THE NEWS OF THE THEATRES

Why This Will Be a Great Season for Melodrama.

"THE DANCING" CO. TO HAVE A HOLIDAY

"The Pretty Mrs. Smith" Postponed at the Casino for a Week.

This is going to be a great year for melodrama. If you can't read this assurance in the stars you certainly can by taking a glance at the galleries of the four theatres in town where melodrama is now holding forth—the Manhattan, with "The Story of the Rosary"; the Candler, with "On Trial"; the Eltinge, with "Innocent," and the Cort, with "Under Cover." A glimpse at the gallery of any one of these theatres any night will convince you that the "gods" are neither dead nor sleeping.

Among a great many other feats, disastrous and otherwise, which the European war has already accomplished, it has brought the New York public, excited and overfed on war extras for the past five weeks, to a condition where, when they go to the theatre, they now demand elemental things. They demand red blood in their drama now as they have not done in many seasons. Financial plays and society dramas are likely to find it very hard going, for the present, at least. For the moment money, society and psychology have lost their stage lure, at least. Farces will weather the storm provided they are funny enough, for there never yet was a troublous time when a good laugh was not valued above rubies. But the wise managers this season will be those who provide their public with something at which they can laugh their cares away, or else a drama with brawn and sinews in it, which will fit in with these troublous times.

The first rehearsal of Selwyn & Co.'s production of "The Salamander," by Owen Johnson, will take place at the Fulton Theatre next Monday morning. But to achieve this result, a sort of international roll call was necessary. Leslie Faber, one member of the cast, has just arrived from London; Albert Bruning hastened here from Switzerland; A. E. Anson came all the way from Devonshire just before mobilization began. Beverly Sitgreaves was fortunate enough to leave Germany about two weeks before hositilities were declared. Janet Dunbar was one of the few members in the cast who did not take a European trip this summer. She was called to rehearsal by a notice received in Newfoundland.

Owing to alterations in the production, it was found necessary yesterday to postpone the opening performance by Fritzi Scheff in "Pretty Mrs. Smith" at the Casino Theatre, which was announced for Monday night. The piece was produced in Albany and found to be too long. As there was so little time left to make the required condensations it was decided to defer the opening in New York at least a week. The date will be announced later.

A cable message was received from London by George C. Tyler, of the Liebler company, yesterday stating that Mme. Nazimova and her husband sailed to-day for New York.

Clifford Brook, who arrived here some some weeks ago for the purpose of making the production of Basil MacDonald Hastings's new play for Nazimova, will begin rehearsals as soon as the latter arrives in New York. Mr. Hastings is expected in October.

The special company of "The Dummy," which opens in Atlantic City tomorrow night, will play the matinee performance to-day at the Hudson Theatre, the cast consisting of Georgie Mack, Frank Campeau, Clare Weldon, Mary Stockwell, William Holden, Joseph Conyers, William Bonelli, Joseph R. Garry, Percy J. Moore, Arthur Vinton, Curt Karpe and little Ethel Downie. The regular New York company will play the evening performance.

William A. Brady yesterday engaged Jane Corcoran, Lillian Page and Josephine Drake for the cast of the new Thompson Buchanan melodrama, "Life," to be produced six weeks hence if it can be made ready in the interval. The scene painters, carpenters and property makers have already been at work for four weeks, and are now busy in night and day shifts.

Managers Lee and J. J. Shubert have donated the Lyric Theatre for a matinee performance to be given by A. E. Anson and Miss Charlotte Granville in aid of the Red Cross, two weeks from Monday. Mr. Anson and Miss Granville will then produce a new play entitled "Strangers Within the Gates," by H. C. M. Hardinge.

Here's a dark managerial horse! "Vivienne Whittaker is the latest addition to the cast of 'Evidence,' the drama which is soon to be presented in New York by an anonymous management. Rehearsals have already begun in this city, and the out of town opening will take place at an early date."

BELATED GOLF ENTRIES

Ten More Women to Compete in Nassau Tourney.

Belated entries to the number of ten have been received for the woman's national golf championship, which will begin on Monday over the links of the Nassau Country Club. There are three names which are well known in districts other than their own, Mrs. H. Arnold Jackson, of Oakley, the woman's Eastern champion; Miss Caroline Painter, of Midlothian, formerly Western titleholder, and Mrs. C. H. Vanderbeck, of Philadelphia.

The additional entries follow:

Mrs. H. Arnold Jackson, Oakley; Miss Caroline Painter, Midlothian; Mrs. C. H. Vanderbeck, Philadelphia Cricket Club; Mrs. Wilson S. Kinnear, Sleepy Hollow; Miss Catharine H. Davis, Philadelphia Cricket; Mrs. Milton Harold, Philmont; Miss Eleanor Chandler, Buntingdon Valley; Miss Grace Farrelly, Englewood; Miss May Bell, Philadelphia Cricket, and Mrs. S. P. Jahwin, Nassau.

