



ROBERT GOELET SUED FOR DIVORCE; CRUELTY CHARGED

His Taste for Sport Said to Have Been Cause of Estrangement.

FIGHT OVER CUSTODY OF CHILDREN LIKELY

Papers in Case Sealed and Information Withheld by Attorneys.

SOCIETY NOT SURPRISED

Couple Had Not Been Seen in Public Together for Many Months.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.] Newport, R. I., Jan. 21.—Charging her husband with extreme cruelty, and asking for the custody of her two minor children and proper support for them and herself, Mrs. Robert Goelet this afternoon had filed in the Superior Court here a petition for absolute divorce from her husband. The differences between the Goellets are said to have been due primarily to Mr. Goelet's love of sport. His wife never sympathized with his taste in this direction, intending even at an early age to devote herself to art. The filing of the petition did not come as any great surprise to those interested in the summer colony here, for it was frequently reported during the past summer that a divorce might be expected, though at that time no confirmation of the report could be obtained.

Couple Never Together.

They were generally accepted as true, however, for Mr. and Mrs. Goelet, who were living at Eastbourne Lodge, the William Fitzhugh Whitehouse estate, were never seen out together, though staidly they were often seen on the avenue and at the beach with their children, Peter and Ogden. The petition was filed by Tillinghast Collins, attorneys of Providence, who are acting for Samuel Untermyer, of New York, the personal legal representative of Mrs. Goelet. The papers were sealed, but a brief summary of their contents was learned, as stated above. Other than this, or what the specific charges are, or the amount asked for by Mrs. Goelet, will not be known until the case comes up in court. The hearing will come on February 11, according to the present plan, and it may be that the divorce petition of Mrs. Pauline Leroy French against her husband, Amos Tuock French, will be heard on the same day.

Mr. Goelet Expected to Fight.

Mrs. Goelet, who was Miss Elsie Whelan, of Philadelphia, will not settle her divorce without a legal contest, if the reports here are correct. It is quite generally understood about the courthouse that Mr. Goelet will contest the divorce, and if he does the main fight in all probability will be over the custody of the children, for both father and mother are devoted to the two boys. As far as known, both Mr. and Mrs. Goelet are in New York, and it is expected that service will be made upon the former in that city to-morrow. While Mr. Goelet did not spend the entire summer here last year, he was here frequently for week-ends, but on these visits he was not seen with his children.

This Morning's News.

Table listing local and foreign news items with page numbers.



MR. AND MRS. ROBERT GOELET.

TRAIN SNOWBALLS MAN

Rolls Him Up in Centre of Six-Foot Ice Sphere.

Peabody, Mass., Jan. 21.—Alexander McGregor was rolled through the wet snow in front of a train for a distance of 150 feet to-day, and when assistance reached him was in the centre of a snowball six feet in diameter. He received injuries from which he will probably die. A crowd of commuters at the Boston & Maine Railroad station saw the accident.

HIRED A FAMILY'S TEARS

It Wasn't His Own, However, So Man Once Freed Is Sentenced.

Jacob Berman, a pickpocket, upon whom sentence was suspended last January because of the tears and pleas of a woman claiming to be his wife, and four children who called him father, was sent to Sing Sing for five years yesterday by Judge Nott, in General Sessions. When sentence was suspended upon Berman a purse was raised for him. A few weeks later some more money had been contributed for the aid of his family. The probation officer who started out to relieve the suffering family found that the woman and children had vanished. They had been hired for the occasion, it was learned. Further inquiry showed that Berman had never been married. A bench warrant was issued for his arrest.

TAFT HIS OWN DEAD IMAGE

But the Ex-President Doesn't Like the "Dead" Part.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.] Philadelphia, Jan. 21.—Ex-President Taft shaves himself, and thereby hangs a tale. He told it himself to-night, just before he made his speech at the Academy of Music. "I came to Philadelphia to-day via the Pennsylvania Railroad," he said. "I allowed myself plenty of time, and had about twenty minutes to wait till train time at the station in New York. "I went into the drug store to buy a shaving stick. The clerk, while wrapping it up, stared at me and said, 'You're the dead image of Taft,' and I said to him: "Please don't emphasize the dead part of it so. I feel very much alive."

JAPAN INSISTS U. S. ACT IN LAND CASE

Last Protest Ignored, 'Some Other Ways' Must Be Found, It Says.

