

FRENCH DRIVEN FROM TRENCHES ON HILL 304

Germans Hurl Fresh Division Into Attack West of Meuse.

STORM LOOSES FRENCH BALLOONS

Berlin Claims Capture of Fifteen—Artillery Fire Again Intense.

RUSSIANS REPULSE ATTACK ON VILLAGE

Capture German Trenches Near Lake Med.

TURKS REPORT SOUDAN REVOLT ON BRITISH

Colonial Troops Said To Be Retreating Before Tribesmen.

3 MORE YEARS OF WAR, ENGLISH PREDICTION

Griscom Says Allies Have No Doubt of Winning.

BRITISH CRUISER TAKES GERMAN SHIP IN PACIFIC

Lands Passengers of Prize Off Mazatlan, Mexico.

AMERICANS AID ITALIAN WOUNDED

Tell Great Need of More Beds in Hospital at Florence.

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southeast and south of Armentieres. A number of prisoners were taken and two machine guns and two mine throwers were captured. "Near Givenchy-en-Gohelle, a British attack against several craters occupied by us was repulsed. "On the left bank of the Meuse artillery and infantry engagements in the district southeast of Haucourt are in progress. We were again successful. The battles have not yet been terminated. "South of Varneton Sergeant Major Frank on May 4 shot down a British biplane. This the fourth aeroplane shot down by this aviator. The Emperor recognized the achievements of the brave flier by appointing him an officer."

Petrograd, May 6.—"On the Vinea front the Germans directed a violent bombardment against the fortification at Iskull and the region east of Friedrichstadt," says the official statement issued to-night. "Southeast of Lake Med we captured enemy trenches by a surprise action. "Northwest of Kroschine, on Thursday, the Germans, after a four-hour artillery preparation, attacked with exact forces the village of Donsrovka. Our troops delivered a counter attack and the enemy took flight, leaving behind him a number of killed and wounded and a quantity of arms and ammunition. We also took some prisoners."

Berlin, May 6.—The Germans have resumed the offensive in spirited fashion in the Verdun region. Paris reports a bombardment of unprecedented violence in the vicinity of Hill 304, northwest of the fortress, by reason of which the French were forced to evacuate some of their trenches on the northern slope of the hill. The Germans, however, were unable to advance because of the French barrier of fire and were checked in attacks to the west and northwest of the hill. Berlin's account of the fighting northwest of Verdun describes it as proceeding successfully for the Germans. French Loss 15 Balloons. According to German headquarters the French met with something like an aerial disaster when a large number of their captive balloons broke loose during a sudden storm and fifteen of them were captured by the Germans. Paris also gives out a review of the operations of the week, which is as follows: "The situation from April 29 to May 6, 1916, in the region of Verdun: The struggle has been incessant. On the left bank of the Meuse we enlarged, and consolidated from April 29 to May 3 our positions on La Mort Homme and to the north of Camiers by a series of successive actions, repulsing all the counter-attacks of the enemy. "On May 4 and 5, after very violent bombardments, and the employment of a division of reinforcements brought from another part of the front, the enemy succeeded in occupying part of our trenches on the northern slopes of Hill 304. "Germans Use Fresh Troops. "On the right bank of the Meuse there have been violent artillery actions, but no infantry action except one attack made by us on the 1st of May, against a German trench which was occupied by the southeast and near East Divisions. We identified in this region a new German division. "In addition, various attempts made by the enemy against our trenches in the Argonne (April 30), in the Argonne (May 1) and to the south of the Somme (May 5) were easily repulsed. "In our side, we successfully carried out several surprise attacks, notably May 3, in the region of Laigny and in the Argonne, which enabled us to bring back prisoners. "On our side, we successfully carried out several surprise attacks, notably May 3, in the region of Laigny and in the Argonne, which enabled us to bring back prisoners. "During the last forty-eight hours the German assault on Hill 304, according to the Paris statement to-day, has been represented in violence. "To the west of the River Meuse the bombardment by the enemy with shells and heavy calibre guns, accompanied by the use of suffocating gases, continued yesterday and last night. This attack attained an unprecedented violence in the sector embracing Hill 304. Here we had to evacuate a part of our trenches on the northern slopes of this hill, which had been completely shattered and rendered untenable by the artillery fire of the Germans. Our batteries replied with no less energy and checked the advance of the enemy. "Losses Are Overwhelming. "Last night a German attack directed upon the wood to the west and to the northwest of Hill 304 was repulsed with the bayonet. "It has been confirmed that the attack of the enemy directed the day before yesterday against our positions to the north of Hill 304 was conducted by a fresh division of German troops, and that these men suffered overwhelming losses. "There had been a slow and continued bombardment upon our line at Dard Dan Hill and Camiers. East of the River Meuse there has been intense artillery activity in the region of Hill 304. "Berlin's account of the situation, as issued by the War Office, is as follows: "German patrols were successful

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