

ORNAMENTS

—individual stones may be selected and mounted in ornaments designed in consultation with the purchaser.

DREICER & CO Jewels FIFTH AVENUE AT FORTY-SIXTH NEW YORK



LAST Saturday on the Sporting Page "Herbert" told of an "absurd dream" of his that the apparently hopelessly outclassed Yale team would defeat Princeton by seven points. Yale did win by a margin of six. This is cited not to prove him a prophet. He doesn't want to be one—he'd rather be thoroughly informed on facts—but when he does allow himself to dream he comes pretty close to reality.

The Tribune First to Last—the Truth: News—Editorials—Advertisements

Dardanelles," said Andrew Bonar Law, Colonial Secretary, speaking on the third reading of the finance bill in the House of Commons this evening.

Mr. Bonar Law did not agree that the public should be taken into the government's confidence at the present time. With respect to Serbia, whatever criticisms there might be, he would not say a word on the subject, which could not be judged unless all the facts were known, and most certainly, in his judgment, it would not be wise to tell all the facts.

Despite what was happening in the Near East, he would say, however, that he was more hopeful than he had been for many months, and, looking at the tendency of the whole war, things were not going so badly as they would seem to be.

With regard to the Dardanelles, Mr. Bonar Law said, there was no one who felt more strongly than he did the serious position there, and the House might be assured that in what the government was doing or was intending to do it would not be influenced by the idea that, having made a mistake, it was going to see it out. The government would be influenced solely by the best military opinion it could get, and believed that that was the wisest course.

Monro for Withdrawal.

Baron Ribblesdale said in the House of Lords, in addressing a question to the Marquis of Lansdowne, that he understood Lieutenant General Sir

Charles Monro, commander of the British expedition at the Dardanelles, had reported in favor of the withdrawal of the British army at the Dardanelles.

The announcement of the Marquis of Lansdowne was made in response to Baron Ribblesdale's question whether General Monro desired the withdrawal of the British army from the Dardanelles.

The Marquis of Lansdowne announced that the government asked Earl Kitchener to visit the Eastern Mediterranean because, in his opinion, the evidence of Sir Charles Monro and the evidence accompanying it did not seem sufficient to enable the government to come to a conclusion on the great questions of policy involved.

Austria to Make Reprisals if Serbs Injure Prisoners

Washington, Nov. 18.—Severe reprisals should be taken against the hands of Serbia, are threatened in a dispatch received to-day from Vienna by the Austro-Hungarian Embassy from Baron Burian, Secretary of Foreign Affairs, saying:

"The Austro-Hungarian government repeatedly has reminded the Serbian government, through American and Dutch diplomatic agents and through Athens and Bucharest, against injuring Austro-Hungarian prisoners, and has threatened reprisals for each injury inflicted upon our subjects. Discomforting reports regarding prisoners of war carried with the retreating Serbian army have arrived. If reports are verified, the Austro-Hungarian government would be obliged to immediately make the most severe reprisals."

Recent press dispatches to this country contained the information that the Austro-Hungarian government had requested United States consular and diplomatic agents to try to see that prisoners of war in the custody of the Serbian authorities were not mistreated.

SEES GERMAN PEACE TRICK Traveller Says Red Cross Congress in Sweden Is to Act on Russia.

Paris, Nov. 18.—The Rome correspondent of "Le Temps" says that, according to a well informed person who has just returned from abroad, an attempt is being made to organize in Sweden a Red Cross congress under the direction of Prince von Bilibert, the former German Ambassador to Italy, which in reality is a peace congress destined to act especially, and if necessary separately, on Russia.

The Austro-Hungarian delegate is to be Count Julius Andrássy, former Hungarian Premier, and the German delegate the Duke of Mecklenburg, who is related both to the Hohenzollern family and the Empress of Russia.

LOSSSES ON EAST FRONT ENORMOUS Vienna Reports 2,500 Russians Buried at Czartorysk Alone.

GERMAN DEAD PILED IN DVINSK TRENCHES Teutons Fall in Fresh Offensive on Mitau Road and Along the Sty.