This brings the total number of entries to ninety-three, within three of the record.

Wilson Goes to Cornish.

Washington, Sept. 11.—President Wilson left here at 5:35 p. m. for the summer White House at Cornish, N. H., where he expects to arrive to-morrow afternoon. His cousins, the Misses Smith, of New Orleans, accompanied him. While taking a week-end rest the President will consider his answers to Emperor William's message and to President Poincaré's reply to the Emperor's charges.

FETE AID FOR RED CROSS

Blanche Bates Among Those Who Help Fund.

More than one thousand people attended an outdoor entertainment given in Mt. Kisco yesterday to aid the Red Cross in its European work. The performance took place at the Brookside Greek Theatre, on the estate of Colonel Leonard, and was under the auspices of the Bedford Hills division of the Westchester County chapter.

The entertainment was furnished by Blanche Bates, supported by Walter Hampden and Elsie Leslie, under the direction of Morris Gest. The selections were from "Madame Butterfly." A new sketch, called "The Girl," by Edward Peple, also was produced.

The women in charge of the arrangements were Mrs. Henry Marquand, Mrs. Seth Low, Mrs. Hamilton Hoppin and Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, jr.

MISSING BANKER FOUND

Wandering in Harlem, He Was Unable to Tell Name.

Charles O Andrus, seventy-two years old, a banker living in Roselle, N. J., was found wandering in the neighborhood of Madison av. and 118th st. late last evening, unable to tell his name. When informed that he was at Madison av. and 118th st. Andrus replied that he had never heard of it before.

Later he was able to explain his identity and was sent to Bellevue for observation. The Roselle police reported the disappearance of Andrus a day or two ago.

WILSON'S SECOND VETO MESSAGE

Objects to Postal Savings Deposits in Banks Not in Reserve System.

[From The Tribune Bureau.]

Washington, Sept. 11.—President Wilson's second veto message, in which he disapproves a section of the bill authorizing the increase of the maximum limit of postal savings deposits from $500 to $1,000, was sent to Congress to-day.

The President's objection to the measure is that it permits the deposit of postal savings funds in state banks not in the Federal Reserve system. He said in his message:

"When the Federal Reserve act was passed it was thought wise to make the inducements to state banks to enter the Federal Reserve system as many and as strong as possible. It was, therefore, provided in that act that government funds should be deposited only in banks which were members of the Federal Reserve system. The principle of such a provision is sound and indisputable. The moneys under the control of the government ought to be placed only in the banks which are most directly under the supervision and regulation of the Congress itself.

"It was recognized, also, that the scattering of government deposits in small amounts among too large a number of banks would in time of stress be of decided disadvantage to the Federal Reserve system, which seeks as much as possible to mobilize the financial resources of the country under one control. The bill which I now return repeals that provision so far as it might apply to funds accumulated in the hands of the government under the postal savings system. It is in this provision of the bill that I find myself unable to concur.

"It is my clear conviction, very respectfully urged and submitted, that as a matter of principle, as well as of policy, we should strengthen nd safeguard the new banking system very jealously, with a view to the ultimate unification of the entire banking system of the country under the supervision of the Federal Reserve Board. It would, in my judgment, be a grave mistake to take away any of the benefits or advantages held out by the present law to member banks to enter the system—and take them away just as the system is about to be put into operation and the promises of the act of last December made good to the banks that have entered."

BURLESON FROWNS ON STATE POLITICS

Federal Officeholders Get Hint to Keep Out of Local Fight.

Quiet intimations are said to have been received by federal officeholders in this state that they must refrain from taking any active part in the factional political fight now in progress.

A certain postmaster, who was appointed at the instance of the anti-Murphy Democrats, said yesterday that a postoffice inspector, while ostensibly engaged in his regular work, had opened up the subject of politics. He approached the subject indirectly, but finally said in effect that the "Man in Washington" would not approve of the postmasters permitting the use of his name in the fight. He asked that the word be passed on to the postmaster in the next town.

Dudley Field Malone, Collector of the Port, who is the most shining example of political activity in public office, said last night.

"I know of no such order sent to federal officeholders. Certainly I have received none, and I suspect some of the gentlemen interested in the continuance of the present leadership of the Democracy in this state are trying to create a false impression."

Denying that he had cancelled a number of speaking dates because of the desire of the President, Mr. Malone said the only one he had was in Buffalo last night with John A. Hennessy. He sent a message praising Hennessy and Franklin D. Roosevelt.

Atlantic City, Sept. 11.—The postmasters of New Jersey, in convention here to-day, were given a surprise when a letter from Postmaster General Burleson was read asserting that he believed greater efficiency could be obtained if heads of departments remained in Washington instead of appearing as speakers before organizations of employes.

The postmasters took the text of the letter as indicative of a disposition on the part of the Postmaster General not to favor organization within the service. He was invited by the association of postmasters to send a representative of the department to Atlantic City to make an address.

