A&F

The Greatest Sporting Goods Store in the World

The Kingfisher

Nature outfits the kingfisher. The Abercrombie & Fitch Store outfits the man.

And they are equally well equipped—each to his limitations.

Every bass fisherman in America knows the standard of A. & F. tackle.

From the reports of catches never has there been a better opportunity to use it.

A 5½ pound small-mouth bass was caught last week at Purdy's.

We saw it.

From the Adirondacks to the Chesapeake there is the flash of rod and reel bearing the A. & F. mark.

Tackling the Tackle Proposition

Whether you are a tyro or a veteran, every item of your needs will be promptly and competently cared for—under the advice of an expert.

Tango Bass Bait,	75c
New Moonlight Bait,	65c
New Crab Wriggler,	85c
Pork Rind Bait,	15c
Bait Casting Rods, from 75c to	$15.00
Special Bass Reels, $1.25 and	$2.00
Other Reels up to	$50.00
Imported featherlight landing nets, from $10.00 to	$20.00
Combination Bait Pail and Minnow Trap,	$3.00
Tackle Boxes, 50c. to	$28.00
Tourist's Combination Rod and Tackle Box, convenient for motor or to carry in train; to carry tackle for every kind of fresh water fishing,	$12.50
Carryall Bait Belt, shown in above cut,	$3.25
Soft leather Fishing Gloves, with long sleeves,	$1.75
Head Nets which protect you from flies and mosquitoes and permit smoking,	$1.00

Abercrombie & Fitch Fishermen's Clothes

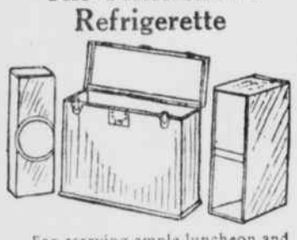
Coldstream duck fishing suits, water repellent—smart and serviceable.

Fishing Coat, with special pockets,	$7.50
Coldstream Fisherman's Trousers,	3.50
Riding Breeches—same material,	6.00
Special Ventilated Helmet,	2.50
Waterproof Federal Cloth Jacket,	6.50
Trousers of same cloth,	3.50
Federal Sou'wester,	1.50
Black Rubber Coats,	5.00
Oilskin Jacket,	2.00
Oilskin Slicker,	4.00
Oilskin Sou'wester,	1.00

Oilskins also for women, boys and children.

Tweed and Homespun Knickerbocker Country Suits.

The Fisherman's Refrigerette



For carrying ample luncheon and liquid refreshment to the fishing ground—cooled by ice—and carrying the iced fish back.

Fish may be kept fresh in it for 48 hours. Case of basswood covered with black waterproof duck—ice containers of galvanized metal.

Price $12.00.

Women's Clothes for Fishing and Camping

Khaki Fishing and Camp Dress as shown in cut, $8.00.

Oilskins for women—same price as men's.

Slip-on of transparent oiled silk, $22.50—equally good for motoring.

Separate Khaki Skirts, $4.50.

Middies, Bloomers, Knickerbockers, Hats, Boots—complete fishing outfits.

Store Closes Daily 5:30 P. M. Saturdays at 12 M.

Abercrombie & Fitch Co.

Earle H. Fitch, President.

53-57 West 36th St., New York

PRIVATE BANKS SEEK TO AVOID STATE CONTROL

J. P. Morgan & Co. and Others Oppose Proposal in Convention.

DEATH PENALTY TO BE DISCUSSED

Committee Decides Question of Abolition Should Be Decided by Whole Body.

[From a Staff Correspondent of The Tribune.]

Albany, July 14.—Francis Lynde Stetson, on behalf of J. P. Morgan & Co., and W. H. Seward, jr., and John B. Pine, representing the State Private Bankers' Association, appeared before the Committee on Banking of the Constitutional Convention to-day and opposed the proposal to place all persons and corporations engaged in banking under the supervision of the State Superintendent of Banks.

