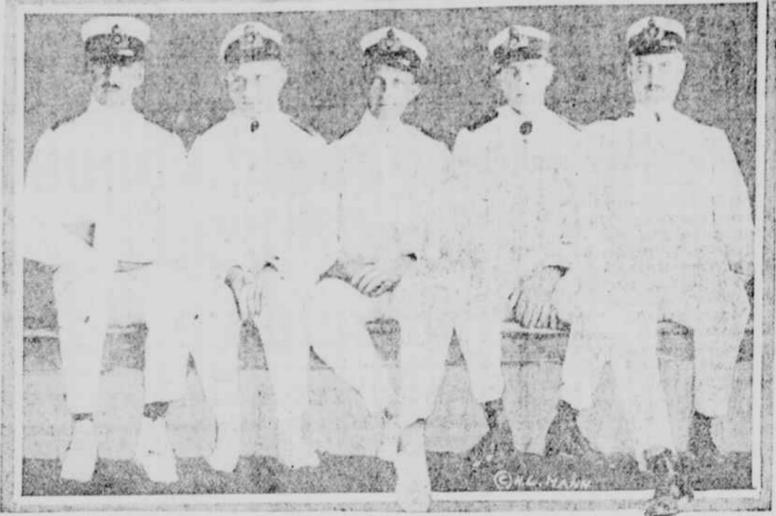


GERMANS WHO FLED FROM NORFOLK IN THE ECLIPSE.



Five officers of the interned cruiser Kronprinz Wilhelm broke their parole on October 10 and disappeared in the auxiliary yacht. From left to right they are: Lieutenants Ruedorbusch, Fostrueder, Hoffman, Biermann and Fisher.

3 MORE GERMAN OFFICERS ESCAPE

Nine Now Have Fled Norfolk—Eclipse Crew Said To Be on Swedish Ship.

Washington, Oct. 19.—Three more officers have disappeared from the interned German cruiser at Norfolk, Secretary of the Navy Daniels admitted today.

CURTAIN OF FIRE FAILED GERMANS

British See Them Through Battle Smoke and Repulse Attack.

British Headquarters (dispatch from Philip Gibbs to "Daily Chronicle," London), Oct. 17.—The most interesting news since the British advance around Neuve Chapelle has been Sir John French's communique announcing the repulse of the enemy's counter attack with great slaughter on October 8.

FURIOUS GERMAN ONSLAUGHT FAILS EAST OF RHEIMS

Teutons Pierce First Line, but Are Driven Out Again.

FRENCH DROP BOMBS ON AVIATION FIELD

Destroy Hangars in Lorraine—Kaiser's Troops Attack in Artois and Belgium.

The Cable to the Tribune: London, Oct. 19.—The Germans made another attempt this morning to the French offensive in Champagne.

After a long and intense bombardment of Joffre's trenches east of Rheims, in which suffocating shells and banks of chlorine gas were employed, the Kaiser's troops attacked the French positions along the six-mile front from La Pompelle to Prosmes.

The first assault carried the Germans through the first line of trenches, for the French had massed their troops further east, in the sector from Tahure to Auberive, where they are hammering the enemy's third line, and they were not altogether prepared for this move.

But Joffre's troops soon rallied and by vigorous counter attacks succeeded in driving the foe from nearly all the positions he had won. In the afternoon an energetic counter offensive threw the Germans out of the rest of the first line trenches. In their fruitless attempt, Paris says, the German infantry suffered heavy losses.

Sought to Break French Line. Apparently the Kaiser's forces sought to break in the French line west of the strong position Joffre holds around Tahure and so relieve the menace to the Bazancourt-Challerange railway by a flank attack. Had this effort succeeded the French would have been obliged to fall back from their advanced positions.

In the Bois de Hache, northeast of Souchez, in Artois, the Germans continue to attack fiercely. They delivered three attacks last night, using hand grenades, on the French trenches. But, despite their furious onslaughts, they were repulsed by the French infantry, aided by the heavy French artillery.

In Belgium, too, the Kaiser's troops are attacking. After a violent bombardment they succeeded last night in taking a post on the east bank of the Yser-Ypres canal, but were driven out again by the Belgian counter thrust. Along the rest of the front heavy artillery actions are recorded.

FRENCH OFFICIAL. The communication issued by the War Office in Paris says:

To the east of Rheims the enemy attempted an attack with strong forces this morning on a front of ten kilometers (approximately 6.2 miles) between La Pompelle and Prosmes, which ended in a complete check. This attack had been most carefully prepared, it being preceded by a prolonged bombardment by the artillery, with the employment of suffocating shells and banks of chlorine gas.

