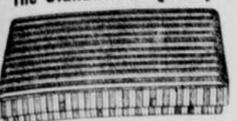


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FRANK A. HALL & SONS Manufacturers of Beds and Bedding 25 West 45th St.

BTG DESTROYER LAUNCHED

The Wilkes, of Improved Type, is Launched at Cramps.

Philadelphia, May 18.—The United States torpedo boat destroyer Wilkes, which is of an improved type, was launched today at Cramps' shipyards. Modelled after the destroyers Albatross, Parker and the sixteen others of this type built at Cramps, the Wilkes is on a larger scale. The vessel is a complete steel vessel, certain portions being made of high tensile steel, which is only used where stresses are to be provided against with material of the lightest character.

RIOT IN ANSONIA; TRENTON TIED UP

Nutmeg Strikers, Fired On, Swim River to Escape—One Dying.

BATTERED PLANT CONVERTED INTO FORT

Cars Idle in Jersey as Men Make Demands—Boston Telegraphers May Quit.

Trenton, N. J., and Ansonia, Conn., are facing strikes which promise to be the most serious of the recent Eastern epidemic.

Trenton, with all its trolley workers idle, is today a trolleyless town. Strikers are grouped in the streets. Trouble broods over the city, while the population is experiencing the utmost difficulty in pursuing daily occupations.

At Ansonia a tragic condition has already developed. As the result of a strike riot at the works of the Ansonia Manufacturing Company yesterday afternoon, one workman is dying in the Griffin Hospital with a bullet through his throat, and two Greek workmen have been taken to their homes after being shot by guards.

All the police and firemen were called out at Ansonia yesterday when the riot started. The strikers had asked permission to parade. Mayor John W. Schumacher refused. The men marched to the Ansonia works and began battering in the door.

Guards Fire into Crowd. As the mob grew threatening several of the company guards threw open

a window, poked out their rifles and fired into the crowd. Charles Laepo, a Lithuanian, was fatally wounded, and the other two wounded men—Jessie Topostemos and Charles Joreau—were carried away.

Then began a battle of bricksbats and bullets. The workers, unarmed, resorted to stones. Every window in the factory was smashed.

Windows in nearby dwelling houses were broken. Women and children ran panic-stricken to the cellars. When the guards began firing volley after volley the strikers broke, ran, and thirty of them jumped into the Naugatuck River and swam to the eastern bank.

To-day more than 100 armed men will be stationed on the interior of the factory, which has been converted into a miniature arsenal.

In Trenton the population is not looking forward to the impending strike developments with relief. The Trenton and Mercer County Traction Company claims it has the sympathy of the public. Fourteen conductors were discharged by the officials recently for alleged thefts. This the men hotly deny. They declare that the conductors were dismissed by the employers because of their union activities. The strikers demand their reinstatement.

Trenton Officials Stand Firm.

Officials of the company are standing out obstinately against this. All day yesterday representatives of the men and the company conferred. No effort was made to continue the trolley service and no effort is likely to-day.

In Boston the discharge of a number of Western Union telegraphers threatens a general telegraphers' strike. This news confirms reports emanating from Chicago Western Union offices and from Washington and the New York Central company's unions. In Washington only the reinstatement of eleven telegraphers prevented a general strike.

While disquieting news from telegraphers' headquarters comes just as political convention time approaches, rumors persist of impending strikes that will bring out 7,000 munitions and auto workers, 3,000 shipyard machinists and 1,000 Hoe machinists. E. J. Deering, of District No. 15, of the International Association of Machinists, announced this yesterday.

All of these strikes threaten the New York and Jersey City district. Shorter hours and wage increases are demanded in each case.

LAWYER SAYS ENO DISLIKED BUTLER

Hatred of Colleges Makes Gift to Columbia Unusual, Train Argues.

KIN PURELY SELFISH, EXECUTORS DECLARE

Want Charity Bequests Themselves, Fox Asserts—Doctors to Testify to Incompetency.