The proposal, which was drafted by a sub-committee headed by Eugene Lamb Richards, Superintendent of Banks, is aimed to prevent a repetition of the small, irresponsible East Side bank failures, but it provides for the supervision of great private bankers, like the house of Morgan, who are now exempt. It is also aimed at rural private bankers, who so far have been able to defeat every proposition in the Legislature to put them on the same footing with the small private banks of New York City.

Mr. Stetson and other opponents of the measure declared it was a regulatory power that properly belonged to the Legislature.

Too Many Details.

"If you're going to put all these regulatory features in the constitution," said Mr. Stetson, "you will have a constitution that will be more of a marvel than the Oklahoma constitution. Moreover, all these details in the constitution are apt to nullify it, for where you intend to give a broad grant of power, but do not put in details, as you will have to in this banking provision, the courts are apt to decide otherwise than you would have them.

"I don't mind telling you that J. P. Morgan and Co. are the fiscal agents for three of the great nations engaged in the European war. Mr. Richards is known as neutral, but suppose that the records of these private transactions should be subject to espionage and some one less neutral—say, some employe of the Superintendent of Banks—who was not proof against asphyxiating gases, went over these records, no end of mischief might result. There should not be intrusion where intrusion is not needed. Private bankers should not be made outlaws any more than any other private business."

Eugene Lamb Richards read letters from his three predecessors in office supporting the proposal, which also makes the Superintendent of Banks a constitutional officer. None opposed this feature.

A proposal of George W. Wickersham to permit the Legislature to pass local or private bills, as is done in the British Parliament, was put into general orders to-day. The present prohibition against special legislation is a dead letter, for any one with the proper connections can have the general law amended to affect his particular case.

Will Discuss Death Penalty.

The proposed amendment abolishing the death penalty, introduced by Charles H. Betts, of Lyons, will be reported out by the Bill of Rights Committee. The vote in committee was a tie, but the majority thought it was too important a subject to kill in committee.

There was a strong feeling for a substitute proposal, which would leave to a jury in a first degree murder case the right to say whether the punishment should be death or life imprisonment. All were agreed that any such measure should include a prohibition of any commutation of sentence of a murderer sentenced for life and permit a pardon only when innocence was clearly established.

WHITMAN DENIES RILEY WILL QUIT

Says He Has Not Asked Prison Head to Resign—Rumor Insists He Will.

[From a Staff Correspondent of The Tribune.]

Albany, July 14.—John B. Riley, Superintendent of Prisons, whose official head was to have fallen to-day, according to report last week, instead had a two hours' talk with Governor Whitman and left the executive chamber smiling. Nor did he issue any statement setting Warden Osborne right before the public, as it was reported the Governor would compel him to do.

Governor Whitman could explain away the mystery, but he didn't. Instead he confined himself to carefully chosen words to the effect that he had not asked Mr. Riley to resign—yet. And he added that it was not his intention—just yet—to ask Mr. Riley for his resignation.

The Governor said the greater part of his talk with the prison superintendent concerned affairs of the penal institutions. He said he hoped soon to see the housing of two prisoners in a cell at Sing Sing end. To accomplish this nearly 200 prisoners will be transferred to Great Meadow Prison, where there are 400 vacant cells.

"I did not resign," said Superintendent Riley, smiling. "I did not offer to resign, nor was I asked to resign, so why should I resign?"

But those here who know say Mr. Riley will resign and that Mr. Whitman will appoint William A. Orr, the Governor's secretary, to his place.

AERO SQUAD FOR JERSEY

Hoboken Cavalrymen in Training Have Machine Pledged.

The New Jersey National Guard is to have an aeroplane squad. Three members of Troop D, 1st Cavalry, stationed in Hoboken, W. F. Darling, Theodore Taistra and Lieutenant Thomas F. Meaney, have been taking lessons at Garden City, and expect to get their pilots' licenses within a few days.