(By Cable to The Tribune.) London, Nov. 18.—Unusually heavy losses by both the Russian and German forces on the east front are recorded in the official communications from Vienna and Petrograd to-day. Vienna reports that 2,500 Russians have been buried already at Czartorysk, where the recent Austrian successes are referred to as a "triumph," and adds that the fortified Russian positions captured on the western bank of the Sty indicated that the Czar's troops intended to pass the winter there.

Petrograd reports that large numbers of German dead have been found in the trenches near Lake Sventen, west of Dvinsk, abandoned by the enemy. The statement also says that the Germans took the offensive on the Mitau road Tuesday night without success, and that the Austrians failed in a new offensive on the left bank of the Sty at the same time.

No change in the situation on the east front to-day is reported in any of the official communications.

AUSTRIAN OFFICIAL. The Austrian statement says: Only now can our triumph at Czartorysk be duly appreciated. The Russians suffered the heaviest losses. Up to the present, 2,500 Russians have been buried. Four hundred new graves have been found. Several thousand rifles and plenty of ammunition were taken.

The Russians had on the western bank of the Sty River four positions, one behind the other, strongly fortified, and also large barracks, blockhouses and stables, which prove that they intended to pass the winter there.

RUSSIAN OFFICIAL. The Russian statement says: On the western front generally there is no change. On the Mitau road, southwest of Olai, the Germans passed to the offensive Tuesday night, but were repulsed by our artillery and machine gun fire.

Large numbers of German dead have been found in the trenches which the Germans abandoned near Lake Sventen, west of Dvinsk.

On the front of Lakes Dresvitsy and Boguskoie the enemy artillery developed a heavy fire at some points.

On the left bank of the Sty, on the Kovel-Sarny Railway, the enemy began an offensive Tuesday from Medvedje, in the direction of Novo Podtchivitchi, but was stopped by our fire.

BULGARS CAPTURE MONASTIR, REPORT (Continued from page 1)

the rough and difficult country. With winter coming on, the maintenance of communications in the mountains will be almost impossible, it is feared.

Italy and all the Allies recognized the necessity of the preservation of Serbian independence. Lord Lansdowne said, and this was one of the most essential objects of the Near Eastern campaign. This was no time to talk peace, he declared. The Allies had entered upon a great struggle and they intended to carry it through.

Allies in Complete Accord. One of the results of the Paris conference, Lord Lansdowne declared, was a closer working contact among the Entente Powers than had hitherto been achieved. A complete accord had been reached on diplomatic, military and naval questions.

That Greece plays a large part in the considerations is certain, but there

is no suggestion as to what course toward King Constantine's government was determined upon. A great deal depended upon the report of Denys Cochin, the French Cabinet Minister now in Athens, and no step is likely to be taken until he has exhausted all chances of reaching a satisfactory agreement. The ship to be held under the British embargo was seized to-day and taken out and anchored in the lower Thames.

New activity by the Allies and a victory for the French over the Bulgars, reported officially from Paris, has relieved the situation somewhat. After a two-day battle General Sarrail's troops are said to have driven strong lines across to the right bank of the Vardar River. The capture of the town of Kasturino by the French and a success for the British on the Valondovo-Babruja front are also reported from Paris.

Thus the Teutons have penetrated approximately 100 miles into Serbia, while all of the national domain remains to the Serbians in a comparatively narrow strip of territory along the Montenegrin and Albanian borders, and curving westward along the Greek frontier.

More Serb Cannon Captured. Berlin reports that several cannon were captured at Kursumlija together with several hundred prisoners.

Concerning the increasing desperation of the Serbian positions, the Hava correspondent at Athens telegraphs, under date of November 17:

"The situation for the Serbs is becoming worse. The fall of Prilip is imminent. The Serbs have begun to retreat toward Ochrada.

"The danger of the Serbians defending Debussa is being enveloped by the Bulgarians from the west caused the abandonment of the pass.

"Desperate fighting is expected round Prilip and south of that city. The Bulgars are advancing toward Krusovo with the object of cutting off the Serbian retreat toward Albania."

Great importance is attached in Athens to the Bulgarian reconquest of Tetovo, which the Serbs might bitterly regret. This pass, according to the "Athens," is the key to the lateral communications of the Serbian front, and its fall would naturally sever these lines.