WASHINGTON DENIES CRISIS IS AT HAND

Foreign Minister Tells Tokio Parliament That California Dispute Lasts Too Long.

[From The Tribune Bureau.] Washington, Jan. 21.—"The replies of the United States government were not found satisfactory, and the imperial government has come to see the necessity of considering some other ways for solution of the question," said Baron Nobuaki Makino, the Japanese Foreign Minister, in closing an address to-day to the Parliament of Japan, outlining the status of negotiations over the California alien land legislation. It was asserted by Baron Makino that the Japanese Ambassador had been informed by President Wilson that "the federal government could not interfere with rights reserved to the several states of the Union," although he would "use the best possible efforts so as to realize the wish of the imperial government," and that the government of Tokio had finally submitted "a note of protest" on August 15, which "remains unanswered."

Japan's Course in Doubt.

What course Japan may pursue is not known to officials here, who have been cherishing the illusion that they had said their last word to Japan regarding the California alien land law. There is nothing in the situation, officials of the Department of State aver, which even by exaggeration justifies a crisis in the relations between the two nations, but it is realized that there are elements which the jingoistic factions in Japan might utilize in causing embarrassment to the Japanese government, forcing it to take a determined stand, which, perhaps, might result in strained relations. American statesmen who look after the country's foreign relations say they are not making the mistake of failing to recognize the possibilities of dangerous developments in any situation that may affect the status of Japanese residing in the United States, as more than one dispute, notably that affecting Japanese school children, has shown. The Japanese Embassy made public to-night the text of Baron Makino's address to the Parliament. As far as could be learned the State Department has not been informed of the speech, which threatens to open anew this question between the two countries. Regarding the statement that the last Japanese protest remains unanswered since August 15, officials of the department say that when Japan originally protested against the California

Continued on third page, second column.

U. S. TREASURY'S FINANCES TANGLED

Danger of Heavy Loss Is Revealed by Secret Investigation.

SEEMING DISCREPANCY OF MILLIONS FOUND

Representative Good Says New Bookkeeping System Is a Constant Menace.

[From The Tribune Bureau.] Washington, Jan. 21.—That the accounts of the Treasury Department are so muddled and its bookkeeping is so far behind that the government is in constant danger of serious monetary loss, even if such loss has not already occurred, has developed at the executive hearings of a sub-committee of the House Appropriations Committee in charge of the legislative appropriation bill. The office force of John Burke, Treasurer of the United States, is so snowed under by bookkeeping work that it is impossible to strike a Treasury balance, and chaos exists, Mr. Burke admitted to the House Committee that the accounts of the office are in a most unsatisfactory condition. He attributes the trouble to the installation of a new bookkeeping system under Treasury Order No. 5, dated January 9, 1913, providing a new method of handling and disbursing the public funds. Representative Good, of Iowa, a member of the House Appropriations Committee, said to-night that the books of the Treasurer are two months behind, that an apparent discrepancy of millions exists in the ledger balances as compared with the cash balances of the accounts with national banks, and that the entire accounting system of the Treasury Department "is in a mess."

Startling Conditions Revealed.

The request of the department for thirty additional clerks caused Mr. Good and other members of the House Committee to quiz closely officials of the Treasury Department, and a surprising condition of affairs was revealed. Mr. Good has personally followed up the committee inquiry and explained the unprecedented situation to-night. "A most serious condition exists in the accounting divisions of the Treasury Department," said Mr. Good. "The government actually faces heavy loss with the Treasury's books in their present shape. Treasurer Burke acknowledges that he is snowed under and that the work of his office is distressingly behind. "The trouble began with the inauguration of a new bookkeeping system in conjunction with Order No. 5, which provided that the daily receipts of the government should be placed with national bank depositaries to the credit of the Treasurer, and that disbursements will be made by warrant or check drawn on the Treasurer, but payable by national bank depositaries, as well as by the Treasurer and sub-Treasurers. "This means that the bank depositaries may cash checks of the various disbursing officers throughout the coun-

Continued on fourth page, fifth column.