The enemy infantry succeeded at first in penetrating some parts of our trench of the first line, but was almost completely driven out by immediate counter attacks. In the afternoon an energetic counter offensive resulted in the expulsion of the last enemy troops, who were thus entirely thrown back into the trenches which they had left. The German infantry experienced in the course of this fruitless attempt heavy losses.

German forces last night delivered three serious attacks, making use of hand grenades, in the Bois de Hache, to the northeast of Souchez. Our infantry, firmly entrenched in the position recently conquered by us, completely repulsed their assaults. In this they were helped by our batteries.

Artillery Fire Still Heavy. On the rest of the front there were artillery engagements. These

LASTING RELIEF from CONSTIPATION. Gained, not by the use of laxatives, but by using Nujol.

Nujol is an odorless, tasteless, mechanical lubricant—not a drug. It brings permanent relief—ask your doctor.

At all druggists. Write for booklet. STANDARD OIL CO. (New Jersey) Bayonne, New Jersey



HALF a dozen big institutions used to have a benevolent monopoly on the inter-college sports news of the New York papers.

Then The Tribune discovered that many of the so-called small colleges were mighty big on a gridiron or a diamond or a track. So their scores are printed regularly in

The Tribune First to Last—the Truth: News—Editorials—Advertisements

SEES TEUTON VICTORY NEAR

Major Morant Believes Allies Shaken and in Disorder.

Berlin, Oct. 19.—By wireless to Tuckerton, N. J.—Reviewing the military situation in the "Berliner Tageblatt," Major Morant, the military critic, notes that while Germany is now really on the defensive in France and Russia, she is attacking in Serbia, where she will "shake hands with all of her friends and probably be opposed by the armies of all her enemies."

The discussion between the Entente nations regarding their respective participation in the Balkan campaign is still uncompleted, Major Morant points out, and regarding such participation he says:

"France is unable to spare troops from her home front, while her colonial troops are not suitable for service in a Serbian winter campaign. Great Britain's shaken forces from the Dardanelles would not be able to cope in battle with the victorious German and Austro-Hungarian forces and the enthusiastic Bulgarian troops, while Italy wishes to make her own war, saving her soldiers and her gold."

German Hold 25,000 British. London, Oct. 19.—"Approximately 25,000" was the official answer in the House of Commons today to a request for information about the total number of British prisoners of war in Germany.

TURKS SURE THEY CAN HOLD ALLIES

Have Advantage in Men, Ground and Food Supplies.

INVADERS GUARDED BY GREAT FLEET

Men Lack Water and Medical Care—Sprit of British Declared Broken.

General Sir Ian Hamilton has been recalled from the Dardanelles and London hints that the British campaign to force the straits is a failure. The following letter describes the situation on the Gallipoli front. Dated back seven weeks, it gives an account of conditions substantially as they are to-day, for no changes of great importance have taken place since.

Constantinople, Sept. 1.—"I am too old to be an optimist, but I believe—I am absolutely confident—that unless something extraordinary occurs we shall hold the Allies where they are."

So said Field Marshal Liman von Sanders, sixty-five years old, the German commander of the Turkish forces guarding the Dardanelles.

The Allies' position on the Gallipoli Peninsula can hardly be described as promising. Such, at least, was the impression gained during an eight-day stay in the war area.

Four major military actions occurred while the correspondent was on the Anafarta-Art Burnu front. In each the Allies were driven back with heavy losses. No advantages were gained by them, with the exception of the temporary occupation of a Turkish trench near Kutuk, Anafarta, on August 23. The losses of the Turks were by no means light, but the Allies' losses are estimated at 11,000 to 15,000 dead and double that number wounded.

Thus far the Allies have landed in the Anafarta region about 115,000 men, and a large part already has been used up. It is safe to say that they are today opposed by about 135,000 Turks, who are actively entrenched, with about 80,000 effectives in reserve.

Turks Hold Better Ground.

Every advantage of terrain is held by the Turks, whose trenches are located on higher ground than those of the Allies. The Anafarta region may be compared to half of a huge saucer which has been broken, the line of breakage being formed by the shore of the Aegean Sea and the bottom and the main trench of the Hohenzollern redoubt, to a point northwest of Hualuch, and thence along the La Bassee-Lens road, forming a salient long the western slopes of Hill 70.