GERMAN OFFICIAL. The War Office in Berlin to-night gave out the following report regarding operations in the Serbian theatre: The Allied (Teutonic) armies during the pursuit have reached the Javor Rakek, Kursumlija-Babruja line. Our troops found Kursumlija evacuated, having been pillaged by the Serbians. Several hundred prisoners were taken and a few cannon were captured.

AUSTRIAN OFFICIAL. From Vienna the following report has been received: In the Balkan theatre the Austro-Hungarian troops are approaching the Uvac River district north of Nova Varos. Javor has been occupied. The Austro-Hungarian army is approaching, south of Ivanjica, the passages of the Golja Planina.

MONTENEGRIN OFFICIAL. An official communication of the Montenegrin headquarters, received here to-night, says: The Montenegrin army in the Sanjak fell back on the River Drin under pressure of superior forces on November 16.

The Montenegrin Consul General here has received the following report concerning the operations: On the 16th our army in the Sanjak was attacked by greatly superior forces and compelled to fall back on its principal position, the River Drin. A terrible snowstorm made the operations everywhere most difficult. There are sharp artillery duels on all the fronts.

FRENCH OFFICIAL. The War Office in Paris gave out the following announcement to-night: No event of importance occurred on the Cerna, nor on the Vardar on November 17. In the direction of Kasturino, in the north of Babruja, the Bulgarians attacked on November 16 and 17. All our positions have been maintained.

Goat Track Helps Bulgars Capture Babuna Pass (By Cable to The Tribune.) Salonica (dispatch to the London "Daily Chronicle"), Nov. 17.—The long and brilliant defence by the Serbs of Babuna Pass came to an end yesterday. For something like a month the Serbs had held the pass, a vital Allied have been holding that position in the face of the ever-increasing numbers of the enemy.

The position was an admirable one for defence, and the Serbians fought the most of its natural advantages. Even the Bulgarian howitzers could not move out the heroic defenders and success was achieved at last by an attack from while a cunning turning movement on the Serbian left was in progress.

Owing to the frontal attack the Serbs could not detach men to meet the force enveloping their left. That the force had to be sent across the mountains in single file by a rough goat track. Some kilometres from the extreme Serbian left it took up a position, until the whole force had died through the narrow gorges and across the swiftly running torrents that abound in that wild and difficult country.

The Serbs were in no condition, nor were their numbers sufficient, even to attempt to defend themselves against this movement, though it was not till the very last moment that they gave up the position, which always will be associated with their heroic feat of arms.

During the night before last the evacuation of the line was carried out without loss and without the Bulgarians attempting to disturb the operations. The artillery and the cavalry of the gallant little force was saved and not a single man was taken prisoner.

It is estimated that the losses of the Bulgarians from first to last in this attack on Babuna Pass amount to over 5,000 killed and wounded, more than the total Serbian force opposed to them.

The abandonment of the position also meant the evacuation of Prilip, a little Turkish town from which most of the inhabitants had already fled. Two regiments of the enemy's cavalry entered the town toward nightfall. This advance by the Bulgarians drove large numbers of the population of the district into Monastir, and in that town wild panic broke out, not on account of the people expecting the immediate arrival of the Bulgarians, but through fear that the Comitadjis, already in waiting in the town, would rise as a result of their compatriots' success.

The Serbian force from Babuna Pass will doubtless put up another fight between Prilip and Monastir, but it is not anticipated that its small numbers will be able to prevent the fall of the town, which is thought will be in the hands of the Bulgarians before the end of the week.

WOULD ENLIST ALIENS Paris Council Urges That Allied Subjects Be Interned Unless They Enlist.

Paris, Nov. 18.—The Paris City Council has adopted a measure presented by Henri Caillaux, and Poincaré de Narcey urging that all subjects of Allied nations of military age who are residing in France be required either to leave the country or to enlist in the French army, those who refuse to be confined in concentration camps. The motion also sets forth that subjects or citizens of neutral countries should not receive residential permits except on recommendation by their governments and after rigid investigation of their credentials.