Drowns After Wife's Example.

Brooding because his wife several weeks ago committed suicide, Roderick M. Bowman, of West Pawling, Putnam County, followed her example and drowned himself in the Hudson River, off Philipstown, yesterday. Before plunging off the barge Bessie he wrote to his brother, Edgar Bowman, of Copake, N. Y., a note which read: "Nellie is gone, so I might as well go the same way." Mrs. Bowman drowned herself at Clayton, N. Y., last June in a fit of depression, while recovering from a nervous breakdown.

NEW START TO-DAY FOR RELIEF SHIP

Red Cross Hopes to Get Vessel Away Without Another Hitch.

PRINCE OF WALES FUND HERE GROWS

$30,550 Received for European War Relief—Branches in Many Cities.

The newest bulletin about the relief ship Red Cross, issued at 6 o'clock last evening, was that she would sail for Europe at 9 o'clock this morning. Miss Mabel Boardman, Captain Armistead Rust and Major Robert Hugh Patterson all vouched for this. But as Bernard M. Baker, of Baltimore, who brought his grandson, Thomas B. Harrison, from that city last Saturday that the boy might hoist the Stars and Stripes on the boat at the moment of sailing, and who has been waiting here ever since—as Mr. Baker said last night, so many unexpected hitches have happened that another wouldn't be surprising. Everything is in readiness, however, for a 9 o'clock start.

The new crew boarded the steamer late yesterday afternoon—170 sailors and engine room men, mostly American-born, and 100 negro cooks and stewards from the Old Dominion Line. Those members of the old crew who are Americans or citizens of other neutral nations were permitted to remain. The rest of the old crew was sent off on a Hamburg-American tug. They all went quietly, receiving their pay—pay for the few days they had worked only—with a "Thank you, sir." But there were some sad faces among them as they went off the ship with their few possessions in boxes or bundles.

"All I haf in the world iss the $7 they haf paid me," said one little stewardess, "and I haf not a friend in New York."

One thousand stretchers for the American Hospital in Paris, a thousand pounds of absorbent cotton and a few other medical supplies were put on the steamer yesterday. Her cargo is now complete.

Miss Boardman said she did not think the Red Cross would send out another relief ship. Miss Jane A. Delano, chairman of the general committee on nursing of the American Red Cross, has a number of available nurses on her list, and Major Patterson, who will return with the Red Cross, has plenty of surgeons ready to volunteer. But whether they can be sent depends on how the money contributions come in, and if they are sent, Miss Boardman said, they will go on regular passenger steamships.

The Prince of Wales National Relief Fund has organized branch offices in many cities of the United States in order to facilitate the collection of funds. At the office of the secretary, R. M. Stuart Wortley, 25 Broad st., it was announced that the total receipts are now $30,550.

The fund for the American Ambulance Hospital in Paris yesterday passed the $30,000 mark. Clarence Fahnestock made the largest gift, $1,000. The need for funds is pressing, as the wounded are beginning to pour into Paris from the battlefields. The sufferers of all countries are cared for impartially in the American hospital. Subscriptions should be sent to J. P. Morgan & Co., 23 Wall st.

Among the subscriptions announced yesterday were: William J. Carr, $25; $25; T. T. Goff, $50; Mrs. J. Montgomery Sears, $100; A. W. Hollister, $25; Mrs. J. D. Cameron Bradley, $100; Mrs. Frank B. Porter, $100; Mortimer L. Schiff, $500; Mrs. Frederic Winthrop, $100; J. W. Cassidy, $100; Miss Nina Rhodes, $25; Mrs. M. W. Kimball, $100; Clarence Fahnestock, $1,000; Alexander J. Bruen, $100.

The women's committee for the Century Opera House benefit Monday and Tuesday sold several hundred dollars' worth of tickets yesterday, which with the sale of Red Cross packets by the actress brigade the day before insures a full house.

At the British Imperial Club, 108 East 30th st., the committee for the collection and shipping of clothing to the destitute in Great Britain made an appeal for common sense articles. Mrs. John S. Muir, president of the club, asked especially for gifts of undergarments and stockings A special finance committee was appointed to supervise the work of raising money. The members are Pryce Goodwin, Kanna Lawson and John S. Muir.

The European war relief fund raised by the American Red Cross through the New York state board now totals $106,878 33. Jacob H. Schiff, president of the board, received yesterday contributions amounting to $3,320 55.

Among the checks received were: L. F. Dommerich & Co., $1,000; "A Friend" (through Corn Exchange Bank), $300; through "The Staats-Zeitung," $239 85; Miss Mollie O'Hara, $200; through "The Independent," $176 50; proceeds tag day at Bay Head, N. J., $143 20; entertainment at Hurricane Lodge, $110; A. A. Raven, Phœbe S. St. Clair, Gerard Beekman, W. P. Willis & Co., Fried, Mendelson & Co. and Thomas A. Edison, $100 each.