MAY BUILD TWENTY RADIUM HOSPITALS

Philanthropist Said To Be Considering Spending Sum of \$15,000,000 on Plan.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Speaking before the House Committee on Mines to-day, Joseph M. Flannery, president of a Pittsburgh chemical company, said that he had a "friend philanthropically inclined," whose name he declined to give, who was considering spending \$15,000,000 building twenty radium hospitals in sections of the country where they would serve 65 per cent of the population. Each would be endowed with five grams of radium, not only for the treatment of cancer, but also for other diseases. He said he expected a decision soon. Flannery intimated under questioning by committee members that the man he was speaking of was neither John D. Rockefeller nor Andrew Carnegie. There was an unconfirmed rumor that it was Henry Phipps, the wealthy Pittsburgh man. Mr. Flannery said his company had spent in three years \$650,000 to produce two grams of radium. The effort had been inspired by the fact that a close relative was afflicted with cancer, he said. The grams cost \$450,000 to produce, he estimated, and brought in \$240,000. "There is enough radium ore in Colorado to supply the world five times over," said Flannery. "Only two hundred grams are needed for the whole United States. I will undertake to deliver to the government in five years from January 1, 1915, two hundred grams of radium at a maximum price of \$60,000 a gram." Flannery declared his experiments showed radium was twenty-five times more valuable than for cancer treatment only. "We have one hundred physicians working with it for other diseases with as great results," he added. Vigorous opposition to the proposal to withdraw radium lands from entry was made by Thomas R. Henahan, State Mining Commissioner of Colorado, who declared such action would ruin the radium mining industry. "All we want is to be left alone," he declared. "We are getting out the radium. If you tie up these lands, prospectors will not go into them. As it is, ninety-nine out of a hundred prospectors fail. What they need is encouragement, not discouragement, if this radium is to be mined."

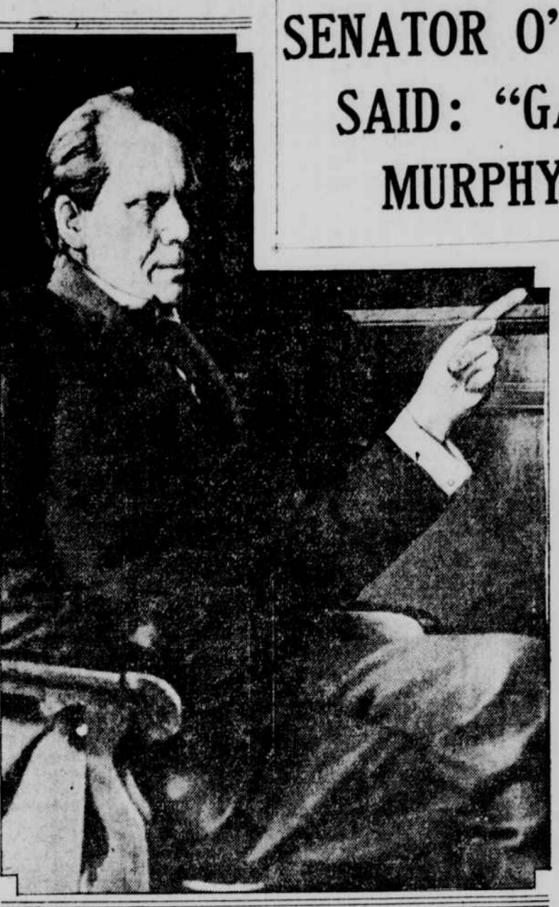
\$100,000 IN FILMS STOLEN BY SYSTEM

Arrests Reveal the Wholesale Theft of Moving Pictures from Big Company.

Thefts of moving picture films worth more than \$100,000 became known yesterday, when Samuel Marcusson, treasurer of the Improved Picture Film Company, of No. 42 East 14th street, was arrested on a charge of receiving stolen goods, and his clerk, Morris Daniels, on a charge of grand larceny. Magistrate Nolan, in the Jefferson Market court, held each in \$5,000 bail for examination to-morrow. The complainant is Harris Busbaum, manager of the branch office of the General Film Company. He complained a short time ago that since November 1 he had lost films valued at \$100,000. He could not explain how he had lost them; all he knew was they were gone from his stock and that the deficit was on the increase. On Tuesday Detectives Van Twilstein, Trojan and Young arrested Martin Gilbert, an office boy, and George Brown, sometimes employed as a messenger in the main office of the General Film Company. Gilbert at the time had a case of films valued at \$800. Later they arrested Alexander Lehrer, manager of the main office of the General Film Company, and locked him up as a material witness in default of \$2,000 bail. From Marcusson's place yesterday the police took films worth \$6,000.

NEWEST WIRELESS FEAT

Signals from Paris Thrown On Screen in London.