200 SOCIALISTS ARRESTED Italians Refused to Fight, Says Dr. Lovgren.

Berlin, Nov. 18 (by wireless to Sayville, N. Y.).—The famous Socialist, Dr. Lovgren, a member of the Swedish Parliament, describes the removal from Florence, which he witnessed, of two hundred Italian Socialists," says the Overseas News Agency.

"These Socialists, who wore uniforms of the army or navy," Dr. Lovgren asserts, "were refused to join the army and were transported to Aresso in order to be shot."

Professional, commercial, financial and general The list of Equitable tenants embraces professional men, commercial houses, financial institutions, and a great miscellany of businesses which may be classified as general, constituting a sort of world's exposition of human endeavor—but there are a few exhibitors who have not yet arrived!

Call on us or let us call on you

Equitable Building Corporation 120 Broadway

ITALIANS STORM GORIZIA REDOUBT GERMANS ESCAPE MINE EXPLOSION Austrian Aeroplanes Bombard Belluno and Verona—Only 4 Injured.

Evacuate Trenches in Argonne Just in Time—Repulse British Attack.

(By Cable to The Tribune.) London, Nov. 18.—The Germans frustrated two surprise attacks made against them at the west front yesterday, according to the official communication from Berlin to-day. British forces, attempting a sudden assault on the German positions along the road between Messines, in Belgium, six miles south of Ypres, and Armentieres, south of Messines, were thrown back without gain. In the Argonne the Germans anticipated the explosion of a French mine and evacuated the trenches before they were wrecked.

Paris announces violent cannonading in the forest of Givency, in the Artois district, and the vigorous bombardment of German trenches on the north bank of the Aisne.

Field Marshal Sir John French reports that a British aviator recently engaged a German aeroplane at close quarters, forced it to land behind the German lines, and then, diving to within 500 feet of the ground, fired on the aviator, who tried to escape, and set fire to the machine with a bomb. The British aeroplane, riddled with shots, was forced to land behind the Allied lines, but the aviator escaped injury. General French also reports the success of the surprise attack southwest of Messines which Berlin declared a failure.

GERMAN OFFICIAL. The German statement says: Early yesterday morning the British attempted a surprise attack against our positions on the Messines-Armentieres highroad. They were repulsed.

In the Argonne projected mining operations of the French became known to us and the threatened trenches were evacuated in good time.

FRENCH OFFICIAL. The French statement says: In the Artois district there has been a violent cannonade in the forest of Givency. We have brought about a concentration of the fire of our trench guns against the German positions at Harbecourt, in the Valley of the Somme, and we have bombarded very vigorously the German trenches at Atriches, on the north bank of the River Aisne.

GERMANS MAY FLOCK BACK TO FATHERLAND Thousands Said To Be Preparing to Leave America.

(By Cable to The Tribune.) London, Nov. 18.—George von Skal, New York correspondent of "The Münchener Neueste Nachrichten," says that there will be a general exodus of German-Americans from the United States very soon. "Thousands of German families are making preparation to leave," he states, according to "The Daily Mail."

"No one in Germany can realize what German-Americans are suffering. They are more and more conscious of their

Teutonic descent. Immigrants often have been reproached with allowing themselves to become Americanized too quickly, but to-day are showing themselves true adherents of the German cause, openly and with little regard to their own interest."

He thinks America will be badly hit by the loss of many loyal Germans.

THE NEW CRYSTAL ROOM OF THE RITZ CARLTON the most beautiful room in New York will be formally opened THIS EVENING for after theatre Supper and Dancing Special entrance on West 46th Street A regular admission fee of one dollar will be charged. The receipts from the first six nights will go to THE LAFAYETTE FUND for the immediate relief of unavoidable suffering of men in the trenches and to THE SECOURS NATIONAL for the relief of French women and children and Belgian refugees, in such proportion as the committees of these funds may determine. Tables may now be reserved.

Professional, commercial, financial and general The list of Equitable tenants embraces professional men, commercial houses, financial institutions, and a great miscellany of businesses which may be classified as general, constituting a sort of world's exposition of human endeavor—but there are a few exhibitors who have not yet arrived!

Call on us or let us call on you

Equitable Building Corporation 120 Broadway

ITALIANS STORM GORIZIA REDOUBT GERMANS ESCAPE MINE EXPLOSION Austrian Aeroplanes Bombard Belluno and Verona—Only 4 Injured.

