Mrs. Smith told Mr. Murphy that she was made executrix under her husband's will, but an accounting rendered by her showed that owing to unwise investments the estate was dwindling, and the court ruled that the estate should be placed in the hands of the United States Trust Company. While she was entitled to the interest from the estate, after her death it reverted to a number of heirs, among whom were Mrs. Antoinette W. Brown and her son, Newton Davis. Recently, Mrs. Smith said, a suit had been started to take the money out of the hands of the United States Trust Company and return it to her executorship. The suit was started, she said, by Mrs. Brown and her son.

Smith Prominent in Business. The father of S. Newton Smith was a partner of Richard M. Hoe, the press manufacturer. Mr. Smith was one of the firm of E. D. Morgan & Co., of which Governor Morgan was the founder and head. After the death of Governor Morgan Mr. Smith retired. He was a member of the syndicate which built the Kings County Elevated Railroad, and was a director until its sale to the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company. He was a director and the treasurer of the Iron Steamship Company, a director and the treasurer of the Corralitos Company of New York and of the Saratoga Lake Railroad Company, a director of the Corralitos and Candelaria companies, of Colorado, and of the Central American Transimercantile company, and was a member of numerous clubs and societies.

He was married in New York in 1877. He had no children. Mrs. Smith comes of a well known New Hampshire family. Mr. Smith died of apoplexy in December, 1907.

Henry B. Wesselman, of the law firm of Wesselman & Kraus, No. 55 Liberty street, visited Mrs. Brown and Davis in their cells at the West 88th street police station last night, and afterward said that Mrs. Brown declared her arrest was due to a conspiracy on the part of certain lawyers whom she blocked "in their attempt to extort exorbitant and excessive fees" from Mrs. Smith. Mr. Wesselman said he was retained to look after Mrs. Smith's interests regarding the alleged excessive bill, and since has the alleged excessive bill, and since has visited Mrs. Smith, who appeared to be perfectly satisfied with the way Mrs. Brown was her protector. She seemed to be pleased, he said, because Mrs. Brown had interested herself in the litigation over the alleged extortion dispute.

With regard to the check in dispute Mr. Wesselman declared for Mrs. Brown that there was no misappropriation of the money which, he said, had been given to Mrs. Brown by Mrs. Smith to pay a nurse.

REICHSTAG SOCIALISTS LOSE

Extremist Nominees Finally Ousted from Presidential Board.

Berlin, March 8.—Johannes Kaempf, the Radical Deputy for Central Berlin, was today definitely elected Speaker of the Reichstag.

Heinrich Dove, the Radical Deputy, was confirmed in the office of Second Vice-President, but the Socialist Deputy Philipp Scheidemann was forced out of the Presidential Board, and the National Liberal, Dr. Herman Sigmund Pasche, was appointed First Vice-President in his place.

The reason for the rejection of the Socialist, Scheidemann, was that the Radical, National Liberal and Socialist parties were unable to agree.

MOVE TO END STRIKE

British Government Invites Both Sides to Joint Conference.

MINERS REMAIN OBDURATE

Will Not Accept Cabinet's Proposal Unless Minimum Wage Is Barred from Discussion.

London, March 8.—After extended talks with committees representing the coal mine owners and their striking employees today Premier Asquith extended an invitation to the representatives of both sides to the dispute to meet in a joint conference, "with a view to a free discussion of the whole situation."

The official report explains that the government considers the proposals placed by it before both parties offer the fairest means for arriving at a satisfactory settlement of the dispute, but in view of the difficulty of making any progress in that direction without mutual discussion of the situation the invitation for a joint conference was issued.

What the government's proposals are has not been divulged. The miners replied to the invitation that they had undertaken to reassemble the national conference of miners at the earliest possible moment, but with the reservation that they would not recommend acceptance of the government's invitation except on the understanding that the principle of a minimum wage should be excluded from the discussion at the conference. As it is on this point that the whole dispute hinges, it is difficult to see how any progress toward a settlement of the strike can be made by a joint conference at which discussion of the question is barred.

The national conference of miners cannot be assembled before next Monday and meanwhile the strike must continue and each day add thousands of others to the vast number of persons already out of work.

It was announced late to-night that the joint conference would take place at the Foreign Office, but no date was fixed for it. The effect of the strike is growing increasingly serious. The Admiralty has issued an order enjoining the severest economy in the use of coal by the navy, and precautionary notices have been issued to the men employed on the railways, in iron works and industries of all kinds that employers may be forced to terminate their employments.

Notices even have been given to the employees of all the London newspapers in anticipation of the cutting down of the size of the newspapers should the strike be prolonged.