SULZER ON STAND IN GRAFT INQUIRY.

ATLANTIC RATE WAR IN SIGHT

Conference Rejects Hamburg-American Demand for Increase in Its Steerage Quota.

Paris, Jan. 21.—The North Atlantic Shipping Conference, which met here to-day, rejected the request of the Hamburg-American Line for an increase in its quota of steerage passengers, which under the present pool is fixed at 43 per cent, against the North German Lloyd's 57 per cent. The increase demanded amounted to another 4 per cent. It was resolved not to disclose anything to the public until the sittings conclude. It was announced that all existing agreements in relation to the pooling of the traffic would expire on January 31. The agreements have to do with freight, passenger and steerage rates. The conferees agreed to make the following declaration public: "The proposals of the Hamburg-American Company have been fully discussed by the North Atlantic Shipping Conference, but it has not been found possible to arrange for any extension of the agreements. "Arrangements have been made between the other companies whereby the conference offices will be continued for statistical purposes, and the rates to be charged by these companies in the future will be governed by conditions as they may arise, the parties continuing to act in accord as far as circumstances permit." The last clause is considered diplomatically worded and as possibly leaving the door open for a resumption of the old relations among all lines.

JOHN D. NOW "FIREPROOF"

New Automobile Apparatus Arrives in Tarrytown.

John D. Rockefeller will probably never have another bad fire on his estate, for he now has the services of the wealthiest and best equipped fire department of any village in the state. The new automobile fire apparatus for Phoenix Hose Company arrived yesterday, giving the villages of Tarrytown and North Tarrytown seven automobile fire fighting machines valued at \$50,000. Had the department been similarly equipped last summer Mr. Rockefeller's large stable could have been saved. It was the burning of his stable that started the movement to increase the efficiency of the local departments. Mr. Rockefeller is gratified at the fine equipment. He recently gave the firemen \$200 and 1,200 feet of hose.

TWO REEL MEN GUILTY

Confess to One Count in Highway Graft Charges.

Warsaw, N. Y., Jan. 21.—Indictments in connection with alleged highway graft in Wyoming County were returned here to-day against Milo Hawley, former chairman of the Democratic County Committee, and William H. Fallon, of Bliss, formerly in charge of state highway maintenance in the county. Both pleaded guilty to one count, larceny, and not guilty on all others. Party workers who spent money, it is alleged, were reimbursed by vouchers from the Highway Department, signed by C. Gordon Reel, at that time Superintendent of Highways.

SENATOR O'GORMAN SAID: "GAFFNEY IS MURPHY'S BAGMAN"

Sulzer, Witness in Graft Probe, Bares Plot of Tammany Boss.

SENATOR READS RIOT ACT TO LEADER

When He Finds That His Client, Stewart, Was Held Up.

HIGHWAY JOB ROW COST WAS HEAVY

Telegram to Canal Board Brought Snarl, "You'll Be H—l of a Governor!"

William Sulzer, former Governor, testifying in the John Doe highways graft inquiry yesterday, swore that United States Senator James A. O'Gorman said to him on March 2, 1913:

"If you appoint Jim Gaffney Commissioner of Highways it will be a disgrace to the State of New York and it will ruin your political career as Governor. Don't you know that Gaffney is Murphy's bagman?"

"Don't you know he is the man Murphy sends out to hold up the contractors?"

"Don't you know he is the man that held up my client, James E. Stewart, for over \$100,000; and he could have got away with it if Stewart had not come to me; and that I went to Murphy, telling him I would not stand for that kind of politics—that he had to stop Gaffney, and that if he didn't stop Gaffney as far as his (O'Gorman's) client was concerned, he would expose him."

Sulzer testified that he was summoned two weeks before his inauguration to Delmonico's by Murphy because he had by telegraph held up the Canal Board's reelection of James E. Stewart's bids—the lowest by "thousands and thousands of dollars"—and that he was told by Murphy:

"I am attending to this matter, and I want you to keep your hands off. Didn't O'Gorman get you to do this? If you are going to begin this way I can see where you are going to end as Governor."

Murphy to Governor. Sulzer told Murphy he was going to BE GOVERNOR. Murphy retorted:

"You would make a hell of a Governor! You are going to be Governor! Like hell you are!"

At a dinner in Sulzer's honor in the Waldorf the Gaffney matter was brought up by Senator O'Gorman, and the latter said: "You never did a more honest or honorable thing in your life."