Evacuate Trenches in Argonne Just in Time—Repulse British Attack.

(By Cable to The Tribune.) London, Nov. 18.—The Germans frustrated two surprise attacks made against them at the west front yesterday, according to the official communication from Berlin to-day. British forces, attempting a sudden assault on the German positions along the road between Messines, in Belgium, six miles south of Ypres, and Armentieres, south of Messines, were thrown back without gain. In the Argonne the Germans anticipated the explosion of a French mine and evacuated the trenches before they were wrecked.

Paris announces violent cannonading in the forest of Givency, in the Artois district, and the vigorous bombardment of German trenches on the north bank of the Aisne.

Field Marshal Sir John French reports that a British aviator recently engaged a German aeroplane at close quarters, forced it to land behind the German lines, and then, diving to within 500 feet of the ground, fired on the aviator, who tried to escape, and set fire to the machine with a bomb. The British aeroplane, riddled with shots, was forced to land behind the Allied lines, but the aviator escaped injury. General French also reports the success of the surprise attack southwest of Messines which Berlin declared a failure.

GERMAN OFFICIAL. The German statement says: Early yesterday morning the British attempted a surprise attack against our positions on the Messines-Armentieres highroad. They were repulsed.

In the Argonne projected mining operations of the French became known to us and the threatened trenches were evacuated in good time.

FRENCH OFFICIAL. The French statement says: In the Artois district there has been a violent cannonade in the forest of Givency. We have brought about a concentration of the fire of our trench guns against the German positions at Harbecourt, in the Valley of the Somme, and we have bombarded very vigorously the German trenches at Atriches, on the north bank of the River Aisne.

GERMANS MAY FLOCK BACK TO FATHERLAND Thousands Said To Be Preparing to Leave America.

(By Cable to The Tribune.) London, Nov. 18.—George von Skal, New York correspondent of "The Münchener Neueste Nachrichten," says that there will be a general exodus of German-Americans from the United States very soon. "Thousands of German families are making preparation to leave," he states, according to "The Daily Mail."

"No one in Germany can realize what German-Americans are suffering. They are more and more conscious of their

Teutonic descent. Immigrants often have been reproached with allowing themselves to become Americanized too quickly, but to-day are showing themselves true adherents of the German cause, openly and with little regard to their own interest."

He thinks America will be badly hit by the loss of many loyal Germans.

THE NEW CRYSTAL ROOM OF THE RITZ CARLTON the most beautiful room in New York will be formally opened THIS EVENING for after theatre Supper and Dancing Special entrance on West 46th Street A regular admission fee of one dollar will be charged. The receipts from the first six nights will go to THE LAFAYETTE FUND for the immediate relief of unavoidable suffering of men in the trenches and to THE SECOURS NATIONAL for the relief of French women and children and Belgian refugees, in such proportion as the committees of these funds may determine. Tables may now be reserved.

Professional, commercial, financial and general The list of Equitable tenants embraces professional men, commercial houses, financial institutions, and a great miscellany of businesses which may be classified as general, constituting a sort of world's exposition of human endeavor—but there are a few exhibitors who have not yet arrived!

Call on us or let us call on you

Equitable Building Corporation 120 Broadway

ITALIANS STORM GORIZIA REDOUBT GERMANS ESCAPE MINE EXPLOSION Austrian Aeroplanes Bombard Belluno and Verona—Only 4 Injured.

Evacuate Trenches in Argonne Just in Time—Repulse British Attack.

(By Cable to The Tribune.) London, Nov. 18.—The Germans frustrated two surprise attacks made against them at the west front yesterday, according to the official communication from Berlin to-day. British forces, attempting a sudden assault on the German positions along the road between Messines, in Belgium, six miles south of Ypres, and Armentieres, south of Messines, were thrown back without gain. In the Argonne the Germans anticipated the explosion of a French mine and evacuated the trenches before they were wrecked.

Paris announces violent cannonading in the forest of Givency, in the Artois district, and the vigorous bombardment of German trenches on the north bank of the Aisne.