Opposing counsel opened their cases yesterday in contest over the will of Amos R. Eno in the Surrogate's Court. Austin G. Fox, chief counsel for the proponents, argued that the contestants, who include Amos R. E. Pinchot, Gifford Pinchot and Professor Henry Lane Eno, of Princeton, not satisfied with what the testator left them out of his \$15,000,000 estate, had sued because they had "nothing to lose except their self-respect and everything to gain."

The contestants thought, Mr. Fox said, that "Uncle Amos must have been crazy, or he never would have given anything to public charities at all."

The centre of the fight being waged by the brother, sister and seven nephews and nieces of Mr. Eno is the residuary bequest to Columbia University, which will amount to about \$7,000,000. He also left \$1,800,000 to the General Society for Mechanics and Tradesmen.

Disliked College and Butler.

Arthur C. Train, for the contestants, focussed on the seeming incongruity of the large gift to Columbia University. Mr. Eno, he said, not only was opposed to a college or university training, which he contended made "drunkards and loafers" of young men, but also entertained a particular aversion for Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia University.

Mr. Train pictured Mr. Eno when a vigorous old bachelor leading a happy life at 32 Fifth Avenue. He entertained much and led a convivial life until his health broke, racked by disease and further weakened by an accident. Then Mr. Eno, at least eighty years old, became incompetent and "a pathetic figure," said Mr. Train.

"The family is not contesting the probate of Mr. Eno's will," said Mr. Train. "This propounded paper is not the will of Amos F. Eno—it is the will of Lucius H. Beers and William Mitchell."

Mr. Beers, "gentleman and lawyer," as Mr. Train referred to him, is a member of the law firm of Lord, Day & Lord. He is a Columbia graduate, as is Mr. Mitchell, a lawyer. Mr. Beers drew the contest instrument, and he and Mr. Mitchell were named as executors. The three witnesses to the execution of the will are associated with Lord, Day & Lord. The will was signed on June 18, 1913, seventeen months after Mr. Eno had made another will leaving most of his estate to his kin and heirs. Columbia University was not mentioned as a legatee.

Influences Charged. The contestants say that in the interval between the two wills Mr. Eno "became" not only mentally incompetent to make a will, but was subjected to influences which his feeble-minded condition rendered him unable to oppose. Physicians are to be called to testify to the testator's incompetency.

Mr. Eno, the only one of several brothers who did not have a college education, was further embittered because his brother, John C. Eno, a graduate of Yale, defaulted with \$4,000,000 while president of the Second National Bank. Much of this sum was made good by the testator.

"His brother John had been the most popular man in Yale at his time," said Mr. Train. "But he had been a failure in business and Amos always said college had ruined him."

Edmund Bignat, Mr. Eno's valet, has come from the trenches in France to testify. He is expected to tell about his employer after diabetes, heart trouble, gout, bronchial pneumonia, an operation, a fall down the companionway of a steamship and his age had affected his mind. Bignat had to humor his aged employer. This he did sometimes by taking him by the ear and saying, "Come along, old boy, it's time to go to bed."

New Juror in Box. Mr. Train said that Columbia University not only receives the residue under the will, but is the beneficiary of about \$3,000,000 in trust funds created for heirs, in case they did not reach the age of thirty or died without issue.

Mr. Fox, for the executors, said that the members of the family had been liberally treated by Amos R. Eno, father of Amos F. Eno, and that the latter had returned to the family in his will \$4,000,000, although he inherited from his father only \$3,161,446.

Arthur R. Friedlander, of 1851 Seventh Avenue, was chosen yesterday as juror to take the place of Francis Langsdorf, who retired through illness. Friedlander is the only Columbia graduate on the jury.

SLEUTH BLAMED FOR SUICIDE

Coroner Scores Detective in Bayman's Death.

Babylon, N. Y., May 18.—Methods employed by Detective Roland Ryder in obtaining evidence against William N. Donley, the bayman, were responsible in part for the bayman's suicide after wounding four of his neighbors, according to the opinion expressed in a verdict to-day by Coroner E. S. Moore.