Berlin, March 8.—The strike fever has spread to the Silesian coal fields, in Eastern Prussia, where the Socialist, the Christian and the Polish miners' trade unions, representing all the organized miners in the district, today presented to the employers a demand for 15 per cent increase in their wages.

The government is endeavoring to find a basis for the settlement of the difficulties which have arisen in the Westphalian coal fields, but it is very doubtful whether the efforts will be successful. Even the most optimistic believe that at least 150,000 out of the 350,000 Westphalian coal miners will declare a strike on Monday next. The mine owners are already assembling non-unionist workers to take their places.

Washington, March 8.—England's misfortune is proving the good fortune of the United States, for the coal strike in the former country is developing a market abroad for American coal.

Through the assistance of the Bureau of Trade Relations of the State Department

NELLIE BLY IN CONTEMPT

Mrs. Seaman Is Put on Good Behavior for Two Weeks.

MUST ANSWER QUESTIONS

Head of Bankrupt Ironclad Company Not in Court, and Said To Be Ill.

Mrs. Elizabeth C. Seaman, formerly "Nellie Bly," was adjudged guilty of contempt of court by Judge Hough yesterday in the United States Circuit Court. The case was adjourned until March 26 in order to give her time to show why she should not be punished. In the mean time she is commanded to appear before the referee in bankruptcy and testify, with the assurance that the infliction of punishment, together with the degree, depends on her behavior in the next two weeks.

COAL NOW AT A PREMIUM

Fear of Strike Causes Consumers Here to Double Orders.

Though domestic sizes of anthracite are now at their highest price of \$5.50, consumers in this city were eager yesterday to fill their cellars at a premium, fearing the strike predicted for April might send the prices still higher. It was stated that while the coal carrying companies had not advanced prices, independent companies were selling anthracite at a premium of from 50 cents to \$1, and sometimes more, on the regular April price. The result was that dealers yesterday found most of their customers doubling and trebling their usual orders.

Charles A. Blaisdell, of the firm of J. Samuel Smoot, No. 404 East 56th street, said he was of the opinion that there will be no discount on the price of domestic anthracite this year. Coal dealers, however, were at sea as to how to advise their customers.

"The strike in England and the prospect of an anthracite or bituminous coal strike, or both, here," said Joseph W. Vought, deputy commissioner of the Coal Merchants' Association, "has started a feeling among consumers that in any case coal is about to be scarce. With the experience of the strike of 1902, when coal went up to \$20 a ton, in their minds, they think it best to get a supply of coal as soon as possible."

Soft coal continued to advance in price on account of the threatened soft coal strike and the scarcity of small steam sizes of anthracite. It was stated that some of the concerns which use large quantities of anthracite will try to hold the companies to contracts made months ago.

MORGAN TO GIVE VILLA SOON

Employees at Cragston, Planned as State Gift, Discharged.

Newburgh, N. Y., March 8.—Words come from Highland Falls that preparations are being made for the transfer by J. Pierpont Morgan of Cragston Villa to the Interstate Palisades Park Commission. Soon after the transfer to the commission of the old prison site at Bear Mountain and the contribution of ten thousand acres of woodland by Mrs. E. H. Harriman it was announced that Mr. Morgan would soon add Cragston, which is in proximity to the Bear Mountain site and has a delightful river front of hundreds of feet, extending back a half mile in the country, with all the buildings on the property.

Hitherto the place has been kept in the finest condition by a large force of employees. They are now being discharged as rapidly as conditions warrant, indicating that the time when the property will be transferred is not far away.

PACKERS' CASE NEARING END

Chicago, March 8.—Counsel to the defence occupied the entire day arguing their motion requesting United States District Judge George A. Carpenter to take the case of the ten packers charged with criminal violation of the Sherman law from the jury and discharge the defendants.

Judge Carpenter this afternoon adjourned court until Monday. United States Attorney James H. Wilkinson and James M. Sheehan and Pierce Butler, special counsel, will present the government's objections to the granting of the motion.

Advertisement for Pennsylvania Station and the "Club" Car. The ad features an illustration of a train car interior and text describing the car's amenities, including Pullman limited express train, all-steel construction, and various services like dining and playing billiards. It also mentions the station's location and ticket information.

Advertisement for 'Bell and Wing' by Frederick Fanning Ayer. The ad describes the product as 'Absorbing, astounding, inspiring, baffling' and lists various ailments it treats, such as 'A great work' and 'Marks of genius'. It includes the publisher's name, G. P. Putnam's Sons, and the price of \$2.50.