Maximillian Schmitt, of the Schmitt Company, at Paterson, has promised a three-passenger Schmitt monoplane as a gift to the squad. Permission will be sought to build a hangar on the grounds of Stevens Institute of Technology.

Actress in Bankruptcy Again.

On motion of the Lewis Publishing Company, which has an advertising claim for $199.37, Judge Hand yesterday vacated a discharge from bankruptcy granted recently to May Ward Bernstein, known in vaudeville as Miss Ward. She has been in bankruptcy twice in three years and was never discharged from her first adjudication.

SAVING FOR THE FUTURE

"START early and save consistently" is good advice when providing for the future.

A small amount invested regularly each month in the Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificates we sell will yield 4½% interest from the first day.

Principal and interest guaranteed.

Let us explain the plan.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO.

Capital . . $5,000,000
Surplus (all earned) 11,000,000

176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn. 350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

CALLS MIDDY THEFT 'SCHOOLBOY PRANK'

Fellow Townsman Defends Nelson—Says Defendants' Guilt Has Not Yet Been Proved.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

Annapolis, July 14.—Arguments in behalf of the seven original defendants before the court of inquiry at the Naval Academy were completed to-day. The address of Judge Advocate Walls will probably be delivered Friday.

The first speaker, Nathan P. Bushnell, of Peekskill, N. Y., argued specifically in behalf of Midshipman Ralph Nelson, of that city, the only member of the last graduating class recommended for dismissal for alleged improper help at examinations. In view of his high scholarship and admitted services to other midshipmen, Nelson is the most interesting figure in the proceedings. Mr. Bushnell argued that the government had failed to show any connection between the theft of the papers and the defendants, or that the papers necessarily indicated that they were advance copies of the examinations.

Mr. Bushnell defended Nelson against the charges that he had entered academy buildings without authority to find his marks; that he had a key which would open some of the department doors, and that he had taken some "turbine sheets" from the departments without authority. He claimed that "ragging marks" was a schoolboy prank punishable only by the assignment of a few demerits, and that the key in Nelson's possession was loaned him to get into a room where he could use a typewriter.

Representative Hay told the court that Secretary Daniels had informed him his action would be based on the findings of the court. He paid a high compliment to the naval service and said he was confident the standards of honor at the academy were as high as those in any institution in the country.

WOMEN MOB DOCTOR AFTER TWO DEATHS

Frenzied Neighbors Fight Police Until Beaten Back with Clubs.

A score of women gathered yesterday in the hall outside the rooms where Mrs. Bessie Gunkus lived in a tenement at 215 Varet Street, Williamsburg. Dr. Gregory Aronowitz, of 247 Throop Avenue, had been summoned, and the friends of Mrs. Gunkus, themselves mothers, were there to pass judgment on the new baby that was expected.

One of the doctor's instruments broke while he was treating the woman, and, despite his efforts, both mother and babe died. To the mothers outside this news was the signal for an outburst.

"Murderer! Murderer!" they shrieked, bursting into the room and making for the doctor.

A patrolman had to beat his way through the crowd that packed the stairs and halls. He shoved Dr. Aronowitz into an inner room and locked the door.

Reserves had to use their clubs to clear a way to the street.

CARRANZA PLANS AMNESTY TO WIN NATION TO PEACE

Effect Discounted by Villa Victories in North, Officials Say.

SOUP KITCHENS FEED STARVING

Gonzales Pledges Safety of Foreigners in Capital to the Brazil Minister.

[From The Tribune Bureau.]

Washington, July 14.—Announcement that an "amnesty law, to induce those who are in error to return to the good path and restore peace and order in the republic," would be issued in a few days was received from General Carranza here to-day. Details were not disclosed in the message, but it is understood all the members of the Villa army, excepting a few generals and Villa himself, may return to their homes without further persecution if they will lay down their arms.

Since Villa now claims to have hemmed in General Obregon, with the most important Carranza armies, and to have cut him off from his base at Vera Cruz, the importance of the Carranza offer and its bearing on peace will depend on developments in the next few days.