The coroner says: "The method of occupying Donley's home as an abode by the detective while obtaining evidence so worked upon his mind, as to force him to the belief that they were still after him, and for a day or two before the dreadful tragedy, he imagined he saw persons pursuing him in disguise, which led to his complete unbalance and the affray on May 8, when suicide was the result of the wounding by him and he ultimately took his own life."

MRS. WAITE VISITS CRIMINAL COURTS

Reviews Testimony She Will Give Against Husband.

Mrs. Clara Peck Waite visited the Criminal Courts Building for the first time yesterday. She came down in deep mourning to finish going over with Assistant District Attorney Dooling the testimony she will give next week at the trial of her husband, Dr. Arthur Warren Waite, for the murder of his father-in-law, John E. Peck.

Mrs. Waite brought with her clippings from the Grand Rapids newspaper published in the New York edition in which Waite was pictured as a scholar of international repute, having won scholarships in Edinburgh dental schools. She said that these stories about his ability influenced her in accepting his early invitation to investigate cases, which were part of his plan to aid his suit for Miss Peck's hand in marriage.

His mercenary motives, she told Mr. Dooling, were revealed soon after their marriage—in fact, one hour after the ceremony, when he brought up the subject of the income allowed her by her parents.

"I can see through it all now," she said. "Apparently he was more concerned about my financial prospects than anything else. He did not show any desire to spend the income for our mutual happiness. In comparison with my own tastes, however, he was extravagant. He engaged our Riverside Drive apartment, which was, I suppose, expensive. He, of course, had his own pocket money, which he apparently was spending lavishly on someone else."

GUEST SAYS BROTHER KILLED INNKEEPER

Joseph Martin Alleges He Was Shown Guttenger's "Roll."

Augustus Guttenger, owner of the Lakeside Inn, at Tarrytown, was killed yesterday by his brother, Claude Martin, after an evening's festivities, during which the innkeeper had displayed several times a roll of bills.

Martin, who has been employed at the inn since 1912, was arrested at the inn yesterday, and he and his brother and sister were riding in their machine last Sunday evening, when they decided to stop at the inn for a drink. Claude carried a brief case of cold storage during their stay, and, on returning, said that he had seen Guttenger's "roll."

After they had returned to their home, Joseph Martin alleges, his brother said he was going back to "get Guttenger's roll." He got a revolver and left. He was gone but a short time, and when he returned exhibited a roll of greenbacks.

"That's what I got it with, too," Joseph said his brother remarked, on exhibiting the money and revolver.

Joseph Martin is held in jail at White Plains. His brother, Claude Martin, took a train for New York immediately after the killing of Guttenger, and has not been seen since.

EX-DETECTIVE ON TRIAL IN VOTE FRAUD CASE

Maher Conducts Own Defence in Bronx Court.

John F. Maher, former chief of detectives in the office of District Attorney Martin of The Bronx, was placed on trial yesterday before Judge Gibbs in the Bronx county court on a charge of having induced illegal registration in the last election.

Maher was arrested on October 23, 1915. With him were taken J. Togstad, of 167 Morningside Avenue, and James J. Flanagan, of 253 West 126th Street. Both these men appeared as witnesses against Maher, who insisted on conducting his own defence.

The prosecution rested after putting Togstad and Flanagan on the stand. Maher opened with an address and then brought in seven character witnesses. The trial will be resumed this morning.

STAR TO SING FOR ARMY

Miss Fittzu to Take Part in Benefit on Governor's Island.

Branch 1 of the Army Relief Society will give an entertainment Friday, May 26, for the benefit of widows and orphans of the United States army. The object of the society are to collect funds and provide relief in emergency for dependent widows and orphans of officers and enlisted men; to aid in obtaining employment and to solicit and create scholarships and supervise educational opportunities for orphans.

The programme will include company drills, aeroplane flight and evening parades. "The Star Spangled Banner" will be sung by Anna Fittzu, of the Metropolitan Opera House. Admission to Governor's island will be \$1. Boats will leave the government dock, South Ferry, every fifteen minutes.