SOCIETY DANCES FOR HOSPITAL.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

Babylon, N. Y., Sept. 11.—The annual costume ball of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the South Side Hospital at Babylon was held to-night at the Brightwaters Casino, Bay Shore. About 350 members of the South Shore social set danced to music by Europe's orchestra.

The floor committee was composed of August Belmont, jr., Frank Sutton, Dr. William B. Savage, Uriel R. Murdock, Raymond D. Little, James R. Hyde and Grosvenor Nicholas.

The patronesses were Mrs. Dallas Gilbert Bray, Mrs. S. Aldrich, Mrs. H. C. Dickenson, Mrs. R. G. Duval, Mrs. David Bray, Mrs. Richard T. Dana, Mrs. James Waterbury Eaton, Mrs. W. E. Hawkins, Mrs. Samuel Wagstaff, Mrs. Daniel Woodbury Wynkoop, Mrs. Alfred Wagstaff, whose daughter, Miss Margaret, will be the bride to-morrow of John Fairchild Adams; Mrs. J. Iver Plumb, Mrs. Roger M. Menton and Mrs. Webster C. Estes.

SULZER WANTS DEBATE

Tells Davenport He's Only Part Progressive.

William Sulzer has challenged Frederick M. Davenport, with whom he is fighting for the Progressive nomination for Governor, to a series of joint debates on these propositions:

"That William Sulzer is a pioneer Progressive and stands squarely for all Progressive policies and principles, and his record of six years in the Legislature and eighteen years in Congress proves it beyond successful contradiction."

"That Frederick M. Davenport is only a partial Progressive, and has repudiated the essential principles of the Progressive platform, and his record proves that he is not now and never has been a real Progressive.

"Plain Bill" offers to take the affirmative of these propositions and in forty-five minutes vanquish his opponent.

COLD STORAGE GUILTLESS

Produce Paper Says Food Evils Are Imaginary.

In an editorial upon the Attorney General's promised campaign against cold storage men, "The New York Produce Review and American Creamery" this week says:

"The State Attorney General can waste a great deal of the people's money and put many a man to a useless sacrifice of time by bringing prosecution for imaginary evils. He will find ultimately that he was barking up the wrong tree, and all his agitation might be saved if the studies already made and published as to the use and function of cold storage were known to our administrative and prosecuting departments."

The report of the United States Department of Agriculture of the percentages of deliveries from warehouses after ten months' storage is quoted in the editorial as follows: Fresh beef, 99.7 per cent; fresh mutton, 99.5 per cent; fresh pork, 99.9 per cent; dressed poultry, 98.9 per cent; butter, 97.8 per cent, and eggs, 99.9 per cent.

HIGH FOOD UP TO IDLE

Dealer in Mutton Blames City "Loafers" for Meat Prices.

Unemployed men, who prefer loafing on park benches, were held responsible for the high cost of living by Moses Sanders, president of the New York Beef and Mutton Company, at yesterday's session of the inquiry before Justice Benedict, in the County Court, Brooklyn.

In his testimony Mr. Sanders said that the upstate farmers could not get farmhands. "Men who are harbored and fed at night by the charitable institutions of Manhattan, who are unemployed because they absolutely refuse to work, are directly responsible for the high cost of living. Farmers of New York State have practically quit raising lamb and mutton because they could not get men to do the labor incidental to raising animals used for food.

"Prior to 1910 New York State produced something like 250,000 sheep a year, and last year the supply droppeti to something like 5,000," he added.

ROMANCE WRECKED BY TOO MUCH ART

A. Z. Baker, Who Left Wife to Elope, Sues for Second Divorce.

Alfred Z. Baker, an artist, yesterday filed a petition for divorce in the New Jersey Chancery Court at Jersey City. His wife, with whom he eloped nine years ago, was Miss Helen Newell, daughter of Peter Newell, the comic artist, of Leonia, N. J. Miss Newell was then eighteen years of age and Baker had a wife in New York.

Incompatibility was the reason stated by Baker in his petition.

"I am an artist," he declared, "and she is an artist's daughter. Our temperaments could not agree. We were at odds over everything."

In February, 1905, it became known that Helen Newell had disappeared from her home in Leonia. Two years before Baker and his wife spent several months in that town. Newell observed that his daughter had become infatuated with Baker and warned her against him, but clandestine meetings continued.

Putting on three suits of clothing and a cloak to conceal the bulkiness of her attire, Miss Newell one day told her parents she was going to Englewood to keep a dentist's appointment. When next heard from she was in Paris with Baker.

In 1908 they returned to this country, Baker's wife having divorced him, and three years after the elopement Miss Newell and Baker were married by a justice of the peace in Jersey City. Four years ago Baker attracted attention when he sought to have the New Jersey Legislature enact a law legitimatizing children born out of wedlock. For the last two years the Bakers have been separated. They have a son seven years old and a daughter of four.

Time Curtain Rises To-day

AFTERNOON.