The statement follows:

"Since my communication of October 14 the artillery on both sides has been very active on our front south of La Bassee Canal. The enemy has made a number of bombing attacks, all of which have been repulsed. The continued reports in the German communique of the repulse of British attacks northeast of Vermelles have no foundation in fact. The positions where the fighting mentioned above has taken place would be more correctly described as southwest of Achy Les La Bassee, from which it is

Water Is Very Scarce.

British prisoners assert that the position of the forces is most trying. Water is extremely scarce in the Anafarta region, and it is said that only one well is in the hands of the British. The result is that the water must be brought by the Turks in Imbro, and even from Salonica. The men receive a pint of tea in the morning and another at 5 o'clock. One-half pint of water at noon is the only allowance.

The other half of the food of the British soldiers consisted of six army biscuits and a preserved meat ration, some candy and jam being added. Poor health is the result of this diet. The prisoners talked to an English prisoner of the Hauts 9th Territorials who, unable to obtain medical assistance, had become so weak from dysentery that his comrades had to abandon him when the Turks took the trench in which he was stationed. The British sanitary service is so overtaxed that it cannot give attention to every case of sickness brought to its notice. The troops must be added the great heat and ever present dust. Of some 180 prisoners the correspondent saw, fully one-half suffered from inflammation of the eyes.

It cannot be said that the troops recently brought to the peninsula are first class material. Many of the men are too young to endure the hardships of such a climate. Trench digging under the prevailing conditions is torture to their still undeveloped bodies. The exertions, the heat and the lack of water have broken their spirit.

Troops Blame Officers.

The prisoners with whom the correspondent talked had been in the service from four to eleven months. Some expressed dissatisfaction with their officers.

The correspondent witnessed the total annihilation of a company which had penetrated a Turkish trench, but was destroyed because its flank was left uncovered. Whether this was due to the impetuosity of the men or to the negligence of others could not be learned.

The Allied troops at Sed-dul Bahr, on the tip of the peninsula, had been inactive for more than three weeks. Their position is no more favorable than that of their comrades in the Anafarta region.

The troops have found it next to impossible to advance, with operations conducted within the range of reasonable sacrifices. In other words, it is still possible to dislodge the Turks, but to do so would cost too much. On that front, as at Anafarta, the Turks have used every means to better their positions. Though both fields of action are small, the Turks have dug hundreds of kilometers of fire line and communicating trenches.

The Turks in the Anafarta region, for the greater part, are Anatolian peasants, sturdy, tough, untroubled by every hardship of war, and not plagued by the nerves of their higher strung antagonists. Many are clad in rags, not a few wear armor with single-shot rifles and most of them wear slippers instead of shoes. Their food, though plain, is substantial and wholesome and their water supply is ample.

TEUTON GENERAL SUICIDE

Officer Feared Operation and Decided to End Own Life.

London, Oct. 19.—General Pickler, of the Austro-Hungarian army, committed suicide today by shooting, according to a dispatch from Vienna.

The officer feared, the dispatch adds, that an operation which he was about to undergo would bring him relief.

Advertising an actuality

When we tell you that the Equitable Building outpoints any other building proposition in New York in the superiority of the service which it can render to tenants, we are only advertising an actuality which is just as easy for you to verify as it is for us to prove.

Equitable Building Corporation 120 Broadway

J.M. Gidding & Co.

Rich fur-trimmed Apparel

is the demand of Fashion—and the Gidding establishment, we believe, is better equipped than any other—to supply the requirements of the woman who responds to the mode and loves the luxury of soft, full furs.



BRITISH NOW HOLD 4-MILE SALIENT

Sir John French Reports That New Line Includes West Slopes of Hill 70.

London, Oct. 19.—The British hold a salient whose chord measures four miles in the German line north of Lens, according to an official report by Sir John French given out to-night.

The British general refutes Berlin's continued reports of fighting northeast of Vermelles, and claims that the Allies' line lies much further east.

In his report Sir John French gives answer to the doubt as to whether the British held Hill 70, dominating Lens from the north. He declares that the new line extends from a point southwest of Achy Les La Bassee, through the main trench of the Hohenzollern redoubt in an easterly direction, 400 yards south of the southern bulge of Fosse No. 8, to the southwestern corner of the quarries. We also held the trench running thence southeast, parallel to and 400 yards from the southwestern edge of Cite Saint Elie, to a point 500 yards west of the north edge of Hualuch.