T. R. SPEEDS ON TO FORD'S TOWN

He'll Whack Pacifists, Preach Preparedness, Then Hurry Back.

W. CAMERON FORBES SEES HIM ON TRAIN

Colonel Undisturbed by "Old Guard" Manœuvres—Hughes Sentiment Doubtful.

Colonel Theodore Roosevelt left New York on the Wolverine Limited yesterday afternoon for Detroit, where he speaks this morning on "Pacifists and Preparedness." He will leave Detroit for New York this afternoon, and will arrive at his Oyster Bay home about noon to-morrow.

W. Cameron Forbes, former Governor General of the Philippines, was the only person of prominence at the Grand Central Terminal to see Mr. Roosevelt off. They chatted a moment about Philippine affairs before Colonel Roosevelt and his party boarded the train.

Mr. Roosevelt was in a chipper mood, apparently not in the least disturbed by reports that the "old guard" was preparing to beat him in the Chicago nomination by forcing the nomination of Justice Hughes. On the general situation, however, he said nothing. The one thing he apparently had in mind was talking preparedness in Henry Ford's home town, the idea of taking the fight into the enemy's camp appealing to him.

Leaders in the Roosevelt movement were less reticent, however. They declared without mincing words that the "old guard" was not seriously thinking of nominating Hughes; that the leaders of the ancient regime were very much up in the air, with Senator Penrose, of Pennsylvania, the most doubtful factor in the lot.

Penrose has not emerged in Pennsylvania as well as early reports tended to indicate. Full reports will not be in much before to-night, if they are in then, but the best he can hope for is little more than half of the delegation. This half is not solidly anti-Roosevelt. With the Brumbaugh men Roosevelt is at least the second choice of the majority.

Progressive leaders further declared that the Hughes sentiment reported from one end of the country to the other was largely of the manufactured kind and not a nearly spontaneous as reports would indicate. From the West came reports that declarations to the contrary notwithstanding, many Progressives would refuse to support Hughes.

They take the position that Hughes is being forced on the party by the "old guard" regardless of the demands of the majority of the voters, and as one writer put it, "the only difference between the 'old guard' methods of 1916 and 1912 is one of degree. They are more refined in 1916 than they were in 1912. In 1912 they used lead pipe. In 1916 they are planning to use gas."

LAUNDRYMAN HELD IN BAFF MURDER

Swann Thinks New Arrest Brings Him Near Bigger Men.

In the arrest of Angelo Gagliano, proprietor of a laundry at 339 East 107th Street, charged with murder in the first degree, District Attorney Swann believes he is nearer the men who actually ordered the death of Barthelemy West Washington Market on November 24, 1914. Gagliano was the partner of Ipolito Greco, the saloonkeeper, at 228 East 107th Street, who was murdered soon after Baff was shot and the man who, according to witnesses at the trial of the two men already convicted of the actual murder, distributed the murder fund.

When Frank Ferrera, driver of the murder car, and Giuseppe Arichiello, the gunman, were arrested last February, Gagliano was held by the police and questioned closely. He was finally released on his promise to keep in touch with the police. After the conviction of Ferrera and Arichiello the District Attorney discovered new evidence which resulted in Gagliano's indictment and arrest. This makes three more defendants to be tried for the murder, the other two being Joseph and Anthony Zaffarano, who acted as "lookouts." Gagliano pleaded not guilty to the murder charge yesterday before Judge Delehanty in General Sessions.

URGES WILSON TO CALL CONGRESS OF NEUTRALS

Woman's Peace Party Offers Plan to Prevent War.

Three hundred members of the Woman's Peace Party, in a meeting at the War against War exhibit, 208 Fifth Avenue, yesterday, voted unanimously to urge President Wilson to call an official conference of neutral nations. At a meeting to-day they will discuss the five military bills recently signed by Governor Whelan.