2:00—Wars of the World....Hippodrome
Passing Show 1914..Winter Garden
Girl from Utah.....Knickerbocker
Story of the Rosary....Manhattan
2:10—The Beautiful Adventure..Lyceum
2:15—Potash & Perlmutter.....Grand
Under Cover.....Cort
The Bludgeon.....Maxine Elliott's
The Third Party.....39th St.
It Pays to Advertise.....Cohan's
Peg o' My Heart.....Lyric
To-day .....Bronx
Miss Daisy.....Shubert
2:20—Cordelia Blossom.....Gaiety
The Prodigal Husband.....Empire
Kitty MacKay.....Standard
Twin Beds.....Fulton
On Trial.....Candler
Innocent .....Eltinge
2:30—The Dummy.....Hudson
A Pair of Sixes.....Longacre
High Cost of Loving.....Republic

AFTERNOON FEATURE FILMS.

2:15—Cabiria .....Globe
2:30—413 .....Vitagraph
12 to 11:30—The Virginian.....Strand
1 to 11—The Dollar Mark.....New York

EVENING.

8:00—Passing Show 1914..Winter Garden
Girl from Utah.....Knickerbocker
Wars of the World....Hippodrome
Story of the Rosary....Manhattan
8:10—The Beautiful Adventure..Lyceum
8:15—Potash & Perlmutter.....Grand
Under Cover.....Cort
The Bludgeon.....Maxine Elliott's
The Third Party.....39th St.
It Pays to Advertise.....Cohan's
Peg o My Heart.....Lyric
A Modern Girl.....Comedy
To-day .....Bronx
Miss Daisy .....Shubert
8:20—Cordelia Blossom.....Gaiety
Kitty MacKay.....Standard
Twin Beds.....Fulton
On Trial.....Candler
Innocent .....Eltinge
8:30—The Dummy.....Hudson
A Pair of Sixes.....Longacre
High Cost of Loving.....Republic
The Prodigal Husband.....Empire

FEATURE FILMS.

8:15—Cabiria .....Globe
1 to 11—The Dollar Mark.....New York
8:30—413 .....Vitagraph
12 to 11:30—The Virginian.....Strand

VAUDEVILLE HOUSES.

Mats. Daily.	Evening.	
1:45	7:45	Hammerstein's
2:15	8:15	Royal
2:15	8:15	Palace
2:15	8:15	Colonial
2:15	8:15	Orpheum
2:15	8:15	Alhambra
2:30	8:30	New Brighton

BURLESQUE.

2:15	8:15	Columbia
2:15	8:15	Murray Hill

BELGIANS GIVE LIE TO KAISER

Cruelty Commission Here Denies Civilians Shot German Troops.

MAY TRY TO TALK WITH BRYAN TO-DAY

Absence of Wilson in Cornish Interferes with Plans of Foreigners.

The royal commission sent from Belgium by King Albert to inform President Wilson of the alleged atrocities committed by the Germans in their invasion is in New York and will probably remain here until Monday, as the President is spending the week-end at Cornish, N. H. It may, however, go to Washington to-day and meet Secretary Bryan. The members of the commission, which arrived on the White Star liner Celtic, refused to make any details of its report public before presenting it to Mr. Wilson.

Count de Lechtervelde, the secretary of the commission, spokesman for the party, indicated that the report was couched in strong and graphic language and that numerous affidavits accompanied it to substantiate the allegations. He, like all the members of the commission, was indignant over the way in which he said the Germans had ruthlessly violated all laws of warfare, and was equally incensed over what he declared were cable stories colored in Germany to try to influence the United States.

London Not Alarmed.

"I see the Kaiser states that Belgian citizens were ordered to make war on German soldiers," he said. "What a lie that is! On the other hand, orders specifically prohibiting citizens from fighting were posted on billboards and published in the newspapers. If any instances of citizens fighting occurred they were isolated."

The count was in Antwerp when a Zeppelin dropped a bomb into the city.

"It was probably aimed at the very government building in which I was," he said.

Some one asked him if he knew of any specific instances in which German soldiers screened themselves with women and children.

"Yes, I know of two or three cases," he said, but immediately switched the conversation, refusing to furnish details.

"It was so gratifying to us," he said, "to get to London. It really seemed difficult to realize that war was going on, except for the soldiers on the streets. Coming as we did from the roar of battle in Antwerp, we found London quiet. There life went on as usual. Trains ran on time, the telephone was in use and life was normal.

"We realize with greatest pleasure and satisfaction that Americans sympathize with us and are interested in the case of our little country. We can tell the people of this country one thing, and that is the people of all Europe, except Germany, are absolutely confident that the Kaiser will be defeated. There is no question of it. And that is one reason why Belgium has endured her suffering so patiently."