Both Carranza and Villa have lost their most skillful generals. General Obregon, according to the Villistas, is either dead or incapacitated, while General Angeles, according to the Carranzistas, has split with Villa and will not return to Mexico. Both reports, however, are taken here with a grain of salt.

Capital Conditions Still Bad.

That famine conditions still prevail in the capital was indicated to-day in a dispatch to the State Department which told of the feeding of from eight to ten thousand persons by soup kitchens. Absolute order is said to prevail.

A description of the occupation of Mexico City was received by the Carranza Agency to-day, as follows:

"Although the campaign was initiated several days ago, much of the time was expended in distributing the attacking forces to surround Mexico City. Within this period there were several encounters of a minor character, but any general attack was avoided by General Gonzales until his forces were disposed in accordance with their plans. These minor engagements gave rise to reports of reverses, which were eagerly credited by the reactionaries and spread broadcast by them and their friends. Replies to these allegations of repeated reverses were withheld. To have replied to them would have disclosed the plan of campaign which in the end proved a Constitutionalist triumph.

"At 10 o'clock on the morning of the 11th the Constitutionalist forces under General Machuca entered Mexico City, only to find that the officials had fled in panic to Cuernavaca. At once General Gonzales issued a manifesto regarding the conduct of the city during the period of pacification and readjustment. He also issued the decree of amnesty for all military and civil offenders.

"In the four days of fighting the enemy's losses were more than 3,000 killed, and many more wounded and missing. The triumph is being celebrated in the city of Vera Cruz now."

Another column of Villa's forces meanwhile, according to advices to his agents here, is continuing the campaign toward Mexico City. After the capture of Queretaro yesterday, it is claimed they completely isolated Obregon from his base of supplies.

A statement issued by the Villa agency follows:

"The confidential agency, on authority from General Villa, wishes to deny emphatically the report that he is to relinquish his position as commander-in-chief in favor of General Jose Isabel Robles, or that there is any movement afoot among his generals aiming at such action."

General Carranza has ordered the erection of a wireless station at Chapultepec to insure communication between Mexico City and Vera Cruz. American Consul Silliman, at Vera Cruz, so reported to-day, after having been in direct communication with the Brazilian Minister in the capital.

At a conference yesterday between the Brazilian Minister, the British chargé and representatives of the Carranza forces, full guarantees of protection were given with the notice that there would be severe punishment for any infraction of the order. Consul Silliman also confirmed other dispatches from Mexico City that General Gonzales had captured the water works, which had been cut off by the Zapata forces evacuating the city.

Huerta and Angeles Exchange Code Signals

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

El Paso, Tex., July 14.—Messages, apparently simple friendly greetings, were exchanged to-day by Former President Huerta and General Felipe Angeles, Mexican leaders, who for months have been political enemies.

General Angeles wired from San Antonio: "My dear General Huerta: Long our republic live." In reply General Huerta wired: "My dear General Angeles: The Republic will always live." That the messages were code and conveyed definite information is the opinion generally on the border to-day.

That they indicate a probable coalition of the Huerta faction with that portion of the Villa faction represented by Angeles is also regarded as a fact. Despite Villa claims of victory, it is well known here that Villa is being given very much the worst of the fighting south of Torreon, and he has abandoned all efforts to secure peace or to conform with the warning given to the Mexican chiefs by President Wilson.

Villistas very frankly admit that there is now no chance for a peace conference. Carranza will not consent to deal with Villa or with his representatives, and the only hope of the Villa cause, it is generally believed, lies in a coalition with the old Cientifico party, in which General Angeles formerly was prominent, and which, it is now admitted, looks upon General Huerta as its head.

Villa's generals, or the greater portion of them, are said to be thoroughly discouraged and willing to take up a new leader.

This they are said to have told Villa in a round robin, and it is figured out by border strategists that the Angeles-Huerta messages indicate an understanding which will mean the choosing of Angeles as the nominal head of the combined party to succeed the present Convention or Villa groups.