President Wilson will address delegates to the first national assemblage of the League to Enforce Peace in Washington on May 26 and 27. Other speakers will be Secretary Baker of the War Department; Major General Wood, ex-President Taft, president of the League; A. Lawrence Lowell, president of Harvard, and Theodore Marburg, ex-Minister to Belgium.

A plan proposed by the League to prevent war and bind the leading powers into a league of nations provides for an international council of justice and an international council of conciliation, urging nations to submit disputes to the court or council before taking up arms and holding international conferences to adopt a code of international law.

WILSON WRITES TO FIELDER

Tells Why He Selected Westcott to Make Nominating Speech.

Washington, May 18.—President Wilson to-day writes to Governor Fielder of New Jersey, explaining his choice of John W. Westcott, Attorney General of New Jersey, to make the speech placing him in nomination at the St. Paul convention. On the same day the President asked Mr. Westcott to make the speech the New Jersey delegates had selected Governor Fielder to perform the same function.

"I am sure that you will understand and realize it is not a choice of Judge Westcott in preference to yourself, but a long-standing choice from which my thought has never turned," wrote the President.

WE BEG FOR HELP FOR CANCEROUS POOR

MEN, WOMEN AND YOUNG GIRLS

(of all nations and creeds) who await a cancerous death as it slowly advances

THE SERVANTS OF RELIEF FOR INCURABLE CANCER,

Religious Nurses, who do all the work of the charity, and assuage the pain and sorrow of their patients, are bitterly distressed by the poverty of their country house, Rotary Hill Home, Hawthorne, Westchester County, N. Y., harboring always from thirty-five to forty sufferers. Money comes solely from printed appeals or legacies and none from city or state, in order to keep the home a home. Two eminent members of the Catholic clergy protect and advise the Sisters and their undertaking, and will answer any inquiries upon request. We pray for peace for the end of these heart-broken lives, the victims of an unknown power.

M. ALPHONSA LATHROP, O. S. D., Superior and Treasurer.

Advertisement for Saks Suits for Men at \$20. Text: 'Anything we tell you about Saks Suits for Men at \$20 is "Inside Information" Most ready-for-service suits are not made by the houses that sell them, so that the claims made for them are based on belief. Saks \$20 Suits are made by Saks, and the claims we make for them are based on knowledge or "inside information." We know the fabrics that go into them and the labor that is spent on them, because we buy the fabrics and employ the labor ourselves. We know that this eliminates middlemen's profits and makes for higher grade fabrics as well as higher grade standards in tailoring them. We know also that this maker-to-customer contact has enabled us to combine in Saks \$20 Suits ready-for-service convenience with custom-tailored originality and initiative, and to bring 5th Avenue styles within the limited reach of the popular pocket.'

Advertisement for Sack Suits—Pleated Suits, Norfolk Suits—Double-Breasted Suits, Stripes—Plaids—Checks—Solids, Blues—Browns—Grays—Novelties, Patch, Regular or Slash Pockets, Skeleton, or Lined on the Half-Shell. Saks & Company, Broadway at 34th Street.

Advertisement for WOMAN JAILER HID DAUGHTERS 2 YEARS. Continued from page 1. den of insanity in the heart of Brooklyn's residential district. An anonymous letter brought the first complaint about the family to the Brooklyn Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. Its author wrote that one family had been forced to move from the house, because of foul odors emanating from the second floor. Having confirmed the information from a reliable source, A. W. Towne, superintendent of the association, assigned his assistant, R. L. Peterson, and two agents, Mildred Shugg and Elsie Morrell, to investigate. They found that neither the neighbors nor the owner of the house could furnish any definite facts about the mysterious inmates. So they went to the second floor and knocked on the door. After a long interval, a shrill woman's voice answered: "I ain't done nothing to nobody; go away, don't bother me." She refused to open the door. The investigators waited an hour, answered by the same plaintive, monotonous voice. As they were leaving the building they met Adam Hall, the woman's husband, coming in. He protested that his wife was not ill, that her family doctor had prescribed for her before he died, and declared that it would be impossible for the society's agents to enter the apartment. When they explained their authority and threatened to have the Board of Health break in the door, Hall relented. It was another hour, however, before he could persuade his wife to divulge her secret. As her husband had never been permitted to enter the flat. Nearly overcome by the foul air which escaped as the door swung open, they stepped into the dark hallway of a seven room apartment. Behind the door they found the mother, mumbling from beneath two sun bonnets which completely covered her face. What do you want?—I ain't done nothing to nobody." She wore three or four skirts and waists which gave her a fluffy appearance. Too Weak to Protest. Three thicknesses of newspapers had been used to reinforce the window shades; doors to all rooms except the dining room and kitchen were tied with ropes, and with the exception of a table and three straight-back chairs, all the furniture had remained undisturbed since it was moved into the apartment two years ago. "We want to talk with your daughter," Miss Morrell said. Mrs. Hall screamed. She was too weak to make further protest. Sitting at the dining room table with