The members of the commission are Henry Carton de Wiart, since 1911 Belgian Cabinet Minister of Justice and a littérateur of note; Louis de Sadeleer, Paul Hymans, Emil Van der Velde and Count de Lechtervelde. M. de Wiart in 1912 instituted American modelled laws in Belgium regulating child labor. He visited this country during the St. Louis exposition in company with M. Sadeleer, who was a member of the Belgian House of Representatives for thirty years. He is now a minister of state and once received the thanks of the German government for acting as a referee in a dispute Germany had with Hayti over vessels seized by the island republic.

M. Van der Velde is the leader of the Socialist party in the Belgian parliament and an active publicist. This is his second visit to this country. He, too, is a minister of state. M. Hymans since 1889 has been the leader of the Liberal opposition in Belgium. He is professor of political history in the University of Brussels. Count de Lechtervelde is secretary to the Belgian Prime Minister and son of the late Count de Lechtervelde, Belgian Minister at Washington from 1897 to 1901.

Soldiers Shot Wounded.

Emanuel Havenith, Belgian Minister to Washington, and Pierre Mali, Belgian Consul General here, met the commission at the pier and escorted it to the Waldorf, where a number of Belgians called.

Three of the allegations in the report to be made to the President will be:

August 12—German soldiers found the Belgian Commander von Danne lying wounded on the battlefield of Haelen, and seven of them took turns in shooting him in the head and mouth, shooting his head almost away.

August 10—German cavalry troopers fired volleys into the house of M. de Glimme-Gever, in the town of Velen, and fired the dwelling, dragged out the owner and his wife and forced them to run half naked through the streets while they were fired at. The man was killed and the woman went half mad.

August 10—German cavalry occupied Linsmeau, and after burning six houses and two barns divided the citizens into three groups and disarmed them. Two of the groups were driven away, and the third, consisting of eleven men, was driven into a ditch at the bayonet's point, and then the Germans beat out their brains with rifle butts.

It is also alleged that at Boncelles the German troops went into battle carrying the Belgian flag.

Washington, Sept. 11.—It was made known to-day that the Belgian commission will be received by President Wilson only if bearing credentials from King Albert in an official manner. No arrangements for an interview with the President had been made late to-day.

FIND JOBS FOR UNEMPLOYED GIRLS

Vacation Committee Places 75 and Will Help Those Out of Work.

Girls who still hold their positions are to support those who have lost theirs through the war, and those out of work are to make nightshirts and Red Cross bandages until other employment is found for them, according to the plan of the vacation committee of the woman's department of the National Civic Federation. Miss Gertrude Smith, chairman of the federation, has already put it into execution.

Five hundred girls have applied for employment at the free agency of the committee at its headquarters, 38 West 39th st. Of these seventy-five have been placed, and the others will shortly be at work on shirts and bandages, raw material for which has been promised by several manufacturers. The Sicher Company, makers of underwear, have agreed to do the cutting and the Singer Sewing Machine Company to lend fifteen of its machines.

Miss Smith is also engaged in raising the necessary subscriptions from those girls who are still at work.

"We are asking $1 from each girl," said Miss Smith yesterday, "and we don't expect to be able to pay the unemployed girls a living wage, but merely enough to keep them going till we can get other jobs for them. So much is being done for the unemployed abroad that we felt something should be done for them here, and this seemed the best way to do it.

"We have been promised 1,500 yards of flannel by one manufacturer and we have applied to several manufacturers for unbleached cotton. Many New England cotton mills are expected to contribute.

"Most of the girls out of work are the highly paid stenographers, telephone girls, etc. No estimate of their number is possible. For those who don't know a trade we shall have teachers. We are doing our best to place girls who have no positions and people who know of any should call up our committee here at headquarters."

DIXIE GREETS 'OLD GUARD'

Thousands Cheer Veteran Battalion at Baltimore.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

Baltimore, Sept. 11.—Wearing their picturesque white coats and bearskin shakos, the officers and members of the Old Guard veteran battalion of New York, led by its commandant, Colonel Ardolph L. Kline, were enthusiastically received with cheers all along the five-mile line of march to-day.

To-night the officers of the Old Guard and the members of Governor Glynn's staff were entertained at a dinner, at which Colonel Kline's address on the celebration was warmly applauded. This was followed by a military and naval ball at the armory of the 5th Regiment.

To-morrow morning the Old Guard will march with the other visiting militia to Fort McHenry.

SHIP BETRAYED BY MOON IN FLIGHT

Vestris Halted by British Cruiser—Passengers Say Germans "Color" War News.

The people of Brazil and the Argentine are intensely interested in the success of the allies against Germany, according to the statements made by passengers who arrived here yesterday from Buenos Ayres and Rio de Janeiro on the belated Lamport & Holt liner Vestris.

Ever since the European war started the sympathies of the Brazilians and Argentinans have been almost unanimously with England, France and Russia.

Throughout both republics the passengers said there has been a deliberate and studied effort on the part of German consuls to either receive or manufacture false news concerning British losses and to magnify as much as possible the progress of the German troops.

