



GERMANY DECLARES WAR ON RUSSIA;
FRANCE PREPARES TO JOIN HER ALLY;
ITALY QUITS THE TRIPLE ALLIANCE

LATEST NEWS OF THE WAR.

Berlin, Aug. 1.—The German Emperor declared war on Russia at 7:30 p. m., two hours after signing an order mobilizing the army. The last line of reserves has been called up, bringing the strength of the Kaiser's forces to close upon four million men.

Paris, Aug. 1.—General mobilization was ordered to-day and placarded in the streets. The council of ministers was still sitting at midnight and at its conclusion a declaration of war against Germany will doubtless be issued, in accordance with the terms of the Dual Alliance.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 1.—Count von Pourtales, German Ambassador to Russia, left for Berlin to-night, after delivering the Kaiser's declaration of war. Martial law was declared. Germany's declaration was received with great enthusiasm.

Rome, Aug. 1.—Italy has announced her intention of remaining neutral in the war between Germany and Russia. This definitely breaks the Triple Alliance, which has existed for more than a generation.

London, Aug. 1.—Great Britain's position has been defined by Premier Asquith—namely, that she is under no formal obligation to join France. Her immense fleet is now in the North Sea, covering German ports, and she is entirely prepared for eventualities.

Vienna, Aug. 1.—It is believed that Turkey has an understanding with Germany and may eventually attack Servia on the south.

Washington, Aug. 1.—Germany, Great Britain, France and Austria have asked the United States to represent them in the warring capitals.

U. S. TRANSPORTS FOR RELIEF OF MAROONED AMERICAN TOURISTS

Wilson and Bryan Hold Night Conference Over Plight of Men and Women Practically Without Funds.

MAY SEND SHIPLOAD OF GOLD

Thousands in London Helpless Through Refusal to Honor Checks or Letters of Credit—Even Bank of England Notes Declined—Only Gold or Silver Accepted.

Washington, Aug. 1.—Active measures for the relief of the many thousands of Americans in distress in Europe for lack of money or means to return home have been begun by President Wilson and Secretary Bryan, who conferred to-night on plans for getting money to citizens abroad.

The administration has under consideration the sending of army and navy transports to Europe to bring American refugees home, and a special request to Congress for an appropriation is expected to be made.

Cable messages from Americans abroad were received by The Associated Press last night suggesting action by the American government of some character that would assist them to return home. A message from Howard Carroll, a New York author and business man, sent in his own behalf and that of other Americans and dated Dover, England, recites the plight in which they find themselves by reason of the paralysis of transatlantic passenger service. It follows:

"The alarm and excitement among Americans anxious to return home cannot be exaggerated. Permit me through The Associated Press to suggest that in this crisis the United States government make such representations to the European powers as will insure for passenger steamers sailing for ports of the United States a truce of from six to eight weeks pending the return of Americans to their homes. Otherwise incalculable hardships will be imposed upon an army of innocent people, whose only fault is that they have visited Europe, as usual, to spend countless sums of money."

This Morning's News.

THE EUROPEAN WAR CRISIS.
Germany Declares War on Russia... 1
Italy Forsakes Her Allies... 1
Bankers Fear Gold Exports... 1
Bank Act May Be Suspended... 1
Austria Sends Envoys to Treasury... 1
Refuse Ship and Gold Insurance... 1
German Ships Held in Port... 1
Marine Bill Ready for House... 1
LOCAL.
Roosevelt Hears Maryland Is His... 9
War Puts Crimp in N. Y. Politics... 9
Doctor's Wife Killed in Crash... 10
GENERAL.
Wilson Pleads with Railroads... 9
Villa to Make War on Carranza... 9
Railroads Get Fraction of Rate Raise... 10
Rates Decision Means High Fare... 10
FOREIGN.
Americans Leave Continent for Eng-land... 6
London Calms as War Approaches... 6
Young Shakh Took Oath in Splendor... 6
Lower Death Rate in Europe's War... 6
English Propose Ministry of Art... 6
Albion's Foes in Moving Pictures... 6
Gambling Fever Persades London... 6
London Bobby Has Much to Learn... 6
Wonders of Natural History Shown... 6
Daniel G. Reid Hopeful for U. S... 7
Tourists See Berlin's War Fever... 7
Scientists Lose Faith in Ulvivi... 7
Author Punished for Alsace Work... 7
Annual Wagner Festival... 7
Suite Given in Russian Army... 7
Rank to Reward German Fathers... 7
MISCELLANEOUS.
Police, Fire Dept... 5
Army and Navy... 5
Editorial... 5
Sporting Section... Part 2
Shipping and Weather—Part 2... 6
Real Estate—Part 4... 1, 2, and 3
Financial—Part 4... 4 and 5
Schools—Part 4... 6

FEAR PREMIUM FOR GOLD HERE

Bankers Planning Means to Avert High Rates for Coin Due to War.