The line then runs along the Lens-La Bassee road to the chalk pit, 1,500 yards north of the highest point of Hill 70, and then runs southwest to a point 1,000 yards east of Loos church, where it bends southeast to the northwest slope of Hill 70 and runs along the western slopes of the hill, bending southwest to a point 1,200 yards south of Loos church, whence it runs due west back to our old line.

Received Monday

1,500 scarce books from a private owner. NAPOLEONIANA CRUIKSHANKIANA Small sets, etc. Fresh bindings. 10 to 15% below value.

DUTTON'S

681 FIFTH AVENUE.

ITALY NOW WARS ON BULGARIA

Continued from page 1

dispatch from Athens, which says that the Entente Ministers have laid a new note before the government outlining the plans of the Entente regarding the Salonica expedition.

Nothing outside of Allied success, it is believed, will have any influence with the Greek government, which is reported by the Havas correspondent at Athens as following the Serbian operations with the greatest interest.

Greece Watching Border Fights. A recent council of the Cabinet, the government newspaper "Neon Asty" reports, adopted measures to be taken in the event that the Bulgarians drove the Allies into Greek territory, an eventuality which, the paper says, the government will not tolerate.

The report of German progress against the Serbs, as given out by the Berlin War Office, is as follows: Austro-Hungarian troops under

ITALY NOW WARS ON BULGARIA

Continued from page 1

Sir Edward Grey was in receipt of a message today from Premier Vivanti sent at the same time to Sergius Sazonoff and Baron Sonnning, respectively the Russian and Italian foreign ministers, that the change in the French foreign ministry had not changed in any degree the policy France was pursuing in concert with her allies.

Sir Edward Grey and the other ministers are thanking Premier Vivanti and assuring him of cordial collaboration in the cause for which the Allies were fighting.

The correspondent of the Milan "Secolo" at Bucharest telegraphed that the Serbians are striving to occupy Widin to prevent the Germans from establishing communication with the Bulgarians by the Lom-Palanka route. The Serbian army is seeking to envelop the Bulgarian troops operating in the direction of the Timok River.

The MAN'S STORE, Broadway at Ninth.

Into the goodliest company of men's clothes in the city came yesterday

Flannel Suits for Men

some brown, some blue, some green. The flannel is of excellent quality. The suit will commend itself in particular to young men. It is for business wear, and the coat has the very handy and informal patch pocket. Because men are turning more and more to lighter coats for Autumn wear we have had the coat lined only one-eighth with silk. The sleeves are lined with silk to permit of easy putting on and taking off. \$22.50 each.

Raccoon Coats for the Car

By actual count, according to the owner of a car, four other good shops in the city showed a total of 55 raccoon coats on Saturday. We alone have 50 from \$105 to \$275. And prices of furs are rising. The Motor Shop.

Madras Shirts to Order

Madras is the thing. Our Autumn madras shirts from Great Britain are here. And the custom shirt-makers in our workrooms are growing quite busy. \$2.50 to \$6.50 to order.

New Silk Socks

Men who wish something different and novel will appreciate these particularly at the special price at which we offer them—50c pair. Black with white circular stripes from instep to cuff. Heels and toes of mercerized lisle and lisle cuffs. Burlington Arcade floor, New Building.

JOHN WANAMAKER

GRANDE MAISON DE BLANC "The Trousseau House of America" SPECIALTY DEPARTMENTS with prices no higher than charged elsewhere. Table Linens, Lunch Sets, Lingerie, Bed Linens, Lace Cloths, Negligees, Bed Spreads, Handkerchiefs, Blouses, Comfortables, Neckwear, Sweaters, Blankets, Hosiery, Layettes, Towels, Novelties, Children's Wear. FIFTH AVENUE, 44th and 45th STREETS



Your Will—Does it fully protect Your Heirs?

In your will you have aimed to provide perfect protection for your heirs—but will this purpose be accomplished?

Have you named an executor and trustee who cannot die nor become otherwise incapacitated; whose first business is the faithful performance of trust duties, whose judgment is based on long experience and careful study; whose accounts are frequently audited?

If you have appointed the Bankers Trust Company, you are assured that your executor and trustee will have all these essential qualifications, and that the interests of your heirs will be scrupulously and efficiently cared for. If you have not written this Company into your will as executor and trustee, you can do so by a codicil.

The service of this Company as executor and trustee costs no more than that of an individual. The charge is fixed by law.

An officer will be glad to confer confidentially with you in regard to any trust or banking business, if you will telephone 8900 Rector or call at 16 Wall Street.

Ask for booklet, "Strength, Organization, Service."

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY

Resources over \$225,000,000