Among the specific instances was the statement issued by the German consul at Bahia, Brazil. It is alleged he reported the German fleet had sunk seven British battleships in the North Sea. Instantly the British consul cabled to the Admiralty and received a denial.

The Vestris, which was scheduled to leave Buenos Ayres on August 6, did not get away until August 16. She left Bahia on August 27 after a lay-up of two days and at 4 a. m. on August 29 she was chased by the British cruiser Monmouth. Captain Davies of the Vestris sailed at night with no lights burning, but he was sighted by the Monmouth by the aid of bright moonlight.

When about 500 yards astern of the Vestris the Monmouth fired a blank shot and the Vestris hove to. She was allowed to proceed later.

The Vestris brought to port the news that the British steamship Hyades had not been sunk by a warship off the Brazilian coast, as reported, but had been in collision with a German tramp steamship in a fog. The Germans rescued the crew and brought them into Rio de Janeiro.

Passengers on the Vestris said that the Cunard liner Carmania was in Trinidad coaling and taking on supplies.

WARBURG HORSES GATHER LAURELS

Crowd at Westchester Fair, Despite Cloudy Skies—Many Events Held.

Despite an overcast sky, there were more than four thousand persons at the Westchester Fair and Horse Show, held on the Daly farm, Mount Kisco, yesterday. Society was well represented and witnessed the many events, including the trotting races.

Summary of the horse show:

Class 4 (filly or gelding, one year old and under two; shown to bridle)—Won by Evergreen Farm's Norval Junior, one year old.

Class 6 (pair of draft horses, suitable for farming)—Won by Fernbrook Farm's geldings; A. W. Butler's entry, second.

Class 11 (pair of horses, over 14.2 and under 15.2 hands)—Won by Felix Warburg's Emperor and Empress (only entry).

Class 22 (judging horses over 15.2 hands)—Won by Miss Maas's Popover; Joseph E. Merriam's Black Prince, second; M. A. Crane's entry, third.

Class 14 (pair of horses, over 14.2 hands, shown before a lady's appropriate vehicle; lady driving)—Won by Felix Warburg's Emperor and Empress, Miss Maas driving; Evergreen Farm's Prince of Orange, second, Miss Cowperthwait driving.

Class 19 (ponies in harness, 13 hands or under)—Won by Fernbrook Farm's Cock Robin; Miss Sybil M. Beyer's Delight, second.

Class 8 (roadsters; four years old or over; shown to wagon)—Won by Deveson & Burke's Baron Bare; Charles M. Brown's ro. h., second; Albert E. Thorne's entry, third.

Class 9 (heavy harness horses; over 14.2 and under 15.2 hands)—Won by Felix Warburg's Emperor; same owner's Empress, second.

Class 27 (ponies; 13 and not over 13.2 hands)—Won by Evergreen Farm's Dilham Flash; Fernbrook Farm's Cock Robin, second.

Class 30 (jumpers; open to all; carrying 140 pounds; performance over jumps about 6 feet 6 inches high only to count)—Won by Miss Maas's entry; Wengo Farm's Shamrock, second.

TROTTING, 2:28—PURSE, $100.

Dockwood (George Supple, Mount Kisco)	1	1	1
Wild Bell (Robert Britton, Mount Kisco)	2	2	2
Light Silk (W. E. Williams, Carmel)	3	3	3

Time, 2:30½, 2:28¼, 2:27¼.

PACING, 2:25—PURSE, $100.

Waterville Lad (Judge D. Williams, Carmel)	1	1	1
Joseph S. Patch (J. I. Brown, East View)	2	2	2
Sam Berry (William Davidson, White Plains)	3	3	3

Time, 2:32¾, 2:27¾, 2:28½.

Clara Barton Estate Sued.

Worcester, Mass., Sept. 11.—Dr. Julian B. Hubbell, of Washington, physician for many years to the late Clara Barton, former head of the Red Cross, has brought suit in Worcester County Superior Court against the estate of Miss Barton to recover $20,000 for professional services in caring for her during her last illness.

Cat Has Whooping Cough.

Summit, N. J., Sept. 11.—A cat with a genuine case of whooping cough has been found in the North Summit section by Health Officer Thomas J. Duffield. The Health Officer was visiting in that part of the city this morning and made an inspection of the premises, and was startled to find the family cat "whooping" in chorus with the children. The cat will be quarantined.

REVOLT ON WAR FREIGHT TAX BILL

Democratic Congressmen and Republican Senators Oppose It.

PRESIDENT TO BACK EFFORTS FOR PASSAGE

Demands for Party Caucus Blocked for Fear Opposition Would Be Too Strong.

[From The Tribune Bureau.]

Washington, Sept. 11.—General discontent, amounting almost to a spirit of revolt, cropped out among Democratic members of the House to-day over the emergency revenue bill agreed on by the majority of the Ways and Means Committee, and only the influence of the President can put through the bill as it now stands. It was learned to-day that notwithstanding Mr. Wilson's espousal of the bill, it emerged from the conference of the Democrats by the narrow vote of 6 to 5, and it has brought about a serious situation in the Democratic ranks.