EMERGENCY MONEY IS ARRANGED FOR

Clearing House May Issue Certificates if Currency Becomes Scarce.

Wall Street devoted its attentions and its efforts yesterday to taking steps to protect the country's stock of gold and prevent a money panic such as paralyzed the trade of the country in 1907.

To this end the leading foreign exchange brokers met to discuss plans. Other bankers were arranging for the issuance of emergency currency, and these two groups, with others, talked over the issuance of Clearing House certificates if it was found this could legally be done. Arrangements were made to meet with Treasury officials in Washington and arrange for co-operation. The President is expected to take part in the discussion. Little attempt was made to reveal the tenor of the situation. There was still hope that war might yet be averted until well into the afternoon, when a cable from a prominent international banker, now in London, to his firm here was received. The house in question has connections in Europe that lead into the chancelleries and council rooms, and when this message, for which many persons waited, was decoded, hope was abandoned.

"The British Foreign Office," the translation read, "considers the situation absolutely hopeless." It was then 3 o'clock New York time, and allowing for the difference in time between London and New York (five hours), and for the time used in transmission and decoding, it was seen that the cable must have been filed around 7 o'clock, or an hour after Germany's time limit to Russia had expired.

The outflow of gold brings to mind the possibility that it will continue to the point where the yellow metal would command a premium, and while this is, as yet, only a possibility, bankers would not be bankers if they did not look far ahead and avert the worst by being prepared for it. Outwardly there was nothing about the financial district to indicate that conditions were other than normal. Only those who were of Wall Street noted more leaders in the financial world hurrying to and from conferences than are ordinarily to be seen in the district on all the Saturdays of the summer and a few more plain-clothed and uniformed policemen.

The only excitement was caused by the procession of gold-laden mail trucks in the afternoon, their presence at the Sub-Treasury drawing a crowd. Not a banker in Wall Street yesterday—and the offices were full of them—would, for publication, discuss the

ITALY REFUSES TO HELP HER ALLIES

Says Triple Alliance Binds Her to Fight Only in Defensive War, and That Austro-Servian Conflict Is an Offensive One on Part of Dual Monarchy.

Rome, Aug. 1.—The Italian government to-day made it plain that it did not intend to be dragged into a European war on account of the treaty which is supposed to bind the Triple Alliance. The attitude of the government is that the convention with Germany and Austria affects Italy only in the event of a defensive war in which either of the other parties may be engaged.

That the war between Austria-Hungary and Servia is an offensive one on the part of the Dual Monarchy in the opinion of the Italian Ministry is clearly stated in an inspired article which appeared in the "Messaggero" to-day. The German Ambassador to Italy to-day asked concerning Italy's position in the event of a war between Germany and Austria-Hungary on the one side and Russia and France on the other.

According to the "Messaggero," the Marquis di San Giuliano, Italian Foreign Minister, after a conference with Premier Salandra, replied that Italy would remain neutral. The newspaper adds that this neutrality may not last until the end of the war, but that Italy will stand aloof as long as she is convinced that her interests are not being infringed. Meanwhile the Italian government is preparing to meet any eventuality. About 500,000 soldiers are under arms, including those who can be withdrawn from Tripoli and other places. All the fortifications along the north-eastern frontier have been hurriedly put into war condition and squadrons

WILSON TO STAND ALOOF.

Will Not Take Steps for Mediation in Europe.

Washington, Aug. 1.—From an authoritative source it was learned late to-night that President Wilson was strongly disinclined to take any steps toward mediation in Europe and, in line with the traditional policy of the United States, would pursue a course of absolute non-interference.

As American diplomats abroad have been active on their own initiative, hounding out the various governments about peace measures, cautionary telegrams were sent to all legations and embassies requesting that no steps of importance in this direction be taken without previous consultation with the Washington government.

For the present the attitude of the United States will be that of a neutral observer, and unless it appears that the contending powers would accept a tender of good offices and mediation no formal effort will be made by the United States toward a pacific settlement.

FRANCE ARMS FOR WAR ON GERMANY

Mobilization Is Rushed After Answer Is Made to Kaiser's Envoy.

MINISTERS CONVENE FOR DECLARATION

Russia Officially Informs Its Ally That Berlin Government Has Begun War.

Paris, Aug. 2.—At 2 o'clock this morning the Council of Ministers summoned by the President were still deliberating.

Paris, August 1.—The Russian Ambassador, M. Iswolsky, called on Premier Viviani at 11 o'clock to-night and officially informed him that Germany had declared war on Russia. As soon as the news of Germany's declaration of war was received in Paris the Council of Ministers was summoned to meet at the Elysee Palace. As by the terms of the Dual Alliance France is bound to go to the assistance of Russia if the latter is attacked, a declaration of war against Germany is expected to be issued at the close of the meeting.