BAY STATE RAISES WOMEN'S WAGES

Minimum Pay in Laundries Fixed at $8 a Week After First Year.

Boston, July 14.—Women employes of laundries who have worked a year or more shall be paid not less than $8 a week after September 1 of this year, according to a decree issued to-day by the State Minimum Wage Commission. For beginners of ordinary ability $6 is fixed as the minimum pay, with an increase of 50 cents every three months during the first year.

An inquiry by the laundry wage board established by the commission indicated that $8.77 should be considered the amount required to supply the cost of living of a self-supporting laundry woman, but the report explains that the minimum was fixed at 77 cents less than that sum in consideration of business depression as outlined by the employers. The inquiry also showed that more than 50 per cent of the female laundry employes in the state earned less than $6 a week.

ANTI-GERMAN FIRE MYTH

Short Circuit Causes Blaze on Hamburg-American Pier.

Smoke and excitement filled the atmosphere about the pier of the Atlas Service of the Hamburg-American Line, at West Twenty-fifth Street, Manhattan, for half an hour yesterday, while firemen fought a blaze that broke out in the antiquated structure.

Rumors that the fire was started by a firebug of anti-German sympathies were dispelled by the discovery that in turning on the electric lights a short circuit had been caused. The damage amounted to $500.

DANIELS JOURNEYS TO CONSULT EDISON

Won't Announce New Naval Advisers Until After Conference.

[From The Tribune Bureau.]

Washinfgton, July 14.—The personnel of the new naval advisory committee will probably be determined on tomorrow, when Secretary Daniels will go to the home of Thomas A. Edison, at Orange, N. J., to confer with the new chairman.

It is not expected that the eminent inventors to be chosen at this conference will decline, though the country is not to reward them in a material way. Secretary Daniels will give no hint as to the make-up until the final announcement is made.

The Secretary reiterated that the committee's duty would be purely advisory, consisting chiefly in determining the merits of ideas which at present cannot be thoroughly investigated.

During the early months, however, the committee might be called on to originate as well as criticise, the Secretary said. The needs of the navy would be brought up and the committee asked to suggest means by which inventive talent may be directed to naval problems.

The committee is not likely to hold frequent meetings, as the individual members will work separately in their own respective fields.

Young Inventors Swamp Daniels with Schemes

Washington, July 14.—One of the valuable by-products of Secretary Daniels's naval advisory scheme is the discovery of a promising crop of young inventors. Rural communities from coast to coast have sent resolutions to the department, recommending local geniuses to assist Thomas A. Edison in his task of rejuvenating the sea-fighting equipment.

Certain Representatives seem to have the notion that appointments are to be made to Annapolis, and have written the Secretary proposing candidates.

As a sum of this advice, the Navy Department has enough material for a regiment of advisory committees.

CONANT BOOKS FOR N. Y. U.

Financial Library Willed to School of Commerce.

The will of Charles A. Conant, retired banker, adviser to the United States government on currency reform and writer on financial subjects, who died on July 4 in Havana, was filed yesterday in the Surrogates' Court. His personal property is valued at more than $5,000, the value of his real estate not being given.

Mr. Conant, who was unmarried, left to Allie S. Balch, of Washington, $3,000 in cash, the royalties from books written by him and five pictures and other personal property. To the Rev. Frederick H. Page, his brother-in-law, he left the files of his personal correspondence and papers, which he asked should be assorted and examined, for which work he left a fund of $500. Mrs. Grace W. Page, a sister, receives 100 books from his library, all remaining works on political and social economy and financial subjects to go to the School of Commerce and Finance of New York University. The remainder of the library is to be sold. Mrs. Page is also the residuary legatee. Miss Mabel F. Conant, whose relationship is not stated in the will, receives $3,000.

WOMAN ACCUSED AS SCOLD

Neighbors Call Priest as Witness in Blue Law Suit.