Field Marshal Sir John French reports that a British aviator recently engaged a German aeroplane at close quarters, forced it to land behind the German lines, and then, diving to within 500 feet of the ground, fired on the aviator, who tried to escape, and set fire to the machine with a bomb. The British aeroplane, riddled with shots, was forced to land behind the Allied lines, but the aviator escaped injury. General French also reports the success of the surprise attack southwest of Messines which Berlin declared a failure.

GERMAN OFFICIAL. The German statement says: Early yesterday morning the British attempted a surprise attack against our positions on the Messines-Armentieres highroad. They were repulsed.

In the Argonne projected mining operations of the French became known to us and the threatened trenches were evacuated in good time.

FRENCH OFFICIAL. The French statement says: In the Artois district there has been a violent cannonade in the forest of Givency. We have brought about a concentration of the fire of our trench guns against the German positions at Harbecourt, in the Valley of the Somme, and we have bombarded very vigorously the German trenches at Atriches, on the north bank of the River Aisne.

GERMANS MAY FLOCK BACK TO FATHERLAND Thousands Said To Be Preparing to Leave America.

(By Cable to The Tribune.) London, Nov. 18.—George von Skal, New York correspondent of "The Münchener Neueste Nachrichten," says that there will be a general exodus of German-Americans from the United States very soon. "Thousands of German families are making preparation to leave," he states, according to "The Daily Mail."

"No one in Germany can realize what German-Americans are suffering. They are more and more conscious of their

Teutonic descent. Immigrants often have been reproached with allowing themselves to become Americanized too quickly, but to-day are showing themselves true adherents of the German cause, openly and with little regard to their own interest."

He thinks America will be badly hit by the loss of many loyal Germans.

THE NEW CRYSTAL ROOM OF THE RITZ CARLTON the most beautiful room in New York will be formally opened THIS EVENING for after theatre Supper and Dancing Special entrance on West 46th Street A regular admission fee of one dollar will be charged. The receipts from the first six nights will go to THE LAFAYETTE FUND for the immediate relief of unavoidable suffering of men in the trenches and to THE SECOURS NATIONAL for the relief of French women and children and Belgian refugees, in such proportion as the committees of these funds may determine. Tables may now be reserved.

Professional, commercial, financial and general The list of Equitable tenants embraces professional men, commercial houses, financial institutions, and a great miscellany of businesses which may be classified as general, constituting a sort of world's exposition of human endeavor—but there are a few exhibitors who have not yet arrived!

Call on us or let us call on you

Equitable Building Corporation 120 Broadway

ITALIANS STORM GORIZIA REDOUBT GERMANS ESCAPE MINE EXPLOSION Austrian Aeroplanes Bombard Belluno and Verona—Only 4 Injured.

Evacuate Trenches in Argonne Just in Time—Repulse British Attack.

(By Cable to The Tribune.) London, Nov. 18.—The Germans frustrated two surprise attacks made against them at the west front yesterday, according to the official communication from Berlin to-day. British forces, attempting a sudden assault on the German positions along the road between Messines, in Belgium, six miles south of Ypres, and Armentieres, south of Messines, were thrown back without gain. In the Argonne the Germans anticipated the explosion of a French mine and evacuated the trenches before they were wrecked.

Paris announces violent cannonading in the forest of Givency, in the Artois district, and the vigorous bombardment of German trenches on the north bank of the Aisne.

Field Marshal Sir John French reports that a British aviator recently engaged a German aeroplane at close quarters, forced it to land behind the German lines, and then, diving to within 500 feet of the ground, fired on the aviator, who tried to escape, and set fire to the machine with a bomb. The British aeroplane, riddled with shots, was forced to land behind the Allied lines, but the aviator escaped injury. General French also reports the success of the surprise attack southwest of Messines which Berlin declared a failure.

GERMAN OFFICIAL. The German statement says: Early yesterday morning the British attempted a surprise attack against our positions on the Messines-Armentieres highroad. They were repulsed.

In the Argonne projected mining operations of the French became known to us and the threatened trenches were evacuated in good time.

FRENCH OFFICIAL. The French statement says: In the Artois district there has been a violent cannonade in the forest of Givency. We have brought about a concentration of the fire of our trench guns against the German positions at Harbecourt, in the Valley of the Somme, and we have bombarded very vigorously the German trenches at Atriches, on the north bank of the River Aisne.