An unconfirmed rumor says Premier Viviani has made changes in the French Cabinet whereby Théophile Delcassé becomes Minister of War and Georges Clemenceau, the ex-Premier, joins the ministry. The course of diplomatic events which took place since yesterday afternoon can be stated briefly as follows: Baron von Schoen, the German Ambassador to France, called on the French Premier, Rene Viviani, at 7 o'clock yesterday evening and formally notified him that Germany had addressed an ultimatum to Russia, desiring to know by 12 o'clock to-day whether the St. Petersburg government would discontinue the mobilization of the Russian army.

RIVAL FLEETS NEAR

Antwerp, Aug. 1.—A dispatch from Flushing, Netherlands, to "Le Metropole" says that a tug met in the North Sea to-night seventeen units of the German fleet, proceeding towards the Skagerrak with lights out. Later they turned back. At the present time there are several British squadrons cruising north of Flushing.

TRY TO CUT CABLE

German Destroyers Unsuccessful Off Denmark. Copenhagen, Aug. 1.—German torpedo boat destroyers operating outside the Danish Sea territory made an unsuccessful attempt to-day to cut the cable communication to Russia by way of Roslevig, Denmark. The Fehmarn Belt is crowded with German dreadnoughts and other big warships, which are accompanied by transport vessels. A number of Russian vessels also have been observed in the vicinity.

KAISER MOBILIZES TO HIS LAST MAN; 4,000,000 IN ARMS

France by Terms of Dual Alliance Cannot Now Stand Aside—Cabinet Sits All Night.

SHOTS EXCHANGED ON FRONTIER

Enthusiasm Grows in St. Petersburg at Prospect of Fighting the German—Great British Fleet Commands All North Sea Ports.

London, Aug. 1.—Germany declared war on Russia at 7:30 o'clock this evening.

France is expected to declare war on Germany before midnight, as required by the terms of the Dual Alliance.

An official telegram received in London from St. Petersburg announced the declaration of war.

At the same time as the news of the declaration of war came the news that Germany was mobilizing her entire army, including the last line of reserves, which will give them approximately 4,000,000 men in the field.

France has ordered official mobilization, and the streets of Paris were placarded at 4 o'clock this afternoon with the official government announcements of mobilization.

England's first fleet of 28 battleships, 14 battle-cruisers, 7 cruisers and 73 destroyers, which sailed westward two days ago under sealed orders, is now in the North Sea in a position to establish a blockade of all German North Sea ports the minute England is drawn into the war.

RAILWAYS COMMANDEERED.

A telegram from Boulogne says the French government has taken possession of all the telephone and telegraph lines of the country and has seized all the northern and eastern railroad lines for military purposes.

Roughly, a line drawn from Boulogne to Paris and from Paris to Basle, in Switzerland, shows the lines now commandeered for military purposes and shows the purposes of France.

France has been proceeding as quietly and as secretly as possible for the last four days with her mobilization preparations, and now has practically ready for the field an army of 680,000 men, with approximately 300,000 on the eastern frontier.

Germany meanwhile has been concentrating a huge army at Metz, and in the expectation of a French attack has cut all telephone and telegraph wires at the frontier and has torn up the railroad lines for several miles east of the frontier.

AUSTRIAN EMBASSY BUSY.

This afternoon the Austrian Embassy in London sent cables to Austrian consuls all over the world saying that Germany was mobilizing and instructing Austrian consuls to issue passports free to all Austrian and German reservists homeward bound for service.

Meanwhile France, like Germany, is mobilizing to its last line of reserve. Hundreds of Frenchmen and Germans in London received cables this afternoon ordering them home for service, and the night trains for the Continent are crowded with returning reservists. The Calais-Dover service between France and England has stopped, as has the Dover-Ostend service to Belgium. All the Belgian and Holland railroad lines have been commandeered for military service, while no trains on any lines are allowed to cross the line into German territory.

France is calling on England to supply hundreds of men to take the places of French government employes drafted into military service, chiefly for telegraphs and telephones. These calls for men began this afternoon at 4 o'clock, and the night trains were packed with Englishmen going to work for France.

All telephone communication between England and France was cut off this afternoon, but telegraph communication remained partially open. All telephone and telegraph communication between France, Germany, Belgium, Italy and Spain was cut off.

ENGLAND UNOFFICIALLY MOBILIZING.

England is unofficially mobilizing, but reserves of all classes both naval and military, have received orders to be prepared to report to their posts at any hour, and posts for reporting have been secretly assigned.

The final rupture came in consequence of the German ultimatums to France and Russia, which were officially described as "notes," but were practically ultimatums. Germany demanded that Russia cease mobilization in twelve hours, and demanded to know what stand France would take in case of war with Germany.

Russia's time for answer in both cases expired at noon to-day, which gave France ten hours for reply. The German Am-