Hackensack, N. J., July 14.—Charged under the old blue laws of New Jersey with being a common scold, Mrs. Mary Guadiano, fifty years old, of Peetsburg, will have a hearing before Justice Edward M. Johnson at Hackensack tomorrow morning. The complainant is Mrs. Marie Luciano, a neighbor, and her chief witness is Father de Vincentiis, pastor of the Catholic church. Among the many things contained in the complaint is that Mrs. Guadiano called Mrs. Luciano names and spoke ill of her. Both women belong to well-to-do families, are neighbors of the priest and members of his church.

Brill Brothers

Semi-Annual Sale of Summer Suits for Men

At Two Stores—BROADWAY AT 49TH and 1456 BROADWAY, AT 42D

$23.50 *For $35.00 & $30.00 Values*

Including Fancy Worsteds, Cassimeres, Cheviots and choice imported Flannels in this season's newest patterns and models, many of them quarter-lined with silk, and with silk sleeve linings; extremely smart, one, two, three and four button models.

$17.50 *For $25.00 & $22.00 Values*

Choice fancy patterns, pencil stripes and checks, in worsteds, cheviots and cassimeres. One, two and three button models, quarter and half lined.

$13.50 *For $20.00 & $18.00 Suits*

Unusually good suits at this low price, among them flannels, cassimeres and fancy worsteds, desirable patch pocket models; one, two or three buttons.

Choice Specials in Smart, Cool Comfort Clothes

$25 and $30 Silk Coat and Trousers	$23.50
$22 Silk Coat and Trousers	$17.50
White and Striped Flannel Trousers	$3.50, $5 and $8.50
White and Striped Serge Trousers	$3.50 and $5.00
Sport Coats for Men	$7.50, $10, $15 and $25

Brill Brothers

BROADWAY at 49th STREET
1456 BROADWAY, at 42d STREET

DANIELS LETS TWO CONSTRUCTORS GO

Action Toward Naval Officers Prompted Purely by Desire to Follow Custom.

[From The Tribune Bureau.]

Washington, July 14.—Secretary Daniels announced to-day that he had accepted the resignations of Naval Constructors William B. Ferguson, jr., and John E. Otterson. His action was prompted, he said, only by a desire to continue the custom of the department, as Judge Advocate General McLean holds that the acceptance of naval officers' resignations is not compulsory.

The opinion of the judge advocate general states that as no resignation is effective until it has been accepted by the President, the latter may compel any officer to remain in the service by refusing to accept his resignation.

"If one officer of the navy has the absolute right to have his resignation accepted by the President," said Secretary Daniels, "then every other officer of the navy has the same right, and instead of the President being the commander in chief, as he is called by the Constitution, he would be subject to the will of every officer in the service, the youngest of whom would be in a position at any time to dictate the terms and conditions on which he would continue to serve.

"In most cases the officers who desire to resign are those who have been educated at the expense of the government and have been traind in special lines of technical work which fit them for lucrative employment in private life. It is evident that these are the officers who can least be spared and who, at the same time, owe most to the government in the matter of rendering the service for which they have been trained."

SPARKLING **Londonderry** WATER

Bubbling with rare delicacy, freshness and thirst-quenching qualities, Londonderry is by all means *the* carbonated water for the connoisseur's high ball—the bon-vivant's table beverage. Try a bottle tonight.

Sold by Park & Tilford, Charles & Co., Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., and others who supply the critical. Served at the better hotels, cafes and clubs.

Three new Victrolas —at all Victor dealers.

Victor — His Master's Voice — REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

Victrola XVIII		$300
Victrola XVIII	electric	$350
Victrola XVI	electric	$250

Daily demonstrations—any Victor dealer will gladly play your favorite music. Other styles of the Victor and Victrola $10 to $200.

Victor Talking Machine Co., Camden, N. J.