Advertisement for False Teeth Found in Jail. Large quantities of raw foodstuffs were found in the two rooms. There were dozens of cartons of eggs. "If they're fresh when you buy them, they'll stay fresh" the mother explained. On the floor were sacks of potatoes, bags of rice, cornstarch and mounds covered everything. When Mr. Peterson picked up a spoon from the table, the mummy cloth, once red, came with it. It was found that the bathroom had never been used since the family moved in. For heat they had a gas range, for cooking a gas stove; the coal stove had never been used. There were no beds in either room. The girls slept on chairs and the mother moaned: "I've never laid down—don't suppose I ever will—my father never went to bed after he got sick." In a pall which she guarded with special care, the agents found a set of false teeth, green with mould. Mrs. Hall confessed that she had wrapped them in cotton and sprinkled water on them every day for two years. Physicians at Kings County Hospital refused to discuss the case last night.

SAYS MONEY WAS NEVER SO PLENTIFUL IN U. S.

Manning Praises Thrift Campaign at Bankers' Convention. "Never before in the history of this country was money so plentiful as it is to-day," declared James T. Manning, president of the State Savings Banks Association, which assembled in convention yesterday at the Hotel Biltmore.

Banks are overflowing with cash, Mr. Manning said, and railroads are taxed to capacity, while their earnings have increased along with the great expansion in the steel and iron trade. After the war, when wages in Europe are lowest, he predicted the problem of this country would be to meet competition.

Mr. Manning declared that the thrift campaign throughout the nation has brought excellent results. "Thanks to the far-seeing men in the great banking organizations of the state," he said, "thousands are hitting the Thrift Trail."



Advertisement for MEN'S SUMMER SUITS. Of Exceptional Style and Character. At \$25. We take pride in inviting men, who are particular about their clothing, to come and try on some of these \$25 Suits. Young men will like the narrow high-notch lapels, with the soft roll, to the second button; and the silk linings. More conservative men will like the sturdy, durable quality of the hard-finished worsteds, in neat patterns, lined with cool alpaca. Whatever the taste—unfinished worsteds, tweeds, flannels, fancy mixtures, stripes, checks, plaids—assortments are complete, and an extra measure of excellence for the price. We are particularly anxious for you to see the Suits at \$25. But, choose where you will, from \$18.50 to \$40, and you are certain of the best style, the best quality and the best fit that the money will buy. Fourth Floor. Lord & Taylor, 38th Street, FIFTH AVENUE, 39th Street. ELLEN & JEFFERY, Agents for Aeolian Hall, Telephone Bryant 877.

Advertisement for AEOLIAN HALL. "A Business Community with Distinction". Not only in location is Aeolian Hall distinctive, but also in character, in faultless service, in the atmosphere of quality, of refinement, so salutary to the business concern or professional man catering to the highest class trade. ELLEN & JEFFERY, Agents for Aeolian Hall, Telephone Bryant 877.

Advertisement for FOWNES SILK GLOVES FOR MEN. Stylish, comfortable and sanitary. Worn by good dressers when heavier gloves are too warm. Ideal for travelling. Fownes quality and Fownes name in every pair. Double-tipped. Ask your dealer.

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