In order to put through the freight tax provision it was necessary for Mr. Underwood bluntly to inform his colleagues that the President had approved the idea and wanted it in the bill. A few moments earlier the committee had rejected the freight taxation scheme, and even after Mr. Underwood used the mystic name of the President five Democrats—Messrs. Kitchin, Hull, Collier, Garner and Dickinson—said they could not support such a provision.

Mr. Kitchin, who will succeed Mr. Underwood as majority leader, announced that he wanted the bill to be known as the bill of the President and Mr. Underwood, and not as that of the Democrats of the Ways and Means Committee. He asserted that the majority of the majority were at heart against a tax on freight and that without the President's insistence upon the item it would have no chance whatever.

Mr. Kitchin, backed strongly by Mr. Garner and Mr. Collier, insisted that the freight tax would be a trouble maker for the Democratic party, because the country has been demanding cheap transportation, the railroads had been denied increases in freight rates and yet the party in power was preparing to increase the country's transportation bills, besides supplying the railroads with an argument for future increases.

Mr. Kitchin also complained that President Wilson had heard only one side of the question—that he had consulted Mr. Underwood and those in favor of a freight tax, but had neglected to learn the views of the opposition. As heir apparent to the leadership of the Democratic House, Mr. Kitchin thought he should have been consulted and so informed his colleagues. The session throughout was a lively one, and the bill barely obtained votes sufficient to bring it out as a party measure.

At a further caucus late to-day Mr. Kitchin moved that the bill be submitted to a Democratic caucus. The vote was a tie and the motion was lost. Mr. Stanley moved that in asking for a special rule to rush the bill through provision be made that no amendments be in order, and this motion received tentative approval.

It may be impossible, however, for the Democrats to avoid a caucus, so great is the discontent over the railroad freight tax. A petition signed by twenty-five members is sufficient to call a caucus, and with five members of the Ways and Means Committee known to be opposed to the bill as it will be reported, Mr. Underwood must exercise diplomacy to prevent a party conference which may undo the work of the committee.

It is understood that if the revolt is not checked the President will send a letter to Mr. Underwood saying that he cordially approves of the freight tax provision and wants it enacted. An insurgent Democratic member of the Ways and Means Committee to-day expressed the hope that the Senate would kill this provision, or at least would hold the bill up until after the elections. He insisted that a stamp tax would be preferable to a tax on freight.

The keynote of Republican opposition to the emergency revenue bill was sounded to-day by Mr. Mann, the minority leader, who asserted that if the Democrats would practise economy in expenditures there would be no need of extra revenue. He also contended that a tax on railroad freight could not properly be collected without the issuance of new tariffs by all common carriers, and that the entire scheme was one conducive of confusion and discontent.

A movement was started among Democrats with rural constituencies to offer an amendment to exempt from taxation freight shipments from farms to the market centres. Mr. Underwood said there could be no such exemption, because a large amount of taxable freight must be of this character. The plan to shut off amendments to the bill will increase the resentment of members on both sides of the chamber.

The revenue bill will be introduced in the House Saturday afternoon, and will be submitted to the full membership of the Ways and Means Committee Monday, when, it is expected, the Republicans will file vigorous minority views. Mr. Underwood plans to call the bill up in the House under a special rule on Tuesday, and it will be rushed to passage, although the President may have to come out publicly for the measure to force its adoption.

Opposition to the proposed freight tax among Democratic as well as Republican Senators was displayed to such an extent that the prediction was made that the Senate would reject the measure and substitute for it a stamp tax if the bill were passed by the House. There is sufficient opposition to the House measure to foreshadow a long and bitter fight in the Senate. Suggestions were made by House Democrats to their party colleagues in the Senate to express their disapproval of the freight tax before the bill is taken up by the House, but the latter decided to wait until the bill is brought to the Senate before making their fight.

Senators Gallinger, Norris and other Republicans were outspoken in their opposition to a freight tax, and Senator Thomas and other Democrats indicated that they would propose the substitution of a stamp tax. One of the chief objections against the freight tax is that it will be borne mostly by the Northern states.

Efforts to reach a compromise in the Rivers and Harbors bill were continued to-day. Democratic leaders and the Republicans who are opposing the bill held conferences throughout the day with the prospect that many of the projects to which exception was taken will be dropped and the appropriations for continuing projects will be pared down by one-third, reducing the aggregate appropriation from one-third to one-half.

F. D. Roosevelt to Speak Here.

Franklin D. Roosevelt will open his campaign in this city on Monday at a meeting in the Yorkville Casino. Fire Commissioner Adamson will preside. On Tuesday Mr. Roosevelt will speak in Schenectady and Troy ,nad in Amsterdam in the evening. His other dates are: September 16, Rochester; 17, Bingham