GERMANS MAY FLOCK BACK TO FATHERLAND Thousands Said To Be Preparing to Leave America.

(By Cable to The Tribune.) London, Nov. 18.—George von Skal, New York correspondent of "The Münchener Neueste Nachrichten," says that there will be a general exodus of German-Americans from the United States very soon. "Thousands of German families are making preparation to leave," he states, according to "The Daily Mail."

"No one in Germany can realize what German-Americans are suffering. They are more and more conscious of their

Teutonic descent. Immigrants often have been reproached with allowing themselves to become Americanized too quickly, but to-day are showing themselves true adherents of the German cause, openly and with little regard to their own interest."

He thinks America will be badly hit by the loss of many loyal Germans.

THE NEW CRYSTAL ROOM OF THE RITZ CARLTON the most beautiful room in New York will be formally opened THIS EVENING for after theatre Supper and Dancing Special entrance on West 46th Street A regular admission fee of one dollar will be charged. The receipts from the first six nights will go to THE LAFAYETTE FUND for the immediate relief of unavoidable suffering of men in the trenches and to THE SECOURS NATIONAL for the relief of French women and children and Belgian refugees, in such proportion as the committees of these funds may determine. Tables may now be reserved.

Professional, commercial, financial and general The list of Equitable tenants embraces professional men, commercial houses, financial institutions, and a great miscellany of businesses which may be classified as general, constituting a sort of world's exposition of human endeavor—but there are a few exhibitors who have not yet arrived!

Call on us or let us call on you

Equitable Building Corporation 120 Broadway

ITALIANS STORM GORIZIA REDOUBT GERMANS ESCAPE MINE EXPLOSION Austrian Aeroplanes Bombard Belluno and Verona—Only 4 Injured.

Evacuate Trenches in Argonne Just in Time—Repulse British Attack.

(By Cable to The Tribune.) London, Nov. 18.—The Germans frustrated two surprise attacks made against them at the west front yesterday, according to the official communication from Berlin to-day. British forces, attempting a sudden assault on the German positions along the road between Messines, in Belgium, six miles south of Ypres, and Armentieres, south of Messines, were thrown back without gain. In the Argonne the Germans anticipated the explosion of a French mine and evacuated the trenches before they were wrecked.

Paris announces violent cannonading in the forest of Givency, in the Artois district, and the vigorous bombardment of German trenches on the north bank of the Aisne.

Field Marshal Sir John French reports that a British aviator recently engaged a German aeroplane at close quarters, forced it to land behind the German lines, and then, diving to within 500 feet of the ground, fired on the aviator, who tried to escape, and set fire to the machine with a bomb. The British aeroplane, riddled with shots, was forced to land behind the Allied lines, but the aviator escaped injury. General French also reports the success of the surprise attack southwest of Messines which Berlin declared a failure.

GERMAN OFFICIAL. The German statement says: Early yesterday morning the British attempted a surprise attack against our positions on the Messines-Armentieres highroad. They were repulsed.

In the Argonne projected mining operations of the French became known to us and the threatened trenches were evacuated in good time.

FRENCH OFFICIAL. The French statement says: In the Artois district there has been a violent cannonade in the forest of Givency. We have brought about a concentration of the fire of our trench guns against the German positions at Harbecourt, in the Valley of the Somme, and we have bombarded very vigorously the German trenches at Atriches, on the north bank of the River Aisne.

GERMANS MAY FLOCK BACK TO FATHERLAND Thousands Said To Be Preparing to Leave America.

(By Cable to The Tribune.) London, Nov. 18.—George von Skal, New York correspondent of "The Münchener Neueste Nachrichten," says that there will be a general exodus of German-Americans from the United States very soon. "Thousands of German families are making preparation to leave," he states, according to "The Daily Mail."

"No one in Germany can realize what German-Americans are suffering. They are more and more conscious of their

Teutonic descent. Immigrants often have been reproached with allowing themselves to become Americanized too quickly, but to-day are showing themselves true adherents of the German cause, openly and with little regard to their own interest."

He thinks America will be badly hit by the loss of many loyal Germans.

THE NEW CRYSTAL