Sulzer testified that Attorney General Carmody agreed that Stewart's bids were the lowest, but he got only one contract out of three.

Sulzer testified that during the impeachment proceedings John H. Delaney, Commissioner of Economy and Efficiency, came to him from Murphy and assured him that Murphy would quit the impeachment campaign and would have Senators Wagner, Frawley, Sanner and Ramsperger quit if Sulzer would make John A. Hennessy halt his investigation.

Sulzer was on the stand for ten hours. Senator O'Gorman will be asked to testify this week, probably to-morrow. Sulzer to Grand Jury.

This afternoon Sulzer will give testimony before the special Supreme Court grand jury to tell of Gaffney's visit to Stewart's office.

District Attorney Whitman would not say whether the testimony dealing with the alleged offer from Murphy through Delaney to call off the impeachment will be used in a criminal prosecution. He also refused to say whether he will call Murphy and Delaney in the present John Doe proceedings.

Mr. Whitman conducted the examination all the way through, and the testimony amounted to almost fifteen thousand words. It was the "great human document" that the former Governor had promised when he finished his chapter of revelations prior to the last election, and his attitude on the stand showed he realized the importance of what he was saying.

In speaking of conversations with Murphy and with Senator O'Gorman he took great care to introduce the emphasis and gestures the others used.

Sulzer was the only witness yesterday. He will resume the stand for a short time Friday.

What Sulzer Testified. The examination of the ex-Governor was in full as follows:

Q.—You were elected Governor of the State of New York in 1912, and you became Governor on January 1 the following year? A.—Yes, sir. Q.—You are here under subpoena, Governor Sulzer? A.—Yes, sir. Q.—And before testifying you have waived immunity? A.—Yes, sir. Q.—Of your own free will and at your own request? A.—Yes. In that connection I want to say that I have no information that I care to conceal and cer-

PRINCE OF CHURCH DENOUNCES TANGO

Cardinal Aristide Cavallari Denies Absolution to Those Who Dance It.

Venice, Jan. 21.—Cardinal Aristide Cavallari, the successor of the present Pope as Patriarch of Venice, in an episcopal letter worded more strongly than any of those so far published with reference to the tango, condemns the dance as "moral turpitude," and adds: "It is revolting and disgusting. Only those persons who have lost all moral sense can endure it. It is the shame of our days. Whoever persists in it commits a sin." The Cardinal orders all ecclesiastics to deny absolution to those who, having danced the tango, do not promise to discontinue the practice. The pronouncement acquires importance in that it is believed here to have been inspired by the Pontiff himself.

O'GORMAN MUM ON SULZER

Senator Won't Discuss Ex-Governor's Testimony Now.

Senator O'Gorman was out of town yesterday, so that interviewers could not reach him for his comment on Sulzer's testimony. The Senator lives at No. 318 West 108th street, and three reporters were met by his secretary, Mr. Oliver, who said that the Senator had told him he had no statement to make now in view of the fact that he expects to be called in the John Doe proceedings.

Mr. Oliver said that he expected Senator O'Gorman to be back in the city to-day.

AUTO A FLYING TORCH

Speeding Limousine All Ablaze Imperils Fifth Avenue Traffic.

A limousine automobile racing up Fifth avenue, between 44th and 45th streets, last evening, the body almost entirely enveloped in flames, caused a stampede among other vehicles, and for a time threatened serious injury to pedestrians at the crossings. The blazing automobile was shunted into 45th street when the firemen arrived. The car was almost totally destroyed, the damage being about \$5,000.

The automobile was the property of Mrs. I. Gimbel, of No. 35 West 73d street.

GIVES HIMSELF UP ON MURDER CHARGE

Schafer, Accused in Martin Mystery, Surrenders—Dougherty Orders Police Silence.

A man walked into the West 47th street police station early this morning, said his name was Schafer, and that he wanted to give himself up, as he understood he was wanted for the murder of William Grieve Martin, of Toronto, who was found beaten to death at No. 453 West 57th street on August 13 last.

Deputy Commissioner Dougherty was communicated with, and he ordered that the man be sent to Police Headquarters and no information given out. Three days after the murder Dougherty said he would make an arrest "within an hour." At that time he sought Harry Schafer, alias Schafer, alias Murray and "Mike" Sirocco, alias Santo. Dougherty hopes to land Sirocco soon.