Leading Places Where Victrolas and Records Are Sold

Below 14th Street—

Bremner Talking Machine Co. . . . . 187 Broadway
Ideal Music Co. . . . . 29 John St.
Owens & Beers . . . . . 81 Chambers St.
Singer Bros. . . . . 82 Bowery
Jacob Mandel . . . . . 246 Bowery

From 14th St. to 42d St. (Inclusive)—

Ludwig Baumann & Comp'y. . . 8th Ave., 35th to 36th St.
Chas. H. Ditson & Co. . . . . 8, 10, 12 East 34th St.
James T. Coughlin . . . . . 544 & 546 Eighth Av.
Knabe Warerooms . . . . . 5th Av. at 39th St.
Michael Streamer . . . . . 139 East 42d St.
Pease Piano Co. . . . . 128 West 42d St., near Broadway

From 43d St. to 96th St. (Inclusive)—

Mathushek & Son Piano Co. . . . . Broadway & 47th St.
Bloomingdale Bros. . . . . 59th & Lexington Ave.
Sol Lazarus . . . . . 216 East 59th St.
Adolph H. Mayers . . . . . 1983 Broadway, near 67th St.
Fuller & Bagley . . . . . 2106 Broadway, near 73rd St.
E. De Witt . . . . . 1397 Third Ave.
M. J. Roth . . . . . 3rd Ave. & 84th St.
Henry Mielke . . . . . 1680 Second Ave., cor. 89th St.
I. Zion, Inc. . . . . 2300 Broadway

Above 96th Street—

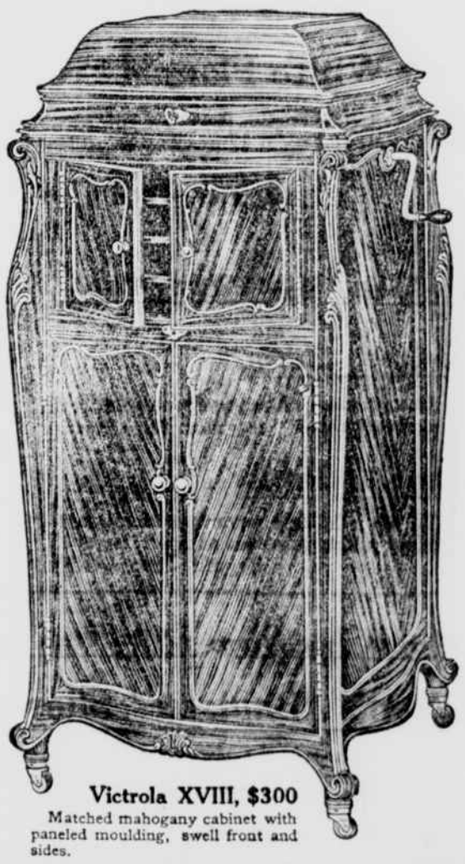
Emanuel Blout . . . . . 2799 Broadway
Buckley-Newhall Co. . . . . 5th Ave. & 125th St.
Kranich & Bach . . . . . 16 West 125th St.
Albert Sichel . . . . . 233 West 125th St.
F. L. Steers Co., Inc. . . . . 3496 Broadway
Lenox Talking Machine Co. . . . . 312 West 145th St.
Epstein & Berdy . . . . . 2977 Third Ave.
L. J. Rooney Co. . . . . 1451 St. Nicholas Ave., Near 183rd St.

Brooklyn—

A. I. Namm & Son, Fulton St. at Hoyt St. Subway Stat'n, B'klyn
Epstein & Berdy . . . . . 1198 Fulton St.
Pease Piano Co. . . . . 34 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn
E. A. Schweiger . . . . . 1525 Broadway, Brooklyn
B. Guy Warner . . . . . Bedford Ave. & Halsey St., Brooklyn

Out of Town—

Hunt's Leading Music House, Inc., 52 Martine Av., White Plains, N. Y.
Steger & Sons Piano Mfg. Co. . . . . 743 Broad St., Newark, N. J.



Victrola XVIII, $300

Matched mahogany cabinet with paneled moulding, swell front and sides.